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DAILY

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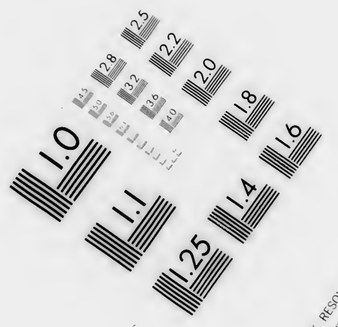
MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1963-A



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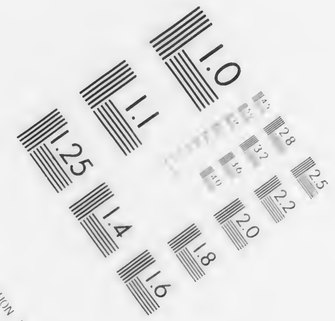

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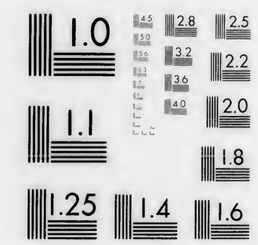

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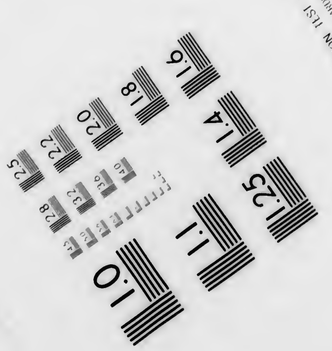

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THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1863. NUMBER 223.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

SAINT PAUL, TUESDAY, SEPT. 1.

THE CHIPPEWA TREATY EXPEDITION.

Senator Ramsey starts to-day *en route* for the Red River Valley, where he is commissioned by the Government to effect a treaty with the Red Lake and Pembina Chippewas.

The place designated as the rendezvous of the high contracting powers is at the crossing of the Red Lake river, on the Pembina trail.

Senator Ramsey has applied to General Sibley, now on the march from Fort Abercrombie to St. Cloud, for a detail of two or three companies of cavalry and some infantry, to accompany the expedition as an escort.

It was originally intended that Major Hatch's battalion should perform this duty, but the delay in obtaining horses has made the other arrangement necessary.

The expedition will follow the old cart trail running northwestward from the crossing of Otter Tail river at Dayton.

The treaty contemplates the extinction of the Indian title to the country bordering on the Red River. This will put a stop to the frequent molestation of travel through that region, which has for the past two or three years proved a serious barrier to our intercourse and trade with the Red River colony, and open that fine country to settlement.

FAGAN.

The only conception of a Government office or commission which the editorial mind of the *Pioneer* seems capable of entertaining, is as affording a possible opportunity for plunder. Indian treaties, contracts, sales of Government lands, suggest stealing to his mind as naturally as silver spoons throw professional pickpockets into the same train of reflection.

The fellow is possessed with a resistless and ravenous *cleptomania*. He has devoted himself so long to stealing that it has become the one absorbing passion of his life. There is nothing in all the art and legerdemain of stealing with which he is not familiar. He can scent adroit opportunities for stealing where no one else could perceive either its motive or its possibility.

There is, perhaps, no one of the gigantic public swindles perpetrated in this State under the patronage of the thief Floyd or Buchanan's Indian Department, in which the *Pioneer* man was not steeped to the top of his head. He was deep in the Fort Snelling and Fort Ripley Reserve frauds—and deeper still in the fraudulent treaty with the Sioux in 1858, and in the fraudulent claims founded thereon, which was the chief cause of the Indian outbreak.

He was hand in glove with the thief Bailey, the fellow who stole the Indian trust bonds from the Interior Department, in the spring of 1861, when he was out here making or trying to make a treaty with the Indians. How much he stole we don't know, but Goodrich didn't go with him to the Indian country for nothing: of that we may be sure. Bailey was an honest young man till he came here, and got acquainted with the Fagan of the *Pioneer*, who first taught him the science of stealing. After that he rapidly degenerated under the baneful effects of his association with Goodrich, and soon after he very naturally robbed the safe of the Interior Department of a large amount of bonds. Goodrich was really the instigator of this robbery, and perhaps an accomplice in the act, as we believe he was in Washington at the time, though how much of the booty he got will probably never be known.

LITTLE CROW NOT DEAD.—It is pretty generally conceded that Little Crow, the Sioux Chief, is not dead as reported. Some other noble savage bit the dust, while Little Crow, the big devil, still lives.—*La Crosse Democrat.*

Perhaps the *Democrat* will be kind enough to favor us with the source of its information. It certainly manifests great enterprise in obtaining the news, and people in this region would like to know the authority.

The next time the editor of the *Democrat* comes to St. Paul he will be permitted to behold Little Crow's scalp, if he chooses to call at the Adjutant General's office. As he is an infamous copper-*head*, he may derive some pleasure from beholding the scalp of an infamous copper-*face*.

What Startles Charleston.

A late number of the Richmond *Examiner* says in relation to the attack on Charleston:

But what does startle it, is the distance from which the shells were thrown! The battery is in a marsh, five miles from the city. It has long been claimed by inventors of modern ordnance that their artillery avails for such purposes at that distance, but this is the first practical test of their pretensions on record and must necessarily attract attention.

Not a doubt now remains that Charleston is about to be tried in the terrible ordeal of bombardment. It is well that place is prepared.

Gov. Bonham has just issued a proclamation informing the citizens that the plan of defense admitted that contingency, and recommending the non-combatants to withdraw, after confirmation thereof furnished by Gilmore. There is little fear that his advice will not be attended to by families who have not deep cellars and firm nerves.

Charleston will be shelled, but that will be a circumstance of minor importance to the successful defense of its fortifications and harbor. If we can retain them and foil the enemy, that glorious victory will amply compensate for all the injury which bombs can do to empty houses.

The Siege of Charleston.

FOUR DAYS BOMBARDMENT.

SHELL PLOWING THROUGH SUMTER.

Correspondence New York Times.

MORRIS ISLAND, Friday Aug. 21.

THE FIRST DAY OF THE BOMBARDMENT.

The bombardment commenced at daybreak on Monday morning. All the mounted guns of heavy calibre, excepting one piece on the second parallel which had been accidentally spiked, were brought into action. A portion of the guns was directed to Sumter, while the others were pointed at Wagner and Gregg. At 6 1-2 o'clock a Monitor rode up the channel and commenced firing at Sumter. In half an hour another Monitor and the Ironsides were engaged. At 10 A. M. five Monitors and the Ironsides had come up, and were joined at noon by five gunboats. The mortar schooners did not take part in the action in consequence of the bombs exploding within our lines. A rapid fire was kept up on our part till nearly night, when the monitors hauled off and shortly after the gunboats ceased, firing only at long intervals. According to the statement of one of the deserters before alluded to, the first shot that struck Sumter passed entirely through the outer wall and also an inner wall of masonry which had been put up to strengthen the work. Throughout the day the firing of the heavy guns was excellent. But few shots seemed to miss the mark. The mortars did very little execution. Most all the bombs seemed to explode everywhere but over the right place. Sumter fired but three or four shots during the whole day. Wagner and Gregg stood up resolutely to the work in the morning, first giving the monitors a solid shot and then sending a shell at the land batteries. In the afternoon they had lost considerable of their energy, and long toward evening used only the mortar in Gregg. Fort Simpkins fired regularly from two guns. Three other guns, mounted on earthworks at the left of Simpkins, were active all day. At 11 o'clock, A. M., in the heat of the action, Capt. George Rodgers and Paymaster Woodbury, on the Monitor Catskill, were killed while standing in the turret. They were struck by a bolt which had been driven through the iron plating by a heavy solid shot. The flag of the Monitor was lowered at half mast, which was the case with the flags on all the vessels of the fleet, as soon as the disaster had been made known. At this writing it is impossible to compute the amount of metal hurled against Sumter. Every shot that struck it told with good effect. Penetrations of five and six feet in depth could be observed all over the southward face. The parapet also began to present a very ragged appearance, and it was evident that the destruction of the work was only a question of time. Once during the day the halyards of the flag were shot away. When the flag came down it was thought by many that the rebels were about to surrender, but in two minutes' time up went another and a larger flag.

During the progress of the siege the cutting of the halyards of the same flag was a common occurrence Although Wagner and Gregg were almost silent after dark, we had nothing to assure us that any great damage had been done either work. Our shot ploughed up furrows of sand, without apparently weakening the batteries. The rebel batteries on the left were noticed but twice during the day. The gunners handled their pieces well and obtained a very good range of our works, but succeeded in causing but few casualties among our men. During the night shots were fired at intervals of ten minutes.

THE SECOND DAY.

All the land batteries were again in action, directing their fire to the same points aimed at on Monday. In consequence of a severe gale and a high sea the navy was unable to effectually cooperate in the bombardment. The Ironsides, however, which had not changed her position of the day previous, threw an occasional shell into Sumter. Wagner and Gregg, after giving a dozen replies each, were content to remain perfectly silent for several hours, after which period they again opened their eyes to the work. As night closed in, Sumter looked certainly mournful. Deep, wide holes were clearly visible in the southwest face, and only a portion of the parapet above remained. The heavy siege guns in our batteries did their work well that day. Among our wounded was Lieut. Holbrook of the Third Rhode Island artillery. He was struck by a fragment of shell in the shoulder and back.

THE THIRD DAY.

On Wednesday, the third day, the bombardment was continued, only our guns were not fired so rapidly as on the previous days. Our gunners, however, had got the range completely, and the ammunition exhausted for Sumter's benefit was not done so in vain. In the afternoon two of the Monitors advanced towards Sumter for the purpose of attacking it at 2,000 yards range, but the current was so strong that vessels soon become unmanageable, and the officers were compelled to abandon the design. Sumter, by way of a parting salute, fired one gun—the only one heard from it that day. As usual, the rebel batteries on James Island was the only ones really alive, and the probability is they would have been quieted in a very short time if our heavy guns had been turned upon them. At night a sad accident occurred from the premature explosion of a shell in Capt. Comstock's battery, by which Lieut. Webb, of the Fortieth Massachusetts regiment was killed, and — Whitten, company B, same regiment, and Thomas Cosick, company K, One Hundred and Fifty-seventh New York, were severely wounded. Three others were slightly wounded from the same cause. The firing was kept up regularly throughout the night. Shots were now going through one side of Sumter and passing out of the opposite side—we could see the channel through the apertures made. The naval battery fired 130 rounds, 75 of which struck Sumter. In the afternoon one of the 80-pounders was disabled in the breach—the result of its own discharge. The Whitworth's are to be removed from this battery, and Parrott guns substituted in their place. At night a sap was constructed from the third parallel to within 200 yards of Wagner. The rebels were also employed in building a sap from Wagner toward our works.

THE FOURTH DAY.

At about noon, Wagner opened heavily on our land batteries, but was glad to draw off after the Ironsides had fairly got to work. With the exception of a score of rounds from the gunboats, the fleet were not engaged. The Monitors did not even advance toward the rebel works. In the morning, the rebels commenced shelling the marsh battery from batteries on James Island. During the day they fired 116 shots, only one of which struck the work. If that was a fair specimen of the gunner's skill, they may fire till doomsday, and no harm will be done.

As it may be of interest to know how the rebels get provisions and ammunition into Gregg and Wagner, notwithstanding our guns command the channel between Sumter and Gregg, I will state that every day two black steamers may be seen plying from Charleston to the south side of Sumter. There they remain till dark, and then slip over to Gregg, and deposit their cargoes. Deserters say that the enemy had 3,000 men on Morris Island, and 6,000 in Charleston. They were protected on the Island by a bomb proof in the rear of Wagner. At night the firing was kept up with vigor.

THE Republican Union County Convention for Hennepin county was held at Minneapolis on Saturday. The following were the nominees:

For Senator, Dorilus Morrison of Minneapolis; for Representatives, John A. Coleman of Medina, and Gilbert Graham of Richfield; for County Treasurer, John S. Walker of Minneapolis.

—The circulation of the Chicago *Times* has been forbidden at Camp Douglas, by Col. De Land, commanding the post. The measure was a necessary one to prevent the possibility of an outbreak among the rebel prisoners, for whose benefit the circulation was intended.

New Advertisements.

POSTPONEMENT.

Our regular monthly sale of stock is postponed to the second Saturday of September, in consequence of the Militia Muster being on the first Saturday.
sept1-2t FAIRCHILD & MARCH.

WANTED!

A situation as Engineer or Machinist, Railroad work preferred. Address
sept1-1m A. W. RIDDELL, Hastings, Min.

HOPS! HOPS!

Otsego County Hops for sale.
L. B. & C. GREIG,
sept1-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

AUCTION SALES OF HOUSES and Lots and Land, and 240 acres of Land to trade; old and new Watches; Revolvers and Rifles, Guns, &c., to sell cheap for cash.
H. E. BAKER & CO.,
Auctioneers,
Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, St. Paul.
sept1

BOOK AUCTION.

FAIRCHILD & MARCH

Will sell Law and Miscellaneous Books at Auction this morning, Tuesday, Sept. 1st, at 9 o'clock. Sale at our rooms, Rogers' Block, Third-st., one square above the Bridge.
sept1-1t FAIRCHILD & MARCH.

OUR NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

ARE ARRIVING.

FINE GOODS AND REASONABLE PRICES.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, Sept. 1st, 1863. feb27-1y

WANTED—CORRESPONDENCE.

Two young men of "Position" in the U. S. Army, tired of the monotony of Camp Life on the frontier, would like to open a correspondence with some Union loving young Ladies. Object—Fun, Love, or Friendship. Address
HARRY HARTWELL,
HARRY MONTCALM,
au30-2t* Fort Ridgely, Minnesota.

WANTED,

A Scale and Large Rope for hoisting machinery. Apply at this office. au29-3t

GREEN CUCUMBERS AND TOMATOES WANTED.

Four Bushel Burlaps and Sewing Twine for sale. Tents for Hire to Excursion and Hunting Parties.
C. W. WOOLLEY,
Corner Sibley and Third Street.
St. Paul, Aug. 26, 1863. 26-d1w

FOR SALE.

My household furniture.
My law library.
An excellent cow.
Apply soon at my house, corner of St. Peter and Thirteenth streets, or at my office in Brown's Block, Third street.
au29-3t GEO. A. NOURSE.

WOOD LAND FOR SALE.

160 ACRES, with at least 1200 CORDS OF WOOD, exactly four miles from the centre of St. Paul, with which it is connected by an excellent road. The land is the best quality, with good grass and water, and commands a view of the city—will be sold in one body or in tracts of 40 or 80 acres.

HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, August 29th, 1863.—au29-3md&w

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.

250 bbls. Mess Pork.
5,000 lbs. Lower Country Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams.
au28-2w J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

FARMER WANTED.

I want a responsible man and wife to take charge of my farm and sheep on shares. 300 acres of land—90 of it under plow. 200 sheep or more. Address,
jy7-4f H. W. BARRY, Dundas.

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY will open its next session September 1st. Board and regular tuition $45 per quarter.

The proprietor has secured the services of Miss S. Etheridge, a graduate of Mrs. Willard's Seminary, Troy, N. Y., to instruct in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss E., besides having taught music in the South, has had charge for a time of the Musical Department in the Hamilton Female Seminary, N. Y., and is eminently qualified in her profession. Pupils who desire it, can take lessons in Vocal Music, training and developing the voice.

THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, under the care of J. G. Riheldaffer, will open on the same day.
Address REV. J. G. RIHELDAFFER,
aug d tw w* Corner St. Peter and Summit av.

A MODEL FARM FOR SALE.

The well-known Larpenteur Farm, situated on the old St. Anthony Road, one and a half miles from the city limits, consisting of one hundred and twenty acres, all under fence and improvement, with Dwelling, Barn, Wagon and Wood Sheds, Milk and Ice Houses, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c., &c. Will be sold at a fair price and upon liberal terms. No better chance for a favorable investment. Apply to
au23-1m JOHN S. PRINCE.

SHEEP AND FRUIT!

The undersigned, with a thorough knowledge of the business, is prepared to purchase for the citizens of Minnesota, Sheep of all grades, and likewise Green or Dried Fruit. No State furnishes better or more Sheep than Michigan, and in no State can a careful buyer obtain a choicer flock for western stock purposes.
DR. J. B. TUTTLE,
Jackson, Michigan.

REFERENCES.

Gov. Blair; Joseph E. Beebe, Probate Judge; Eugene Prindle, Attorney; W. L. Seaton, Prison Agent, all of Jackson, Michigan.
Gov. Alex. Ramsey, St. Paul, Minnesota.
Ossian E. Dodge, do. do.
tu & th 4wd&4tw*

LET THE PEOPLE KNOW IT!

LET ALL THE PEOPLE KNOW IT!!

A. H. WIMBISH, Jackson-st., is selling the choicest Family Groceries at the lowest market rate and delivering any where in the city without extra charge. au8

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment. F. W. TUCHELT,
Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank,
my6-1y St. Paul.

THE LIGHT DRAFT AND commodious steamer ALBANY has been enlarged and refitted, and will continue, during the balance of the season, to make tri-weekly trips to Shakopee, Chaska, and Carver, on the Minnesota River, leaving St. Paul on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 10 A. M.
AARON RUSSELL, Captain.
A. CLIFFORD, Clerk. au21-2m

LATEST NEWS,

By Telegraph.

FORT WAGNER NOT CAPTURED.

Naval Operations will Proceed Regardless of Wagner.

Beauregard Threatens to Hold Out to the Bitter End.

FORT SUMTER NOT TO BE ABANDONED.

Over a Hundred of Quantrell's Force Killed.

Execution of Conscript Deserters.

A BATTLE PROBABLE IN ARKANSAS.

The Great Thief Floyd Cheats the Gallows.

FROM CHARLESTON.

Fort Wagner Not Taken—The Attack on Charleston Will Proceed—Beauregard Determined to Hold Sumter—Federal Shells in the City.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 29.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of to-day has the following:

CHARLESTON, 27th.—The enemy's attack on our rifle pits on Wednesday night was about 7 o'clock in very small force. On Thursday the firing on both sides was slow, with no unusual incidents.

CHARLESTON, 28th.—The bombardment of Sumter and Wagner proceeds sluggishly. The enemy is working hard in the trenches in front of Wagner.

No further attempt has been made to shell the city.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.

The steamer Bermuda arrived from Port Royal Wednesday morning, having stopped off Charleston.

Her Chaplain reports that Fort Wagner has not been taken yet, and cannot be at present.

He confirms the report that Sumter had been knocked to pieces.

Further naval operations will be carried on without regard to Fort Wagner, the capture of which will be left to Gen. Gilmore.

NEW YORK, August 30.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says the bursting of the 300-pounder gun near Charleston does not prevent the shelling of that city, as the shells were thrown from a 200-pounder Parrott.

There is no information at either the War or Navy Department that our flag waves over Sumter and Wagner.

BALTIMORE, August 31.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of Saturday says that the War Department has nothing later from Charleston than up to last night.

It is understood that Sumter, though seriously breached, won't be abandoned.

Beauregard expressed a determination to hold it to the bitter end. It is thought this may be done by erecting temporary fortifications.

The enemy's fire is divided between Sumter and Wagner. The bombardment is progressing slowly.

PHILADELPHIA, August 31.

The Charleston papers of last Monday give particulars of the bombardment of the city by Gilmore. Thirteen shells were fired; twelve 8-inch fell in the city. The firing commenced between one and two o'clock on Saturday morning, arousing the people from their slumbers, but no person was injured. Most of the shell fell in the middle of streets. One entered the warehouse of Williams & Co., corner of King and Church streets, and exploded in the upper story, making a large opening in the brick wall of the Medical Purveyor's storehouse, and scattering things in great confusion. Some straw ignited, causing an alarm of fire, but was extinguished without trouble. Four shells fell in this locality.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

Cavalry Raid on the Peninsula—Rebel Speculations Concerning the Affair.

NEW YORK, August 31.

Richmond papers of the 29th contain the following:

Sixty Yankee cavalry advanced up the peninsula on Thursday as far as New Kent Court House, and a detachment came up later in the day to the vicinity of Bottoms' Bridge over the Chickahominy, fifteen miles below Richmond. At this point they exchanged a few shots with our pickets, and it is said several on each side were killed and wounded. We do not think that much blood was shed. Our pickets were, however, driven in, but before retiring they removed the floor of the bridge and prevented the further advance of the enemy in that direction.

It is by no means certain the Yankees design to extend their reconnoissance this side of the Chickahominy, as they made no attempt to do so, but returned down the Peninsula. Whether they came from Williamsburg, or were landed from transports at the White House, we have not ascertained.

An officer of Gen. Estey's staff, who returned yesterday, P. M., from a scout as far as New Kent, Court House, reports he saw no indications of a hostile force, but was informed at the Court House that Hill had visited that place on Thursday, but the strength of the invaders was greatly exaggerated by the first reports which reached the city.

Prize Steamer.

BOSTON, Aug 30.

The prize steamer Cronstadt has arrived, with 600 bales of cotton and 60 barrels of turpentine and rosin.

FROM ARKANSAS AND TEXAS.

Price's Location—A Battle Imminent—Conscription Enforced in Texas.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 31.

The *Republican's* special speaking of matters in Arkansas says that Gen. Price, with 25,000 rebels, is at Bayou Metarie, a strong point on White River, 14 miles above Duval's bluff, where a battle is expected to be fought.

Our forces are now at Duval's bluff, 54 miles from Little Rock. This point will probably be made a base of supplies, as it can be reached by White river at the lowest stage of water.

Skirmishing is constantly going on, but our losses are slight.

The rebel force in southern Texas is estimated at 10,000.

Magruder has enforced the conscription to its fullest extent.

The rebel gunboat Grand Duke, with 500 bales of cotton, was burned at Shreveport.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Prices Receding—Important Orders Enforced.

NEW YORK, August 31.

The *Times* has advices from New Orleans to the 19th, sent by way of Cairo. Very important military movements were going on, but their exact character we are left to imagine. We are assured, however, that we shall soon hear of events which will make us rejoice.

The prices of necessaries of life have still further receded in New Orleans, in consequence of continued arrivals from above. Communication with St. Louis and other points is now considered to be quite regular.

Gen. Banks has recently issued two important orders: one directing General Butler's assessment to be enforced against parties who subscribed to the loan raised to defend New Orleans against the United States authorities, and the other forcing the banks of the city to pay over to the quartermaster's department all monies in their possession belonging to registered enemies or those convicted of lending aid and comfort to the enemy.

Rebel Steamer Captured.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.

The Navy Department has received information of the capture of the brig Atlantic, by the United States steamer Princess Royal, off the Rio Grande. From the statement of acting master Chase, late in command of the gunboat Antonio, it appears the Atlantic had cotton on board, direct from the Texas shore, and the captain of the brig told him he would swear to the fact, and if a private interview could be granted, it would be to the advantage of the United States government.

The cause of the captain's singular proceeding was, he says in consequence of a misunderstanding between him and the parties chartering the vessels, and he says he was taken into Key West in this same Atlantic, while bound for Texas by a U. S. Vessel as a prize, and laid there thirty six days but was smart enough to fool the authorities notwithstanding he had contrabands of war on board. He escaped from there, sued the U. S. Government and obtained a judgment for $10,000. He then went off and delivered his cargo, which went into Brownsville, Texas, via Matamoras. The Captain of the vessel further said if you don't look out I will fool you again, I have been in such business a long time, having run the blockade during the Russian War, and if you are not very sharp I will get to the windward of you again."

FROM KANSAS.

The Pursuit of Quantrell's Guerrillas.—Over a Hundred Killed.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 31.

Lieut. Col. Clark, of the 9th Kansas Cavalry, returned last evening from the pursuit of Quantrell through Jackson, Cass and Johnson counties. His command killed 40 perpetrators of the Lawrence massacre. Other companies returned to different parts, having killed and wounded several bushwhackers. Among the killed is Capt. Estes, recruiting officer for Marmaduke. The whole number of guerrillas killed as far as known considerably exceeds one hundred.

Execution of Substitute Deserters.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, August 29, 1863.

The execution of the substitute deserters, sentenced to the penalty of death in General Order No. 84, took place to-day. More than ordinary interest was exhibited in this execution of military law, and it is estimated that not less than 25,000 persons were present. The ground was well selected, and every arrangement so complete that no accident occurred to mar the solemnity of the proceeding.

At the order to fire, 36 muskets were discharged, and instant death announced by the Surgeon in attendance, as the result.

The spectacle was an unusual one. The Protestant, the Hebrew, and the Catholic, stood side by side, reiterating prayer for the departed sons.

The names, ages and residences, &c., of the deceased, are as follows: George Kuhma, (Hanoverian) 22 years old, Pennsylvania, unmarried; John Felane, (Italian,) 26 years old, Pennsylvania, wife and family; Charles Walter, Prussian, 28 years old, wife and child; George Reineg, (Italian,) 22 years old, wife and child; Emile Loi, (Prussian,) 30 years old, wife.

Draft Regulations in New York.

UTICA, Aug. 30.

The Governor has received a dispatch, saying that towns will receive credit only for excess of volunteers. They may have furnished over their quotas under previous calls.

The Provost Marshal General has also decided not to allow credit for volunteers in districts where the draft has taken place; but, in districts where the drawing has not been commenced, credit will be given for recruits sent to regiments in the field, and for volunteers enlisting in companies which may be raised in such districts and mustered into the service of the United States between the 11th day of June, 1863, and the day preceding that fixed for the draft to take place. Men merely enlisted were not to be credited. They must be mustered into some organized company.

England and France About to Commence War Against Japan.

BOSTON, Aug. 31.

A private dispatch dated Hong Kong, July 6th, says war against Japan by England and France is almost certain.

A Surprising Party Surprised.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.

Six men belonging to the Confederate Navy arrived in this city, sent up from Camp Lookout, and were incarcerated in old Capital Prison.

Their story is this: On the night of the 23d they crossed the Pamunky and Mattapan rivers, and Saturday reached Piankatan river. Here the object of the expedition became known. On this river there is stationed a United States gunboat. The intention of Lieut. Wood was to surprise the gun-boat and kill, or capture the crew, and then put to sea as a pirate, in case the boat was well provisioned, and had plenty ammunition. His wagons could return to Richmond if anything was needed. With him every preparation was made for success. The expedition men were armed with rifles, pistols and cutlasses.

Sunday the force was divided, 64 men were to go with Lieut. Wood, the balance to remain with the wagons. Sunday night the party set out in boats, and soon reached the neighborhood of the gunboat. Instead of surprising the crew, however, the rebels were themselves surprised. When within 300 yards the gunboat was suddenly illuminated and such a deadly discharge poured into their boats, that only Lieut. Wood and four men escaped.

Rebel Congressmen Captured.

STEVENSON, Ala., Aug. 30.

The Army of the Cumberland crossed the Tennessee River at Four Points today with infantry and cavalry. The 2d Kentucky Cavalry captured 28 pickets opposite Stevenson. Gen. Reynolds, who was at Shell Mound, has taken a camp on Falling Water Creek. Among the captured are the notorious guerrilla May, and Tennessee rebel Congressman Cannon. Little or no resistance was made.

The rebels are reported in force at Rome and Clernand, along the Georgia State Railroad.

Gen. Burnside is in the region of Kingston and Willet Creek.

Blockade Running at Wilmington.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 30.

The steamer S. W. Thomas arrived this morning from Newberne, N. C. Our correspondent writes from Beaufort, N. C., Aug. 25, that officers from the Wilmington blockading squadron have arrived there with important intelligence.

These officers regard the attempt to blockade Wilmington with eight gunboats, when thirty are required, as a great farce.

They also state that regular lines of packets, with the hour of sailing advertised, are established between Nassau and Wilmington.

Movements of Generals Steele and Grant.

CAIRO, Aug. 29.

Gen. Steele is moving towards Little Rock. The rebels are concentrating opposite him.

The rebels in Mississippi are organizing for better concentration.

General Grant and Adjutant General Thomas left Memphis for Vicksburg on Friday.

Most of the cotton lying at the mouth of the White river was accidentally burned.

Trains on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 31.

There are now two daily through passenger trains over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to the west, leaving Baltimore at 7:35 A. M. and 8:30 P. M., except Sundays, when the 8:30 P. M. train leaves only. Close connections are made with the morning and evening trains from Washington.

Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, Aug. 31, 1 P. M.

A destructive fire is now raging in East Boston. It commenced in the Atlantic works, where the Monitor Turretts are constructed. The buildings, with four nearly finished turretts, are already destroyed The flames are rapidly extending through the mechanical and business section of East Boston.

Horrible Murder.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 31.

A man named Herk and two children were murdered near Evansville, Indiana, lately, by two men in Federal uniform, supposed to be disguised. Two other children were mortally wounded. The men entered Herk's house for the purpose of robbery. Two soldiers have been arrested on suspicion of being the murderers.

Mexican News.

NEW YORK, August 31.

The *Herald* has Mexican dates to August 6th, stating that Miniflian has been captured by the French, and an expedition had started to occupy Tampico. It is reported that Juarez was fleeing to Texas.

A Mexican paper thinks there is danger of war with the United States.

Maximilian Accepts.

BOSTON, August 30.

The *Memorial Diplomatique* of the 15th says:

We are happy to announce His Highness the Arch Duke Ferdinand Maximilian accepts with the consent of his August Brother the Emperor of Austria, the crown of the New Mexican Empire.

Slaves Enlisting.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.

[*Times Special.*] The enlistment of colored troops in the lower counties of Maryland is progressing favorably. The slaves are glad to enlist in order to escape servitude. Generally their owners are rebels or secession sympathizers.

Rolls of Vicksburg Rebels.

NEW YORK, August 30.

Surgeon General Hammond has been directed to make his headquarters in the Department of the Gulf until further orders.

Additional rolls of rebels taken at Vicksburg, received at the War Department, swell the list to 33,000.

The Thief Floyd Dead.

BALTIMORE, August 31.

In the Richmond *Enquirer* of Saturday the death of Floyd is mentioned as occurring on the 26th at Abingdon, Virginia.

Quantrell.

The Missouri *Republican* furnishes some biographical information of the butcher outlaw Quantrell:

He was an early resident of Lawrence, where he went by the name of Charles Hart. In 1854 he was a member of Jennison's regiment, and proved himself an apt pupil under his tuition. Of late years he seems to have subordinated the question of politics to that of brigandage, and although he now professes to be a rebel, holding a commission of some sort sort from Jeff. Davis, it makes very little difference to him by what name he is called, so that he gets all the plunder that he wants. His relations with all the leading brigands and the Red Legs of Kansas, were of the most friendly character—so much so that they never did each other much harm in battle or otherwise—and Quantrell's plunder of horses, mules, cattle and valuables have frequently been found in the market in Kansas."

DIED.

On Sunday, Aug. 30th, at the residence of her parents, ALLIE, infant daughter of Girart and Allie Hewitt, of St. Paul.

Of Diptheria, on Monday, August 31st, at the residence of his father, CHARLES PALMER, second son of Charles and J. Symonds, of this city, aged 8 years, 6 months and 26 days.

Funeral to-day at 4 P. M., at the residence o the parents. Friends are invited to attend.

MILWAUKEE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

Jobbers and Retailers in

DRY GOODS,

172 and 174 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE,

(the red front store,)

Are receiving their complete stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FABRICS AND

YANKEE NOTIONS,

Which they offer to the trade

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AT NEW YORK JOBBING PRICES,

Without regard to the present advance.

We ask the attention of early and large buyers to the SPECIAL BARGAINS which we offer in STAPLE GOODS, comprising

Over 200 Packages all bought at the low July Prices.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
FALL PRINTS,
WHITE GOODS,
FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
&c., &c.

☞ Our RETAIL STOCK is the BEST ASSORTED and cheapest in the State and has the great advantage of being ENTIRELY NEW AND ATTRACTIVE.

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Its entire surplus, deducting necessary expenses atone, being divided among the Policy Holders. The Dividends of this Co., are larger than any other, in some instances amounting to more than the Premium paid, and can be used to increase the amount insured or to reduce the Premiums Information showing the superior advantages offered by this Co., can be obtained at the Insurance Agency of

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STATE OF MINNESOTA,
SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT,
ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, St. Paul, Aug., 1863.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that that the lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken under the Excise Tax Law of the United States within Division numbered Four, comprising the County of Ramsey, will be open for examination, at the office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor, on the 29th day of August, A. D., 1863, and will remain open for the space of fifteen days from said time.

Notice is also given that appeals will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations by the Assistant Assessor of said Division, at the place aforesaid, on the 15th day of September, A. D., 1863, and immediately thereafter until all appeals are disposed of.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
au26-t sept 15 Assessor, 2d District.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

NEWS ITEMS.

—The Boston *Courier* says that Daniel Webster's widow visited his tomb a few days since. It was her first visit to Marshfield since the death of her illustrious husband. Mrs. Webster was accompanied to the spot by the old and devoted friend of her husband, Mr. Peter Harvey.

—Major General Hancock is still confined to his temporary residence in Norristown, Pa., by the wound he received at Gettysburg. In addition to a nail and other foreign substances already extracted, his surgeon recently discovered that a ball had entered his thigh, which remained and prevented the wound from healing. This ball was removed on Saturday last, the operation being a severe one, and it is thought the wound will now rapidly heal and enable the General soon to resume service. He is very anxious to do so.

—In New Orleans, a week or so since, one Henry Myers was struck by lightning: an inquest was held and life pronounced extinct. The next day every preparation had been made for his funeral, his friends had assembled, the body been duly coffined, the relatives had put on mourning, the hearse and the priest arrived, and the coffin was about to be closed up, when the arms of the corpse were observed to move, and very soon, to the amazement of all, the dead man sat bolt upright in his coffin, and after surveying the scene for a few moments, inquired the cause of all the gloomy preparations he saw going on. The electric shock had suspended animation for over twenty-four hours so perfectly as to deceive even the coroner, the man's wife and all his friends.

—Up to Wednesday night last $201,000 had been received for conscription commutations in the Third Congressional district of Maine. A young man presented a certificate to the Examing Board in Springfield district, recently, that up to the last six months he had "lived with his father to the best of his ability!"

—A new paper called the *Daily Journal* has lately been started in Memphis.

—The yield of fruit this season in Michigan will be the largest ever known. In 1861 the peach crop yielded about 60,000 baskets; last year, owing to the severe frost in May, it reached only about 50,000 baskets; from the estimate given by the most extensive fruit-growers, the peach crop this year will amount to 250,000 baskets.

—Miss Flora Hotchkiss, aged seventeen, the daughter of a prominent professional gentleman residing at Glenallan, Canada, recently eloped with her father's servant, who was of the staid age of fifty-five. The couple had a full day's start of the exasperated father in the chase which he instituted as soon as his daughter's folly was discovered; but he seems to have overtaken the runaways at Toronto, and the young woman was induced to go home.

—An old gentleman in Detroit, during the hot weather a few days since, drank a glass and a half of water. On coming into the street immediately after he was struck with partial blindness and dizziness, which increased until his sight utterly failed him, and he lost the use of his limbs. He fell in the street, and was taken into a house where remedies were applied. As soon as a free perspiration was started he regained his sight, and by the next day was quite well.

—Capt. Ellis, of the Maine cavalry, relates the following little incident which serves to illustrate how coolly the "horrors of war" are looked upon by our boys. He says in one of the numerous skirmishes in which his company were engaged, dismounted, one of his men, young Kitchen, from Houlton, spied a rebel running across the field opposite. "Now," said Kitchen, taking deliberate aim at the reb, "you'll see that lad jump," and fired, but missing his mark. The rebel coolly stopped and returned the compliment, and George received a ball in the fleshy part of the leg. He jumped about four feet and ejaculated, "By jolly, the wrong boy jumped that time."

—A correspondent of the Cleveland *Herald*, who has been traveling in the West, says:

It is a very common affair to see a bright-eyed young woman seated on the reaper, driving a four-horse team. But not only thus are women useful, but I have frequently seen them using the hoe. But what I saw a couple of weeks ago in the south part of Madison, Lake county, caps all the scenes in this line within my knowledge. To appearances a rain storm was coming up, and there was one woman in the field dexterously raking up the hay, whilst the double team and hay wagon was being driven into the field by two other women. Raker, pitcher and loader were all women.

—A vote was taken in one of the Philadelphia hospitals, some days ago, on the gubernatorial question. The voting was confined only to those from Pennsylvania. The ballots were carefully assorted, and stood as follows: For Curtin, 201 votes; for Woodward, 10 votes.

—The rebels have refused permission to Mrs. Sawyer and her children to visit her condemned husband in prison. Last week a baby of Mrs. Cunningham, the wife of a rebel prisoner at Camp Morton, fell from a window at Indianapolis, and was killed. Gen. Wilcox immediately sent for the husband and father, and paroled him till the next day noon, that he might comfort the bereaved mother and attend the funeral of the child.

—Ridiculing the South Carolina gasconade, the Philadelphia *Bulletin* says, what an imposing sight it would be, an engagement on the highways and byways of Charleston, between the rebel chivalry—cavalry, infantry and artillery—and the huge guns of our iron-clads.

BURNING OF LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

The Fiendish Outrages by the Guerrilla Sepoys.

MASSACRE OF CITIZENS.

Appalling Scenes and Incidents.

From the Leavenworth Bulletin, Aug. 22.

STATEMENT OF WM. KEMPF.

We publish the following statement written for the *Bulletin* by Mr. Kempf, an attache of the Provost Marshal's office, at Lawrence. It was written hurriedly; giving simply plain facts as written by him. His escape from death was miraculous:

Yesterday morning, the 21st August, about 4 1-2 o'clock, the citizens of Lawrence were surprised to hear a body of cavalry ride rapidly towards the Kansas river. As soon as the first of these men reached the river by Massachusetts street and the streets east and west of it, they raised a shout which was repeated down the streets as far as it was possible to hear. The citizens, startled by the noise, rushed into the streets to ascertain the cause. Many of the citizens were then shot down. With the quickness of lightning the news spread over town that the accursed Quantrell with his bushwhackers, was in town. The surprise was so complete that it was utterly impossible for the citizens to undertake anything whatever for their defense. The few who heroically ran out with their guns were quickly murdered, as were, in fact, all who showed themselves during the first half hour. The hills above and woods below the town were well guarded by guerrillas, so that it was impossible for persons living on the outskirts of town to make their escape. Everything was done by command, or well understood beforehand by these murderers. After they had spread over town they commenced to plunder in the most deliberate manner conceivable. Every store was broken open by a few men, guarded against surprise from the inside. The first thing they looked after was the safe, then everyting else of value. Every safe was bursted open when they could not get the key; but they were so well informed about everything, that they went, in several instances, to the private residences of persons, demanding the keys for the safes in the stores. Well informed citizens think they took three hundred thousand dollars in cash along with them. It would seem they took more. They had been in town some time before they commenced burning the buildings.

The inmates of the Eldridge House were roused up by somebody violently beating the gong. Most of them soon assembled in the hall, and it was found that not an arm was in the house. Capt. Banks told them the best thing they could do was to surrender, and this being agreed upon, he took a white sheet and waved it from the balcony. This was greeted by a universal shout from the guerrillas. The commander of the bushwhackers around the house asked Capt. B. "Do you surrender this house?" "We do, and hope you will treat our women and children with decency." To this the rebels agreed, and Capt. B. asked for Col. Quantrele. Quantrele was sent for and soon came. He asked Capt. B. whether he was a Federal officer, and being answered in the affirmative assured Capt. B. that they would all be treated as prisoners and should not be molested. They were all searched and everything valuable taken away from them—even the finger rings of men and women. The whole house was ransacked and everything valuable taken out by the guerrillas. The prisoners were marched over to the Whitney House and there guarded.

By this time most of the plunder had been secured on horses driven together from all parts of the town. The safes had all been broken open, some blown up by powder, others deliberately chiseled open. They picked out the horses, only retaining the best, and driving the poorer ones off.

At about seven o'clock they set fire to the court house. We heard several explosions, which, at a distance, would have been taken for cannon shots. We heard some persons coming down the street, commanding their friends to burn the stores; and we soon heard the crackling of the fire, and saw most of the buildings east and west of us wrapped in flames. To the south we could not see from the houses we were in.

During all this time citizens were being murdered everywhere. Germans and negroes when caught were shot immediately. Many persons were shot down after they had been taken prisoners, and had been assured that they would not be hurt if they would surrender. Messrs. Trask and Baker and two other citizens were so taken, and while being marched toward the river as prisoners, after being assured that they would not be harmed, some guerrillas asked their names. Mr. Trask gave the names, when they were immediately fired upon, and all four killed on the spot, except Mr. Baker, who is not expected to live, however. Mr. Dix had been taken prisoner and his house set on fire, when one of the fiends told him if he would give them his money he would not be killed, otherwise he would. Mr. Dix went into the burning house and got a thousand dollars and handed it over. He was told to march toward the river, and had not proceeded twenty steps when he was shot dead from behind. Mr. Hampson, clerk of the Provost Marshal, had a revolver and tried to defend the few things he had saved from the Jefferson House. His wife interfered, and they told him if he would surrender he should be treated as a prisoner and be safe from harm. He surrendered, and was immediately shot from behind, the ball entering near the spine and coming out below the kidneys in front. The wound is not considered fatal.

In one instance the wife and daughter of a man threw themselves over his body, begging for his life. But one of the murderers deliberately thrust his revolver down between the two women and killed the man.

Before ten o'clock the body of the guerrillas left with their plunder, leaving a guard over the prisoners in town, and a few stragglers. The few persons wounded were wounded at this time by the passing fiends. In the earlier part of the day most persons were fired at from very near and killed instantly.

One of the first persons out was Col. Deitzler. Mr. Williamson and myself helped him carry off the dead. The sight that met us when coming off, I cannot describe. I have read of outrages committed in the so-called dark ages, and horrible as they appeared to me, they sank into insignificance in comparison with what I was then compelled to witness. Well known citizens were lying in front of the spot where their stores or residences had been, completely roasted. The bodies were crisped and nearly black. We thought at first that they were all negroes, till we recognized some of them. In handling the dead bodies, pieces of roasted flesh would remain in our hands. Soon our strength failed us in this horrible and sickening work. Many could not help crying like children. Women and little children were all over town hunting for their husbands and fathers; and sad indeed was the scene when they did finally find them among the corpses laid out for recognition. I cannot describe the horrors; language fails me, and the recollection of the scenes I witnessed makes me sick when I am compelled to repeat them.

The town is a complete ruin. The whole of the business part, and all good private residences are burned down.

Everything of value was taken along by the fiends. No store is left, and it is necessary that the good people of Leavenworth send provisions immediately. Persons who were rich yesterday are now utterly destitute.

SCENES AT THE WHITNEY HOUSE.

After the second move, the Eldridge House party, which numbered about sixty, were safely, as they supposed, located in the Whitney House. Quantrell had chosen this place for his headquarters, and swore he would shoot any one of his men who attempted to molest any of them. Many people, knowing this, slipped in and were saved. One brute came up on his horse while the party were going from one place to the other, and was told by one of Quantrell's head men, named Porter, that he would kill him if he did not dry up. Everything went on very well while Quantrell was there; he promised that he would be the last man to leave town, and none of his men should return. He took a lunch, and finally ordered the command to move out of the city, which they did. After mounting his horse, he lifted his hat to the ladies, and bowing politely, said: "Ladies, I now bid you good morning. I hope when we meet again, it will be under more favorable circumstances." Putting spurs to his horse, he was soon out of sight. He was dressed in a dark colored shirt, blue blouse, and had on a black hat. After Quantrell left, four of his men came back and said they were determined to kill some one out of the crowd—didn't much care who; that they had been promised the privilege of killing all they pleased, and through some reason Quantrell had been humbugged. One of the party said he had a sister killed in the prison at Kansas City, and another said he had a sister shot by Union men; the third said he wanted to kill Miss Lydia Stone, the landlord's daughter; the fourth was a sober man, and seemed anxious to help save the lives of those in the house. It seems that one of the party had forcibly taken possession of a gold ring from Miss Stone, and she informed Quantrell of the fact, who told the fellow if he did not hand it over he would shoot him. But Miss Stone escaped. They wanted also to kill Mr. R. S. Stevens and another man, but they made their escape through a back door to the bank of the river, where they could be protected by the few soldiers across the river. The men prowled through the house, but did not find what they wanted. Finally they ordered all in the house to form a line outside. This was done. One of them commenced asking their names and where they were born. One gentleman answered, Central Ohio. The fellow said that was as bad as Kanzas, and shot him, but the wound did not prove mortal. Others were shot.

Mr. S. remonstrated with them, when one of them shot him through the head, killing him almost instantly. The party then left. It is reported that three of them were killed before getting out of town.

THE BANKS

Were robbed as well as the safes of the stores and offices. One man gave up all he had, and was then shot down. It is supposed they carried away in greenbacks some $100,000. The other property—except horses—they took away, was not much. The loss is estimated at between one and two millions.

HOW GOVERNOR ROBINSON'S HOUSE WAS SAVED.

Among the houses saved was that of Ex-Gov. Robinson, which fortunately is situated on the bank of the river. The guerrillas came and ordered the family (Mr. R. not being at home,) to take out what they wanted as they were going to burn it. They then left for town. When they returned, they were greeted with a volley from a small party of the 12th Kansas on the opposite side, and three killed. Thinking the game would not pay, the scamps left.

GEN. LANE.

had a miraculous escape. He heard the firing and saw Willis' stable burning, and made tracks through a large corn field near his house. Inquiries were made by the gang for Lane's house, and a Mr. Spicer was detailed by them to show his house. Placing a pistol to his head, they compelled him to pilot them to Lane's house. They could not catch the General but burnt his house. The General soon after made his appearance. and is now after the murderers.

INCIDENTS.

There were many heroic deeds performed by the ladies. In many instances they placed themselves between their husbands and fathers and danger when the drunken fiends held cocked pistols at them. One lady we hear spoken of and deserves particular mention; her name is Miss Lydia Stone, daughter of the landlord of the Whitney House. She moved round through the crowd, doing all she could to alleviate the suffering. The dead body of one person was on fire, and she at once procured water and put it out. When the scoundrels came back a second time, saying they would kill some one, she replied that "they might as well kill me as anybody." Heroic deeds were performed by other ladies, whose names have escaped us.

One of the most cowardly acts was the shooting of men, women and children as they passed down under the bank towards the river.

There is no doubt but that Quantrell had spies at Lawrence, One man at the Eldridge House acted as guide and pointed out prominent men and things.

One fellow got Capt. Banks' uniform and made quite a display with it.

A riding party of two ladies and gentlemen were met just outside the city, and compelled to go back. Quantrell invited the ladies to ride beside him into the city, and they did so.

Gen. Collamore was suffocated to death by damps in his well. When he first discovered the guerrillas in town, he went into the well, and his hired man, named Keith, covered it up. After the trouble was over the man went to the well and found the General at the bottom. He went down, and unfortunately met the same fate. A neighbor, named Lowe, passing along, went down to rescue both of them, and was also suffocated.

It was peculiarly noticeable that the fury of the incarnate fiends was particularly directed against the Germans, and the few unfortunate nrgroes who were in the doomed city.

Another Account.

The following incidents are taken from a private letter written by a citizen of Lawrence to his brother in Chicago:

COMMENCEMENT OF THE MASSACRE.

About sunrise, or a little before, on the 21st inst., four men forcibly entered the house of a Rev. Mr. Snyder, living about a mile southeast of Lawrence, and pierced him through and through with balls from their revolvers, while lying in bed by the side of his wife. At the same time, a body of about three hundred well mounted beings in the shape of men, all armed to the teeth, dashed into town and spread themselves instantly over the whole business part of the place, shooting down every man who dared to show himself.

UNARMED SOLDIERS SHOT DOWN.

In this dash two small camps of recruits, on Massachusetts street (one of white, and the other colored) were surrounded, and the poor defenceless fellows, without a gun in camp, and begging most piteously for their lives, were pierced through and through with bullets, and all but four of the two unfilled companies left mangled corpses on the ground.

THE AMOUNT OF DAMAGE DONE.

I believe that half of our business men were either shot down or burnt alive in their houses and out of the fine blocks of stores of every description, only two solitary buildings remain, and they were sacked. The rest is a mass of blackened ruins under which lies, I fear, many a charred body, as many were shot down while attempting to escape from the burning buildings. I fear the dead will foot up nearly, or quite, two hundred. Nearly every house was sacked, and the best ones fired; but owing to the very stillness of the air at the time, the flames were extinguished in many of the houses, as soon as the rebels would leave, and as they had so large a programme before them, they could not repeat any of the performance. The work of murder, arson and robbery lasted about two hours and a half, in which time they had sent over one hundred innocent men to the eternal world—deprived a large number of families of food, raiment, house and home, and destroyed about two million dollars' worth of property. They then took up their line of march due south, detailing squads of men on either side of the road to burn every house and murder every man. Family after family would slip out into their cornfields to watch their houses burned up by these invaders, without being able to offer the least resistance; and wo be to any man who had ahe hardihood to remain at his house and offer remonstrance.

ROBBERIES.

The banks were robbed, safes broken open, stores ransacked, the best of everything taken, and then the buildings fired. Every man that was encountered was met by them with, "Your money or your life;" and, with few exceptions, the poor victim would be shot dead, after handing over his purse and answering what questions they choose to put to him.

TREACHERY OF THE VILLAINS.

In several instances they ordered men to get water for them and wait upon them in various ways, pledging themselves, if they would do so, their lives should be spared, and as soon as they had done with them, would turn round and shoot them down like mad dogs. One little child they shot dead because it cried. There were those with them who evidently were well acquainted with the town, as the places and persons of active and prominent Union men were made the special marks of vengeance.

INCIDENTS.

I cannot refrain from giving you an instance or two of the savage barbarity practiced by these demons. They brought Mr. Trask to the door of his house and told him if he would give up his money they would not shoot him, but as soon as he had given it up he was instantly shot. He then tried to escape by running, but they followed and shot him dead.

Dr. Griswold was in his house when they attacked him. His wife ran and put her arms around him, and begged most piteously for his life, when one of them passed his arm holding a revolver, around her, and shot the Doctor through the heart.

Mr. Fitch they shot in his house, and his wife, while running to his rescue, was dragged away, the house fired, and poor Mr. Fitch, burned up, it may be, alive.

A gunsmith by the name of Palmer, and his son, were burnt up in their shop before dying from their wounds.

Mr. Allison, of the firm of Duncan & Allison, crawled out from under the burning ruins, and they threw him back again into the fire.

THE WINONA WAREHOUSE RECEIPT CASE.

HORTON DISCHARGED.

From the Chicago Tribune.

Yesterday afternoon the prosecutors and the defendant (Horton) appeared before Justice Stanford, and the following proceedings were had:

Mr. Bonney, counsel for the prosecution, said: Horton and Bancroft, the defendants in the present case, have been engaged in business at Winona, Minnesota. Their principal occupation was dealing in grain and flour. Grosvenor and Forsyth, the prosecutors, are commission merchants, residing in this city. Dealings sprang up between the parties, and for some months past the defendants have been drawing drafts on the prosecutors for advances, as commission men, principally on flour, accompanying such drafts by warehouse receipts as collateral security for the amounts drawn. About the first of the present month the prosecutors sent Mr. Sage, one of their clerks, to Winona, to see to the shipment of the flour for a repayment of the balance of some six or seven thousand dollars then their due. Mr. Sage took with him fifteen of these warehouse receipts for flour, amounting in the aggregate to 1,463 barrels. On his arrival he found that the flour was not in store, and the defendants admitted that it had never been made. He also found that the pecuniary affairs of the defendants were in a complicated and unsatisfactory condition, and they professed to be unable to make payment of the amount due, or any part of it. On his return, Grosvenor & Forsyth determined to commence a prosecution for obtaining money under false pretences, and have the defendants brought here for trial under requisition on the Governor of Minnesota. Mr. Grosvenor went to Winona to give the matter his personal attention, and Mr. Forsyth made the complaint now pending. Governor Yates issued a requisition and warrant under the provision of the Federal Constitution for the rendition of fugitives from justice, as prayed for by the complainant. In the meantime Mr. Grosvenor had seen and conferred with the defendants, and under advice that he might lawfully compromise a criminal charge of this character, had informed them that unless they made restitution of the money so fraudulently obtained, they would be taken to Illinois for trial on this charge. Mr. Horten then manifested and has ever since shown a disposition to meet the complainants here and do all in his power to secure them against any loss. The defendants did come with Mr. Grosvenor to this city, and were arrested by Constable Chilcote on the warrant issued in this case, about five o'clock Saturday morning. Instead of taking them to jail until the examining magistrate could be found in his office, the officer took them according to his instructions to a room in the Tremont House, and there held them in custody. The complainants' counsel met the parties there, and gave the defendants their option to confer with the complainants, and endeavor to arrange the affair, or to send for counsel and proceed with the examination. They elected the former course, and the counsel withdrew to await the result. The complainants had already commenced a civil suit in the Circuit Court, and obtained an order to hold to bail in little less than six thousand dollars. In the meantime Mr. Quimby, another sufferer, had commenced both a similar civil and a like criminal case; but to these cases Mr. Horton is not a party. The Sheriff arrested the defendant Bancroft and held him till he gave bail in both civil suits. He was then examined on the Quimby criminal case before Justice DeWolf, and held to bail, and on the same day waived examination on this present charge, and gave bail to answer before the Recorder's Court. In the meantime, Mr. Horton, by the assistance of his friends, has secured Messrs. Grosvenor & Foresyth to the extent required of him, and has also given them a cognovit to file in the civil case pending in the circuit court. It is enough to say that Grosvenor & Forsyth appear to be secured against any loss in the premises, and that the conduct of this defendant, George Horton, has been such, from the beginning to this time, as to convince us all that, however he may have erred in judgment, he is guiltless of any corrupt motive or fraudulent intent in the premises. Under these circumstances, the cause of justice will be promoted by declining to prosecute this case further and with the consent of the examining magistrate, the defendant, George Horton, is honorably discharged.

The order for discharge was accordingly entered.

Burbank's Column.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH
Fast Freight Line.
OWNED AND MANAGED BY
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO
All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash.
je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 BARRELS
—OF—
CARBON OIL.
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
CHICAGO CREAM ALE,
For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the
ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.
jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

We are now running Messengers to
ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.45 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE,

In Hennepin, Ramsey, Chisago, and Washington Counties. Also Lots in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony; all of which I will sell at Low Prices and on favorable terms of payment. Enquire of
P. P. WINTERMUTE,
je21-3m at office of Horn, Lund & Galusha.

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY
Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities
Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

WANTED,

At the Clifton House, Mankato, three good Girls—one competent to take charge of the cooking department. Liberal wages and steady employment will be given. au8-1m

WILLIAM D. STOREY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
REFERENCES:
Hon. George Opdyke, ... New York City
John G. Treadwell, ... Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D., ... Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law, ... Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard, ... Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors .... Boston
le11daoilm&wlvw

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss.

William C. Thompson vs. Lyman Dayton and Maria B. Dayton, his wife, John C. Quimby, William D. Smith, Morris Lamprey, Walter W. Webb, Israel G. Lash, John B Cronin, Benjamin Hurxthall, I. Newton Sears, John R. Muddison, Ira Bidwell and Clarence De Montreville.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$8,587 63, with interest and costs.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, made in this cause at the June Term, A. D 1863, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

WEDNESDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1863,

At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described real estate or parcels of land situated in Ramsey County, in the State of Minnesota, to wit:

All of section thirty-five (35) in township twenty-nine (29) of range twenty-two (22); also, all of block marked Dayton in the recorded plat thereof in Lyman Dayton's Addition to Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, according to said recorded plat, said block so marked being bounded in front by Dayton Avenue, on the north by Third street, south by Levee street and east by Columbus Avenue, and being the block in which said Dayton now resides. The Avenue above named as Columbus Avenue being intended to be a certain Avenue laid out in the plat of said Addition as Maria Avenue.

JAMES W. TAYLOR,
Master in Chancery.
HORN, LUND & GALUSHA, Plaintiff's Solicitors. tu au4-6w

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,
ST. PAUL, August 26, 1863.
Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c
EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem	
American Gold	22 per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.
State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.
Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS
AND DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass
AND
GLASSWARE,
Perfumeries, Fancy Goods,
&C., &C.,
No. 111 Third Street,
(UNION BLOCK.)
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.
We would call the attention of Dealers through out the Northwest to
Our Full Stock of Goods,
Which we are offering at a fraction over
Milwaukee & Chicago Figures
We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.
ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,
For sale at very low figures to close the stock.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,
Pills and Granules, at card prices.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.
Just received and for sale at close figures.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,
At lowest market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,
Of various qualities and prices, at
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,
McCulley's Brand, at market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

Real Estate.

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE,
Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.
TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

FOR SALE,
THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:
One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.
Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.
Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.
A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.
Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.
There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.
The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.
Inquire at the office of
SPENCER & CARVER,
Ingersoll's Block, or of
GROFF & BAILEY,
under Thompson's Bank.
Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.
St. Paul, June 3d, 1863. jo4-3m

BROAD ACRES!
760 ACRES of land from 3 to 12 miles of ST. PAUL, will be sold in tracts of 40 acres, 80, 120, 160 and 240. The soil is a rich loam, with *wood and water*. Terms part cash, and the balance, if desired, on long time.
HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 6, 1863.—d&w6m.

ROBERT P. LEWIS
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
St. Paul, Minnesota,
Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge
ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF
"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"
Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.
CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c
Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.
o5-d tw&wly

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE,
ST. PAUL, Aug. 15th, 1863,
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 14th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD.
Said Wood to be paid for in State Warrants and delivered at the State Capitol, as required.
CHAS. SCHEFFER,
au25-td State Treasurer.

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.
We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell
LOW FOR CASH
OR
Short Approved Credit.
SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.
We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.
No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.
Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.
BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

EAGLE WORKS
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT
STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS
PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR
Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,
SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS
AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-d&w1y

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,
SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,
No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago
Have constantly on hand a large assortment of
Manilla & Tarred Rope,
Ditching Ropes,
Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,
CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,
FLAGS, &c., &c.
Common and Patent Hoist Wheels, for buildings, constantly on hand.
GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

GROCERIES,
SHORES & TATOR,
Wholesale Grocers,
47 South Water Street,
CHICAGO.
L. SHORES, ... F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,
SUCCESSOR TO
Thompson, Whitney & Co
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
BOOTS and SHOES,
46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL
We are now receiving a large stock of Goods
FROM THE
BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST
and with very large addition to our
HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK.
We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes the city.
GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.
Indemnity can be had.
Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.
SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

BOOK BINDERY
AND
Blank Book Manufactory.
The Press Printing Co.
Have in successful operation the largest and most complete Bindery in Minnesota, embracing the latest and most improved machinery. Employing only competent and careful workmen, and using the best material, they hope to continue to give satisfaction to all.
PAPER RULED TO ORDER,
AND TO ANY PATTERN,
LEDGERS, DAY BOOKS, JOURNALS, COMMERCIAL AND COUNTY BOOKS, AND
BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND,
MADE IN THE BEST MANNER.
Old Books Re-Bound
MAGAZINES, PERIODICALS,
MUSIC, &c., &c.,
Bound in Any Style Desired,
From the lowest priced work to the highest style of the art.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO..

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & Co.,)

WHOLESALE G[illegible]

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

[illegible] JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

C. PROAL,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS WAREROOMS,

Corner Third and Robert Streets.

A large assortment of

Ladies' Saddles, Gents' Saddles, Boys' Saddles, Gig Saddles Bridles and Martingales, Bits and Spurs,

Whips of all Sorts, Saddlery Hardware,

COACH HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, TROTTING HARNESS, SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS LADIES' LARGE DRESS TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS,

RAILROAD BAGS, HARNESS LEATHER.

☞ Also, everything pertaining to the trade for sale at reasonable prices.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 15th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:35 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generativ Organs, &c., &c.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohiensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Rumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

The office is arranged in separate apartments, so that those who desire can consult the doctor with the utmost privacy. The Institute is provided with a *Spirometer* for measuring the vital capacity, and Prof. Schreber's *Pangymnastikon* for developing the muscular system in Seminal Weakness and other wasting diseases; also an improved apparatus and all the appliances for administering *Medicated Fumigation Baths*, now so celebrated in Europe for the cure of Syphilitic diseases.

While I prescribe for all kinds of diseases, attention is given more specially to the following:—Syphilis, in all its stages; Gonorrhœa; Gleet; Stricture; Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.; Hydrocele, or Dropsy of the Scrotum, Varicocele, and other diseases of the Testicles and Cord; Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula, and Diseases of the Rectum and Anus; and all complaints peculiar to Females. Also, Spermatorrhœa, or *Seminal Weakness*, for which our treatment is now admitted to be even more successful than that of Lallemand, of Montpellier.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home. Full particulars furnished on application by letter.

JUST PUBLISHED—The 20th edition of our *Medical Report*, containing 70 pages and numerous engravings, treating on the above diseases; sent to any address on receipt of price, 15 cts. Also, in press, and nearly ready, the 2nd edition of our large work on Venereal Surgery.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations can be had from 9 A.M. to P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,
(Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

jy3

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS.

STRONG'S CARPET HALL,

225 Third Street, Rogers' Block,

where will be found a large assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C., &C

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

mar12-1y **R. O. STRONG.**

FREE WATER POWER IN ST. ANTHONY.

The St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company continue to offer mill sites on the Falls, with the right to draw water, both *free of rent* for five years, to any person who will improve unoccupied sites, by the erection of Oil or Paper Mills, Straw-Board or Starch Factories, Woollen, Flax or Cotton Mills. At the end of five years and each like term thereafter, the rents may be determined by three disinterested parties.

au1-1m* RICHARD CHUTE, Agent.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By the death of Mr. George T. Temple, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Temple & Beaupre is this day dissolved.

The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, and all persons having claims against, or indebted to them, are requested to call and make settlement without delay.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 7, 1863. au15-1m

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Temple & Beaupre will be continued by the subscriber under the name and style of the old firm From my old friends and the public generally, a continuance of the very liberal patronage which the former house received, is solicited.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 8, 1863. au15-1m

DE LAND'S FAMOUS

SALERATUS,

One Hundred Cases

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

au21-1w

J. H. MURPHY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Elfelt's Store, Lambert's Block,

THIRD STREET, - - - - ST. PAUL.

☞ Especial attention paid to Surgery.

au15-1m*

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN

Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

Dr. T. D. SIMONTON,

DENTIST,

Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square, St. Paul.

☞ Teeth inserted in the best style on Gold, Silver and Vulcanite. je9

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAP AT

Wholesale and Retail.

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

Having leased the store occupied by L. G. Johnson & Co., and purchased their

Stock of Groceries,

May be found at

220 *Third Street, two doors above the North Western Express Office,*

Where they will sell,

GROCERIES

AT VERY LOW FIGURES,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

We wish to close out this stock entirely as we propose to

CHANGE THE BUSINESS,

and open a

Paper and Stationery Store

in connection with our

Paper Mill at St. Anthony.

☞ All kinds of WRAPPING PAPER for sale, and the highest price paid in cash for rags ropes and old printed papers. jy15-tf

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies,

GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fne Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catwba Brandy.
Week's. Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

PALMER'S PURE VINEGAR,

FOR PICKLING AND FAMILY USE.

We would inform the public generally, that we are again manufacturing the above celebrated Vinegar, at our old place on Sibley-st., St. Paul. We are prepared to furnish the city and country trade at as *low prices* as *Pure* Vinegar can be bought in any market. Country orders will receive prompt attention

jy19-3m C. LEWIS & CO.

Freight & Express.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE

OWNED AND MANAGED BY THE

American Express Company.

On and after this date, by special arrangement,

The Merchants' Dispatch

Will receive and forward from this city to New York and Boston freights requiring quick transportation, at

Lower Rates and in Better Time,

Than can be obtained by any other route or conveyance except the regular Express, by passenger trains.

TIME GUARANTEED.

All shipments received at door of shipper and delivered at destination

FREE OF CARTAGE.

The well known reputation of this Line in transporting Westward bound business, during the last ten years, will be

A SUFFICIENT GUARANTEE

That all contracts made by it, will be faithfully carried out.

The Merchants' Dispatch

Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for

WESTWARD BOUND BUSINESS.

Our freights are transported by Emigrant and fast Freight Express trains, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.

Claims for Losses and Damages will be promptly adjusted at this Office.

For rates or further information inquire of

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,
Agents.

St. Paul, June 18th, 1863. je19-3m

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Willow-St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

ap21-d1y J. C. BURBANK & CO. Proprietors

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all those quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.

Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul Minnesota. apr29-d&w1y'64

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-d&w1y

WANTED

TO RENT—A House within a few minutes walk of the Post Office. Would like a lease for one, two or three years. Possession desired either now or in the fall. Call at or address

jy30-tf PRESS OFFICE.

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

USLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES,

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE.

Third Street. St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call an examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&w1y CATHCART & CO.

JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW LOT OF

LINEN COATS,

PLAIN LINEN DRILL PANTS,

AND A FINE LOT OF FIGURED

MARSEILES VESTS,

All of which we are prepared to sell at

REDUCED PRICES.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

Hotels.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

HERNDON HOUSE,

Corner of Third and Vermillion Streets,

HASTINGS, - - - MINNESOTA,

W. E. HUNT,

Late of the Merchants' Hotel, at St. Paul,

PROPRIETOR.

☞ Passengers conveyed to and from the Boats free. je19-3m

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, [illegible] Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

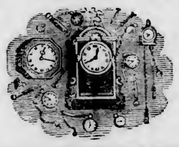
All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,



Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Miscellaneous.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.

jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For——

jan1-d1y

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st., COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Honey Dew Scotch,
Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canister; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.

2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.

1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.

800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.

1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds.

Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

my26-tf **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

The Cheap Cash Store.

We will commence this morning selling our stock of SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

PARASOLS,

Summer Shawls,

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

BALMORALS,

COTTONADES AND LIGHT CASSIMERES,

At greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS,

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES,

Remember the place,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

je5-tf

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

PORTRAITS.

B. P. BARTLETT, Artist,

From NEW YORK CITY, is now prepared to

PAINT PORTRAITS, Landscapes, &c.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

☞ He will also give lessons in Drawing and Oil Painting, at his Studio, over Munger's Music Store, Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minnesota.

jy19-tf

Hardware.

JUST RECEIVED,

A full stock of

Wagon Wood, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.,

Also, GRASS SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS RAKES AND CRADLES.

A few casks of

PITTSBURG COAL.

Always on hand at lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Spring Steel, Cast Steel, Nails, Spikes, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Carriage Trimmings, Thimble Skeins, Blacksmith's Tools, Chains, and

Heavy Hardware.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

J. B. BRADEN.

ap17-1y

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, ... MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.
a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, WarehouseTrucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dw1y

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the owest market rates.

je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, BENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and ofr sale by

ap21 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

Boots & Shoes.

WE WILL SELL THE BALANCE

OF OUR FINE

Patent Leather Boots

At $5.25,

The Best Boot in America,

AND WORTH ALL OF EIGHT DOLLARS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PITCH IN.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, Feb. 27, 1863. feb27-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

WE HAVE RECEIVED

125 Cases of

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.

It is well known that our stock is the

Largest in the City,

And we are selling

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

Merchants in the country can buy of us at

CHICAGO PRICES.

ap15-tf **WM. J. SMITH & CO.**

Guns & Pistols.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

Manufacturers of

Rifles, Muskets and Army and Navy Revolvers

For the U. S. Government.

We also manufacture a variety of

POCKET PISTOLS,

Of approved patterns, for both Ordinary and Fixed Ammunition, together with Rifle and Shot-Gun Barrels, Gun Locks, Mountings, and Gun Materials Generally.

☞ Price lists and Circulars furnished on application. Address

E. REMINGTON & SONS.

je14-3m* Ilion, N. Y.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.

POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.

my31-3m

THE CITY.

A Question for the Council To-day.

Shall the Market Ordinance be Amended?

On the 8th of August 1862, an amendment to the Market Ordinance was passed, which forbids dealers in vegetables and provisions purchasing articles in their line until after 10 A. M.

The following sections of the ordinance are the ones that especially refer to this matter:

SEC. 36. No person after having purchased in market or upon any of the public streets of said city any poultry, wild game, meat, butter, or eggs, fruits, vegetables, or other articles whatever, shall sell or offer to sell the same in the market place established by this Ordinance.

SEC. 37. No person shall sell or offer for sale any poultry, wild game, meat, butter, or eggs, which have been obtained by purchase less than five miles from the city of any person or persons bringing such article or articles to the city.

SEC. 38. That no grocer, or other dealer in vegetables, poultry, or other provisions, shall purchase any article in market during market hours, except for the use of his or her family; and if any such person shall purchase in market, during market hours, any article or provisions in which he or she deals, it shall be taken and held as *prima facie* evidence of intention to sell the same.

SEC. 42. Any person who shall, in any particular, violate any provision of this ordinance, shall on conviction thereof before the City Justice, be fined in any sum, not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, for every such offence.

Until within a fortnight this ordinance has been a dead letter, but on a complaint by some officious individual it has again been put in force.

We suppose it to be the design of all legislation to benefit the public, or at least some portion of it. In order to ascertain who was benefited by this ordinance we have taken some pains to inquire of parties engaged in the business alluded to. The grocers and vegetable stores are, evidently, injured by the ordinance. The farmers who bring the produce in have repeatedly informed us that they consider the law burdensome. They say they do not want to be compelled to remain on the market until ten o'clock and then be obliged to dispose of half or two-thirds of their load to dealers when they might have made an advantageous sale of their entire stock early in the morning and returned to their homes before the time required to stand upon the market had expired.

If such an ordinance was not in force, those who wished to could sell upon the market, as well as they can now, and those who desired to make an immediate sale to the vegetable stores could pursue this course, and all parties would thereby be suited. Let any one go upon the market, and converse with the farmers and gardeners from the country, and they will soon be convinced that the ordinance is a hardship instead of a benefit to them.

The real object of the ordinance is, we suppose, to benefit the consumer on the supposed ground that the hucksters and vegetable stands in the city will monopolize the trade and keep up prices. It is a somewhat ancient maxim that "competition is the life of trade," and it is a singular theory that confining a certain branch of business in the hands of a few persons will reduce the prices. Where a large number of persons are engaged in the same trade, it is next to impossible to keep prices up, as some will put the prices down and the rest will be compelled to sell at the same figures. We *know*, from personal observation, that the enforcing of this ordinance raised the price of vegetables. The people on the market know you must buy of them if you wish to obtain fresh vegetables, and they accordingly take advantage of this circumstance to ask their own price.

Again, consumers should not be restricted as to the place where they purchase their food. Take for instance the case of a resident on St. Anthony Hill. He has been in the habit of stopping at the corner of Fort and Third streets as he goes to business in the morning and ordering his marketing *sent home*. If he does this now he must select from the remnants of the previous day. Otherwise he is compelled to walk half a mile further to market, and then after paying a higher price than he would previously have been obliged to, at his home market, must either carry it himself or hire it transported home. With a single exception we have failed, after extensive inquiry, to find a consumer who does not vote the ordinance a nuisance.

The City Council meets to-day and we present the question to them, whether this portion of the "Market Ordinance" shall be repealed or not? If they will take the trouble to investigate the matter there is no question but that the propriety of its repeal would be made manifest, and we do not ask them to take the statement of any person on either side but simply to see for themselves. If they insist upon the ordinance remaining as it is, they should by all means provide two more market houses, one in lower and one in upper town, as not one hundredth portion of the inhabitants of the city find the present location convenient. It would seem however that the best method was to abolish the ordinance which is oppressive upon buyer, seller, and consumer.

FILIAL AFFECTION.—The fourth commandment has never been very religiously observed by the young men of this community hitherto. Their plan has generally been to let the "old folks" shift for themselves. We are glad to notice a complete change for the better recently. A number of young men who have never been known to contribute anything to the support of their parents, have now taken the old folks under their wing, and are "supporting" them in a filial manner. Widowed mothers, who never got a cent from their graceless sons, have been delighted recently at receiving pecuniary "support."

It won't do, boys. There's no use trying to shield yourselves from the draft in that style. The "old man" and the "old woman," as you generally call them, can get along without you. Better come in on the "rupture dodge," or some of the new-fangled plans for evading the crisis.

FROM THE EXPEDITION.—Quite a party arrived from the Expedition last night, having come on in advance. We noticed among those who arrived here, were Capt. H. P. Grant of company A, 6th regiment, absent on sick leave, and Sutler Leavens of the 10th regiment. Mr. Brackett, Capt. Chase, J. A. Russell (of the PRESS office) and others, stopped at Minneapolis, where Mr. Brackett's friends were holding a celebration over his return.

Mr. Leavens informs us that the Expedition was making good time on the return. They were to be at Sauk Centre to morrow, and at St. Cloud on Saturday. This will bring them to Fort Snelling on Thursday or Friday of next week. The troops are in good health, and rejoicing at the prospects of getting back to "America" once more. No incidents worthy of mention had happened.

THE FROST ON FRIDAY NIGHT.—We have gathered but few facts concerning the extent of country visited by the frost on Friday night. Some accounts seem to indicate that only a scope of country a few miles around this city suffered from it. We hope to hear this confirmed.

The reason that the corn crop was killed by it was, that the drought in the early part of the summer delayed its growth. In an ordinary season the corn crop would have been fully ripe before this time. This is the first instance of the kind in the history of our State. At best it is an event likely to happen only once in a generation, in any section of country.

SHIPMENT OF BUTTER.—Messrs. Ragnet & Bro. will ship this morning, by the Cutter, for Chicago, 42 kegs of Minnesota butter, weighing in all about 5,000 lbs. This is, we venture to say, the largest amount of butter ever exported in one lot from this market.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.—No housekeeper or cook is fully prepared to enter successfully upon her culinary duties without having the *Chemical Saleratus* on hand. It relieves the mind of much care and anxiety experienced by a skillful cook. For sale by most merchants and grocers.

PARTIES interested should bear in mind that the sale of pine timber on school lands on Rum river will be made by the State Auditor to-day. The sale takes place at 2 P. M. at the office of Surveyor of Logs and Lumber at St. Anthony. See advertisement in another column.

GOOD COOKS.—Ladies, if you would be known as good cooks, and would avoid the mortification of having poor biscuit for tea when you have company, use D. B. De Land & Co.'s *Chemical Saleratus*, and that only.

—An English paper says there has never been a better or more abundant crop in Ireland than the present one. The potato is thus far free from blight.

Arrivals at the Hotels.

MONDAY, August 31.

MERCHANTS.

S Markham, Cannon Falls; Bill Stiles, White Bear; D Heming, Ann Arbor; L C McKenney, La Crosse; G Schwein, New York; A J Shaw, Freeport, Ill; R W O'Brien, Hastings; Frank S Brows, St Antnony; L Nessell; L Derby; M Wheatley; E O Crawford, Milton; B Pomeroy, river; A J Van Vorhes, Lt Kennedy, Stillwater; Wm Irving, Mankato; R Ottman, Lake City; J Fallen and wife, Buffalo; Jno Chambers; G D Ebbest; J C McClure, Red Wing; C W Brown, Plover, Wis; E Tracy wife and 2 children, Phila; G D Jewett, Minneapolis; S Bloomer, G B Bull, Stillwater; Lucius Frost, Troy, N Y; W W Coleman and lady, Milwaukee; H A Jackman, Stillwater; E Walton, Carver; Chas H See, W W Mayo, Rochester.

AMERICAN.

Chas Baldwin, St Cloud; Isaac Marks, do; T D Williams, Mankato; H H Lamson, New York; L B Perrin, Chicago; E Brown, Waupon, Wis; H W Jones, Crestline, O; C J Parks, Cleveland; A Lowell, Stillwater; C W Sattison, Kalamazoo; Gen Talmadge, Lancaster, O; W Medill, do; Mrs Crothers and daughter, St Peter; M D Sheldon, Rochester, N Y; C S Sheldon, Albany; S N Smith, New York; S W Walton, Cincinnati; J S Parsons, Salina co, Mo; P D Shary, Lancaster, O; S Beloit; H F Masterson, city; M V Nobles, St Anthony; A W May, Sauk Centre.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL.

Corp J P Staples, John Johnson, Ft Snelling; V B Barnum, White Bear; L C Johnson, Neenah; Wm Stiles, White Bear; B C Kelly, Lagon, Ill; H Charles, Prescott; J Lester, Mankato; J M Farmer, Le Sueur; Martin Grudy, Mrs J Sweatland, Mrs Montone, D A Kempf, Cottage Grove; O W Firkins, Rochester; M J Webb, Taylor's Falls.

INTERNATIONAL.

J F Updegraff, Wheeling, Va; H H Pringle, Hastings; J R Huddleston, H R Henoley, do; S Williams, wife and niece, Boston; J V Preston and wife, Waupon; Clement L Hughes and wife Phila; A L Whitney, St Anthony; F Schulenburg Stillwater; Lafayette Vorce, Cleveland; E Clement and wife, Pra du Chien; C L Boynyton, Hastings; C L Tracy and wife, Miss Tracy, Yroy, N Y; Mrs Lyon, Miss Lyon, Oswego, N Y; Mrs Burney and son, Miss Burney, New York; Miss Pardee, Cedar Rapids; Geo B Judd, Marion, Min; Col H L Dowsman, Pra du Chien; A J Alexander, Kentucky; W K Bell, Alexandria; W J Clark, St Louis; Frank Steele, Fort Snelling; Wm Lombard, New York; T B Carpenter, Chicago; W H Galloher, Miss Galloher, Saint Charles, Mo; C E Sheffer and son, St Peter; W B Sneer and son, New York; C H Blakely, city; E N Leauries, Faribault.

Steamboat and River News.

☞ The river is still rising at the rate of an inch per day.

☞ The Cutter, of the La Crosse Line, was in on time yesterday morning, with a large number of passengers, and about 70 tons of freight. One lot of freight we noticed which came via the La Crosse road, shipped from Chicago—was only three days on the route. This is quick freighting for low water—but low water does not seem to make any difference with the Davidson Line now. Its boats are making high-water time right straight along, every day.

☞ The Albany left for Carver yesterday morning. She will return at 8 o'clock this evening.

☞ The McLellan and Northern Belle are the La Crosse packets which the Cutter connects with in the morning, daily. They are two elegant and well-managed packets, and manned by accomplished officers.

☞ The G. H. Gray was in port yesterday. She has been chartered for several weeks by the La Crosse Line as a freight boat, but her charter is now expired. The Gray will return to the Prescott and Taylor's Falls trade, for which she was built.

☞ The Chippewa Falls arrived yesterday from La Crosse, with 50 tons of merchandise. She discharged her freight and left again for La Crosse.

☞ The Jeannette Roberts, the daily packet of the Dunleith Line, arrived in the afternoon from Prescott. She left at half past 6 o'clock P. M. with quite a list of passengers. Captain Nelson Roberts is in command, and Mr. Van Dyke in the clerk's office.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, August 31—6 P. M.

Gold firmer—opening at 26¾, advancing to 28¾, and closing quiet at 26¾@27.

Government stocks firm.

United States 6's '81 coupons, 107¼; 7-30's, 109@107½.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, August 31—6 P. M.

FLOUR—5c better, and more active; $4 65@4 90 for extra State; $5 10@5 35 for extra round hoop Ohio, and $5 40@5 70 for trade brands—the market closing quiet.

WHEAT—1c better, with more doing for export; 80c@$1 05 for Chicago spring; $1 18@1 22 for Milwaukee club, and $1 15@1 20 for winter red western.

CORN—More active and 2c higher; 70½@71½ for shipping mixed western.

WHISKEY—More active and firmer, at 47@47½c.

Chicago Market.

THURSDAY, August 28.

There was a continued active shipping demand for Wheat to-day, and the market was brisk and steady at yesterday's prices—with sales of about 70,000 bushels at $1 01@1 01½ for No. 1 red winter; 91@91½c for No. 1 spring; 87c for old No. 1 spring. After the receipt of the New York dispatches, which were unfavorable, the market closed dull, with a downward tendency.

There was rather more inquiry for Flour, especially spring extras, and the market was more active, but without any improvement in prices. About 3,000 barrels of all kinds changed hands at $5 00@5 62½ for common to choice white winter extras.

The Corn market again fell ½c per bushel, with only moderate sales at 54c for Canal yellow afloat. The day's sales amounted to only about 150,000 bushels.

Oats were in active request and very firm at 31½@35c for No. 1, and 33c for No. 2 in store—with sales of upwards of 100,000.

Rye was in fair request, with sales at 51@55c for No 1 in store. There was a better inquiry for Barley in store, and we note an advance of 1@2c per bushel—with sales of No. 1 at 92c, and No. 2 at 72@73c in store.

LOCAL NOTICES.

TO THE PUBLIC.—ST. PAUL, SEPT. 1ST, 1863.—FRANK WOOD respectfully announces to his scholars and the public, that his terms here fter for Lessons on Piano, will be Twenty (instead of Fifteen) Dollars per Quarter. Quarters already commenced will, of course, be finished on the terms agreed. sept1-3t*

GOOD LIVING.—Joe Hall presents a rare Bill of Fare to-day. Teel and Mallard Ducks, Prairie Chickens, Lamb Chops, Porter House Steaks—are but a small part of the many good things to be found at his Restaurant. sept1-3t

FIREMEN, ATTENTION!—There will be a regular monthly meeting of the Minnehaha Engine Company, at their hall, at half past seven o'clock this evening.

E. O. PATRIDGE, Secretary.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 1st, 1863.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au27-3md&w

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

au18-3md&w No. 60 Nassau Street, New York.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON, St. Paul,

au22-1m STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

C. F. WARNER, Agent.

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

Kathairon is from the Greek word "Kathro," or "Kathairo," signifying to cleanse, rejuvinate and restore. This article is what its name signifies. For preserving, restoring and beautifying the human hair it is the most remarkable preparation in the world. It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray.
It restores hair upon bald heads.

Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathairon. It is known and used throughout the civilized world. Sold by all respectable dealers.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,

au15-eow d tw&wly Proprietors, New York.

WYNKOOP'S ICELAND PECTORAL.

Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Pulmonary organs are ever prevalent, insidious and dangerous. The properties of a medicine to alleviate, cure and uproot these complaints, must be Expectorant, Anodyne and Invigorating, loosening the mucus of the throat, and imparting tone to the entire system. No discovery in medical science ever mastered this class of diseases like Dr. Wynkoop's Iceland Pectoral. It is used with the most astonishing results in all cases of Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Diptheria or Putrid Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Irritability, &c.

The Rev. J. J. Potter certifies, "that I have used Dr. Wynkoop's Pectoral for several years, myself and in my family, for severe Pulmonary Complaints, and have recommended it to many others, and have never seen its equal."

Rev. J. J. POTTER, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hundreds and thousands of important testimonials could be produced, showing its remarkable cures and that *it never fails*.

It is composed of pure Iceland Moss, Balm of Gilead, Peruvian Balsam, Elecampane, Comfrey, Burdock, and other invaluable expectorant and tonic ingredients. It is harmless, prompt and lasting. Invalids and sufferers cannot afford to neglect a trial. Every family should have it. It is remarkable for Croup. Full descriptions, recommendations and directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all principal Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. R. D. Wynkoop, and sold by D. S. Barnes & Co., New York. au15-eowdtw&w

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,

au8 dtw&w ly 202 Broadway, N. Y.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN AND DUNLIETH PACKETS.—I am pleased to be able to announce to the traveling public that the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company have supplied their Line with Low Water comfortable Passenger Boats, which enables passengers to make the same time and connections made in high water. G., D., D. & M. Packet Co., ORRIN SMITH, President.

☞ The Ada Hine, Capt. Beaumont, Charles Mathers, Clerk, will leave St. Paul every evening at half-past six, connecting with the Lower Packets for Prairie du Chien and Dunlieth. au9-tf

O. CURTIS, *General Insurance Agent*

Office in Thompson's Block, Third street.

L. H. Chute, Agent for Ætna Insurance Company, St. Anthony.

June 24th, 1863. dly

EDITOR OF PRESS—DEAR SIR:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully Yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Chemist,

juld&w3m No. 801 Broadway, New York.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

By direction of the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, the undersigned will receive sealed bids for the purchase of any or all of the lands hereinafter described, they being among the choicest and best farming land in Minnesota.

These lands comprise what are known as the Winnebago Trust Lands in the State of Minnesota, and will be sold to the highest and best bidder in tracts not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres each, under the provisions of a treaty concluded with the Winnebago Indians, April 15th, 1859, and an act of Congress, approved February 21st, 1863, entitled "An act for the removal of the Winnebago Indians, and for the sale of their Reservation in Minnesota, for their benefit."

No bid will be entertained at a rate less than two dollars and fifty cents per acre.

In case a bid is accepted, the party making the same will be notified as soon thereafter as practicable. If within thirty days after such notice the party shall fail to make payment to the undersigned, the land for which such bid was made will be subject to sale to any other person.

Patents will be issued and transmitted to purchasers as soon after payment as the same can be prepared. Payments may be made either in cash or in the certificates of indebtedness of the Winnebago Indians, issued by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for the debt of said Indians, and secured to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of said lands by the third article of the treaty above mentioned. The right to reject any and all bids is expressly reserved. All bids must be sealed and addressed to the undersigned, Washington City, D. C., and indorsed "Bid for Winnebago Tract Land."

"DESCRIPTION OF LANDS."

List of "Winnebago Trust Lands," subject to sale after July 1st, 1863:

Subdivision.	Section.
Township 106, Range 23.	
s e q	6
c h s w q	6
e h	7
s w q	7
	18
	19
n e q	30
s w q	30
Township 107, Range 23.	
n h	6
w h s w q	6
w h n w q	7
w h s w q	7
s w q	30
n h	31
w h s w q	31
Township 108, Range 23.	
n frac. h n w q	31
s e frac. q n w q	31
Township 106, Range 24.	
	25
	26
	27
	28
	29
	30
	31
	32
	33
w h	34
Township 107, Range 24.	
	1
n e q	3
s w q	3
n h	5
	6
n e q	9
s h	10
	11
n e q	12
s w q	12
n w q	13
	14
e h	15
n w q	17
	18
lots 1, 2 and 3	21
	22
	23
n h	24
	27
w h	29
Township 108, Range 24.	
s w q	32
w h n q w	32
s w q	31
Township 106, Range 25.	
	25
	26
	27
e h	28
	30
	31
	32
e h	33
	34
	35
Township 107, Range 25.	
e h	1
n w q	1
w h	2
n e q	2
	13
Township 108, Range 25.	
s e q	33
e h n e q	33
w h n w q	33
e h n e q	34
w h n w q	34
w h s w q	34
e frac. h	35
n w q	35
Township 106, Range 26.	
	1
	2
	3
e h	4
n w q	4
n e q	5
s h	7
n w q	11
e h n w q	12
	18
	19
n h	25
w h	27
s e q	28
	30
	33
w h	34
Township 107, Range 26.	
w h n e q	3
w h	3
w h s e q	3
s e q	4
	5
e h	6
s h n w q	6
s h	7
	8
	9
n w q	10
e h	18
n w q	18
e h	19
w h	20
w h s e q	20
n e q	24
s w q	24
s h	25
n h	30
e h n w q	31
n e q	32
w h n w q	32
w h s w q	32
w h s e q	32
s e q s e q	32
s e q	34
s w q	35
Township 108, Range 26.	
s e q n e q	31
e h s e q	31
s w q s e q	31
n h s w q	31
e h s e q	33
n e q	34
Township 106, Range 27.	
s e q	1
s h	2
s e q	3
n e q	6
e h s e q	6
w h s w q	6
s w q	7
e h	11
s w q	11
	14
e h n w q	15
e h s w q	15
w h	18
n e q	18
w h	19
s e q	19
n e q	20
w h	21
w h n e q	21
s e q	22
e h n w q	22
	23
	27
e h	28
Township 107, Range 27.	
n h	2
n e q	3
e h s w q	5
n e q	6
w h s e q	6
s e q s w q	7
n e q n w q	7
n w q n e q	11
s e q	12
e h n w q	12
n w q n w q	12
n e q	13
s w q	13
e h n w q	13
s w q n w q	13
s h n e q	14
s h n w q	14
n w q n w q	14
s w q	15
s w q	17
n h	18
s w q	18
s e q	19
n w q	20
s w q	21
n e q	22
s e q	26
n w q	26
n w q	28
s e q	29
s h	31
n e q	31
n w q	32
e h n e q	33
w h n w q	33
Township 108, Range 27.	
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6	31
n w q	31
n h s w q	31
n e q	32
lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of n w q	32
s e q n w q	32
s w q	35

Bids will be received as before invited until the 1st of September next, at which time all bids then received will be examined and acted upon.

After the 1st of September next bids will be received for the lands then remaining unsold and examined and acted upon at the expiration of each period of two months.

WILLIAM P. DOLE,
Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Washington City, D. C., August 4th, 1863.

au11-oawtd

Legal Notices.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by John G. McGregor and Edward Heenan, mortgagors, to Horace R. Bigelow, mortgagee bearing date the 28th day of August, A. D. 1861, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1861, which said mortgage contains the usual power of sale to the said mortgagee and his assigns, and was duly filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, on the 31st day August, A. D. 1861, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes A. M., and was thereupon duly recorded in said office in Book "S" of mortgages at pages 156, 157 and 158; which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of $822.50-100, and interest thereon according to the condition of two certain promissory notes made by the said Edward Heenan, payable to the order of the said mortgagee and bearing even date with said mortgage, and there is claimed to be due and is actually due and unpaid upon said notes and mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred and twenty eight dollars and four cents ($1,028.04.)

And the said mortgagee did on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1863, pay certain delinquent taxes upon the mortgaged premises to the amount of $43.57-100, for which sum he has taken and now holds the receipt of the person authorized to receive such taxes and which sum with interest from the day of the payment thereof as aforesaid at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum (amounting at this date to the sum of $45.11-100), the said mortgagee will claim and collect with and as part of the amount secured by said mortgage, making the entire amount claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal and interest upon the said mortgage including the sum so paid for taxes, with interest thereon to this date the just and full sum of $1,073.15.

And no suit, or proceeding at law, has been instituted, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof:

The mortgaged premises are described as follows: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, known and designated as the north-west quarter of the south-east quarter and the north-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section twenty-nine (29) in township twenty-nine (29) of range twenty-three (23) west, containing eighty acres more or less.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the said mortgaged premises, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Paul, in said County of Ramsey, on Thursday, the 15th day of October, A. D. 1863, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated St. Paul, September 1st, 1863.

HORACE R. BIGELOW,

tu sept1-6w Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default has been made in the condition of a certain mortgage executed by Jesse M. Stone and Elizabeth Stone, his wife, mortgagors, to John Benham, mortgagee, bearing date and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors, on the fourth day of November, A. D. 1856, which mortgage (containing a power of sale that by such default has become operative) was filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ramsey County, Minnesota, on the fifth day of November, A. D. 1856, at ten o'clock and forty-five minutes A. M. and was thereupon duly recorded in said office, in book "I," of mortgages, on page 31; and which mortgage was afterwards and on the twenty-sixth day of January, A. D. 1857, filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washington County, Minnesota, at three o'clock P. M. of that day, and was thereupon duly recorded in said office in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 197 and 198; said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars in five years after the date thereof with interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum payable semi-annually, according to the condition of a certain promissory note bearing even date with said mortgage and therein referred to.

The said John Benham afterwards and on or about the twenty-fourth day of October, A. D. 1858, died intestate, and the undersigned, Charles Jones and Jabez H. Metcalf, were, on or about the ninth day of November, A. D. 1858, duly appointed administrators of the goods, credits and estate of the said John Benham, deceased, and have ever since been and now are such administrators duly qualified and as such are the lawful owners and holders of the said note and mortgage, and there is claimed to be due and is actually due thereon at the date of this notice the sum of three thousand seven hundred and thirty-one dollars and sixty-six cents ($3,731.66); and the said Charles Jones and Jabez H. Metcalf as such administrators did on the twentieth day of November, A. D. 1862, pay certain taxes upon that portion of the mortgaged premises, situated in said Ramsey County, for which they now hold receipts of the person authorized to receive such taxes to the amount of $56.52, which amount with interest at twelve per cent. per annum from said twentieth day of November, 1862 (amounting at this date to $61.79), the said administrators will claim and collect with and as part of the amount secured by said mortgage making the entire amount claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal and interest upon the said mortgage, including the sum so paid for taxes, the just and full sum of three thousand seven hundred and ninety-three dollars and forty-five cents ($3,793.45). No suit or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof:

The mortgaged premises are described as follows: First—All that tract, piece or parcel of land, lying and being in Ramsey County, Minnesota, described as follows, to wit: All that part of lot number eleven (11) in block number fifty-three (53), in Rice & Irvine's Addition to St. Paul, described as follows, viz: Commencing at a point twenty-five (25 feet from the south-west corner of said lot number eleven (11), thence running on the line of Fort street north-easterly twenty-five (25) feet to a point in said lot eleven (11), thence running in depth between two parallel lines of said lot one hundred and eighty (180) feet, or to the line dividing lots eleven and six, being the same property deeded by the said John Benham to the said Jesse M. Stone by deed bearing even date with said mortgage. Second—All that tract, piece or parcel of land, lying and being in Washington County, Minnesota, described as follows, to wit: The east half of the south-west quarter of section number twenty-seven (27), in township number twenty-eight (28) north of range number twenty (20) west of the fourth meridian.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the said mortgaged premises at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Saint Paul, in said County of Ramsey, on Thursday, the fifteenth day of October, A. D. 1863, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day.

Dated St. Paul, September 1st, 1863.

CHARLES JONES and
JABEZ H. METCALF,
Administrators of the estate of
JOHN BENHAM, deceased.

BIGELOW & DALRYMPLE, Attorneys for Administrators. tu sept1-6w

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss:

Charles Jones and Jabez H. Metcalf, administrators of the estate of John Benham, deceased, vs. Charles L. Willes and Anna M. Willes, his wife, Charles N. Mackubin and Erastus S. Edgerton and Thaddeus R. Fletcher.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, 1863—$3,789.59, with interest, costs and expenses of sale.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota aforesaid, made in this cause, at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

THURSDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1863,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the front entrance to the place of holding said court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises, to wit:

All those tracts and parcels of land lying and being in the County of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, described as follows, to wit:

Lot numbered eight (8) and the undivided one-fourth (¼) part of lots numbered five (5) and six (6) and seven (7), in block numbered thirteen (13) in Rice and Irvine's Addition to St. Paul, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto in anywise appertaining. Also, all that tract, piece or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Hennepin, and State of Minnesota, described as follows to wit: The south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section twenty-seven (27), township one hundred and sixteen (116), range twenty-two (22), containing forty (40) acres, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto in anywise appertaining.

JAMES W. TAYLOR,
Master in Chancery.

BIGELOW & DALRYMPLE, Plaintiff's Solicitors. tu sept1-6w

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss:

Charles Jones and Jabez H. Metcalf, administrators of the estate of John Benham, deceased, vs. John R. Irvine and Nancy Irvine, his wife.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$3,984.18, with interest, costs and expenses of sale.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota aforesaid, made in this cause, at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

THURSDAY, THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1863,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises, to wit:

All those certain tracts, pieces or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to wit:

The west twenty-three (23) feet of lot number eight (8), in block number sixteen (16), in Rice & Irvine's Addition to the town (now city) of St. Paul, Ramsey County aforesaid, according to the recorded plat of said Addition, being twenty-three (23) feet front on St. Anthony street, by one hundred and fifty (150) feet deep, more or less; also, lot numbered ten (10) in block number two (2) in the same Addition, in said town (now city) of Saint Paul, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto in anywise appertaining.

JAMES W. TAYLOR,
Master in Chancery.

BIGELOW & DALRYMPLE, Plaintiff's Solicitors. tu sept1-6w

CARD TO THE LADIES.

MRS. REDMOND,

SUCCESSOR TO MISS WASS,

Will sell at greatly reduced rates, all kinds of

Millinery Goods,

For a few weeks preparatory to going East for NEW GOODS.

St. Paul August 21, 1863. au21-2w

MISS GILL'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Eighth Annual Session will commence on MONDAY, September 7, 1863. Application for admission may be made to the Principal before September 7th, at her residence, corner of Eighth and College streets; after that date, at the school-rooms on Cedar street.

TERMS—Senior and Junior Departments, $10 per term of eleven weeks; Primary Department, $5.

St. Paul, August 21, 1863. au21-tsep7

WANTED TO RENT.

A small house of from two to three pleasant rooms, in a quiet location. Enquire at

au28-1w* GEO. BENZ. Third-st.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.—SALE OF PINE TIMBER.

In pursuance of law, notice is hereby given, that on Tuesday, the first day of September, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Surveyor General of Logs and Lumber, in the city of St. Anthony, I will offer at public sale and sell to the highest bidder, permits for cutting the Pine Timber on certain School Lands situated on Rum River and its tributaries, as follows, to wit:

Section.	Town.	Range.	Minimum price per 1,000 feet.
16	37	26	$2 00
36	37	26	1 75
16	37	27	1 75
36	37	27	1 50
16 and 36	38	26	1 50
16 and 36	38	27	2 00
16	38	28	2 50
36	38	28	1 75
16 and 36	39	27	2 00
36	39	28	2 00
16	40	26	1 50
16 and 36	40	27	2 00
16	41	27	1 50
36	41	27	1 75
36	33	26	3 cts. per tie.

No permits will be sold for less than the minimum price per thousand feet, and all timber so cut will remain the property of the State, until full payment is made. An advance payment of $50 will be required on each tract purchased, the same to be forfeited in case of non-compliance with the terms of sale.

St. Paul, Minnesota, July 30th, 1863.

CHAS. McILRATH,

jy31 Commissioner State Land Office.

WANTED,

A young man of good education and address to travel with an exhibition, as showman and explanatory lecturer. Salary liberal. Address, with references,

jy23-tf Box 967, St. Paul, Min.

TO THE TRADE OF THE NORTHWEST.

Having purchased the old stand of R. Galloway and fitted it up for

A STOVE STORE,

And having secured some of the best workmen of the country, I now offer

THE LATEST AND MOST DESIRABLE

Patterns of Stoves,

AND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

TIN WARE,

To the trade, which will be sold as near Chicago and Milwaukee prices, as the extra expense of laying down the goods in this market will allow.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for

TinWare, Stove Pipe, &c.

And taking into consideration the high prices of stock as well as the trouble of obtaining labor, I think I can make sufficient inducements to the trade to purchasers.

An examination of stock, prices, &c., is solicited

I am also SOLE AGENT of

P. P. Stewart's Celebrated

SUMMER AND WINTER

Cooking Stove,

Which has no equal. I would invite the attention of all who wish to purchase a first-class Stove, to examine it before purchasing.

☞ All kinds of Jobbing and Custom Work done, and all work warranted.

Call at the old stand of R. Galloway, opposite the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co., Third-st. St. Paul, Minnesota.

☞ Highest market price paid for old Copper Brass, Lead, Iron, Rags, &c.

au13-tf N. B. HARWOOD.

1000 BUSHELS OATS,
100 Barrels Salt,
150 Barrels Flour,
100 Gunny Sacks,
50 cords Dry Wood,
Also Carbon Oil by the Barrel.

For sale by GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
Cor. Jackson and Fourth-sts

jy28

1863. 1864.

EMPIRE WOOD MILL CIRCULAR.

THIS WOOD MILL

Is a Machine consisting of a sweep power and drag saw combined, and intended for cutting

STOVE AND RAILROAD WOOD,

SHINGLE AND STAVE BOLTS,

FROM THE LOG,

Of any size from ten inches in diameter, up to the largest. It can be run with one or two horses, is easily handled by two men, can be used in the woods as well as out, is simple in its construction, having strong castings, is made of the most durable and best seasoned timber, well painted, will cut from two to three cords of stove wood per hour, and will work logs into common 16 inch stove wood, *with no more expense than it costs to cut and split logs into four feet cord wood:*

Read the Testimony.

Home Testimonial for the Wood Mill!

HASTINGS, Min., March 19, 1863.

MR CHARLES ETHERIDGE—SIR: The Wood Mill (sweep power and drag saw) we bought of you last winter has cut about five hundred cords of 16 inch wood from the log: we used a small pair of mules and found the work easy for them. We find by experience that we can easily cut two cords an hour and have cut over three cords. For cutting railroad wood, stave or shingle bolts, or stove wood we think it is just the Machine needed.

C. L. & J. LEWIS.

This Machine can be used profitably to cut logs into convenient lengths for railroad ties, the logs being placed upon rollers can be moved endwise to an exact length.

☞ Agents wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota. Circulars sent by return mail on application.

CHARLES ETHERIDGE,
General Agent,

au27-1md&w HASTINGS, MINNESOTA.

P. F. HODGES, St. Paul, Local Agent.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK CITY.—The report of the above-named Company, as presented by the President to the Board of Directors at their semi-annual meeting held at a recent date, fully illustrates the business qualities of a successful Company, and at once determines the fact that talent will prevail.

Without diving into the workings of this Company very deeply, or enlarging on its prosperity we refer our readers to the statement given below, with only this simple fact, that the net gain of this Company during the past six months is nearly $300,000—a thing unparalleled in insurance history, and which will verify the statements we have heretofore made in regard to this King of Insurance Companies, and a perfect "HOME" for its patrons.

HOME INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE NO. 135 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital	$1,000,000 00
Assets, 1st July, 1863	2,007,530 91
Liabilities	69,581 25

Abstract of the Twentieth Semi-Annual Statement, showing the condition of the Company on the 1st day of July, 1863.

ASSETS.

Cash balance in Bank	$77,063 34
Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on real estate	813,092 50
Loans on Stocks, payable on demand	217,617 00
United States Stocks (market value)	446,783 78
State and Municipal Stocks and Bonds (market value)	158,669 00
Bank Stocks (market value)	109,150 00
Real Estate	49,917 75
Interest due on 1st of July, 1863 (of which $25,605.96 has since been received)	27,367 51
Balance in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission from Agents, on 1st July (of which $21,428.13 has since been received)	59,833 27
Bills receivable (for premiums on Inland Risks)	47,030 17
Government stamps on hand	314 29
Other property (miscellaneous items)	18,027 86
Premiums due and uncollected on policies issued at office	2,724 44
Total	$2,007,530 91

LIABILITIES.

Claims for losses outstanding 1st July, 1863	$68,911 25
Due stockholders on account seventeenth and eighteenth dividends	670 00
Total	$69,581 25

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILMARTH, Vice President.
JOHN MCGEE, Secretary.
New York, July 21, 1863.

BORUP & OAKES,

au19-2w Agents, St. Paul.

TAKE NOTICE.—Soldiers and others who love to peruse literature that everybody cannot get, the undersigned have just issued FIVE NEW BOOKS—TWO ARE NOW READY Send $1 50 and get one of the gayest books and greatest achievements in the literary world. "THE WASHINGTON BELLE," or the Biter Bit and Happy Marriage, and "THE BEAUTIFUL CREOLE." Each book contains 100 pages of reading matter, and is embellished by native artists, who far excel the French, that have held the palm of being the best.

JASON C. KING,

au8 1m No. 107 William st., New York

IN PROBATE COURT—STATE OF MINNESOTA—County of Ramsey—ss.

At a special term of the Probate Court, held in and for the County of Ramsey, at St. Paul, August 6th, 1863:

In the matter of the estate of Phillip Ross, deceased:

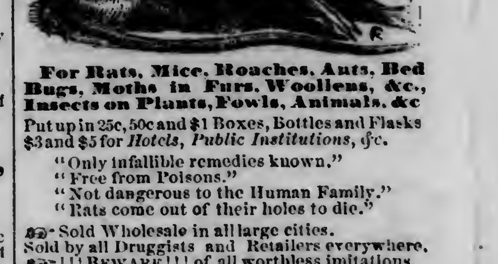
On reading and filing the petition of John Nicols, Administrator of said estate, praying that further time be granted for the settlement of said estate:

It is ordered, that Wednesday, September 3rd, A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate, in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of said petition; And that the heirs at law of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court then and there to be holden, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted:

And it is further ordered, that the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Saint Paul Press, a newspaper published in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

E. C. LAMBERT, Judge of Probate.

August 8th, 1863. au11-3w



For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.

Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

☞ !!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "COSTAR's" names is on each Box Bottle and Flask, before you buy.

☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.

☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.

☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,

ap30-d&w6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA,
ST. PAUL, August 22, 1863.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD

A reward of ten dollars, and the reasonable expense incurred, will be paid to any person, for the apprehension and delivery of a *deserter* to the Headquarters of the nearest Provost Marshal.

GEORGE H. KEITH,
Captain and Provost Marshal,

au23-1md&w 2nd Dist., Min.

CORDAGE AND LEAD PIPE—JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale low, by

je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and sell Real Estate on Commission. au8-d&wly

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1863. NUMBER 224.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

SAINT PAUL, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 2.

Republican Union Ticket.

For Governor,
STEPHEN MILLER,
of Stearns County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHARLES D. SHERWOOD,
of Fillmore County.

For Secretary of State,
DAVID BLAKELY,
of Olmsted County.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES McILRATH,
of Nicollet County.

For State Treasurer,
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
of Washington County.

For Attorney General,
GORDON E. COLE,
of Rice County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
GEO. F. POTTER,
of Houston County.

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY AND THE WAR DEMOCRATS.

We have watched with some interest the progress of the controversy in this and other Western States, between the Democratic party and those of its old adherents, who have been cast out of the synagogue as renegades and apostates, for refusing to bow the knee to the Copperhead Baal, and yet who still cling to the delusion that they are members of the Democratic party.

The Copperheads, it is admitted, are the Democratic party *de facto*; but the War Democrats, it is claimed, are the Democratic party *de jure*, who maintain the faith in its purity, and to whom, though temporarily without the pale, belong the ephod and the sacred vestments usurped by a heretical priesthood.

The following extract from the recently published letter of Mr. Rice, sets forth with much more fervor of patriotism and distinction of assumption, than clearness of logic, the claims of the War Democrats:

> The thought of acting with any other than the Democratic party never entered my head. The whole object of the rebellion is to destroy the principle of democracy. The party which stands by the government is the true democracy. Every soldier in the army is a true democrat. Every man who lifts his head above party trammels is a democrat, and every man who permits old issues to stand in the way of a vigorous prosecution of the war, cannot, in my opinion, have any claims on the party. Should disaster befall our country in the struggle for life, true democrats cannot be blamed.

Now in all this, Mr. Rice only confuses his own mind and perplexes those who look to him as their leader, by assuming two things to be identical which are irreconcileably opposite in nature. He palters with Democracy in a double sense, and confounds its primary historico—philosophic meaning as the gospel of "impartial freedom and equal rights," with its perverted or inverted modern sense (*lucus a non lucendo*) as the pseudonym of a party which denounces those old doctrines as fanatical and unconstitutional heresies, and which is the organized champion of class privilege, slavery, and political proscription.

The conversion of the word "democrat" from a general, to a party, designation, transmutes the radical *Demos* to to its antithesis *Aristos* and Democratic becomes in sense, and in fact, Aristocratic.

In the original, general sense of the term it is undoubtedly true that "the party which stands by the Government is the true Democracy," and that no one is a Democrat "who permits old issues to stand in the way of a vigorous prosecution of the war;" but in its specific party sense we respectfully submit that the platform of the party is a question for the party to decide, and the claims of the War Democrats to partizan orthodoxy must, perforce, abide the test imposed by the party itself.

Mr. Rice and his school will, we fancy, find it difficult to reconcile themselves to the recent action of the Democratic party in this State and elsewhere by the jugglery of a *doubl' entendre*, and will scarcely be able to regenerate the party or justify their own adhesion to it by the two-faced duplicity of a pun.

And, having rescued them from the snares of this self-delusive fallacy, we propose now to assist Mr. Rice and the War Democrats to a clearer perception of their true political status and of their duties as citizens, and to help them out of the dilemma in which they place themselves by owning allegiance to a party whose principles they repudiate, a party which they are too patriotic to act with, and yet declare that they "have no thought of acting with any other."

These gentlemen claim in effect that the recent action of the Democratic State Convention in this city misrepresented the party, and that its disloyal attitude was an accidental heterodoxy, and its disgraceful nominations a blunder, arising from the casual predominance of a disloyal, ignorant and stupid element in the convention. This blunder, they say, would be corrected by a new convention which should evoke the latent loyalty of the party to the rescue.

Let us see about that.

The Democratic party must, we presume, be considered competent to determine its own principles and to prescribe the tests of party fellowship. The question of platform is no new one. It is the single question of the day, and has been the sole question for the past two years and a half. The delegates to the recent convention were elected and duly accredited by their several constituencies, with deliberate reference to the very issues decided by the convention. And after a discussion of over two years a half—with all the light and all the warnings of experience and precedent to guide it—the Democracy of Minnesota, in convention assembled, deliberately voted down the patriotic resolution of Col. Robertson, expressing the views of the War Democrats, by the immense majority, as the *Pioneer* avers, of *three to one*, and solemnly and deliberately placed itself by that decisive majority upon the Copperhead platform, and this, after long and animated controversies in secret caucus, and throughout a session of twelve hours duration.

There was surely nothing fortuitous in this. It was the studied, final and most emphatic declaration of the will of the party.

The nominations are admitted to be more than ordinarily disgraceful—but as the list now stands there can be no question that they correctly represent the average intelligence and loyalty of the party as it now exists.

Moreover, we beg to remind the gentlemen we are addressing, the Democratic party is not a local or independent body peculiar to Minnesota. It is a national organization, of which the party in this State is a branch. It necessarily takes the character of the tree from which it emanates. "We do not gather grapes of thorns or figs of thistles." The Democratic party, here, simply stands upon the ground prescribed for it by the uniform action of the Democratic party throughout the entire North—in harmony with the whole chain of Democratic precedents in other States, where it is even more defiantly disloyal; and it has thus received the highest and most authoritative possible attestation of the orthodoxy and regularity of its action.

It will be seen, then, that the *Pioneer* is mistaken in supposing there is anything exceptional to the *present* status of the party at large in the position of the recent convention.

Now there are a good many loyal Democrats who admit the party is all wrong, yet who consider its present attitude as something transient and abnormal, growing out of the mere virulence of opposition, and amounting to a heretical perversion of the cherished principles and traditions of the party.

For example, the loyal Democrats of Wisconsin, in a call for a new convention, refer to the copperhead convention in that State as follows:

> We cannot sanction its heresies, nor are we willing that the glorious party of Jefferson and Jackson—that party to whose guidance the destinies of our country have so often been safely confided, should pass into the control of this arrogant and disloyal faction. Under these circumstances the duties and true position of the loyal democracy seems plain and clear, and that is to take action at once, to organize a real and sound Democratic party, which shall be unflinching in principle, loyal in practice, true and free in speech, and devoted to the government, howsoever and by whomsoever administered; against all foes, open or concealed, at home or abroad, in the North or in the South.

The subject is delicate one, yet we cannot forbear saying that these gentlemen are again profoundly in error.

The great difficulty of the Democratic party of to-day is, that it continues obstinately and blindly faithful to the traditions and "time-honored principles" of the party, as the parasite of the Slave-holding Oligarchy, as the squire which carries its shield and spear, in face of new political conditions, which make this dogged fidelity to its old master, treason to the Republic.

In its servile subordination to the interests of the rebel slave barons, the Democratic party of to-day is the legitimate successor, in the regular order of apostolic succession, to the Democratic party of 1862 and '60, and '56, and '52, and all the way back for a third of a century.

It is purely a pro-slavery organization. Slavery is its blood, life, soul, the very marrow of its bones. You can't, gentlemen, make anything else of it. It may die, to be sure; the reptile race may become extinct and a new order succeed in the ascending series of development, but as long as it exists it will obey the inevitable laws of propagation. Like must must produce like. There can be no artificial differentiation of the species. The Ethiop cannot change his skin, nor the leopard his spots. Toads cannot beget eagles, nor snakes, doves; and an organization, identical in origin and spirit with the Southern Rebellion, nourished on the same poisonous heresies, sprung from the same monstrous matrix of slavery, cannot, by any effort of generation in caucus or convention, metamorphose itself into a Union party, as long as slavery demands, as it always will demand, Secession. The only way to reform it is to kill it, or in other words to kill slavery, upon which its existence depends.

To denounce or ridicule the recent Democratic State Conventions for the spirit of their utterances is simply to denounce them for their fidelity to the traditional spirit and antecedents of the party for a third of a century. It is to denounce the stream for not rising higher than its source; it is to condemn the Democratic party in its whole historical development as the propagandist of slavery.

The loyal minority, whom the stern teachings of the war have thrown into a position of antagonism to the Democratic party, are undoubtedly right; but they are not and never can be the Democratic party. The Democratic party everywhere repudiates and disowns them—and they equally repudiate and disown the party by refusing to be governed by its action.

They have thus ceased in form and in fact to belong to the Democratic party.

Then where are they?—where do they stand?

They belong in principle to the Union party. The Union party asks no more, goes no farther, than the resolution put forward by Col. Robertson as representing the views of the War Democrats. Not to act with the Union party is to be recreant to their own principles and false to their country.

Nothing but the shadow of a name stands between them and this first duty of the patriot. That name which they have not the courage to discard, if they regard the future, they cannot get rid of too soon; a name which is destined to an immortal infamy through all the future history of the Republic as the designation of the party which, in the darkest hour the nation can ever know, sided with the enemies leagued for the destruction of their own government and country.

AU REVOIR—NOURSE TO NEVADA.

We understand that G. A. Nourse, Esq., is induced to surrender his position as U. S. District Attorney and a residence in Minnesota, by the tender of an advantageous professional connection in the Territory of Nevada. He will be associated in the practice of the law with another well known Minnesotian, (we do not relinquish our claim to either gentleman,) the Hon. John W. North.

Who will not miss Nourse? His strong individuality has become an essential ingredient of Minnesota society—at the bar, in the social and political circles, and (he must pardon us!) on the annual convocation of the Third Legislative House—the most sovereign of assemblies. Then how will newspaperdom survive?—his patronymic never failing to furnish so convenient a handle for a punning, if not a telling, paragraph.

Mr. Nourse leaves a high reputation for ability, energy and integrity. We have no doubt that he will soon be recognized as one of the foremost citizens of Nevada. Our best wish for his clients is, that he will be as successful in their behalf as he has shown himself to be in the advocacy of all the interests of the Government while holding the office of U. S. District Attorney.

We happened once to be in attendance at a term of the Federal Court at Mankato, (in June, 1862,) when the whole question of the division of powers between the General and State governments was involved in the discussion of the constitutionality of an Act of Congress making it penal to sell liquor to an Indian beyond the limits of a Reservation. On that occasion Mr. Nourse was opposed by the late Thomas Cowan and Judge A. G. Chatfield, and the argument was worthy of any tribunal. Mr. Nourse's speech—arranged on brief notice—was pronounced by all who heard it as a most powerful and statesman-like effort—one which would have enforced a respectful audience at the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States. Except for his resignation, it would have been repeated at Washington—the case under discussion having been certified thither.

If the Sierra Nevada should become a fluid of gold and silver, we hope that our friend's fleece will be heavily saturated—as weighty as that of Jason. May health and prosperity attend him!

A LOUD CALL.

The Richmond *Whig* sees but two means by which the rebel cause can be saved from destruction: "These are either foreign intervention, or a determined and successful opposition *by the conservative masses of the North to the abolition faction which has control of the Government.*"

Considering how much depends upon the "opposition to the abolition faction," we really don't think its managers in this State are pushing things with quite the degree of skill and energy demanded by the nature of the exigency so affectingly portrayed by the Richmond *Whig*.

THE LATEST COPPERHEAD DODGE.

The Chicago *Times* deserves the credit of the last great Copperhead dodge. A Union meeting, which promised to be an immense affair, was to be held at Springfield, Ill., when the *Times* got up the story that small pox had made its appearance in that city. That is what may be called a *pit*-iful trick.

LETTERS were received late last night from Capt. Fiske's Expedition, the contents of some of which have been placed at our disposal, but too late for our present issue.

— The war Democrats of Ohio, like those of Wisconsin and Indiana, refuse to go to destruction with the Vallandighamites, and are about to organize themselves for the purpose of counteracting the influence of the copperheads. The German democrats of Cincinnati repudiate the *Volksfreund* because it supports Vallandigham.

A. D. LaDue Forced to Cheer the Stars and Stripes.

ST. PETER, Aug. 30, 1863.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press:

Since the nominations of the Copperhead Convention, which recently assembled in your city and nominated a State ticket, have become known here, the inquiry is often made, "Who is A. D. LaDue?" In order that a correct answer to this oft repeated query may be given, I desire, through the columns of your journal, to propound to the friends of that highly *respectable* and *very loyal* gentleman, or of any others possessing the requisite knowledge on the subject, the following interrogatory:

Is A. D. LaDue (the Copperhead candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor of Minnesota) the same A. D. LaDue of Dodge county, Minnesota, who in the early summer of 1861 was *compelled* by the brave boys of a company raised in that county, (by James George and Peter Mantor,) and mustered into the glorious Second regiment of Minnesota Volunteers, to kneel beneath the glorious folds of the American flag, and give three cheers for the "Starry Banner," on pain of having the "*Stripes*" applied to his own craven back—after having delivered himself in the presence of those patriotic soldiers of a disloyal speech, in the village of Mantorville.

An answer to this inquiry, through the columns of the PRESS, would be gratifying to many an INQUIRER.

Speaking of the Copperhead nominees the Winona *Republican* makes the following mention of the vile thing alluded to by our correspondent:

> Of La Due, the candidate for Lieut. Governor, more is known, as he has been a chronic or standing candidate for something for several years past; but the Democratic party has never until now been low enough or scarce of better material to give him even a respectable complimentary vote. He is a one-horse lawyer, or, in more familiar phrase, "pettifogger" of Dodge county, who is chiefly spoken of there on account of his heartlessness and intense copperheadism. When Company C, of the Minnesota 2d regiment, was about to leave that county for the war, a dinner was given to it in the village where La Due resides, and a flag was presented to it by the patriotic ladies of the vicinity. On the occasion he made himself so obnoxious to his neighbors who had enlisted for the war, by his treasonable and contemptuous language in regard to the war and those engaged in it, that he was seized and roughly handled by the exasperated soldiers, who would have rode him on a rail through the town and perhaps hung him, had they not been restrained by their officers. He was finally let off by being led under the flag and being made to hurrah for it—while his knees smote together like Belshazzar's—though he swore he never would, and we understand still swears that he didn't. He has a very fit place on the ticket.

—Among the prisoners captured by Gen. Banks at Port Hudson, was Capt. Lewis, formerly of Lanesboro, in Massachusetts, but at the time in command of a South Carolina rifle company. Lewis was a native of South Carolina, but resided some years ago in Massachusetts. He was a member of the Legislature of the State, together with Gen. Banks, and the two cast their votes for Charles Sumner for United States Senator. The General recognized his fellow laborer among the prisoners. What is equally curious is the fact that but for the vote of Mr. Lewis, no Senator could have been chosen.

The Grand Style.

One Alexander Macdonald has published in London a little volume entitled, "Natural Phenomena, the Genetic Record, and the Sciences." He writes in the grand style, as witness this passage:

> A formal idea of the heaven and the earth may be obtained by imagining the heaven as at first an effluviant generation from a monocentral point, occupying, or creating and occupying space; the earth, as the arrest or end of such generative action, with the gradual relaxation of central tension and abnegation of such centre, the consequence being the formation of a huge internal spherical vacuity, termed in the Genetic record "earth."

Death of Luther Bradish.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

Luther Bradish, formerly Lieutenant Governor of New York, died Sunday, aged 80.

MARRIED.

At the residence of Hon. Jno. R. Irvine, in this city, by the Rev. Dr. McMasters, Capt. RICH'D L. GORMAN to Miss CLE. A. IRVINE, both of this city.

DIED.

On the 1st instant, aged sixteen months, ROBERT DAVIS, youngest son of Francis P. and Lizzie Eden McNamee.

Funeral from the residence of the parents, corner of Twelfth and Cedar streets, this afternoon, at three o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

In St. Anthony, Aug. 30th, MINNIE EMMA, daughter of Adam and Isabel Johnson, aged 5 month and 5 days.

Funeral from their residence, to-day (Wednesday), at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO MY FRIENDS.

The undersigned, having engaged his services to Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., would be happy to see all his old friends and customers at their store, corner of Levee and Sibley streets.
LOUIS KREIGER.
Sept. 1st, 1863. sept2

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags, Robert-st., first store from Third-st.
mar14tf WEST & CO.

IN PROBATE COURT.—STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY.—Special Term, Sept. 1st, 1863.

In the matter of the final settlement of the estate of John W. Hurd, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Morris Lamprey, administrator of said estate, praying, for reasons therein set forth, that he may be allowed to make and return his final account of administration of said estate, it is ordered that

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1863,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate, in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of the said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court then and there to be holden, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner may not be granted.

St. Paul, September 2d, 1863.
E. C. LAMBERT,
sept2.3w Judge of Probate.

GREEN CUCUMBERS AND TOMATOES WANTED.

Four Bushel Burlaps and Sewing Twine for sale. Tents for Hire to Excursion and Hunting Parties.
C. W. WOOLLEY,
Corner Sibley and Third Street.
St. Paul, Aug. 26, 1863. 26-d1w

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

THE REBELS REPORT AN ASSAULT ON WAGNER.

They Claim to have Repulsed Our Forces.

War With France Predicted.

England Not Blind to a Difficulty with America.

REBEL FORCE AT LITTLE ROCK 40,000.

LOSS BY FIRE IN BOSTON $300,000.

FROM CHARLESTON.

The Citizens Warned to Prepare for Fire.—Cotton to be Removed.—Rebel Accounts of an Assault on Wagner.—They Claim to Have Repulsed Gillmore.—No More Shells Fired at the City.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.

The following is from the Charleston *Courier*: The attention of house keepers and citizens generally is directed to the notice recommending that a constant supply of water be kept on hand to extinguish the fire of the enemy's incendiary shell exploding in the city. We learn an order is to be issued for all persons possessing cotton to have it removed from the limits of the city as its presence during the bombardment from the enemy's shells is considered dangerous.

The following are additional dispatches to those furnished last night, but are no later.

CHARLESTON, 28th. — The enemy's land batteries have been maintaining a steady fire on Sumter all day. The fighting at Wagner was chiefly confined to firing of our pickets on the enemy's sappers, who continue to approach Wagner.

This evening, about dark, the enemy's batteries opened a furious fire on Wagner, preparatory, as was supposed, to an assault.

The following official dispatches have just been received:

FORT SUMTER, 7:35 P. M.—There is an assault now being made at battery Wagner.
(Signed) ALFRED RHETT,
Colonel Comd'g.

FORT JOHNSTON, Aug. 25, 7:35 P. M.—The enemy is assaulting battery Wagner, evidently in heavy force.
(Signed) C. H. ARMISTEAD,
Colonel Comd'g.

LATER.

Musketry has ceased, and the enemy are firing a few mortar shells at Wagner. The first assault had been repulsed.

No more shells have been thrown at the city since those Monday morning.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Florida—the Peterhoff Case—The Polish Question—Prospect of a War with France—Silver Stolen by the Florida Recovered—Comments of English Papers on American Affairs.

NEW YORK, August 21.

The steamer City of London arrived to-night at 7 o'clock, with one day later news.

The pirate Florida appeared off Kinsdale on the 17th of August, and being visited by the pilot boat sent three passengers to the Confederate agent ashore by her. The Florida was off Queenstown on the 18th.

Notice had been given by the British Consul, warning the people against any breach of the foreign enlistment act.

It is reported that war vessels were ready to prevent any illegality.

The destruction of the American ship Nash by a pirate off Gibraltar is confirmed.

Parties interested in the Peterhoff decision say that answers to the points of Judge Betts were provided, and they can substantiate their case.

A law case had been on trial in England, clearly showing that the Peterhoff had been previously engaged in carrying contraband goods.

The confederate loan declined 29*a*25 per cent. discount.

The Mexican and Polish questions are in *statu quo*.

The note of England to Russia is represented as quite pacific.

The *Post* thinks if the Russian reply is unfavorable the Poles should be recognized as belligerents.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH TO QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 20.

The steamer from Cork at Liverpool saw the Florida lying to off Tuscar at 5 P. M. on the 19th. Two hours later she saw a Federal merchantman from Liverpool proceeding towards Tuscar. The ship Eagle had reached Liverpool from Bermuda with 80,000 ounces silver bars, supposed to have been taken from the ship B. F. Hoxie.

Political news unimportant.

NEW YORK, September 1.

[SECOND DISPATCH.] MEXICAN AFFAIRS.—The American Consul at Frankfort had displayed the Mexican flag.

The *Europe* of that city explains that it was in pursuance of an arrangement by which in case of the overthrow of republican authority in Mexico, President Lincoln would allow Mexico to be represented in foreign countries by the agents of the Washington government.

The *Europe* refers to the fact that in March last Secretary Seward declared that President Lincoln and his Cabinet would never tolerate a monarchial government in Mexico, and anticipates immediate war if the Emperor of France does not confine himself to a demand for indemnity and leave Mexico a republic.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Nothing is known of the movement of the Confederate privateer Florida since she was last seen off Tuscar on the evening of the 20th of August.

Speculations have been afloat as to the Florida's visit to British waters. One report is, that it was for the purpose of taking on board Mr. Mason, who is about returning to the South. Mr. Mason, it is announced, had gone on a visit to Earl Montgomery.

It is announced by the last steamer that the ship Eagle had arrived at Liverpool from Bermuda with the silver bars taken out of the American ship B. F. Hoxie by the Florida. The *Shipping Gazette* says it is expected that the silver bars will be restored to the English consignees. The silver was shipped by an English house and insured in London for the full amount.

It is also stated that the commander of the Florida, on hearing of this fact resolved to restore the silver to the rightful owners.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* says it is gratifying to know the Government is not blind to the danger of difficulty with America, nor is it indifferent to the perils of a rupture—which we think the good sense of all respectable Americans will aid us in averting.

The same journal adds. It is with no wish to flatter the great Republic of Tyrranay which is now raising its head on the North American Continent that we again record our conviction of the ultimate success of the military means that the North has set to work to crush the heroic efforts of the South. If Gen. Lee is now able to give one knock down blow to the federals and seize Washington, or if he should utterly route the Army of the Potomac, it will be so great that another year will be gained, and with it who knows what may be obtained for the Confederates, but should Lee remain inactive and permit the federals to sweep around in his rear to flood the Confederacy their cause is hopeless.

The London *Globe* remarks that it regards peace as still distant but the issue is not doubtful. It says the South may be mutilated and exhausted but must win in the end.

The Confederate loan on the 1st of August rallied 1 per cent, closing at 25 a23.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

An Expedition to Bottom Bridge.—The Rebels Defeated.—Valuable Information Obtained.

PHILADELPHIA' Sept. 1.

The *Bulletin* has the following despatch:

FORT MONROE, Aug. 29.

Gen. Wistar's Cavalry has just returned to Yorktown from an expedition to Bottom's Bridge. The force engaged was part of the 1st U. S. Mounted Rifles, Col. Onderdonk, and the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry, Lieut. Col. Lewis.

The Expedition left Williamsburgh on the 26th and pushed through New Kent C. H., directly to Bottom's Bridge.

At the latter place one rebel regiment of infantry in rifle pits was found which was supported by a squadron of cavalry. A charge was immediately made, and the rebel rifle pits carried and the rebels driven across the bridge, which they took up behind them.

We lost one killed and one wounded, and captured five prisoners. The enemy left four dead on the ground—an officer, one sergeant, and two men. They also carried off a number of their dead.

The bridge being rendered impassable, and the object of the expedition being entirely accomplished, our troops returned with much valuable information of the enemy's force and movements in the vicinity of Richmond.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Movements in North Carolina—An Important Movement from Vicksburg—Federal Gunboat Captured.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 31.

The flag-of-truce steamer New York arrived last night from City Point with 300 prisoners of war.

The Richmond papers contain the following:

RALEIGH, N. C., 28th.—The Yankees are relaying the track of the Atlantic railroad between Tuscarora and Cave Rock, fourteen miles this side of Newberne, protected by three small regiments under Colonel Clerson of N. Y. On Wednesday two companies of cavalry and two sections of artillery advanced from Newberne to Cutt's farm and returned.

JACKSON, MISS., 25th.—A gentleman from Vicksburg reports an important military movement on foot, the character of which has not transpired. 3,000 Yankees are moving from Yazoo City toward Benton.

Part of our cavalry lately crossed the Big Black and went within eight miles of Vicksburg, where they met a line of negro pickets and chased them from their posts. The Yankee cavalry came up to their assistance and our men retired.

A Richmond paper of the 29th says that Lieut. Wood had arrived in that city. He captured the gunboat Reliance on the Chickahominy, and three others. One of the other boats drew too much water. He could not get her up the river and therefore burned her.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Rebel Account of the Attack—Gen. McCook within Nine Miles of Chattanooga.

STEVENSON, Ala., Aug. 31.

The rebel accounts of the late bombardment at Chattanooga says Wilder opened without warning.

A daughter of Roche of Nashville was wounded. Three soldiers and five citizens were killed, among them two ladies.

Floyd's death is confirmed.

Cuneya of Ky., is killed.

Gen. McCook penetrated to the summit of Lookout mountain, and within nine miles of Chattanooga, and found the mountains clear of rebels.

The enemy is in Chattanooga in force, digging like beavers, and making intrenchments. The intention is to fight us there.

A Confederate Steamer Lost.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

The following has been received by the Richmond papers:

The Confederate steamer Osceola, which left Savannah for Nassau on Tuesday week with 373 bales of cotton, sprung a leak and went down. The cargo was valued at $200,000. The vessel, worth $50,000, was owned by the Confederate Government.

Two boats, crews and officers landed safely, but the third boat was cut off and captured.

FROM ARKANSAS.

Kirby Smith and Price at Little Rock—Their force 40,000—The People desire to return.

CAIRO, December 1.

Brig.-Gen. Beal and a number of other rebel officers from below, passed through here to-day, en route to Johnston's Island, in charge of Lieut. Wright.

The Memphis *Bulletin*, of the 30th, learns from Mr. Ray, recently a prisoner at Little Rock, that the rebel force at that place was 40,000 strong; many of whom were conscripts from 16 to 60 years, only half armed, commanded by Kirby Smith and Price. They were erecting fortifications on the opposite side of the River, thirteen miles from Little Rock.

It is reported that Gen. Blunt is marching on Arkadelphia.

Ray says that the people of Arkadelphia would gladly come under the protection of the Federal Government.

FROM FORT GIBSON.

Gen. Blunt Crosses the Arkansas.—Rebels Decline a Battle.—Reported Defeat of Blunt.

LEAVENWORTH, Sept. 1.

Advices from Fort Gibson of the 24th says Gen. Blunt with 6,000 men and 12 pieces of artillery crossed the Arkansas River on the 23d, but the enemy declined a battle and fell back.

The rebel force is estimated at 12,000.

There is considerable sickness at Fort Gibson, but few deaths however. Small pox prevails to some extent among the Indians in that neighborhood.

It was reported at Fort Scott on the 28th that Blunt had a battle and been whipped with a loss of 300.

Grrat Union Meeting in Missouri To-morrow.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 31.

Delegates to the Union Mass Convention are now arriving from all parts of the State, and the prospects are that it will be the largest meeting ever assembled in the State.

The *Democrat's* Washington despatch says President Lincoln has written a letter which will be read at the Union Meeting to be held there on the 3d of September, and States that its principles will gladden the hearts of every true Union man in the country, and vindicate the President's character, and be the lay note of the next Presidential campaign.

Edward Everett has also written a letter strongly urging the prosecution of the war.

The meeting on the 3d promises to be immense. Twenty-seven thousand people are expected to arrive by the Chicago and St. Louis railroad alone.

The Great Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, Aug. 31.

The fire in East Boston, which broke out at the head of Lombard's wharf about noon to-day, has been got under. Castleby's wharf and also Brown & Lollard's wharf were nearly swept of buildings, which were mainly machine shops whose tenants were able to save little from the flames.

The buildings on Tuff's wharf occupied by the Atlantic Works were built of both wood and brick, and covered a large space. They were owned by R. C. Hooper, whose loss is estimated at from $15,000 to $20,000. The Atlantic Works lose $10,000 by the destruction of machinery, which was not insured.

They were building five turretts for Monitors, now being constructed at Charleston and Portsmouth. It is not known how much they were damaged, and it will not be ascertained for some time.

The destruction of machinery will cause delay in finishing the turretts, and will throw out of employment a large number of mechanics. The turretts are valued at $4,000 each.

Total loss is estimated at $300,000, about half of which was insured.

Money from the Steamer Ruth Recovered.

WASHINGTON, August 31.

[*Tribune Dispatch.*]—Advices have been received at the Treasury, stating, that, contrary to all expectation, further search of the wreck of the Ruth has brought to light a portion of the Government funds, supposed to have been burned. Packages taken out were burned to the depth of an inch, and charred to the centre. In some cases the denomination can be distinguished.

A special agent will at once be sent on to take charge of the money so recovered. Meanwhile, the agent there will continue the work with divers.

Guerrillas in Kentucky.—Tobacco Injured by Frost.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 31.

Bands of guerrillas over two hundred strong have recently appeared in Clinton, Monroe, and Cumberland counties. On Saturday one band captured four of our cavalry at Albany.

Small parties of guerrillas are reported in Trumbull county. The rebel General Preston is reported at Tazewell, Va., with seven regiments. About 40 guerrillas passed through Pound Gap Saturday.

Accounts of damage done to tobacco by recent frosts are conflicting. It is undoubtedly much damaged in certain sections, but in the vicinity of Lexington the damage is confined to quite low ground.

Reports by Colored Refugees.

WASHINGTON, August 31.

Thirty colored refugees from Clarendon county arrived here to-day, and reported to Capt. Johnston. They say the rebel officers are busily engaged in conscripting negroes, and hiding them in the pines until opportunity offers to carry them away.

They also report that guns, swords, pistols, etc., are accumulated there, having been gathered up on various battle fields by rebel sympathizers, and delivered to the rebels of that county, by whom they are sent to the rebel army.

An Illinois Claim Denied.

WASHINGTON, September 1.

Illinois recently preferred a claim for about $470,000 against the Government for 2 per cent. of the proceeds of the sales of all public lands in that State for road purposes. Acting Secretary Otto has decided against the claim, and this is also applicable to Ohio and Indiana in similar cases.

Foreign Arrival.

HALIFAX, Sept. 1.

Steamer Africa signalled. Three days later advices from Europe.

The Saint Paul Press.
PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.
Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Morrissey, the noted pugilist, made "a pile" of $50,000 in stock speculations, last spring, and has opened an elegant sporting saloon and race course at Saratoga. He gives good dinners to fast millionaires and fancy men, and it is said that some clergymen have enjoyed his hospitality. He owns several fast horses, worth from $10,000 to $20,000, and has [illegible] to the pole on a $25,000 wager against any horse in the United States "or any other man." His arrival at Saratoga was chronicled among the distinguished guests. His wife partaking of his pugilistic temperament knocked a lady at one of the hotels, recently, for an alleged insult. It is stated that he offers $3,000 for a substitute as he has just been drafted in New York city.

—A Morris Island correspondent of the N. Y. *Herald*, writing on the 21st, says:

The usual number of casualties was slightly increased during the operations of yesterday. This arises from the desire of the men to witness the effect of their shots, a growing indifference to rebel shell, and a neglect to "cover" as they should, when the proper warning is given.

—The sensation story of T. D. McGee, in the Canadian Parliament, about the danger of an invasion of the Provinces by an army of one hundred and fifty thousand armed Yankees, has been whittled down to nothing, as we expected it would. Mr. McGee said in effect:

Mr. Holton told me that Theodore Hart told him that Mr. Seward had told Hart that when Canada was next invaded by the United States, it would be by way of Montreal, with one hundred thousand men. Now Mr. Theodore Hart says, in a letter which was read in Parliament last week, that Mr. Seward said no such thing!

—At a meeting of the Union men of Stetson, Maine, some days since, the following pithy resolutions were adopted:

1. That this rebellion is unconstitutional.
2. That it is constitutional to put it down.
3. That Mr. Lincoln is putting it down.
4. That we will support him while about it.
5. That Mr. Cony goes for the right.
6. That we will go for Mr. Cony.

—Professor Clement C. Moore, who died on the 10th of July, at Newport, Rhode Island, was the author of those celebrated verses, "A Visit from St. Nicholas":

'Twas the night before Christmas, when all through the house,
Not a creature was stirring, not even a mouse;
The stockings were hung by the chimney with care,
In hopes that St. Nicholas soon would be there;
The children were nestled all snug in their beds,
While visions of sugar-plums danced in their heads;
And mamma in her kerchief, and I in my cap,
Had just settled our brains for a long winter's nap—
When out on the lawn there arose such a clatter,
I sprang from my bed to see what was the matter.

—The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* thus pictures that city the present week:

Every one seemed anticipating the ten awful booms upon the bell, which was to summon alike troops and citizens to arms. It is hard for an old citizen of New York to realize such a state of things; a state normal to the city of Mexico, but surely not to the metropolis of America. It seems as though war itself had been brought to our gates; as though an invading army were already menacing our firesides: for New York must yet, for weeks, literally sleep upon its arms. At any moment the Copperhead butchers may start out from their dens with torch and axe and rope, and render night hideous with flames and blood.

—They are selling a machine in Paris, for family use, which enables every man to make his own ice, every day, at a small cost. A peculiar vessel is filled with water, and then sea-sawed for seven or eight minutes in a mixture of sulphate of soda and muriatic acid. The "peculiar vessel," or machine, is small, and sells at from five to twenty-five dollars. Good-bye to the ice-man when that machine reaches this country.

—The editor of an English paper was recently presented with a stone, upon which was carved the following letters. The editor was informed that the stone was taken from an old building, and he was requested to solve the inscription. It read—

FORC ATT
LETOR UBTHE
IRTA ILSAG
AIn St—

Eminent men were called in to consult upon the matter, and after an immense amount of time consumed they were informed that the stone was—

For cattle to rub their tails against.

—A correspondent of the Indianapolis *Journal*, writing from Virginia, says:

Did you ever hear tell of John Minor Botts? Well, on Saturday last, while the 3d Indiana cavalry were engaged in a skirmish about six miles south of here, Major McClure, seeing a hale, looking, oldish gentleman in a door by the roadside, hailed him and inquired—"Which way did the rebel cavalry, that a moment since passed here, go?" "Sir," was the reply, "I am under parole to the Confederate Government, to tell nothing I see. But, sir, my name is John Minor Botts, as devoted a Union man as the world can find. I put no ifs or buts in the case." May his release from parole soon come.

—Mrs. Geo. H. Cutter, of Boston, was riding along Nahant beach, when a boat containing two little boys was upset. As no effort was made to save them by those standing round, Mrs. Cutter, divesting herself of her shawl and hat, entered the water, and pressing through the waves until she was nearly beyond her depth, drew the lads ashore, both being insensible.

—There are now at New York forty-four regiments, and batteries divided as follows: Twelve regiments U. S. Infantry, three Massachusetts, five Vermont, five Ohio, one New York, one Minnesota, three Indiana, two Michigan and two Wisconsin regiments of infantry, two New York cavalry regiments, two Massachusetts, two New York, one Connecticut and one Delaware Batteries, and two regiments of New York artillery. This force has a most convincing effect upon the New York Copperheads, who "roar now as gently as sucking doves."

[Communicated.]

THE SIOUX WAR.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE BY THE MINNESOTA CAMPAIGN OF 1863.

What Should be Done During a Dakota Campaign of 1864.

II.

THE SITUATION, NUMBERS AND DISPOSITION OF THE DAKOTA NATION.

Lieut. G. K. Warren, Topographical Engineers, was attached to the staff of Brigadier General W. S. Harney, commanding the Sioux Expedition of 1855–6. His observations, while thus employed, have been published by the United States Senate in a document entitled "Reconnoissances in the Dakota Country." Lieut. Warren afterwards conducted an expedition "to ascertain the best route for continuing the military road between Fort Snelling and the mouth of the Big Sioux to Fort Laramie and the South Pass, by way of the Loup Fork of the Platte River; to explore the Black Hills, about the sources of the Sheyenne and Little Missouri rivers: and to examine the Niobrara or l'Eau qui Court river, for the purpose of ascertaining its character and resources and the practicability of locating a road along it, leading from the Missouri river to the South Pass, or from Fort Randall to Fort Laramie."

The instructions of the War Office to the foregoing effect bore the date of May 6, 1857, and during the summer and autumn of that year, were carried into execution. The Report of Lieut. Warren, narrating the results of his exploration, is printed in Executive Documents for 1858–9, Volumes 2 and 3. He presented therewith, which has been published by Congress, a "military map of Nebraska and Dakota," designed to represent "all the region occupied by the Dakota or Sioux Indians, and the best routes by which to approach and traverse it, and along which to conduct military operations to the best advantage." It is on a scale of 1 to 1,200,000, and embraces all the country from the 94th to the 106th meridian, between the 38th and 50th parallels. In its northeast corner is the Lake of the Woods, in the southeast Fort Leavenworth, in the southwest Pike's Peak, and in the northwest the junction of Milk river with the Missouri.

The instructions of the Government and the outlines of Lieut. Warren's map, alike indicate the proximate limits of the Dakota country—of that immense interior district from which the Sioux Indians exclude all other tribes. The total area may be estimated at 200,000 square miles, or five times the size of Ohio, extending, prior to the Sioux campaign of 1863, from the channel of the Red River of the North and the sources of the Minnesota river (the average longitude of 96° west of Greenwich) on the east, to the Black Hills on the west, and from the forks of the Platte on the south to Miniwakan or Devil's Lake on the north. These limits constitute nearly the outlines, given above, of Warren's military map of Nebraska and Dakota Territories.

I propose, in the present paper, to repeat the observations of Lieut. Warren, as recorded in 1857, upon the numbers and disposition of the Sioux Indians, with his speculations upon the probability and nature of a Sioux war.

There is no longer any dispute of Lieut. Warren's accuracy in estimating the total Sioux population at 30,000 or 6,000 warriors. Omitting the minor subdivisions of bands, they may be classified as (1) *Isanties*, or the four Minnesota bands who were first engaged in the massacre of August, 1862; (2) *Yanktons*, formerly at the mouth of the Big Sioux, and between that stream and the Missouri river, as high up as Fort Lookout and on the opposite side of the Missouri; (3) *Yanktonnais*, who ranged (whether they *now* range, is the whole question of the success or failure of Sibley's expedition) between James river and the Missouri as high north as Devil's Lake; and (4) *Tetons*, who are supposed to constitute more than one-half of the Dakota nation, living on the western side of the Missouri, and extending west to the dividing ridge between the Little Missouri and Powder rivers, and thence south on a line near the 106th meridian. Estimating eight inmates to a lodge, and one-fifth of the whole population to be warriors, Lieut. Warren furnished the following summary:

	Lodges.	Inmates.	Warriors.
Isanties,	775	6,200	1,240
Yanktons,	360	2,880	576
Yanktonnais,	800	6,400	1,280
Tetons,	1,840	14,720	2,962
	3,775	30,200	6,058

Of all the aborigines on this continent the Dakotas have probably undergone the least material diminution of number, since their discovery by the whites. Notwithstanding the ravages of small pox and cholera, it is the opinion of some that they are increasing in numbers rather than diminishing.

Lieut. Warren was far from depreciating their military strength. "They are independent, warlike, and powerful. * * Could they be made to feel more confidence in their own powers they would be most formidable warriors. In single combat on horseback, they have no superiors, a skill acquired by constant practice with their bows and arrows and lances, with which they succeed in killing their game at full speed. The rapidity with which they shoot their arrows, and the accuracy of their aim, rivals that of a practised hand with the revolver."

The campaign of General Harney in 1855–6, for the chastisement of the most southern of the Teton bands, the Brules and Okandandas, although terminating with a sanguinary and decisive victory, by no means abated the arrogance or hostility of the main body of the trans-Missouri Sioux. Like the Yanktonnais of the plains south of Devil's Lake, they were under no restraints by treaty, and their normal condition may be described as hostile. A Teton chief told Lieut. Warren, that they had a grand council in the summer of 1857, on the North Fork of the Shayenne (a western tributary of the Missouri) and that their hearts felt strong at seeing how numerous they were; and that if they went to war again, they would not yield so easy as they did in 1856. At that council they solemnly pledged to each other not to permit farther encroachments from the whites and the chief boasted and fully believed that they were able to whip all the white men. Another Teton leader gave notice that they would not suffer the Government to drive or locate the Yankton or Yanktonnais bands across the Missouri, angrily denouncing war against the whites in such a case.

Lieut. Warren has now become Major General Warren, having been named to that high rank, as an acknowledgment of eminent services in the battle of Gettysburg, as Brigadier General and Chief of Topographical Engineers. His views of a Dakota War—its inevitable approach, and how it should be conducted with the Missouri river established as a base of operations—will now be recognized at Washington, as entitled to the highest consideration. I feel warranted, therefore, in repeating the following paragraphs from his report of 1858–9:

"There are so many inevitable causes at work (he says) to produce a war with the Dakotas before many years, that I regard the greatest fruit of the explorations I have conducted to be the knowledge of the proper routes by which to invade their country and conquer them.

"The Black Hills is the great point in their territory at which to strike all the Teton Dakotas, except the Brules and Okandandas. Here they can assemble their largest force, and here I believe they would make a stand. In the event of another outbreak, a post should be established at the mouth of the Sheyenne, on the north side, from which to operate simultaneously with troops from Fort Laramie. From both of these points wagon trains could move with ease, and supplies could be sent to troops in the field. These operations would undoubtedly bring on a battle, where the superiority of the weapons of civilized warfare would secure a victory to us. They will not, I think, permit the occupation of the vicinity of these hills without offering a determined resistance. Driven from these they must go towards the Missouri, where a still better field to operate against them will be found, as this region is in every way practicable. In this event it might become necessary to establish a temporary post above the Sheyenne, and a most suitable and effective location is to be found near Long Lake, on the Missouri.

"Those who may take refuge in the ravines and fastnesses along the Niobrara, or in the sand hills, could be operated against from Forts Randall, Kearney and Laramie. Should the Isanties and Ihanktonwans be hostile at the same time as the Titonwans, they should be operated against from Fort Ridgley.

It will be perceived that in this plan I have considered a war with all the Dakotas to be on our hands, which at no distant day is probable, and that there will be required a number of columns and a very large force to successfully operate over so much country. These columns need not to exceed in any case a strength of 400 men, and these should be subdivided so as to beat up the country as much as possible, and endeavor to draw the Indians into an engagement where they may have some hope of success. With proper troops and commanders we need not even then fear the result.

"The movement of large compact columns is necessarily slow, and can easily be avoided, which the least military skill teaches the Indians to do. The war once begun should not be stopped till they are effectually humbled and made to feel the full power and force of the government, which is a thing in which the northern Dakotas are entirely wanting.

"I believe a vigorous course of action would be quite as humane as any other, and much more economical and effectual in the end. With proper arrangements the Assiniboins and Crows and Pawnees could be made most useful allies in a war with the northern Dakotas. I see no reason why they should not be employed against each other, and thus spare the lives of the whites."

It will be seen that Lieut. Warren dismissed the contingency of an Indian War upon the Minnesota border, with a single sentence—"Should the Isanties and Yanktons be hostile at the same time with the Tetons, they should be operated against from Fort Ridgley." It is now historical, that the first outbreak of a Dakota War was among the annuity, or Minnesota Sioux: and we enter upon its second year, with the hope (can we say the expectation?) that the combined operations of 6000 American troops under Generals Sibley and Sully, have pushed 2500 Indian warriors permanently over the Missouri river—violently intruding them upon the buffalo hunting grounds of the Teton Sioux, who have never been at peace with the United States, unless the submission of the Brules and Okandandas to the victorious regulars under Gen. Harney can be called a peace. What will be the consequence? Will General Pope, if interrogated from the War Department, make any other answer, than to represent the inevitable necessity of organizing a campaign against 5000 hostile savages west of the Missouri, unless the results of all his military operations during 1863 are to be wantonly thrown away? To suppose otherwise would be an unwarrantable reflection upon his knowledge of the situation and of his military judgment in regard to late events.

III.

GENERAL HOSTILITY OF THE SIOUX IN 1863.

Is this doubted? If Lieut. Warren, in 1857, was so impressed with the hostile disposition of the Tetons, as to assign to those Indians of the Plains the initiative of an inevitable Dakota war, surely they would be prompt to follow the fiery signal from the east, hurled into their lodges by the hitherto peaceful Isanties. That extraordinary organization, the Soldier's Lodge, is not confined to the savages of the Minnesota border. A community of language, tradition, blood, and religious incantation, binds indissolubly the Sioux villages from the shores of the Minniwakan, to the sources of the Niobrara. Their chiefs are but waifs on the fierce democracy of the tribe. The absence of Little Crow, and the universal belief in the Sioux camps that he was killed, did not check for an instant their warlike fanaticism. The Dakota chiefs must share and follow the inspiration of the scalp dance, or be deposed by the warriors. It would be interesting to know, if the information was possible, how soon, after the August massacre of 1862, its bloody details were shouted with exultation in the Teton encampments within the valleys of the Black Hills—ten degrees of longitude away from the bloody margins of the Minnesota lakes. From that instant the Teton was on the war path.

I am informed by Col. W. R. Marshall that Gen. Sibley is satisfied of the participation of Teton warriors in the late battles on the Missouri, particularly that of Stony Lake. Among the articles abandoned were Teton tent poles, identified by Major Brown as made from spruce, which only grows in the Black Hills. A Teton was captured, who admitted that his tribe were engaged. So far as the Indian force exceeded 2,000, it was doubtless composed of these allies from beyond the Missouri. Their presence is an assurance, to us as well as to the Indians, that if Sully forces the enemy to continue their retreat towards the country of the Tetons, the latter will make common cause with the Minnesota bands against the whites.

The newspapers record that during the present summer fur-trading steamers descending the Missouri have been attacked by Sioux Indians. While the bulk of Indians in these ambuscades have been Sioux, inhabiting the left bank of the Missouri, yet there is little doubt that the Tetons have also been engaged.

The late attempt to destroy the Pawnee Agency and murder the Indians and whites there entrenched, was unquestionably the work of those identical bands of Sioux—Brules, Okandandas and others—who were punished so severely in 1856 by Gen. Harney at the battle of Blue Water. The savages have evidently forgotten the lesson of that expedition; and, if so, will the results of our Minnesota campaign be more efficacious? Certainly not, unless vigorously followed.

All the information of the Indian Bureau, so far as it transpires from Washington, concurs with the argument, *a priori*, of Lieutenant Warren, and the facts of recent occurrence just detailed, that the Pacification of the Northwest frontier imperatively demands a vigorous military administration, offensive and defensive, upon the Missouri river and beyond.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

A TRIP TO ST. PAUL.

St. Paul and its Surroundings—What it is To-day—What it was Twenty Years Ago—Seven Years Ago—What it is Going to be, &c. &c.

Correspondence of the Daily Wisconsin.

St. Paul, situated on the Mississippi, the Capital of Minnesota, is built on a high bluff, and contains about 17,000 inhabitants—a conglomeration of the world's children. It is surrounded by bluffs, covered with thick shrubbery, which gives the place rather a romantic appearance. The "Father of Waters," which our poetic and enlarged fancies in Wisconsin lead us to believe is magnificent, is here (opposite St. Paul) insignificant, and in breadth or beauty, could not laugh at the Menomonee.

The Mississippi was never so low as during the present summer, which, with the Indian troubles, has left St. Paul, as well as the State, in a rather dull condition. St. Paul to-day has little commercial life, but two small steamers being at its docks, where fifty used to be. Yet a considerable local trade seems to be going on, much of this being from the country. Twenty years ago St. Paul contained but a few little trading shanties, to which half-breeds and Indians were the only resorters. Seven years ago St. Paul was one of the liveliest and most thriving cities in the United States. In a portion of the town called "West St. Paul," at the date mentioned, lots were bought from $500 to $1,000. To-day sharpers are foreclosing certificates on these same lots for the non-payment of taxes. You are aware that a city of old would have been saved if seven virtuous men could have been found therein. It was destroyed because found wanting. Seven years ago if the sword were on St. Paul's neck, unless seven honest men were found within its precincts, she would have been minus head and tail. A more healthy growth of business men has taken root, sprouted and grown to maturity, and nothing but the master of manhood—Death—(the monster,) can shake their stability. I have told you what it is to-day. Now for what it is going to be. St. Paul in time is going to be what Chicago is to-day—an immense Charybdis, drinking in the wealth of a country unsurpassed in the world for its wealth and its productions.

The weather is very cold, and for the past few days the St. Paulers have been hugging either stoves or rot-gut, to keep warm, although most every man had his overcoat on. Last week, they say, was burning hot; its denizens almost going in the Georgia costume—shirt collar and spurs. They have neither spring nor fall in this section. Old winter leaps into the lap of summer, just as you see old men sometimes leaping into the bridal embraces of a young and blooming damsel. The summer jumps the other way, just as you see some greenhorn waltzing into the affections of some aged icy widow. But dwelling upon themes like these latter is not my forte, and so I'll to my occupation in my next letter. DR. ADONIS.

—The Boston *Post* chronicles a scarcity of clergymen in that city, and says that a funeral was recently postponed for two days on account of the impossibility of obtaining a clergyman to officiate.

A Drafting Story.

We find the following in the Drawer of *Harper's Monthly*:

The enrolling officer of Salisbury district was very active and thorough in the performance of his duties. One day he went to the house of a countryman, and finding none of the male members at home, he made inquiry of the old woman about the name and age of the "males" of the family. After naming several, the old lady stopped. "Is there any more?" asked the officer. "No," replied the woman, "none except Billy Bray." "Billy Bray, where is he?" "He was at the barn a moment ago," said the old lady. Out went the officer, but he could not find the man. Coming back, the worthy officer questioned the old lady as to the age of Billy, and went away, after enrolling his name among those to be drafted. The time of drafting came, and among those on whom the draft fell was Billy Bray. No one knew him. Where did he live? The officer who enrolled him was called upon to produce the conscript, and lo, and behold, Billy Bray was a jackass! and stands now on the list of drafted men as forming one of the quota of Maryland.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,
ST. PAUL, August 26, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds		½ per ct. prem
American Gold		22 per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Burbank's Column.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH
Fast Freight Line.
OWNED AND MANAGED BY
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO
All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 186_, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.
Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the
ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.
jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

EXPRESS NOTICE.
We are now running Messengers to
ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.45 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of
dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.
All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by
dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT. 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.
je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.
Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.
We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me.
mar3 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE,
In Hennepin, Ramsey, Chisago, and Washington Counties. Also Lots in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony; all of which I will sell at Low Prices and on favorable terms of payment. Enquire of
P. P. WINTERMUTE,
je21-3m at office of Horn, Lund & Galusha.

TAX DEEDS.
THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY
Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities.
Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

WANTED,
At the Clifton House, Mankato, three good Girls—one competent to take charge of the cooking department. Liberal wages and steady employment will be given. au8-1m

WILLIAM D. STOREY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
REFERENCES:
Hon. George Opdyke, ... New York City
John G. Treadwell ... Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D. ... Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law ... Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard ... Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore ... Boston
le11dsolm&wly w

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss.
Augustus O. Heister vs. John R. Irvine and Nancy Irvine, his wife.
FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.
Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$2,487.22, with interest, costs and expenses of sale.
Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on
SATURDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF OCTOBER, 1863,
At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises:
All and singular the following described pieces, parcels or tracts of land and real estate with their appurtenances, situate, lying and being in the county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, to wit: Lot numbered seven (7), in block five (5), in Rice & Irvine's Addition to the Town of St. Paul; Also, lots numbered twelve (12), and thirteen (13), in block numbered seventy (70), in Dayton & Irvine's Addition to St. Paul, as designated on the plan or plats of said Additions, on record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county.
JAMES W. TAYLOR, Master in Chancery.
O. DALRYMPLE, Plaintiff's Solicitor. w au19-6w

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass
AND
GLASSWARE,
Perfumeries, Fancy Goods,
&C., &C.,
No. 111 Third Street,
(UNION BLOCK.)
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to
Our Full Stock of Goods,
Which we are offering at a fraction over
Milwaukee & Chicago Figures.
We invite an inspection of our stock and prices, believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.
ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,
For sale at very low figures to close the stock.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,
Pills and Granules, at card prices.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.
Just received and for sale at close figures.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,
At lowest market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,
Of various qualities and prices, at
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,
McCulley's Brand, at market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

Real Estate.

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE,
Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.
TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

FOR SALE,
THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:
One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.
Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.
Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.
A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.
Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.
There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.
The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.
Inquire at the office of
SPENCER & CARVER,
Ingersoll's Block, or of
GROFF & BAILEY,
under Thompson's Bank.
☞ Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.
St. Paul, June 3d, 1863. je4-3m

BROAD ACRES!
760 ACRES of land from 3 to 12 miles of ST. PAUL, will be sold in tracts of 40 acres, 80, 120, 160 and 240. The soil is a rich loam, with wood and water. Terms part cash, and the balance, if desired, on long time.
HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 6, 1863.—d&w6m.

ROBERT P. LEWIS
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
St. Paul, Minnesota.
Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge
ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF
"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"
Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.
CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims, and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.
☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.
oc5-d tw&wly

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE,
ST. PAUL, Aug. 15th, 1863.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 14th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD.
Said Wood to be paid for in State Warrants and delivered at the State Capitol, as required.
CHAS. SCHEFFER,
au25-td State Treasurer.

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS, BRO. & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.
We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell
LOW FOR CASH
OR
Short Approved Credit.
SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.
We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.
No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.
☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.
BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

EAGLE WORKS
MANUFACTURING COMPANY

DO YOU WANT
STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS
PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR
Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c., also,
SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS
AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-d&wly

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,
SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,
No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago.
Have constantly on hand a large assortment of
Manilla & Tarred Rope,
Ditching Ropes,
Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,
CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,
FLAGS, &c., &c.
Common and Patent Hoist Wheels, for buildings, constantly on hand.
GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

GROCERIES.
SHORES & TATOR
Wholesale Grocers,
47 South Water Street,
CHICAGO.
L. SHORES, ... F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,
SUCCESSOR TO
Thompson, Whitney & Co
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
BOOTS and SHOES,
46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.
We are now receiving a large stock of Goods
FROM THE
BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST
and with very large addition to our
HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK.
We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.
GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1683. a1-6m.

NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.
NO. 4, ROGERS BLOCK.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
H. ROGERS, having connected himself with one of the *largest* and *best manufactories* in the State of *New York*, has now opened a LEATHER STORE on a *more extensive scale* than is *usual* for a Western city, and he intends to sell as low as can be purchased in Chicago or Milwaukee, (freight excepted,) and having been engaged for thirty-five years in the leather trade, and being a PRACTICAL TANNER BY TRADE, feels assured from his knowledge and LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE BUSINESS, that he can bring such stock to the market as will suit all. Give us a call before you buy your stock.
Be sure and enquire for the "NEW YORK LEATHER STORE," No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul.
H. ROGERS & CO.
P. S. All kinds of Hides bought for an Eastern tannery, for which the highest cash price will be paid. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT GOOD SOLE LEATHER, go to the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, where you can select from a large lot. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT THE REAL PHILADELPHIA Kip and Calf Skins, go to the
an5tw3m NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.

IF YOU WANT A NICE ARTICLE OF FRENCH CALF SKINS, go to the New York Leather Store, where you can select from fifteen different brands. au5tw3m

THE PLACE TO BUY SHOE FINDINGS of all kinds is at the New York Leather Store, No 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul! au5tw3m

GET YOUR LASTS at the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul, Minn. au5tw3m

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Saint Paul Press.
PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.
Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Morrissey, the noted pugilist, made "a pile" of $60,000 in stock speculations, last spring, and has opened an elegant sporting saloon and race course at Saratoga. He gives good dinners to "fast" millionaires and fancy men, and it is said that some clergymen have enjoyed his hospitality. He owns several fast horses, worth from $10,000 to $20,000, and has one that he will put to the pole on a $25,000 wager against any horse in the United States, "or any other man." His arrival at Saratoga was chronicled among the distinguished guests. His wife partaking of his pugilistic temperament knocked a lady at one of the hotels, recently, for an alleged insult. It is stated that he offers $5,000 for a substitute as he has been drafted in New York city.

—A Morris Island correspondent of the N. Y. *Herald*, writing on the 21st, says:

The usual number of casualties was slightly increased during the operations of yesterday. This arises from the desire of the men to witness the effect of their shots, a growing indifference to rebel shell, and a neglect to "cover," as they should, when the proper warning is given.

—The sensation story of T. D. McGee, in the Canadian Parliament, about the danger of an invasion of the Provinces by an army of one hundred and fifty thousand armed Yankees, has been whittled down to nothing, as we expected it would. Mr. McGee said in effect:

Mr. Holton told me that Theodore Hart told him that Mr. Seward had told Hart that when Canada was next invaded by the United States, it would be by way of Montreal, with one hundred thousand men. Now Mr. Theodore Hart says, in a letter which was read in Parliament last week, that Mr. Seward said no such thing.

—At a meeting of the Union men of Stetson, Maine, some days since, the following pithy resolutions were adopted:

1. That this rebellion is unconstitutional.
2. That it is constitutional to put it down.
3. That Mr. Lincoln is putting it down.
4. That we will support him while about it.
5. That Mr. Cony goes for the right.
6. That we will go for Mr. Cony.

—Professor Clement C. Moore, who died on the 13th of July, at Newport, Rhode Island, was the author of those celebrated verses, "A Visit from St. Nicholas":

'Twas the night before Christmas when all through the house,
Not a creature was stirring, not even a mouse;
The stockings were hung by the chimney with care,
In hope that St. Nicholas soon would be there;
The children were nestled all snug in their beds,
While visions of sugar-plums danced in their heads;
And mamma in her kerchief, and I in my cap
Had just settled our brains for a long winter's nap—
When out on the lawn there arose such a clatter,
I sprang from my bed to see what was the matter.

—The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* thus pictures that city the present week:

Every one seemed anticipating the ten awful booms upon the bell, which was to summon alike troops and citizens to arms. It is hard for an old citizen of New York to realize such a state of things; a state normal to the city of Mexico, but surely not to the metropolis of America. It seems as though war itself had been brought to our gates; as though an invading army were already menacing our firesides; for New York must yet, for weeks, literally sleep upon its arms. At any moment the Copperhead butchers may start out from their dens, with torch and axe and rope, and render night hideous with flames and blood.

—They are selling a machine in Paris, for family use, which enables every man to make his own ice, every day, at a small cost. A peculiar vessel is filled with water, and then sea-sawed for seven or eight minutes in a mixture of sulphate of soda and muriatic acid. The "peculiar vessel," or machine, is small, and sells at from five to twenty-five dollars. Good-bye to the ice-man when that machine reaches this country.

—The editor of an English paper was recently presented with a stone, upon which was carved the following letters. The editor was informed that the stone was taken from an old building, and he was requested to solve the inscription. It read:

FORC ATT
LETOR UBTHE
IRTA ILSAG
A IN ST——

Eminent men were called in to consult upon the matter, and after an immense amount of time consumed they were informed that the stone was—

For cattle to rub their tails against.

—A correspondent of the Indianapolis *Journal*, writing from Virginia, says:

Did you ever hear tell of John Minor Botts? Well, on Saturday last, while the 3d Indiana cavalry were engaged in a skirmish about six miles south of here, Major McClure, seeing a hale looking, oldish gentleman in a door by the roadside, hailed him and inquired—"Which way did the rebel cavalry, that a moment since passed here, go?" "Sir," was the reply, "I am under parole to the Confederate Government, to tell nothing I see. But, sir, my name is John Minor Botts, as devoted a Union man as the world can find. I put no ifs or buts in the case." May his release from parole soon come.

—Mrs. Geo. H. Cutter, of Boston, was riding along Nahant beach, when a boat containing two little boys was upset. As no effort was made to save them by those standing round, Mrs. Cutter, divesting herself of her shawl and hat, entered the water, and pressing through the waves until she was nearly beyond her depth, drew the lads ashore, both being insensible.

—There are now at New York forty-four regiments and batteries divided as follows: Twelve regiments U. S. Infantry, three Massachusetts, five Vermont, five Ohio, one New York, one Minnesota, three Indiana, two Michigan and two Wisconsin regiments of infantry, two New York cavalry regiments, two Massachusetts, two New York, one Connecticut and one Delaware Batteries, and two regiments of New York artillery. This force has a most convincing effect upon the New York Copperheads, who "roar now as gently as sucking doves."

[Communicated.]

THE SIOUX WAR.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE BY THE MINNESOTA CAMPAIGN OF 1863.

What Should be Done During a Dakota Campaign of 1864.

II.

THE SITUATION, NUMBERS AND DISPOSITION OF THE DAKOTA NATION.

Lieut. G. K. Warren, Topographical Engineers, was attached to the staff of Brigadier General W. S. Harney, commanding the Sioux Expedition of 1855-6. His observations, while thus employed, have been published by the United States Senate in a document entitled "Reconnoissances in the Dakota Country." Lieut. Warren afterwards conducted an expedition "to ascertain the best route for continuing the military road between Fort Snelling and the mouth of the Big Sioux to Fort Laramie and the South Pass, by way of the Loup Fork of the Platte River: to explore the Black Hills, about the sources of the Sheyenne and Little Missouri rivers: and to examine the Niobrara or l'Eau qui Court river, for the purpose of ascertaining its character and resources and the practicability of locating a road along it, leading from the Missouri river to the South Pass, or from Fort Randall to Fort Laramie."

The instructions of the War Office to the foregoing effect bore the date of May 6, 1857, and during the summer and autumn of that year, were carried into execution. The Report of Lieut. Warren, narrating the results of his exploration, is printed in Executive Documents for 1858-9, Volumes 2 and 3. He presented therewith, which has been published by Congress, a "military map of Nebraska and Dakota," designed to represent "all the region occupied by the Dakota or Sioux Indians, and the best routes by which to approach and traverse it, and along which to conduct military operations to the best advantage." It is on a scale of 1 to 1,200,000, and embraces all the country from the 94th to the 106th meridian, between the 38th and 50th parallels. In its northeast corner is the Lake of the Woods, in the southeast Fort Leavenworth, in the southwest Pike's Peak, and in the northwest the junction of Milk river with the Missouri.

The instructions of the Government and the outlines of Lieut. Warren's map, alike indicate the proximate limits of the Dakota country—of that immense interior district from which the Sioux Indians exclude all other tribes. The total area may be estimated at 200,000 square miles, or five times the size of Ohio, extending, prior to the Sioux campaign of 1863, from the channel of the Red River of the North and the sources of the Minnesota river (the average longitude of 96° west of Greenwich) on the east, to the Black Hills on the west, and from the forks of the Platte on the south to Minniwakan or Devil's Lake on the north. These limits constitute nearly the outlines, given above, of Warren's military map of Nebraska and Dakota Territories.

I propose, in the present paper, to repeat the observations of Lieut. Warren, as recorded in 1857, upon the numbers and disposition of the Sioux Indians, with his speculations upon the probability and nature of a Sioux war.

There is no longer any dispute of Lieut. Warren's accuracy in estimating the total Sioux population at 30,000 or 6,000 warriors. Omitting the minor subdivisions of bands, they may be classified as (1) *Isanties*, or the four Minnesota bands who were first engaged in the massacre of August, 1862; (2) *Yanktons*, formerly at the mouth of the Big Sioux, and between that stream and the Missouri river, as high up as Fort Lookout and on the opposite side of the Missouri; (3) *Yanktonnais*, who ranged (whether they *now* range, is the whole question of the success or failure of Sibley's expedition) between James river and the Missouri as high north as Devil's Lake; and (4) *Tetons*, who are supposed to constitute more than one-half of the Dakota nation, living on the western side of the Missouri, and extending west to the dividing ridge between the Little Missouri and Powder rivers, and thence south on a line near the 106th meridian. Estimating eight inmates to a lodge, and one-fifth of the whole population to be warriors, Lieut. Warren furnished the following summary:

	Lodges.	Inmates.	Warriors.
Isanties,	775	6,200	1,240
Yanktons,	360	2,880	576
Yanktonnais,	800	6,400	1,280
Tetons,	1,840	14,720	2,962
	3,775	30,200	6,058

Of all the aborigines on this continent the Dakotas have probably undergone the least material diminution of number, since their discovery by the whites. Notwithstanding the ravages of small pox and cholera, it is the opinion of some that they are increasing in numbers rather than diminishing.

Lieut. Warren was far from depreciating their military strength. "They are independent, warlike, and powerful. * * Could they be made to feel more confidence in their own powers they would be most formidable warriors. In single combat on horseback, they have no superiors, a skill acquired by constant practice with their bows and arrows and lances, with which they succeed in killing their game at full speed. The rapidity with which they shoot their arrows, and the accuracy of their aim, rivals that of a practised hand with the revolver."

The campaign of General Harney in 1855-6, for the chastisement of the most southern of the Teton bands, the Brules and Okandandas, although terminating with a sanguinary and decisive victory, by no means abated the arrogance or hostility of the main body of the trans-Missouri Sioux. Like the Yanktonnais of the plains south of Devil's Lake, they were under no restraints by treaty, and their normal condition may be described as hostile. A Teton chief told Lieut. Warren, that they had a grand council in the summer of 1857, on the North Fork of the Shayenne (a western tributary of the Missouri) and that their hearts felt strong at seeing how numerous they were; and that if they went to war again, they would not yield so easy as they did in 1856. At that council they solemnly pledged to each other not to permit farther encroachments from the whites and the chief boasted and fully believed that they were able to whip all the white men. Another Teton leader gave notice that they would not suffer the Government to drive or locate the Yankton or Yanktonnais bands across the Missouri—angrily denouncing war against the whites in such a case.

Lieut. Warren has now become Major General Warren, having been named to that high rank, as an acknowledgment of eminent services in the battle of Gettysburg, as Brigadier General and Chief of Topographical Engineers. His views of a Dakota War—its inevitable approach, and how it should be conducted, with the Missouri river established as a base of operations—will now be recognized at Washington, as entitled to the highest consideration. I feel warranted, therefore, in repeating the following paragraphs from his report of 1858-9:

"There are so many inevitable causes at work (he says) to produce a war with the Dakotas before many years, that I regard the greatest fruit of the explorations I have conducted to be the knowledge of the proper routes by which to invade their country and conquer them.

"The Black Hills is the great point in their territory at which to strike all the Teton Dakotas, except the Brules and Okandandas. Here they can assemble their largest force, and here I believe they would make a stand. In the event of another outbreak, a post should be established at the mouth of the Sheyenne, on the north side, from which to operate simultaneously with troops from Fort Laramie. From both of these points wagon trains could move with ease, and supplies could be sent to troops in the field. These operations would undoubtedly bring on a battle, where the superiority of the weapons of civilized warfare would secure a victory to us. They will not, I think, permit the occupation of the vicinity of these hills without offering a determined resistance. Driven from these they must go towards the Missouri, where a still better field to operate against them will be found, as this region is in every way practicable. In this event it might become necessary to establish a temporary post above the Sheyenne, and a most suitable and effective location is to be found near Long Lake, on the Missouri.

"Those who may take refuge in the ravines and fastnesses along the Niobrara, or in the sand hills, could be operated against from Forts Randall, Kearney and Laramie. Should the Isanties and Ihanktonwans be hostile at the same time as the Titonwans, they should be operated against from Fort Ridgley.

It will be perceived that in this plan I have considered a war with all the Dakotas to be on our hands, which at no distant day is probable, and that there will be required a number of columns and a very large force to successfully operate over so much country. These columns need not to exceed in any case a strength of 400 men, and these should be subdivided so as to beat up the country as much as possible, and endeavor to draw the Indians into an engagement where they may have some hope of success. With proper troops and commanders we need not even then fear the result.

"The movement of large compact columns is necessarily slow, and can easily be avoided, which the least military skill teaches the Indians to do. The war once begun should not be stopped till they are effectually humbled and made to feel the full power and force of the government, which is a thing in which the northern Dakotas are entirely wanting.

"I believe a vigorous course of action would be quite as humane as any other, and much more economical and effectual in the end. With proper arrangements the Assiniboins and Crows and Pawnees could be made most useful allies in a war with the northern Dakotas. I see no reason why they should not be employed against each other, and thus spare the lives of the whites."

It will be seen that Lieut. Warren dismissed the contingency of an Indian War upon the Minnesota border, with a single sentence—"Should the Isanties and Yanktons be hostile at the same time with the Tetons, they should be operated against from Fort Ridgley." It is now historical, that the first outbreak of a Dakota War was among the annuity, or Minnesota Sioux: and we enter upon its second year, with the hope (can we say the expectation?) that the combined operations of 6000 American troops under Generals Sibley and Sully, have pushed 2500 Indian warriors permanently over the Missouri river—violently intruding them upon the buffalo hunting grounds of the Teton Sioux, who have never been at peace with the United States, unless the submission of the Brules and Okandandas to the victorious regulars under Gen. Harney can be called a peace. What will be the consequence? Will General Pope, if interrogated from the War Department, make any other answer, than to represent the inevitable necessity of organizing a campaign against 5000 hostile savages west of the Missouri, unless the results of all his military operations during 1863 are to be wantonly thrown away? To suppose otherwise would be an unwarrantable reflection upon his knowledge of the situation and of his military judgment in regard to late events.

III.

GENERAL HOSTILITY OF THE SIOUX IN 1863.

Is this doubted? If Lieut. Warren, in 1857, was so impressed with the hostile disposition of the Tetons, as to assign to those Indians of the Plains the initiative of an inevitable Dakota war, surely they would be prompt to follow the fiery signal from the east, hurled into their lodges by the hitherto peaceful Isanties. That extraordinary organization, the Soldier's Lodge, is not confined to the savages of the Minnesota border. A community of language, tradition, blood, and religious incantation, binds indissolubly the Sioux villages from the shores of the Minniwakan to the sources of the Niobrara. Their chiefs are but waifs on the fierce democracy of the tribe. The absence of Little Crow, and the universal belief in the Sioux camps that he was killed, did not check for an instant their warlike fanaticism. The Dakota chiefs must share and follow the inspiration of the scalp dance, or be deposed by the warriors. It would be interesting to know, if the information was possible, how soon, after the August massacre of 1862, its bloody details were shouted with exultation in the Teton encampments within the valleys of the Black Hills—ten degrees of longitude away from the bloody margins of the Minnesota lakes. From that instant the Teton was on the war-path.

I am informed by Col. W. R. Marshall that Gen. Sibley is satisfied of the participation of Teton warriors in the late battles on the Missouri, particularly that of Stony Lake. Among the articles abandoned were Teton tent poles, identified by Major Brown as made from spruce, which only grows in the Black Hills. A Teton was captured, who admitted that his tribe were engaged. So far as the Indian force exceeded 2,000, it was doubtless composed of these allies from beyond the Missouri. Their presence is an assurance, to us as well as to the Indians, that if Sully forces the enemy to continue their retreat towards the country of the Tetons, the latter will make common cause with the Minnesota bands against the whites.

The newspapers record that during the present summer fur-trading steamers descending the Missouri have been attacked by Sioux Indians. While the bulk of Indians in these ambuscades have been Sioux, inhabiting the left bank of the Missouri; yet there is little doubt that the Tetons have also been engaged.

The late attempt to destroy the Pawnee Agency and murder the Indians and whites there entrenched, was unquestionably the work of those identical bands of Sioux—Brules, Okandandas and others—who were punished so severely in 1856 by Gen. Harney at the battle of Blue Water. The savages have evidently forgotten the lesson of that expedition:—and, if so, will the results of our Minnesota campaign be more efficacious? Certainly not, unless vigorously followed.

All the information of the Indian Bureau, so far as it transpires from Washington, concurs with the argument *a priori* of Lieutenant Warren, and the facts of recent occurrence just detailed, that the Pacification of the Northwest frontier imperatively demands a vigorous military administration, offensive and defensive, upon the Missouri river and beyond.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

A TRIP TO ST. PAUL.

St. Paul and its Surroundings—What it is To-day—What it was Twenty Years Ago—Seven Years Ago—What it is Going to be, &c. &c.

Correspondence of the Daily Wisconsin.

St. Paul, situated on the Mississippi, the Capital of Minnesota, is built on a high bluff, and contains about 17,000 inhabitants,—a conglomeration of the world's children. It is surrounded by bluffs, covered with thick shrubbery, which gives the place rather a romantic appearance. The "Father of Waters," which our poetic and enlarged fancies in Wisconsin lead us to believe is magnificent, is here (opposite St. Paul) insignificant, and in breadth or beauty, could not laugh at the Menomonee.

The Mississippi was never so low as during the present summer, which, with the Indian troubles, has left St. Paul, as well as the State, in a rather dull condition. St. Paul to-day has little commercial life, but two small steamers being at its docks, where fifty used to be. Yet a considerable local trade seems to be going on, much of this being from the country. Twenty years ago St. Paul contained but a few little trading shanties, to which half-breeds and Indians were the only resorters. Seven years ago St. Paul was one of the liveliest and most thriving cities in the United States. In a portion of the town called "West St. Paul," at the date mentioned, lots were bought from $500 to $1,000. To-day sharpers are foreclosing certificates on these same lots for the non-payment of taxes. You are aware that a city of old would have been saved if seven virtuous men could have been found therein. It was destroyed because found wanting. Seven years ago if the sword were on St. Paul's neck, unless seven honest men were found within its precincts, she would have been minus head and tail. A more healthy growth of business men has taken root, sprouted and grown to maturity, and nothing but the master of manhood—Death—(the monster,) can shake their stability. I have told you what it is to-day. Now for what it is going to be. St. Paul in time is going to be what Chicago is to-day—an immense Charybdis, drinking in the wealth of a country unsurpassed in the world for its wealth and its productions.

The weather is very cold, and for the past few days the St. Paulers have been hugging either stoves or rot-gut, to keep warm, although most every man had his overcoat on. Last week, they say, was burning hot; its denizens almost going in the Georgia costume—shirt collar and spurs. They have neither spring nor fall in this section. Old winter leaps into the lap of summer, just as you see old men sometimes leaping into the bridal embraces of a young and blooming damsel. The summer jumps the other way, just as you see some greenhorn waltzing into the affections of some aged icy widow. But dwelling upon themes like these latter is not my forte, and so I'll to my occupation in my next letter.

DR. ADONIS.

—The Boston *Post* chronicles a scarcity of clergymen in that city, and says that a funeral was recently postponed for two days on account of the impossibility of obtaining a clergyman to officiate.

A Drafting Story.

We find the following in the Drawer of *Harper's Monthly*:

The enrolling officer of Salisbury district was very active and thorough in the performance of his duties. One day he went to the house of a countryman, and finding none of the male members at home, he made inquiry of the old woman about the name and age of the "males" of the family. After naming several, the old lady stopped. "Is there any more?" asked the officer. "No," replied the woman, "none except Billy Bray." "Billy Bray, where is he?" "He was at the barn a moment ago," said the old lady. Out went the officer, but he could not find the man. Coming back, the worthy officer questioned the old lady as to the age of Billy, and went away, after enrolling his name among those to be drafted. The time of drafting came, and among those on whom the draft fell was Billy Bray. No one knew him. Where did he live? The officer who enrolled him was called upon to produce the conscript, and lo, and behold, Billy Bray was a jackass! and stands now on the list of drafted men as forming one of the quota of Maryland.

Burbank's Column.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH Fast Freight Line. OWNED AND MANAGED BY AMERICAN EXPRESS CO

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 50 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, Golden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 186, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD. Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.
jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

We are now running Messengers to *ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS* Twice Daily,

Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.

Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.45 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of
dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by
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420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.
je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me.
mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE,

In Hennepin, Ramsey, Chisago, and Washington Counties. Also Lots in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony; all of which I will sell at Low Prices and on favorable terms of payment. Enquire of P. P. WINTERMUTE,
je21-3m at office of Horn, Lund & Galusha.

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities.
Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

WANTED,

At the Clifton House, Mankato, three good Girls—one competent to take charge of the cooking department. Liberal wages and steady employment will be given. au8-1m

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REFERENCES:
Hon. George Opdyke, New York City
John G. Treadwell, Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D., Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law, Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard, Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors, Boston
je11dsolm&w1yw

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss.

Augustus O. Heister vs. John R. Irvine and Nancy Irvine, his wife.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$2,487.22, with interest, costs and expenses of sale.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on SATURDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF OCTOBER, 1863, At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises:

All and singular the following described pieces, parcels or tracts of land and real estate with their appurtenances, situate, lying and being in the county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, to wit: Lot numbered seven (7), in block five (5), in Rice & Irvine's Addition to the Town of St. Paul; Also, lots numbered twelve (12), and thirteen (13), in block numbered seventy (70), in Dayton & Irvine's Addition to St. Paul, as designated on the plan or plats of said Additions, on record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county.

JAMES W. TAYLOR, Master in Chancery.
O. DALRYMPLE, Plaintiff's Solicitor. w au19-6w

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF Thompson Bro's., ST. PAUL, August 26, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem	
American Gold	22 per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

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SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, AND DEALERS IN Paints, Oils, Glass AND GLASSWARE, Perfumeries, Fancy Goods &C., &C., No. 111 Third Street, (UNION BLOCK.) ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to Our Full Stock of Goods, Which we are offering at a fraction over Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER. ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS, For sale at very low figures to close the stock.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS, Pills and Granules, at card prices.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR. Just received and for sale at close figures.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
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20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS, At lowest market rates.
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410 GALLONS VARNISH, Of various qualities and prices, at
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500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE, McCulley's Brand, at market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

Real Estate.

THIRD STREET PROPERTY. FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

FOR SALE, THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:

One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.

Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.

Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.

A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.

Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.

There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.

The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.

Inquire at the office of SPENCER & CARVER, Ingersoll's Block, or of GROFF & BAILEY, under Thompson's Bank.

Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.
St. Paul, June 3d, 1863. je4-3m

BROAD ACRES!

760 ACRES of land from 3 to 12 miles of ST. PAUL, will be sold in tracts of 40 acres, 80, 120, 160 and 240. The soil is a rich loam, with wood and water. Terms part cash, and the balance, if desired, on long time.

HENRY McKENTY, Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 6, 1863.—d&w6m.

ROBERT P. LEWIS ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW St. Paul, Minnesota, *Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge* ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF "THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY," Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress; Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.

Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.
oS-d tw&wly

STATE OF MINNESOTA, OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE, ST. PAUL, Aug. 15th, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 14th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD.

Said Wood to be paid for in State Warrants and delivered at the State Capitol, as required.
CHAS. SCHEFFER, State Treasurer.
au25-td

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We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best style, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell LOW FOR CASH OR Short Approved Credit.

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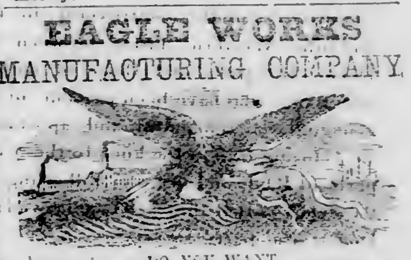
We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS, Importers and Jobbers, Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

EAGLE WORKS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.



DO YOU WANT STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS, PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS, PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS, PATENT STAMP MILLS FOR PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions, prices, &c., also, SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-d&wly

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH, SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS, No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes, Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch, CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS, FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent Hoist Wheels, for buildings, constantly on hand.
GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

GROCERIES, SHORES & TATOR Wholesale Grocers, 47 South Water Street, CHICAGO.
L. SHORES, F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO., SUCCESSOR TO Thompson, Whitney & Co Manufacturers and Jobbers of BOOTS and SHOES, 46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST and with very large addition to our HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

NEW YORK LEATHER STORE. NO. 4, ROGERS BLOCK. ST. PAUL, MINN.

H. ROGERS, having connected himself with one of the *largest* and *best manufactories* in the State of *New York*, has now opened a LEATHER STORE on a *more extensive scale* than is *usual* for a Western city, and he intends to sell as low as can be purchased in Chicago or Milwaukee, (freight excepted,) and having been engaged for thirty-five years in the leather trade, and being a PRACTICAL TANNER BY TRADE, feels assured from his knowledge and LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE BUSINESS, that he can bring such stock to the market as will suit all. Give us a call before you buy your stock.

Be sure and enquire for the "NEW YORK LEATHER STORE," No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul.

H. ROGERS & CO.

P. S.—All kinds of Hides bought for an Eastern tannery, for which the highest cash price will be paid. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT GOOD SOLE LEATHER, go to the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, where you can select from a large lot. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT THE REAL PHILADELPHIA Kip and Calf Skins, go to the
au5tw3m] NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.

IF YOU WANT A NICE ARTICLE OF FRENCH CALF SKINS, go to the New York Leather Store, where you can select from fifteen different brands. au5tw3m

THE PLACE TO BUY SHOE FINDINGS of all kinds is at the New York Leather Store, No 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul. [au5tw3m

GET YOUR LASTS at the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul, Minn. au5tw3m

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE G L E

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

SON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

C. PROAL,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS WAREROOMS,

Corner Third and Robert Streets.

A large assortment of

Ladies' Saddles, Gents' Saddles, Boys' Saddles, Gig Saddles Bridles and Martingales, Bits and Spurs,

Whips of all Sorts, Saddlery Hardware,

COACH HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, TROTTING HARNESS, SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS LADIES' LARGE DRESS TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS,

RAILROAD BAGS, HARNESS LEATHER.

☞ Also, everything pertaining to the trade for sale at reasonable prices.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 15th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:35 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generativ Organs, &c., &c.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Colleji Medici Ohiognsis*, Without degrading it into empyri cism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

The office is arranged in separate apartments, so that those who desire can consult the doctor with the utmost privacy. The Institute is provided with a *Spirometer* for measuring the vital capacity, and Prof. Schrober's *Pangymnastikon* for developing the muscular system in Seminal Weakness and other wasting diseases; also an improved apparatus and all the appliances for administering *Medicated Fumigation Baths*, now so celebrated in Europe for the cure of Syphilitic diseases.

While I prescribe for all kinds of diseases, attention is given more specially to the following:—Syphilis, in all its stages; Gonorrhœa; Gleet; Stricture; Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.; Hydrocele, or Dropsy of the Scrotum, Varicocele, and other diseases of the Testicles and Cord; Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula, and Diseases of the Rectum and Anus; and all complaints peculiar to Females. Also, Spermatorrhœa, or *Seminal Weakness*, for which our treatment is now admitted to be even more successful than that of Lallemand, of Montpelier.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home. Full particulars furnished on application by letter.

JUST PUBLISHED—The 20th edition of our *Medical Report*, containing 70 pages and numerou engravings, treating on the above diseases; sent to any address on receipt of price, 15 cts. Also, in press, and nearly ready, the 2nd edition of our large work on Venereal Surgery.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations can be had from 9 A.M. to P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS.

STRONG'S CARPET HALL,

225 Third Street, Rogers' Block,

where will be found a large assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C., &C

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

mar12-1y **R. O. STRONG.**

FREE WATER POWER IN ST. ANTHONY.

The St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company continue to offer mill sites on the Falls, with the right to draw water, both *free of rent* for five years, to any person who will improve unoccupied sites, by the erection of Oil or Paper Mills, Straw-Board or Starch Factories, Woollen, Flax or Cotton Mills. At the end of five years and each like term thereafter, the rents may be determined by three disinterested parties.

an1-1m* RICHARD CHUTE, Agent.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By the death of Mr. George T. Temple, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Temple & Beaupre is this day dissolved.

The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, and all persons having claims against, or indebted to them, are requested to call and make settlement without delay.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 7, 1863. au15-1m

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Temple & Beaupre will be continued by the subscriber under the name and style of the old firm From my old friends and the public generally, a continuance of the very liberal patronage which the former house received, is solicited.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 8, 1863. au15-1m

DE LAND'S FAMOUS

SALERATUS,

One Hundred Cases

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

au21-1w

J. H. MURPHY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Elfelt's Store, Lambert's Block,

THIRD STREET, - - - - ST. PAUL.

☞ Especial attention paid to Surgery.

au15-1m*

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN

Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

Dr. T. D. SIMONTON,

DENTIST,

Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square, St. Paul.

☞ Teeth inserted in the best style on Gold, ver and Vulcanite. je9

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAP AT

Wholesale and Retail.

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

Having leased the store occupied by L. G. John son & Co., and purchased their

Stock of Groceries,

May be found at

220 *Third Street, two doors above the North Western Express Office,*

Where they will sell

GROCERIES

AT VERY LOW FIGURES,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

We wish to close out this stock entirely as we propose to

CHANGE THE BUSINESS,

and open a

Paper and Stationery Store

in connection with our

Paper Mill at St. Anthony.

☞ All kinds of WRAPPING PAPER for sale, and the highest price paid in cash for rags ropes and old printed papers. jy15-tf

---

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffett's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar20.

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catwba Brandy.

Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

PALMER'S PURE VINEGAR,

FOR PICKLING AND FAMILY USE.

We would inform the public generally, that we are again manufacturing the above celebrated Vinegar, at our old place on Sibley-st, St. Paul. We are prepared to furnish the city and country trade at as *low prices* as *Pure* Vinegar can be bought in any market. Country orders will receive prompt attention

jy19-2m C. LEWIS & CO.

Freight & Express.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE

OWNED AND MANAGED BY THE

American Express Company.

On and after this date, by special arrangement,

The Merchants' Dispatch

Will receive and forward from this city to New York and Boston freights requiring quick transportation, at

Lower Rates and in Better Time,

Than can be obtained by any other route or conveyance except the regular Express, by passenger trains.

TIME GUARANTEED.

All shipments received at door of shipper and delivered at destination

FREE OF CARTAGE.

The well known reputation of this Line in transporting Westward bound business, during the last ten years, will be

A SUFFICIENT GUARANTEE

That all contracts made by it, will be faithfully carried out.

The Merchants' Dispatch

Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for

WESTWARD BOUND BUSINESS.

Our freights are transported by Emigrant and fast Freight Express trains, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.

Claims for Losses and Damages will be promptly adjusted at this Office.

For rates or further information inquire of

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,
Agents.

St. Paul, June 18th, 1863. je19-3m

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.,
Proprietors

ap21-d1y

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich.
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.

Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr20-d&wly'64

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

no14-d&w1y

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

USLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES,

Lawns and Organdies, &c,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c.,

Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

Third Street St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call an examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW LOT OF

LINEN COATS,

PLAIN LINEN DRILL PANTS,

AND A FINE LOT OF FIGURED

MARSEILES VESTS,

All of which we are prepared to sell at

REDUCED PRICES.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

Hotels.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

---

HERNDON HOUSE,

Corner of Third and Vermillion Streets,

HASTINGS, - - - MINNESOTA,

W. E. HUNT,

Late of the Merchants' Hotel, at St. Paul,

PROPRIETOR.

☞ Passengers conveyed to and from the Boats free. je19-3m

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF,

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE.

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER'S Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Miscellaneous.

FLOUR

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.

jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For——

jan1-d1y

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st., COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
(Irish High Toast, or Fundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin-Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; St. Jago; Spanish; Canister; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS.

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique,
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents,
1,000 do Plaid Arsollnas, 35 cents,
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents,
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode,

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

my26-tf ST. PAUL, MIN.

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

The Cheap Cash Store.

We will commence this morning selling our stock of SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

PARASOLS,

Summer Shawls,

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

BALMORALS,

COTTONADES AND LIGHT CASSIMERES,

At greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS,

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES,

Remember the place,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE.

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

je5-tf

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions, having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry. au11 GILMAN & CO.

PORTRAITS.

B. P. BARTLETT, Artist,

From NEW YORK CITY, is now prepared to

PAINT PORTRAITS,

Landscapes, &c.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

☞ He will also give lessons in Drawing and Oil Painting, at his Studio, over Munger's Music Store, Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minnesota.

jy10-tf

Hardware.

JUST RECEIVED,

A full stock of

Wagon Wood, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.,

Also, GRASS SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS RAKES AND CRADLES.

A few casks of

PITTSBURG COAL.

Always on hand at lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Spring Steel, Cast Steel, Nails, Spikes, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Carriage Trimmings, Thimble Skeins, Blacksmiths' Tools, Chains, and

Heavy Hardware.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

J. B. BRADEN.

ap17-1y

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, - - - - - - MINN.

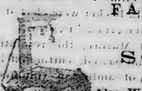
Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Rickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also, a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.

al-6m P. F. HODGES.

FAIRBANK'S



STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dw1y

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the owest market rates.

je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, BENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and ofr sale by

ap21 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

Boots & Shoes.

WE WILL SELL THE BALANCE

OF OUR FINE

Patent Leather Boots

At $5.25,

The Best Boot in America,

AND WORTH ALL OF EIGHT DOLLARS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PITCH IN.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, Feb. 27, 1863. feb27-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je3-y

WE HAVE RECEIVED

125 Cases of

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.

It is well known that our stock is the

Largest in the City,

And we are selling

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

Merchants in the country can buy of us at

CHICAGO PRICES.

ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

Guns & Pistols.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

Manufacturers of

Rifles, Muskets and Army and Navy Revolvers

For the U. S. Government.

We also manufacture a variety of

POCKET PISTOLS,

Of approved pattern, for both Ordinary and Fixed Ammunition, together with Rifle and Shot-Gun Barrels, Gun Locks, Mountings, and Gun Materials Generally.

☞ Price lists and Circulars furnished on application. Address

E. REMINGTON & SONS.

je14-3m Ilion, N. Y.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & HALL'S AND CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and other makes of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.

POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.

my31-3m

DEFECTIVE PAGE

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE G[illegible]E

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

[illegible]ON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

C. PROAL,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS WAREROOMS,

Corner Third and Robert Streets.

A large assortment of

Ladies' Saddles, Gents' Saddles, Boys' Saddles, Gig Saddles Bridles and Martingales, Bits and Spurs,

Whips of all Sorts, Saddlery Hardware,

COACH HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, TROTTING HARNESS, SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS LADIES' LARGE DRESS TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS,

RAILROAD BAGS, HARNESS LEATHER.

☞ Also, everything pertaining to the trade for sale at reasonable prices.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 15th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:35 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generativ Organs, &c., &c.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohiocensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Rumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

The office is arranged in separate apartments, so that those who desire can consult the doctor with the utmost privacy. The Institute is provided with a *Spirometer* for measuring the vital capacity, and Prof. Schreber's *Pangymnastikon* for developing the muscular system in Seminal Weakness and other wasting diseases; also an improved apparatus and all the appliances for administering *Medicated Fumigation Baths*, now so celebrated in Europe for the cure of Syphilitic diseases.

While I prescribe for all kinds of diseases, attention is given more specially to the following:—Syphilis, in all its stages; Gonorrhœa; Gleet; Stricture; Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.; Hydrocele, or Dropsy of the Scrotum, Varicocele, and other diseases of the Testicles and Cord; Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula, and Diseases of the Rectum and Anus; and all complaints peculiar to Females. Also, Spermatorrhœa, or *Seminal Weakness*, for which our treatment is now admitted to be even more successful than that of Lallemand, or Montpelier.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home. Full particulars furnished on application by letter.

JUST PUBLISHED—The 20th edition of our *Medical Report*, containing 70 pages and numerous engravings, treating on the above diseases; sent to any address on receipt of price, 15 *cts*. Also, in press, and nearly ready, the 2nd edition of our large work on Venereal Surgery.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations can be had from 9 A.M. to P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS.

STRONG'S CARPET HALL,

225 Third Street, Rogers' Block,

where will be found a large assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C., &C

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

mar12-1y **R. O. STRONG.**

FREE WATER POWER IN ST. ANTHONY.

The St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company continue to offer mill sites on the Falls, with the right to draw water, both *free of rent* for five years, to any person who will improve unoccupied sites, by the erection of Oil or Paper Mills, Straw-Board or Starch Factories, Woollen, Flax or Cotton Mills. At the end of five years and each like term thereafter, the rents may be determined by three disinterested parties.

au4-1m* RICHARD CHUTE, Agent.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By the death of Mr. George T. Temple, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Temple & Beaupre is this day dissolved.

The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, and all persons having claims against, or indebted to them, are requested to call and make settlement without delay.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 7, 1863. au15-1m

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Temple & Beaupre will be continued by the subscriber under the name and style of the old firm. From my old friends and the public generally, a continuance of the very liberal patronage which the former house received, is solicited.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 8, 1863. au15-1m

DE LAND'S FAMOUS

SALERATUS,

One Hundred Cases

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

au21-1w

J. H. MURPHY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Elfelt's Store, Lambert's Block,

THIRD STREET, - - - - ST. PAUL.

☞ Especial attention paid to Surgery.

au15-1m*

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN

Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

Dr. T. D. SIMONTON,

DENTIST,

Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square, St. Paul.

☞ Teeth inserted in the best style on Gold, Silver and Vulcanite. Je9

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAP AT

Wholesale and Retail.

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

Having leased the store occupied by L. G. Johnson & Co., and purchased their

Stock of Groceries,

May be found at

220 *Third Street, two doors above the North Western Express Office,*

Where they will sell,

GROCERIES

AT VERY LOW FIGURES,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

We wish to close out this stock entirely as we propose to

CHANGE THE BUSINESS,

and open a

Paper and Stationery Store

in connection with our

Paper Mill at St. Anthony.

☞ All kinds of WRAPPING PAPER or sale, and the highest price paid in cash for rags ropes and old printed papers. jy15-tf

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brands of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLEALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catwba Brandy.
Week's Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

PALMER'S PURE VINEGAR,

FOR PICKLING AND FAMILY USE.

We would inform the public generally, that we are again manufacturing the above celebrated Vinegar, at our old place on Sibley-st., St. Paul. We are prepared to furnish the city and country trade at as *low prices* as *Pure* Vinegar can be bought in any market. Country orders will receive prompt attention

jy19-3m C. LEWIS & CO.

Freight & Express.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE

OWNED AND MANAGED BY THE

American Express Company.

On and after this date, by special arrangement,

The Merchants' Dispatch

Will receive and forward from this city to New York and Boston freights requiring quick transportation, at

Lower Rates and in Better Time,

Than can be obtained by any other route or conveyance except the regular Express, by passenger trains.

TIME GUARANTEED.

All shipments received at door of shipper and delivered at destination

FREE OF CARTAGE.

The well known reputation of this Line in transporting Westward bound business, during the last ten years, will be

A SUFFICIENT GUARANTEE

That all contracts made by it, will be faithfully carried out.

The Merchants' Dispatch

Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for

WESTWARD BOUND BUSINESS.

Our freights are transported by Emigrant and fast Freight Express trains, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.

Claims for Losses and Damages will be promptly adjusted at this Office.

For rates or further information inquire of

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents.

St. Paul, June 18th, 1863. je19-3m

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

ap21-d1y Proprietors

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolfmann & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich.
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.

Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul Minnesota. apr29-d&w1y'64

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-d&w1y

WANTED

TO RENT—A House within a few minutes walk of the Post Office. Would like a lease for one, two or three years. Possession desired either now or in the fall. Call at or address

jy30-tf PRESS OFFICE.

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

USLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES,

Lawns and Organdies, &c,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS.

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

Third Street St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call an examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW LOT OF

LINEN COATS,

PLAIN LINEN DRILL PANTS,

AND A FINE LOT OF FIGURED

MARSEILES VESTS,

All of which we are prepared to sell at

REDUCED PRICES.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf **THIRD-ST.**

Hotels.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

HERNDON HOUSE,

Corner of Third and Vermillion Streets,

HASTINGS, - - - MINNESOTA,

W. E. HUNT,

Late of the Merchants' Hotel, at St. Paul,

PROPRIETOR.

☞ Passengers conveyed to and from the Boats free. je19-3m

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE.

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

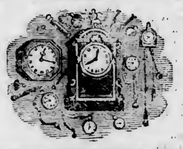
All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

apstf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,



Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. apls-1y

Miscellaneous.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.

jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, St. PAUL, For ——

jan1-d1y

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st., COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin-Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 25 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

my26-tf **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

The Cheap Cash Store.

We will commence this morning selling our stock of SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

PARASOLS.

Summer Shawls,

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

BALMORALS,

COTTONADES AND LIGHT CASSIMERES,

At greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS,

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES;

Remember the place,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE.

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

je5-tf

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.

Manufacture all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, or finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES.

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry. GILMAN & CO.

au11

PORTRAITS.

B. P. BARTLETT, Artist,

From NEW YORK CITY, is now prepared to

PAINT PORTRAITS,

Landscapes, &c.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Oil Painting, at his Studio, over Munger's Music Store, Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minnesota.

jy19-tf

Hardware.

JUST RECEIVED,

A full stock of

Wagon Wood, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.,

Also, GRASS SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS RAKES AND CRADLES.

A few casks of [illegible] nails.

PITTSBURG COAL.

Always on hand at lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Spring Steel, Cast, Shoe, Nails, Spikes, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Carriage Trimmings, Thimble Skeins, Blacksmith's Tools, Chains, and

Heavy Hardware.

Warehouse 151 Third street, St. Paul.

J. B. BRADEN.

ap17-1y

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Rickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.

al-6m P. F. HODGES.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dwly

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the owest market rates.

je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, BENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and ofr sale by

ap24 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

Boots & Shoes.

WE WILL SELL THE BALANCE

OF OUR FINE

Patent Leather Boots

At $5.25,

The Best Boot in America,

AND WORTH ALL OF EIGHT DOLLARS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PITCH IN.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, Feb. 27, 1863. feb27-1y

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

WE HAVE RECEIVED

125 Cases of

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.

It is well known that our stock is the

Largest in the City,

And we are selling

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

Merchants in the country can buy of us at

CHICAGO PRICES.

ap5-tf **WM. J. SMITH & CO.**

Guns & Pistols.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

Manufacturers of

Rifles, Muskets and Army and Navy Revolvers

For the U. S. Government.

We also manufacture a variety of

POCKET PISTOLS,

Of approved patterns, for both Ordinary and Fixed Ammunition, together with Rifle and Shot-Gun Barrels, Gun Locks, Mountings, and Gun Materials Generally.

☞ Price lists and Circulars furnished on application. Address

E. REMINGTON & SONS.

je14-3m* Ilion, N. Y.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,

Third Street St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Gentlemen to his large and well selected stock of SHOTGUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and other makes of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.

POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.

my31-3m

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CITY.

CITY COUNCIL.—The City Fathers held their regular meeting yesterday afternoon. Present Ald. Paine, Livingston, Steele, Peckham, Wright, King, Eddy, Fluk, Gross, Betz and Murray.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from Michael Cummings, Sr., Market Master, complaining of one John Egan, who rents a stall in the Market House, whom he says is disorderly, and keeps about him a set of persons who will not behave themselves. Referred to the Committee on Markets.

OPENING OF SEVENTH STREET.

A petition of property owners on Seventh street, and on the line of the proposed extension of that street, was presented, praying for the opening, widening and extension of that street into Fort Street. The petition was signed by persons representing 21,200 feet front, being two-thirds of the whole front. It begins to look now as if we were to have Seventh street opened at last—an improvement long earnestly desired by the public.

THE PUBLIC CLOCK.

The City Engineer was instructed to get up plans for a new cupola for the City Hall, to contain the new clock just completed by Mr. Illingworth. The four dials of the clock are to be six feet in diameter. The bell of the clock weighs 800 lbs., and the hour struck can be heard distinctly anywhere in the city.

OPENING OF STREETS.

The council then balloted for Commissioners to open St. Peter street. There were elected, John R. Irvine, G. L. Otis, W. Weis, D. D. Crumby, and J. Q. A. Ward.

As Commissioners to open 10th street, Jacob W. Bass, L. C. Collins, J. P. Kidder, John S. Prince, and Geo. L. Becker were elected.

BOUNTY FOR VOLUNTEERS' FAMILIES.

On motion of Ald. Murray, the resolution offered by himself and passed, cutting off the bounty after Sept. 1, of families of volunteers who had not made an allotment of pay to them, was rescinded.

ANOTHER CHARITY CASE.

On motion of Ald. Murray, the Council voted $25 to the Sisters of St. Joseph, towards the support of a little orphan girl named McCann, now in their charge. Several members opposed this, as a similar sum was voted them several weeks since in another case. The precedent having been set, however, a majority felt like sustaining it.

SEWERAGE TAX.

A half mill tax was voted on all property in the Third Ward, to pay for the Franklin street sewer.

The Council then adjourned.

THE NEW DRUG STORE.—We have inadvertently omitted to mention the new drug store recently established in this city by Messrs. Sims, Vawter and Rose. They formerly had three stores, one in St. Anthony and two in Minneapolis. Being convinced that in Union there is strength, the three stores united and are now engaged in business at 111, Union Block, in this city.

Their business is so extensive that they occupy from cellar to roof and offer inducements to customers which cannot be surpassed elsewhere.

On the first floor we find drugs for a general retail trade, perfumery, brushes, supporters, &c. Their shelves are crowded to overflowing, and you have but to name anything in their line to find it at hand.

It is by no means their intention to confine themselves to a retail trade and on the second floor, they have a wholesale packing room. This also contains glass ware, glass and heavy packages of drugs together with large quantities of loose light packages ready to be supplied in quantities to suit their country customers.

The third floor is used for lighter packages and bulky goods and is designed more especially for storage. Take the quantity of drugs and medicines displayed on these three floors, and you have enough to all appearances for all the sick men of America. It is astonishing that in such a healthy climate as this so large an establishment can be maintained, and it can only be accounted for on the ground that their superior facilities for supplying customers both wholesale and retail, enables them to concentrate in their house the trade that would otherwise be scattered in various quarters.

Their cellar is fully stocked with paints and oils of all kinds.

Mr. Vawter, one member of the firm, is at present in the East, making additional purchases, which will largely increase their stock

We are glad to see such a house at this opening in the city, and can commend the proprietors to our readers as worthy of their patronage.

ACCIDENT—A BANK OF EARTH CAVES IN.—Yesterday afternoon a bank of sand and loose dirt, which the workmen engaged on the Levee extension were digging into, suddenly caved in, and buried one of the workmen alive, besides breaking a wagon into splinters.

The other workmen at once pitched in with might and main to extricate their entombed comrade from the dirt and sand that had ingulphed him. Fortunately they hit on the right spot, and a few blows enabled them to unearth him. He was thus saved from a horrid death by suffocation, but his left leg was found badly broken below the knee. Dr. J. H. Murphy was called and dressed the limb. The name of the laborer is Timothy Kearney. He came from Belle Plaine recently, and lives near the Capitol.

Other laborers were supposed to have been buried also, but on calling the roll, they were all found safe. The dirt slide was a tremendous one, thirty or forty feet in height, and fifty feet in length. It is a wonder that several of the laborers had not been killed, though all but Kearney succeeded in running away.

AN IMPOSTOR.—A person dressed in military clothes, with one arm and leg, and a wound in the face, is going about the city, getting contributions under pretense of being a member of our First regiment, wounded at Fair Oaks. We learn, on good authority, that he is an impostor—a person who never was in the army, but got hurt in some way, and is now getting sympathy on a false story. He is, of course, entitled to aid as a cripple, but should not seek to gain that respect and sympathy which one of our brave wounded volunteers always commands.

GOOD NEWS.—We observe that Schnabel, who keeps the popular grocery in Temperance House block, has just opened a splendid lot of prime groceries. His store is exactly the place to go now, as George always has what you want, the best in the market, and cheaper than can be found almost anywhere else. Give him a call. Schnabel is a clever and honest merchant, and deserves the large patronage which he is gaining. He delivers goods free of charge.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.—It has been discovered by thousands of housewives in all sections of the country that D. B. De Land & Co.'s *Chemical Saleratus* is the only Saleratus that will produce a uniform result, and give perfect satisfaction every time. If once you try it, you will always have it.

METEOROLOGICAL NOTES FOR AUGUST, 1863.—The long drought, which had continued, with very slight modifications, during June and July, was relieved by a shower on the first of the month. A fall of rain, of nearly an inch, occurred on the 4th. This was succeeded by deposits of rain on the 6th, 7th, 12th, 13th, 18th, 19th, 23d, 27th, and 28th. These were moderate in their amount, but sufficient for purposes of vegetation.

Pastures took on new growth, and presented the vivid green of the early Spring. The harvest of wheat and oats was below the average, but far above what could have been expected. Late planted potatoes suffered most, and will hardly yield more than half a crop. The supply of vegetables generally has been very much reduced. Only cabbages seem to have withstood the power of the protracted drought.

A further disastrous effect was produced by the severe frost which occurred on the morning of the 29th. Ice formed of the thickness of a quarter of an inch, and a large portion of the corn crop within a distance of fifty miles from St. Paul, was destroyed. How much further its ravages extended, has not, as yet, been ascertained. The two, drought and frost, must have caused losses to the inhabitants of Minnesota to the amount of thousands of dollars, still the great crop, wheat, is understood to be little, if any, below an average yield.

Thermometrical observations give the following results:

Maximum of the month, (18th)	91°
Minimum " " (29th)	39°
Highest daily mean (1st)	80½°
Lowest " " (29th)	46½°
Greatest daily range, (30th)	24°
Least " " (23th)	8°
Range of the month	52°
Mean temperature of the month	67°
Mean clearness of the month	4.5
Mean force of the wind	2.2

For the two latter items 10 is the maximum, and 0 the minimum.

Rain fell on eleven days, and there were showers on three other days, depositing in all, 3.19 inches of water.

The number of clear, fair days was about 14.

The prevailing winds came from all quarters of the compass.

COMPARISONS WITH FORMER YEARS.

Mean temperature of August,	1859	69.48
" " "	1860	66.00
" " "	1861	67.27
" " "	1862	66.68
" " "	1863	67.00
Deposit of moisture "	1859 (inches)	2.72
" " "	1860	.88
" " "	1861	2.97
" " "	1862	4.58
" " "	1863	3.19
Total of rain for 8 months of	1862	24.31
" " "	1863	11.53

Deficit, as compared with 1862, which was which was very slightly above the average ..... 12.78 inches.

ST. PAUL, September 1st, 1863. P.

THE BLACK SWAN.—The Black Swan gave a successful concert at Minneapolis, to a crowded house. We understand that she will visit Hastings, Prescott, Hudson, Stillwater, Red Wing, and Lake City, as soon as the round can be made. Our readers in the above places will, of course, turn out to hear the Black Swan. Such a chance may not occur once again in a lifetime.

PIONEER HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY No. 1.—The members of the Company are hereby notified to attend a regular meeting of the Company to be held this evening at half past seven o'clock at the Truck House, By order of the Foreman.

T. JANSEN, Secretary.

Steamboat and River News.

☞ The river is reported to be on the rise still. There is about 30 inches to Prescott, and 20 large to Mendota.

☞ The Cutter was in port early yesterday morning. She left for La Crosse at the usual hour, as lively as a cricket. She is doing a large business.

☞ The Albany arrived from Carver last night. We are indebted to Mr. A. A. Clifford, her clerk, for a copy of her manifest, to be found below. The Albany leaves for Carver this morning at 10 o'clock.

☞ The Jeannette Roberts is earning great praise in her new line now. She left last night for Prescott with a good cabin-full of passengers.

RECEIPTS.

Per Albany.—B & C, 280 sks wheat, 2 trunks; Chas Miller, 280 sks wheat; Wm Davis, 1 crock butter; D L Howe, 2 trunks. H H G; Col E Belote, 1 keg butter; Jno Callender, 2 bxs plums; L C Kenniston, 1 do; Von Stohlman, 1 bag do.

Arrivals at the Hotels.

TUESDAY, September 1.

MERCHANTS.

O Curtis, P D C R R; A B Rogers, Waterville; D M West, Warsaw; L R Bentley, St Cloud; R W Roberts, Chicago; C T Metzner, Belle Plaine; Wm R Travis, Le Sueur; T D Smith and wife, Ft Abercrombie; Miss Fannie Thompson, Dayton, O; J McDonald, New York; Geo P Baldwin and wife, St Anthony; Jno Bennett, Chaska; L E Terrins, J E Schleuck, Stillwater; W S Chapman, Minneapolis; Sam Johnson, Lakeville; H F Lindsley, Ft Ridgely; Robt P Morris, New York; H T Bevans, Red Wing; Chas T Woodbury, Anoka; H J G Croswell, Monticello; H H Brackett, Minneapolis, Geo A Brackett, do; Thos Truesdall New York; R D Taylor; H G Campbell, Milwaukee; G Horr, Bloomington, Ill; Miss and Mrs Sposell, Lake City; Fred Tanner, St Louis; E M Brown, Martin Fox, Monticello.

INTERNATIONAL.

E H Carll, Hastings; Mrs Berry and child, Miss Berry, Boston; R Hall, St Paul; John J Copp, Groton, Ct; Thos E Bennett and wife, Winona; Master Bennett, do; Edward Bredell, W G Clark, St Louis; J P Hutchinson, Baltimore; Chas A Morgan, W F Merrill, White Bear Lake; Maj Margan, Ft Snelling.

AMERICAN.

R E Wainwright, Miss E Wainwright, Northfield; Jas Mullen city; M Shepherd, St Anthony; C M Forkins, Rochester; A S Welting, St Paul; Wm P Cross, Camp Hatch; A W Walls, Grand de Tour, Ill.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL.

Isaac Van Vleck, Ft Snelling; J F Fry and lady, St Cloud; B W Smith, city; Mrs Johnson, Lakeville; Geo Adams, Beloit; W S Perkins, Syracuse; J E Clark, Henderson; Jas Davis, Cottage Grove; S N Jones, Rockfield; G H Dow, Freeport, Ill; Hiram Thomas, St Croix Falls.

LOCAL NOTICES.

TO THE PUBLIC.—ST. PAUL, SEPT. 1ST, 1863.—FRANK WOOD respectfully announces to his scholars and the public, that his terms hereafter for Lessons on Piano, will be Twenty (instead of Fifteen) Dollars per Quarter. Quarters already commenced will, of course, be finished on the terms agreed. septt-3t*

GOOD LIVING.—Joe Hall presents a rare Bill of Fare to-day. Teal and Mallard Ducks, Prairie Chickens, Lamb Chops, Porter House Steaks—are but a small part of the many good things to be found at his Restaurant. septt-3t

PATRONIZE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF WISCONSIN, offers these advantages to those seeking Insurance:

It is a North-Western Institution—is at Hand—Operates in the Healthiest Section of the Union, and hence has the fewest losses—is strictly Mutual—all its Policies are Participant—puts out its Money at the highest rate of interest—does its business in the Cheapest possible Manner—has no half-note feature, which has been abandoned as dangerous by the oldest and best Companies in Europe and the United States.

The Hon. CHARLES SCHEFFER, State Treasurer, is Trustee of this Company for Minnesota; O. CURTIS, Local Agent; Rev. S. HAWLEY, General Agent for Northern Minnesota.

☞ Office in THOMPSON'S BLOCK, Third street, St. Paul. w&f au23-3m

Monetary & Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

Weekly Review of the Saint Paul Market.

WEDNESDAY, September 2.

The Money Market continues easy, and we observe a feeling of briskness which gives a bright tone to it. Of financial matters in the East, the New York *Tribune* of Friday says:

The money market is very easy at 5@6 ℙ cent, with exceptions at 7, and the supply is more than abundant for the demand. The inquiry for loans was brisk this morning, but was soon supplied.

The Dry Goods Market is still firm, and is gradually advancing, though no quotable change has taken place since our last. Prices of nearly all kinds of domestics have advanced. Heavy Sheetings are 1c per yard higher, and fine Sheetings have advanced 2c per yard. Prints are also quoted 1c higher, and Ginghams ½c. Our dealers here have all opened large stocks, and are now prepared to offer excellent bargains to interior merchants who wish to purchase dry goods, as they can be bought now in this market for less than they can be purchased in New York.

In Groceries we notice more doing this week. There is quite a brisk demand for Sugars, and, indeed, for most articles of staple groceries. There is no change in prices worthy of note.

GRAIN.—The Grain trade is becoming more brisk, and the receipts seem to be larger than last week.

WHEAT—Is brisk at 60@62c for new. Old quiet at 65c.

OATS—Are in request at 58@60c.

CORN—Firm at 60@65c.

RYE—Inactive—none offering.

BARLEY—In demand, and active at an advance of 10c. It is now quoted at 80@85c.

FLOUR.—We have little to comment on the Flour market this week, as it has been unusually dull, and there have been really no sales at figures that dealers were willing to disclose—perhaps because effected at a material concession. We believe the quotations we give to be correct:

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Superfine	$4 50	$5 00
Extra	5 00	5 50
Double X, City Brands	5 50	6 00
Winter Wheat, (XXX)	6 50	7 00
Corn meal, per cwt	1 60	1 75

HIDES.—There has been quite a business in Hides for a few days past, and the receipts and exports denote an active market. Sales reported at the following figures:

Green	6	@6½c
Green salted		7c
Dry	14c	
Dry flint	14	@15c
Green calf	10c	
Dry	15	@16c

BUTTER.—The pasturage has been much refreshed by the recent rains, and butter is more plenty, although not sensibly lower. It still ranges—

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Choice country roll	16@18	20@25
No. 2 " "	12@15	18@20
Best firkin	12@15	16@17

WOOL.—The Wool market is brightening up considerably, and the receipts have been quite good for a few days past. The price has ranged from 50@55c. About 8,000 lbs have been received during the past fortnight, most of which has been again reshipped.

WOODEN WARE—Unchanged and dull—as follows:

PAILS:—		CHURNS:—	
2 hoop	$2 60	No. 1	$14 00
3 hoop	2 90	No. 2	12 00
TUBS:—		No. 4	10 00
20 inch	11 50		
18 inch	10 00	Half bushel measures, per doz	5 50
16 inch	8 50		

CATTLE.—Fine beeves meet with ready sale now, and prices range from $2 25@2 50. The market has been pretty well supplied. Calves are more plenty than last week, and bring 4@5c. Sheep in demand at 5@6c. Dressed hogs 3@3 25. Milch cows $15 00@18 00.

SALT—Is more plenty and somewhat less firm. Sales of about 300 bbls are reported at—

Solar, per bbl	$3 75
Ground alum, per bbl	—
Dairy "	5 75
Salina "	3 65

BEESWAX—Is offered quite freely now, and commands 30c. Some lots have been shipped below the past week.

MEATS—Mess Pork, ℙ bbl., $10@11; Mess Beef, ℙ bbl., $9@$10; Clear Sides, 5; Hams, plain S. C., 9c; Shoulders, 2½@4; Dried Beef, 10c; Canvassed Hams, 12½c; Leaf Lard, 10c.

ALE.—XXX Pittsburgh 12@14; Scotch. pts. per doz. $2.25@$2.75; Drury and Scotten's ale, bbl. $8, ½ do. $4, ¼ do. $2 25, ⅛ do. $1.25; bottled ale $1.50; porter, pints 85c.

BEANS.—Mixed $1.50@1.75; best white per bu. $2.00@2.25.

POTATOES—Old, 40c; New $60@75c.

SUGAR—Brown, ℙ lb, 11@13½c; C. Coffee Sugar, 14c; Refined A. and B., 15@16c; Refined A. & Co., 16c; Powdered, 16½@17c; Crushed, 16½; Cut Loaf, 17c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, 90c@$1,30; Oolong, 90c @$1,20; Gunpowder and Imperial, 95c@$1,45.

WHISKY—Rectified, ℙ gall., 38@42c; Monongahela, 65c@$1; Old Bourbon, 65c@$2,00.

BROOM CORN—No sales—nominal—No. 1, $100 ℙ ton; No. 2, $60@$65.

EGGS—Tolerably plenty at 12½@14c.

FEATHERS.—Live Geese, 55@60; Indian, 15@20.

LEAD AND SHOT.—We note a decline of 10c in shot, viz—$2 50@2 55 per sk. Buck-shot $2 75 Pig lead —; Bar 10c.

CHEESE—11@13c.

PAINTS AND OILS.—White Lead ℙ 100 lbs, $10@11; Lard Oil, ℙ gal., $1 25; Neatsfoot Oil, $1,50; Whale Oil, $1,10; Linseed Oil, $1,40@$1,50; Turpentine, $5 00.

FISH.—No. 1 mackerel, per bbl. $15; No. 2, $11; No. 3, $10; dry cod, 6½@7c per lb; Herring, box, 60@75c; Codfish 7½c.

COFFEE.—Prime Rio, 32@33c; Laguayra, 35@37c; Java, 38c@40c; Mocha, 40c.

COAL.—Pittsburgh, per bu. 75c; Illinois, 40c.

IRON.—In cut nails we note a decline of 50c@ Common Bar, ℙ lb 6c; Horse Shoe, 7@8c; Sligo Bar, 8@8½c; Swede Bar, 8½@9c; Sheet Iron, 8@10½c; Sugar Kettles, 5¼c; Lead Pipe, 15c; English Cast Steel, ℙ lb 30c; Spring Steel, 12½c; Cut Nails, ℙ Keg, $6.

GLASS.—Is without any change—American Window, per box, 8x10 $3,25@3,50; 10x12, $3,50 @3,75; 10x14, $3,75@4,00; 10x16 to 12x16, $4,00@ 4,50; 12x18 to 12x30, $4,75@5,50.

MOLASSES—Plantation, ℙ gal., 60c; Sugar House, 70; Golden Syrup, 75@80.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 1—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat Quiet and unchanged; $82@ $1 05 for Chicago spring; 90@$1 12 for Milwaukee club, and $1 15@1 20 for winter red western.

CORN—1c better, 70½c.

OATS—A shade firmer, 52@56c for western.

PORK—Dull and drooping.

WHISKEY—Firmer.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, September 1—1 P. M.

Stocks opened lower and closed firm.

Money very active. Sterling, quiet.

Gold 27.

Reading 122; N. Y. Central 135½; Erie 118½; United States 6's '74 coupons, 97; 7-30's, 107; one year certificates, 99⅝.

[By Telegraph.]

Milwaukee Money Market.

MILWAUKEE, September 1.

Last night's New York report reported gold advanced to 128¾, but subsequently receding to 126¾@127.

This forenoon it is reported 127¼, and firm.

Our brokers quote it at 127 here.

WOOD LAND FOR SALE.

160 ACRES, with at least **1200** CORDS OF WOOD, exactly four miles from the centre of St. Paul, with which it is connected by an excellent road. The land is the best quality, with good grass and water, and commands a view of the city—will be sold in one body or in tracts of 40 or 80 acres.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, August 29th, 1863.—au29-3md&w

The "Martyr's" Welcome.

From the Detroit Tribune, Aug. 25.

The welcome received by the poor, persecuted martyr, Vallandigham, on his arrival at Windsor last night, was of a character which must have been in the highest degree gratifying to the lacerated feelings of the victim of "Lincoln tyranny." His coming had been delayed for several days, in order to allow full time for preparations, (not, as has been asserted, because his baggage was held for a board-bill at Niagara Falls,) and the ceremonies were well worthy of the occasion. The martyr was met at the depot by a deputation of citizens of Windsor and rebel sympathizers, headed by the distinguished ostler of the Huron's Hotel, flanked by a fierce-looking man with bushy whiskers, ex-captain of a company of rebel balloon artillery. After a short speech of welcome from the eloquent ostler, to which Vallandigham responded, as became a suffering martyr, only by sighs, tears and groans, a procession was formed in the following order:

1. A Porter's head.
2. A pair of stout shoulders supporting a valise.
3. Porter's coat-tail.
4. Vallandigham's cane, acting as honorary escort.
5. Vallandigham's nose.
6. Vallandigham.
7. Vallandigham's coat-tail.
8. A pair of bushy whiskers.
9. Owner of do do
10. Coat-tail, with white handkerchief exposed, of owner of bushy whiskers.
11. Dog—(*loquitur*, "Bow-wow.")

The following was the route taken by the procession: From the Great Western Depot to the street; into the street; across the street; into Hiron's Hotel; up stairs; into room No. 1,000. All along the route the street was lined with sympathetic walls and fences, which preserved the most profound silence as the martyr passed, unwilling to disturb his sad reflections by noisy demonstrations.

Shortly after he had taken up his quarters, he was visited by Acting Mayor Phelps, of Detroit, who offered to furnish the illustrious stranger with all the bread and bacon he should desire during his stay in Windsor, an offer which was gratefully accepted. John Hull shortly followed, with offers of unlimited beef. Other noted sympathizers crossed the river in small boats after dusk, to pay their respects to their patron saint. Among them, we understand was a well-known undertaker on Woodward avenue, who, with an eye to business, called on him to secure permission to furnish the coffin, hearse, &c., for the martyr's funeral, which he understood was shortly to come off in Ohio. We learn, also, that the veritable Wilbur F. Story, of the Chicago *Times*, ventured through our city last evening, in order to visit the martyr and taste of a bottle of tobacco-juice from Jeff. Davis' spittoon, which he had brought with him from Richmond as a great treat to Northern Copperheads.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—In Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au27-3md&w

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN, au18-3md&w No. 60 Nassau Street, New York.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON, St. Paul, au22-1m STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

C. F. WARNER, Agent.

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

Kathairon is from the Greek word "Kathro," or "Kathairo," signifying to cleanse, rejuvinate and restore. This article is what its name signifies. For preserving, restoring and beautifying the human hair it is the most remarkable preparation in the world. It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray.
It restores hair upon bald heads.

Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathairon. It is known and used throughout the civilized world. Sold by all respectable dealers.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., au15-eowdtw&w Proprietors, New York.

WYNKOOP'S ICELAND PECTORAL.

Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Pulmonary organs are ever prevalent, insidious and dangerous. The properties of a medicine to alleviate, cure and uproot these complaints, must be Expectorant, Anodyne and Invigorating, loosening the mucus of the throat, and imparting tone to the entire system. No discovery in medical science ever mastered this class of diseases like Dr. Wynkoop's Iceland Pectoral. It is used with the most astonishing results in all cases of Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Diptheria or Putrid Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Irritability, &c.

The Rev. J. J. Potter certifies, "that I have used Dr. Wynkoop's Pectoral for several years, myself and in my family, for severe Pulmonary Complaints, and have recommended it to many others, and have never seen its equal."

Rev. J. J. POTTER, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hundreds and thousands of important testimonials could be produced, showing its remarkable cures and that *it never fails*.

It is composed of pure Iceland Moss, Balm of Gilead, Peruvian Balsam, Elecampane, Comfrey, Burdock, and other invaluable expectorant and tonic ingredients. It is harmless, prompt and lasting. Invalids and sufferers cannot afford to neglect a trial. Every family should have it. It is remarkable for Croup. Full descriptions, recommendations and directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all principal Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. R. D. Wynkoop, and sold by D. S. Barnes & Co., New York. au15-eowdtw&w

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., General Agents, au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN AND DUNLIETH PACKETS.—I am pleased to be able to announce to the traveling public that the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company have supplied their Line with Low Water comfortable Passenger Boats, which enables passengers to make the same time and connections made in high water. G., D., D. & M. Packet Co., ORRIN SMITH, President.

☞ The Ada Hine, Capt. Beaumont, Charles Mathers, Clerk, will leave St. Paul every evening at half-past six, connecting with the Lower Packets for Prairie du Chien and Dunleith. au9-tf

O. CURTIS, *General Insurance Agent* Office in Thompson's Block, Third street.

L. H. Chute, Agent for Ætna Insurance Company, St. Anthony. June 24th, 1863. d1y

EDITOR OF PRESS—DEAR SIR:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully Yours, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, jn1d&w3m No. 801 Broadway, New York.

OUR NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

ARE ARRIVING.

FINE GOODS AND REASONABLE PRICES.

S. KILPATRICK,

St. Paul, Sept. 1st, 1863. feb27-1y

POSTPONEMENT.

Our regular monthly sale of stock is postponed to the second Saturday of September, in consequence of the Militia Muster being on the first Saturday.

septl-2t FAIRCHILD & MARCH.

WANTED!

A situation as Engineer or Machinist, Railroad work preferred. Address septl-1m A. W. RIDDELL, Hastings, Min.

HOPS! HOPS!

Otsego County Hops for sale. L. B. & C. GREIG, septl-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

AUCTION SALES OF HOUSES and Lots and Land, and 240 acres of Land to trade; old and new Watches; Revolvers and Rifles, Guns, &c., to sell cheap for cash.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers, Third-st., second door from the Merchants' septl Hotel, St. Paul.

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.

200 bbls. Mess Pork.
5,000 lbs. Lower Country Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams.

au28-2w J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

FARMER WANTED.

I want a responsible man and wife to take charge of my farm and sheep on shares. 300 acres of land—90 of it under plow. 200 sheep or more. Address,

jy7-tf H. W. BARRY, Dundas.

A MODEL FARM FOR SALE.

The well-known Larpenteur Farm, situated on the old St. Anthony Road, one and a half miles from the city limits, consisting of one hundred and twenty acres, all under fence and improvement, with Dwelling, Barn, Wagon and Wood Sheds, Milk and Ice Houses, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c., &c. Will be sold at a fair price and upon liberal terms. No better chance for a favorable investment. Apply to

au18-1m JOHN S. PRINCE.

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY will open its next session September 1st. Board and regular tuition $45 per quarter.

The proprietor has secured the services of Miss S. Etheridge, a graduate of Mrs. Willard's Seminary, Troy, N. Y., to instruct in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss E., besides having taught music in the South, has had charge for a time of the Musical Department in the Hamilton Female Seminary, N. Y., and is eminently qualified in her profession. Pupils who desire it, can take lessons in Vocal Music, training and developing the voice.

THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, under the care of J. G. Rihieldaffer, will open on the same day.

Address REV. J. G. RHIELDAFFER, au8 dtw w* Corner St. Peter and Summit av.

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys

St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

CORDAGE AND LEAD PIPE—JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale low, by je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

HENRY McKENTY, DEALER IN REAL ESTATE, SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and sell Real Estate on Commission. au8-d&w1y

THE LIGHT DRAFT AND commodious steamer ALBANY has been enlarged and refitted, and will continue, during the balance of the season, to make tri-weekly trips to Shakopee, Chaska, and Carver, on the Minnesota River, leaving St. Paul on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 10 A. M.

AARON RUSSELL, Captain. A. CLIFFORD, Clerk. au21-2m

STATE OF MINNESOTA, SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT, ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, St. Paul, Aug., 1863.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that that the lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken under the Excise Tax Law of the United States within Division numbered Four, comprising the County of Ramsey, will be open for examination, at the office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor, on the 29th day of August, A. D., 1863, and will remain open for the space of fifteen days from said time.

Notice is also given that appeals will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations by the Assistant Assessor of said Division, at the place aforesaid, on the 15th day of September, A. D., 1863, and immediately thereafter until all appeals are disposed of.

H. G. O. MORRISON, au26-t sept 15 Assessor, 2d District.

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

5 CENTS, 5 CENTS, 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 1542, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

MILWAUKEE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT, Jobbers and Retailers in

DRY GOODS,

172 and 174 East Water-st., MILWAUKEE, (the red front store,) Are receiving their complete stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FABRICS AND

YANKEE NOTIONS,

Which they offer to the trade

FOR CASH,

AT NEW YORK JOBBING PRICES,

Without regard to the present advance.

We ask the attention of early and large buyers to the SPECIAL BARGAINS which we offer in STAPLE GOODS, comprising

Over 200 Packages all bought at the low July Prices.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, FALL PRINTS, WHITE GOODS, FLANNELS, DENIMS, &c., &c.

☞ Our RETAIL STOCK is the BEST ASSORTED and cheapest in the State and has the great advantage of being ENTIRELY NEW AND ATTRACTIVE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT. au20-d tw&w

SECURITY AND ECONOMY.

The Mutual Life INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,

The largest in the U. S., having a cash capital of

Over Nine Million of Dollars,

Securely invested, is as its name implies, purely

MUTUAL,

Its entire surplus, deducting necessary expenses alone, being divided among the Policy Holders. The Dividends of this Co., are larger than any other, in some instances amounting to more than the Premium paid, and can be used to increase the amount insured or to reduce the Premiums

Information showing the superior advantages offered by this Co., can be obtained at the Insurance Agency of

P. W. NICHOLS, 161 Third Street, my6-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

CARD TO THE LADIES.

MRS. REDMOND,

SUCCESSOR TO MISS WASS,

Will sell at greatly reduced rates, all kinds of

Millinery Goods,

For a few weeks preparatory to going East for NEW GOODS.

St. Paul August 21, 1863. au21-2w

MISS GILL'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Eighth Annual Session will commence on MONDAY, September 7, 1863. Application for admission may be made to the Principal before September 7th, at her residence, corner of Eighth and College streets; after that date, at the school-rooms on Cedar street.

TERMS—Senior and Junior Departments, $10 per term of eleven weeks; Primary Department, $5.

St. Paul, August 21, 1863. au21:tsep7

WANTED TO RENT.

A small house of from two to three pleasant rooms, in a quiet location. Enquire at au28-1w* GEO. BENZ, Third-st.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.—SALE OF PINE TIMBER.

In pursuance of law, notice is hereby given, that on Tuesday, the first day of September, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Surveyor General of Logs and Lumber, in the city of St. Anthony, I will offer at public sale and sell to the highest bidder, permits for cutting the Pine Timber on certain School Lands situated on Rum River and its tributaries, as follows, to wit:

Section.	Town.	Range.	Minimum price per 1,000 feet.
16	37	26	$2 00
36	37	26	1 75
16	37	27	1 75
36	37	27	1 50
16 and 36	38	26	1 50
16 and 36	38	27	2 00
16	38	28	2 50
36	38	28	1 75
16 and 36	39	27	2 00
36	39	28	2 00
16	40	26	1 50
16 and 36	40	27	2 00
16	41	27	1 50
36	41	27	1 75
36	33	26	3 cts. per tie.

No permits will be sold for less than the minimum price per thousand feet, and all timber so cut will remain the property of the State, until full payment is made. An advance payment of $50 will be required on each tract purchased, the same to be forfeited in case of non-compliance with the terms of sale.

St.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1863. NUMBER 225.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, SEPT. 3.

FRONTIER DEFENCES—WHAT TROOPS ARE NEEDED, AND HOW MANY CAN MINNESOTA SEND SOUTH FOR THE NATIONAL CAUSE.

It is not unreasonable to expect that the voice of the people of the State will have some influence with the commandant of this military department in determining the number of troops that will be ordered away to swell the armies of the nation, soon to be gathered for the last great battles with the cohorts of the slaveholders rebellion.

While it is our first duty to see that our frontiers are adequately protected, we must not forget our duty to contribute to the grand armies of the nation every soldier that is not absolutely needed for the security of our own homes. It was for the war of the Union against the traitors and minions of slavery that the five infantry regiments now in the State were raised. It is our duty to send these forward to strengthen the thinned ranks of the national armies South; to relieve and support the gallant regiments from our own State that have made so glorious a record on Southern soil.

We propose to inquire what force will be needed within the State for the next nine months, or permanently, for security to our frontiers. If our confident belief that the war with the Sioux, so far as Minnesota is concerned, is at an end, should not prove true, still no expedition, no active campaign, will be begun before another Spring. There is no reason to apprehend any warlike demonstration upon the part of the Indians before another season. From the battle of Wood Lake, a year ago this month, until the opening of last Spring, all was quiet within our borders. And since the renewal of hostilities this year the war upon the part of the Indians has been entirely for the purpose of stealing horses—committing murders incident thereto. The total number of Indians that have been within the settlements this year probably does not exceed thirty. We have no evidence that at any time the Indians attempted or contemplated a descent upon our settlements in any considerable numbers that would have required a formidable force on our part to overcome.

If the war is renewed or continued, it is quite certain to be of the character of that of the present season. Small bands divided into twos and threes, stealthily moving about in the woods, and when discovered, rapidly retreating. To protect against and punish such an enemy, we do not require thousands of infantry massed in the forts, or even distributed in smaller posts along the frontier. We do not need infantry at all. The first murders committed by the Indians, this year, were in sight of, and under the shadow, as it were, of a stockade held by a detachment of infantry outnumbering the Indians two to one. We refer to the massacre on the south branch of the Watonwan last April. If a force of cavalry could have promptly pursued the Indians, they could have been destroyed, and any future raids of the kind discouraged and prevented. The bloody work was done before the stockade was aroused, and then the infantry was powerless to pursue.

What we want is an efficient mounted force, so stationed that upon the presence of Indians being known, prompt pursuit could be made and the catching and punishing of the miscreants rendered certain. Let this be done in a few instances, and our word for it, the red skins will keep a long distance between them and the settlements.

Much has been done within the last two months by citizens, the State militia, and the small force of mounted men left on the frontier. Little Crow, and probably one half of all the Indians that accompanied or followed him to the settlements, have been destroyed. This will go far to prevent a repetition of these raids, if indeed it is too much to hope that it will put an end to these adventures.

For the future we shall have Major Hatch's battalion of four hundred mounted men, and it is proposed to re-enlist five hundred of the Mounted Rangers, whose term of one year expires about the beginning of winter. These with one infantry regiment—mounted—would make a force of nearly two thousand—amply sufficient for the defense and protection of our borders.

There have been transfers made from the infantry regiments to the invalid corps, of several hundred men fit for garrison duty, enough, in connection with the artillery, to take care of all the forts in the State.

This would leave four infantry regiments—a splendid brigade—free to be moved South after a rest of a few weeks.

If hostilities on the Minnesota frontier should continue next season, rendering an expedition against the Indians necessary, of course an adequate force can be recalled from the South; if, indeed, the war with the rebels shall not by that time have been brought to an end.

We assume, and have no doubt, that Gen. Sully's column in Dakota will be kept there during the winter, in presence of the large number of hostile Indians west of the Missouri; and in order that it shall promptly do the work next Spring that it has, so far as we know and can judge, signally failed to accomplish the present season.

We have now within the State of Minnesota, a military force of nearly six thousand men. Shall all these be withheld when the need of the nation is so sore? Most of the infantry regiments are veteran, well drilled, inured to the march and exposures of camp life, and been under fire. *Three thousand* of these for immediate service would be worth *ten thousand* raw conscripts.

The late Copperhead Democratic State Convention, as a fitting accompaniment of its nominations and rejection of patriotic and war supporting planks from its platform, made an ostentatious declaration against any movement of troops from this Department consequent on a belief that the Sioux war is ended. It would exactly suit these allies of the rebels to keep away from the grand armies of the Union now marshalling for the final struggle, this magnificent contribution of our State so honored by the heroic deeds of the regiments she has already sent.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE!

The Mankato *Record* and the PRESS both gave the Hon. Senator Wilkinson credit for having secured to the school land fund of the State the 16th and 36th sections of the Winnebago Reservation, and report that that was Senator Wilkinson's business to Washington recently. We would not pluck a leaf from the well-earned laurel wreath which binds the brow of our honored Senator; but it is due to justice and fairness that honor should be rendered to whom honor is due, and the honor of having secured this valuable addition to the school lands of the State is due mainly to Attorney General Cole. Will the *Union* and PRESS please be just as well as generous?—*Faribault Central Republican.*

We copy the above as requested, in justice to our talented Attorney General.

The matter of the claim of the State to the 16th and 36th sections of the Winnebago Reservation, which were advertised for sale by the Indian Department, was purely a question of law, within the official province of the Attorney General, to whom it was submitted by the Governor.

Mr. Cole's able argument in vindication of the rights of the State—on file in the Executive office—was accepted as conclusive by the authorities at Washington, and decision rendered accordingly.

This is only one of numerous instances, of which the State files bear witness, in which the State has been indebted to the vigilance and ability of the Attorney General for the protection of its rights and interests from prejudicial assumptions on the part of the Washington bureaus, and from the encroachments of sharpers at home.

SHOULDN'T THROW STONES.

When the Editor of the *Pioneer* undertakes the preparation of that auto-biography which he promises the expectant public, we have no doubt we shall be able to contribute materials which will be found important to a truthful, if not a flattering, portrait of the chief hero and villain of the story. Among other interesting and valuable documents in our possession, or to which we have access, whose publication would throw a flood of light on a dark and enigmatical period of his life, is a letter from a distinguished Democrat in this State, who had personal knowledge of the circumstances, giving a minute history of Goodrich's connection with the fraudulent Sioux treaty of 1858, and of how he came into possession of a fraudulent Indian claim of $4,000, and of how he got it through Congress.

This little incident furnishes the key to several other curious episodes in his career, but we refer to it now merely to explain how it happens that Indian treaties seem to him such capital opportunities for stealing—and in order to point with the sting of a personal application the moral that "those who live in glass houses should not throw stones" at the occupants of more solid and defensible structures.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The Republican Union Convention for the Fourth Senatorial District met at Anoka on Tuesday. S. W. Farnham was chosen Chairman and W. W. Waterman Secretary.

On motion of J. B. Gilfillan of St. Anthony, Mr. J. S. Pillsbury of St. Anthony was nominated for the Senate by acclamation.

On motion of T. M. Stowell of Anoka, Jared Benson of Anoka was nominated for the House by acclamation.

On motion of T. E. Baldwin of Sherburne, Jonathan Ferrin of Sauk Rapids was nominated for the House by acclamation.

LETTER FROM JUDGE GOODRICH.

BRUSSELS, August 12, 1863.

DEAR SIR:—Your letter touching contributions from Minnesota for the World's Fair at Hamburgh, reached this city on the Fourth of July, too late, I am sorry to say, for your purpose. I can assure you, sir, and our friends in Minnesota, that it would have been my pleasure and pride to have represented our rising State in this behalf so far as I should have been able to do so at that vast gathering in Germany.

The occasion and object are worthy of the interest you have taken.

I am sir, very respectfully,
AARON GOODRICH.

WM. L. AMES, ESQ., President State Board of Agriculture, &c.

THE DESTINATION OF MAJOR HATCH'S BATTALION.

The *Nor'Wester* of the 19th ult. has the following, from which we infer that a portion, at least of Major Hatch's Battalion will spend the winter in the vicinity of Pembina:

We understand that Americans have been lately making extensive grain and provision purchases here for the U. S. troops to be stationed at Pembina—Major Hatch's battalion. They have paid 5s. stg. for wheat, and received but a very limited supply at that. We are happy to notice this additional outlet for the sale of farm produce; but with each new outlet it behoves our farmers to make increased efforts to meet the demand. Let not produce be so scarce and prices so high that Americans will be able to transport grain and other commodities hundreds of miles and yet compete with us at our own doors.

Democratic State Convention.

From the Northern Statesman (Faribault.)

A somewhat lengthy article which we had prepared in reference to the action of the Convention which assembled in St. Paul on the 25th inst., is crowded out by a press of other matter. We have little heart to say anything in regard to it. The proceedings were characterized by a feeling which we know does not represent the sentiment of the true Democracy of the State. A few designing men, animated by either personal pique or covert disloyalty, controlled the Convention and succeeded in placing the Democracy of the State in a false position. The party for several years past has been cursed with a few men who are active and ambitious and who stop at nothing to accomplish their own selfish ends. These men are always found in Convention, ready at any moment to sacrifice the party to gratify their personal prejudices to carry out some selfish scheme. We frankly confess that we have fellowshipped with this class of men as long as we can, and if the Democracy of the State are to be controlled by them we we prefer to "get out and walk."

The sentiments which are found in the resolutions adopted by our County Convention on Saturday last represent our views and, we believe, the views of every true Democrat in the State. Holding these views we cannot hoist the ticket nominated at St. Paul on the 26th ult. at the head of our paper.

The following is a portion of the eighth resolution passed by the Rice County Convention, which is alluded to in the article we quote above from the *Statesman*:

8. That the Democracy of Rice county do hereby repudiate the action of the so-called Democratic State Convention, which assembled in St. Paul on Wednesday, August 26th, 1863, and further declare that we will not be bound by either the Platform there adopted or the ticket there nominated.

The Story About the Invasion of Canada.

MR. D'ARCY M'GEE'S BUGBEAR DESTROYED

Some time ago Mr. Thomas D'Arcy McGee published in the Montreal *Gazette* a communication intimating that he knew that it was the purpose of the American government to invade Canada by sending one hundred thousand men to Montreal to cut the country in two. This announcement, coming from an ex-cabinet minister, occasioned no little excitement in the Canadas, which, however, was allayed by subsequent disqualifications of the alarming statement, showing that its only foundation was an alleged conversation of one Mr. Hart, of Montreal, with Secretary Seward. Mr. Hart now comes out under his own name, giving an account of the conversation in question, which, it will be seen, was not with Mr. Seward at all, and only a military opinion as to the tactics to be pursued in the event of a war. The following is Mr. Hart's letter:

QUEBEC, August 21, 1863.—Dear Holton:—You imagine my surprise and mortification on taking up this morning's newspaper to find that Mr. McGee had dragged Mr. Seward, Mr. Grinnell and my name before the public in his speech last night relative to militia affairs. As his version of the conversation, as coming from me to you, is not correct, but the reverse of what I stated of my interview with Mr. Seward, I wish you to take the earliest moment to place them right. I did not state to you, nor did Mr. Seward to me, of any thought on his part, or that of the United States government, of invading Canada, but the reverse. Mr. Seward spoke confidently of amicable relations, and in the highest terms of our present position and form of government.

You will thus see how wrong has been the use of Mr. Seward's name. I did tell you of a communication a high military man had with me in Washington, about the tactics that would probably be followed in the event of a war with England—that 100,000 men could, at short notice, be concentrated and thrown across the St. Lawrence, about or below the Island of Montreal, &c., &c., and you may possibly have confounded his remarks with Mr. Seward's. Some confusion of names and circumstances in respect of a casual conversation held more than a year ago, to which no particular importance was attached by either of us, is not to be wondered at. But the reference to Mr. Seward and Mr. Grinnell, as well as myself, having been made, I deem it my duty to these gentlemen to give a true statement of the facts.

Yours truly, THEODORE HART.

The Reaction Against Northern Sympathizers.

The reaction against Northern sympathizers with rebellion continues to gather strength and importance. In Ohio it promises to sweep into utter ruin the Vallandigham faction. The latest indication of the popular feeling in that State is furnished by an address issued by prominent and influential Democrats of Hamilton county (including Cincinnati,) condemning the whole Vallandigham policy, and appointing a public meeting, to which all Democrats who are in favor of supporting the Government are invited.

The persons engaged in this movement include Mr. Joseph C. Egly, the leader of the German Democratic element; Robert A. Johnston, who represents a Democratic ward in the Common Council; P. Mallon, a judge of the Probate Court, elected by the Democratic party, and others of equal prominence and established reputation as Democrats. The address of these gentlemen says:

It is manifestly our duty as Democrats, in the present crisis, to pledge the Government not only all the aid in men and means which the emergency requires, but also by our votes to yield it that moral support so necessary to the speedy accomplishment of its object.

Entertaining these views, it is clearly impossible for us to support as our candidate for Governor of the State of Ohio a man who, from the commencement of the war, has, as we believe, placed himself in direct opposition to the Government, and who desires to propose terms of peace to traitors, who openly declare they will accept peace on no terms short of a recognition of a Southern Confederacy.

The true Democracy are in favor of peace, but on such terms only as will recognize the perpetuity of the Federal Union—peace on any other terms is treason.

—The Government has realized sixty thousand dollars from the sale of horses left by Morgan along his route through Indiana.

Our Army Correspondence.

Letter from the Second Minnesota

Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

CAMP NEAR BATTLE CREEK, Marion Co., Tenn., Aug. 25, 1863.

The present position of the Second Minnesota Regiment is at the mouth of Battle Creek, four miles above Bridgeport, where Bragg destroyed the costly railroad bridge over the Tennessee river, and only two miles from the Alabama line, and about four miles from the north west corner of Georgia.

It is thirty miles to Chattanooga where the present indications show that the rebels have rallied, with the intention of making another stand, but they will find that place too warm, if Burnside ever reaches East Tennessee, for *we* are farther south than Chattanooga, and can soon cut off their communication and retreat South.

Our brigade, commanded by Col. Van Devere of the 35th Ohio, occupy the same position held by Major General McCook one year ago, and the old deserted earth works again swarm with Yankees.

The rebels are encamped just the other side of the river from us, and their pickets occupy one bank, all in plain sight, while ours do the other. They fired two shots at our pickets when we first came, (21st,) but since by mutual agreement not a shot is fired, and our boys go in swimming on this side while the rebels are in on the other. One of our boys swam nearly over, but their officers told him that he had better go back for they should hold him prisoner if he came over, so he came back.

Much talking, questioning and blackguarding passed between the "rebs" and and our boys. One reb. being asked to come over and see a "live Yankee" silenced his questioner by saying that he had seen *dead* ones enough. After listening to many questions asked them yesterday, I summed up the information gained as follows: A "right smart of regiments over thar," and "whisky a dollar a drink." We could not induce them to come over by promising them a few drinks, nor would they promise to let us back if we would swim over there.

We lay in camp near Winchester, four weeks before commencing our late march to East Tennessee. Winchester is the county town of Franklin county, and is fifteen miles south of the late rebel stronghold Tullahoma. We camped near there a few weeks over a year ago, and the place will long be remembered by the boys of the Second Minnesota as the place where they killed the noted guerrilla, "Bob Custard;" besides it was near this place where Gen. Robt. L. McCook (our brigade commander) was brutally murdered.

I think the citizens of the vicinity will long remember the 9th Ohio and 2nd Minnesota, for the "houseless chimnies" will long bear testimony of "invading Yankees."

August 16th we struck camp and took up our line of march east, and the 18th we climbed the steep and rugged sides of the Cumberland mountains. After reaching the top we found a very good road for ten miles, when we descended the eastern slope into a valley which follows Battle creek to the Tennessee river.

We camped one night on the summit of the mountain, at "University Place," where a few years ago the rebel General Polk laid the corner stone for a Southern University, where the young men of the South could receive an education—without going north among the Abolitionists, where their views in regard to the "peculiar institution" were liable to become corrupted. All that has ever been done toward its construction is the building of two immense sheds and two immense block houses for the workmen, and the laying of the corner stone. The site cannot be excelled. When the dense timber is cleared off, the eye can scan the mountain ranges and valleys of East Tennessee, and the level plain of Middle Tennessee where the rebel and federal armies have swayed back and forth.

After descending into the narrow valley, we laid over one day for rest, which may be remembered as our first day in East Tennessee, whose loyal people have suffered more the past two years than can be easily imagined. The brutality committed by men serving Jeff. Davis upon some of these Union loving Tennesseeans, will equal anything committed by "Little Crow's band," and not half of those evil deeds will ever be brought to public view. I will mention one of the many outrages, which was committed in the neighborhood where we camped two nights.

Just before our late advance the rebel conscript officers came about picking up all able bodied men, and on being refused by one woman to tell where her husband was, *he tied her up to a tree and whipped her upon the bare back until the flesh was cut open in numerous places*, but still the noble woman refused to tell where her husband was. Several women who helped dress her wounds and attended her while she was helpless from the effects of the wounds, told us the particulars about it, and had I the least doubt about its correctness I should not mention it. Many are the children about here that have been whipped and hung up by their heels to make them tell where their fathers and brothers were.

I have run this to such a length that I will cut short by signing myself

"OCCASIONAL."

P. S.—Since closing my letter the rebels have left opposite Bridgeport and this place and gone towards Chattanooga Several deserters have came across the river here—one this afternoon, just after the rest left—bringing with him his arms and a mule. On reaching this side of the river he handed his gun to one of our boys saying: "Here's a gun for you; I have used it all I want to.

O.

A DEMOCRATIC County Convention was held at Minneapolis on Monday and placed the following ticket in nomination:

County Treasurer—J. C. Oswald.
Judge of Probate—S. A. Armstrong.
Court Commissioner—N. H. Miner.
County Commissioner—L. W. Rolme.
Senator—Franklin Steele.
Representatives—J. M. Eustus, Frank Beebe.

The Secret Out.

Gold suddenly went up yesterday in this market. The rise was nearly two per cent. Men in Wall street didn't know exactly what it meant till the top notch had been reached, but then they found out all about it. People who didn't know anything about Wall street till they saw the afternoon papers discovered that gold was up, but that was all they could discover. Last night there was great hunting around town for the cause of this sudden inflation—an inflation without any palpable reason, for our arms had sustained no defeat, the seige of Charleston was getting on well, the rebels moaned and loyal men exulted.

We are glad to be able to enlighten the public as to the causes of this singular phenomenon. The explanation is as follows:

1. Jeff. Davis has sold Texas to the Emperor Napoleon.
2. The bargain is to be closed immediately.
3. The money—several millions of it—is to be paid in gold.

And, 4. Napoleon is buying gold in this market, having no other place to buy it in, for the purpose of making payment.

Whereupon gold went up two per cent. It fell back to the old rate two hours afterwards; and the inference is that the Emperor had purchased within that brief period all the gold he wanted to complete his bargain.

So the secret is out.—*N. Y. Evening Post, 28th. ult.*

New Advertisements.

AUCTION SALE OF DRY GOODS.

FAIRCHILD & MARCH

Sell Dry Goods next Friday (and every Friday) at 10 o'clock at their store, Rogers' Block, Third-st., one square above the Bridge.
sept3-2t FAIRCHILD & MARCH.

WANTED,

A situation, by a young man from the country, who is desirous of getting a situation in either a Grocery or Dry Goods Store. Can come well recommended. Address
WILLIAM A. J. BRAKE,
sept3-1w* Oakdale, Washington Co., Min.

St. Joseph's Academy for Young Ladies,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

The Fall Session of St. Joseph's Academy will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th.
For circular, specifying terms, &c., apply at the Academy in person or by letter.
Address The Mother Superior, St. Joseph's Academy, St. Paul, Min. sept3-d&w1m

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

Notice is hereby given that an adjourned meeting of the Board of County Commissioners will be held at the County Auditor's office, on THURSDAY, September 3d, 1863, for the purpose of equalizing the Tax-Roll of 1863.
WILLIAM H. FORBES, County Auditor,
sept2-2t By ISAAC H. CONWAY, Deputy.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.

OUR

DRESS GOODS

DEPARTMENT

Is replete with all the latest styles and fabrics, comprising in part a beautiful line of

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,
ALL WOOL PLAIDS, all colors,
PARIS OTTOMANS,
SILK STRIPE CREPE,
BROCADE REPS,
PLAID MOHAIRS,
ANELINE PLAIDS,
MUSLIN DELAINES, &c,

From 25c a yard to 1.50.

In Shawls and Mantles,

We have everything now and desirable, containing upwards of

200 of the Latest Styles.

We have made such arrangements in New York, that we will be continually in receipt of

New Patterns.

We have a large stock of CLOAKINGS, and are prepared to make MANTLES to order on a day's notice.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

For Ladies and Misses, a large assortment; a complete line of BRADLEY HOOP SKIRTS, for Ladies, Misses and Children; all the favorite brands.

In the Hosiery Department,

You will find everything needful in English, German, and Domestic HOSIERY.

We have now a full line of those heavy iron frame British Hose that have been in such demand.

We have a splendid stock of

Cloths and Cassimeres.

We would call the attention of Merchant Tailors to these goods, having been bought well we will sell them low.

To Country Merchants

We would say, that having bought our Domestic Goods at July prices, much less than present, we are enabled to job Goods at

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE PRICES.

We have now a representative in New York who will attend all auction sales picking up bargains wherever found; we have, therefore, an advantage over others,—all will do well to call on us before purchasing.

Hogan & Camp,
142 Third-St.

LATEST NEWS,

By Telegraph.

England Remonstrates With the United States.

John Bull Dislikes to Have His Trade Meddled With.

THE UNION CONVENTION IN MISSOURI.

Schofield's Removal Demanded.

The President is Requested to Assign Butler to Command.

Rebel Sympathizers Ordered to Leave Kansas City.

FROM MISSOURI.

Union Convention at Jefferson City—Gen. Schofield's Removal Demanded—Gen. Butler Called For by the People.

JEFFERSON CITY, September 1.

The radical emancipationists met here in State Convention and effected a permanent organization, with Judge Wills in the chair and two vice presidents from each Congressional district. Four-fifths of the counties of the State are represented and other delegates are yet to arrive.

Candidates for the supreme bench and judges of the State are to be nominated.

The following resolution created the wildest enthusiasm and was referred to the committee on resolutions:

Resolved, That upon unanimity of feeling existing between Union men in Missouri and Illinois, we respectively request the latter, while assembled in mass meeting to, join us in appealing to the President for such a change of administration in the Department of Missouri as will correct the evils of the policy of pro-slavery conservatism and concession to the rebels, which has permitted the massacre of Lawrence, and under which truly loyal men of Missouri are to-day suffering the inflictions of murderous civil wars from the presence of large numbers of enemies to the Government, while every foot of her soil is under Federal rule.

A resolution was adopted declaring it expedient for this Convention to make necessary arrangements for calling a conservative convention to adopt and submit to the people an ordinance in relation to emancipation and such other measures as to will tend a pacific state.

A resolution was also adopted recommending the people to instruct their delegates that each member who would not pledge himself in writing, to vote for the call of a new convention should be published in every paper in the State.

The following was also adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby demand of Gen. Schofield permission to recruit negroes belonging to disloyalists in this State, and that, as the exigencies of the times indicate a change of department commanders, we appoint a committee to draft a memorial, which shall be signed by the members of this Convention, requesting the President to assign Gen. Butler or some other suitable man to command this department.

Resolved, That we regard the President's Proclamation of January 1863, as irrevocable and we request our Legislators and representatives in Congress to use their utmost endeavors to have our National Constitution amended, prohibiting slavery in the States now free, or hereafter applying for admission into the Union.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Advices from China and Japan—Correspondence Concerning the Bahama Trade.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.

ADDITIONAL FOREIGN NEWS.—SPAIN.—It is asserted that the ministry will not consider the Mexican question till Arch Duke Maximilian's decision is announced in regard to the acceptance of the Mexican throne.

CHINA.—SHANGHAE, July 4.—The city is quiet.

The imperialists attacked Nankin, and captured the outworks.

JAPAN.—Intelligence from Japan announces the Japanese had paid the indemnity demanded by England.

The Mikadado had issued an order to expel all foreigners and close the Japanese ports.

The loss of property by the earthquake at Manilla reaches forty million dollars.

GREAT BRITAIN.—LONDON, Aug. 23.—The official correspondence published by the London *Times* to-day, regarding Federal interference in the trade with the Bahamas, winds up with a letter from Earl Russell to Lord Lyons in which he says that the British Government had some reason to hope that the confiscation of the U. S. Government would have been discontinued under representations from the British Government, but such not being the case, Russell instructed Lord Lyons to address a remonstrance to the U. S. Government.

Reaping the Whirlwind—Rebel Sympathizers Ordered to Leave.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 1.

About 60 persons, chiefly heads of families, residents of this city and vicinity, who are believed to be aiders and abettors of the rebellion, or strong sympathizers with it, have been ordered to remove from the District by Gen. Ewing. The list includes many of the wealthiest and most influential families in this vicinity. Their houses will be taken for the families of Union refugees. Many orders for the removal of rebel sympathizers at Westport and Independence are also being made.

Preparations for a Rebel Raid.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.

The *World's* special states: We learn from private sources that Gen. Hood, Stuart's successor, has been reorganizing his cavalry at Culpepper, with the intention of making a raid. The direction is unknown.

The Captured Gunboat Officers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.

When the officers of the captured gunboats Reliance and Satellite are liberated, there will be a searching investigation, and if the loss occurred through carelessness or neglect, as represented, the parties will be severely punished.

Lee Said to Have Crossed the Rappahannock.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.

A report reached Washington to-day that a large number of the rebel army yesterday crossed the Rappahannock at Port Conway, for the purpose, it is supposed, of flanking Gen. Meade. Although such a movement is not improbable, the report needs confirmation.

Bids for Flour.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.

The bids opened yesterday to supply the Government with flour, ranged from $6 10 to $7 05 for No. 2, and from $6 00 to $6 50 for No. 3. There were only two bids for furnishing No. 1 flour, at $6 93 to $7 25; 229,000 barrels were offered. It was decided to take all flour offered at $6,30 and under, amounting to about 38,000 barrels.

FROM ITALY.

Garibaldi's Address to Abraham Lincoln.

Correspondence of the New York Tribune.

TURIN, Aug. 6, 1863.—I received this morning the copy of the following address:

To Abraham Lincoln, Emancipator of the Slaves in the American Republic:

CAPRERA, August 6, 1863.—If, in the midst of your Titanic battles, our voice can yet reach you, let us, O Lincoln, free sons of Columbus, send you a word of good wishes and of admiration for the good work that you have begun.

Heir of the aspirations of Christ and of John Brown, you will pass to posterity with the name of Emancipator; more enviable than any crown or any human measure.

An entire race of men, bowed by selfish egotism under the yoke of Slavery, is at the price of the noblest blood of America, restored by you to the dignity of man, to civilization, and to love

America, mistress of liberty to our fathers, opens again the solemn epoch of human progress, and while she astonishes the world by her gigantic daring, she makes us sorrowfully think how this old Europe, which also fights so great a battle for liberty, finds neither mind nor heart to equal her's. While the revelers in despotism raise their bacchanalian rejoicings over the fall of a free people, let free men religiously keep sacred the day of the fall of slavery. There are mysterious parallels in history—the robbery of Mexico and the Lincoln Proclamation. Prosperity to you, Abraham Lincoln, pilot of Liberty; hail to all you who for two years have fought and died around her regenerating banner; weal to you, redeemed sons of Ham—the free men of Italy kiss the glorious marks of your chains.

The address is signed by the Italian Liberals, the first named being that of Guiseppe Garibaldi, who also wrote it.

The General has recovered from his wound, and takes every day a ride on horseback, on a lad's saddle, not to hurt his foot, which is yet very tender. He can walk without crutches with the aid of a simple stick, and, delighting in boating, he plies the oar with all the vigor of youth. One or two months rest will make him able to take once more the field.

MARRIED.

Sept. 1st, at the residence of the bride's uncle Cottage Grove, Minnesota, Mr. SOLON BUFFUM, of Westmoreland, N. H., to Miss ADELINE L. DAUL, of St. Paul, Min.

New Advertisements.

LAND TO TRADE.

Forty acres of land in Shawanaw County, Wisconsin, to sell cheap for cash, or to trade for a good team.
sept3 H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers.

TWO PIANOS FOR SALE FOR CASH.

One excellent Chickering, Rosewood, full iron frame, 6½ oct. Price $200. One very good, Griffen & Scudder, Rosewood, 6½ oct. Price $250.
Address forthwith C. A. WIDSTRAND,
sept3-3t* Minneapolis, Min.

LAW BOOKS FOR SALE.

Maine Reports	38 vols.
Massachusetts Reports	17 "
Pickering's Reports	24 "
Metcalf's Reports	13 "
Cushing's Reports	9 "
Gray's Reports	2 "
Selden's Reports	4 "
Comstock's Reports	4 "
Berman's Reports	3 "
Smith's Leading Cases	2 "
Greenleaf's Overruled Cases	1 "
Phillipps on Insurance	2 "
Code Reports	3 "
" " New Series	1 "
Howard's Practice Reports	15 "
Compiled Statutes of Minnesota	1 "
U. S. Statutes at Large	11 "
Byles on Bills	1 "
Bacon's Abridgement	10 "
Bouvier's Law Dictionary	2 "
Whittaker's Practice	2 "
New York Code	1 "
Chitty on Pleadings	3 "
Van Santvoord's Pleadings	1 "
Barbour's Criminal Law	1 "
Russell on Crimes	2 "
Harrison's Digest	7 "
Eastman's Digest	1 "
Minot's Digest and Supplement	2 "
Cruise on Real Property	3 "
Ames & Perard on Fixtures	1 "
Law's Practice in U. S. Courts	1 "
Vattel's Law of Nations	1 "
Bigelow's Digest	1 "
Montesquieu's Spirit of Laws	2 "
Bayley on Bills	1 "

The above mentioned Law Books are in good condition, and will be sold "cheap."
MORRIS LAMPREY,
sept3-3t Heyward's Block, St. Paul, Min.

NOTICE TO MY FRIENDS.

The undersigned, having engaged his services to Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., would be happy to see all his old friends and customers at their store, corner of Levee and Sibley streets.
LOUIS KREIGER.
Sept. 1st, 1863. sept2

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags, Robert-st., first store from Third-st.
mar18tf WEST & CO.

GREEN CUCUMBERS AND TOMATOES WANTED.

Four Bushel Burlaps and Sewing Twine for sale.
Tents for Hire to Excursion and Hunting Parties.
C. W. WOOLLEY,
Corner Sibley and Third Street.
St. Paul, Aug. 26, 1863. 26-d1w

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

THE U. S. SUPREME COURT AND THE REBEL STATES.

The Rochester (N. Y.) *Express* claims to have private information that one of the Judges of the United States Supreme Court, supposed to be Justice Nelson, has written an opinion on the legal condition of the revolted States on the conclusion of the war for the suppression of the rebellion, and that his opinion is concurred in by the whole Bench, including Chief Justice Taney. The opinion is said to maintain that the States in rebellion have lost their rights as States, and must come into the Union simply as territories subject to the General Government and entitled to its protection. New State organizations may be formed by the people, under the Constitution and laws of Congress, as in the case of other territories, but the old States cannot come into the Union with their present organization and officers still reeking with the horrible crime they have committed against the national life.

A CURIOUS PHENOMENON.

A correspondent of the *Evening Post* asks the scientific readers to explain the following curious phenomenon:

Fill a common wine-glass with water, so that it will be difficult to add more without overflowing, or, except with a very steady hand, to raise it to your lips without spilling.

If asked how many pins could be dropped into this glass thus filled without causing the water to overflow, some perhaps would answer, half a dozen or a dozen, others might say possibly twenty or thirty; many would affirm the impossibility of putting in a single pin; none who had ever seen the experiment tried would believe it possible that eight or nine hundred pins could be placed in the glass without the overflowing of a drop of water. Yet such is the fact, as any one can satisfy himself by careful experiment. It is only necessary to drop the pins in, points downward, gently and cautiously, one two or three at a time, and you can continue it till the glass is pretty closely packed with the pins, and they are piled half an inch or an inch above the surface.

We are afraid that this is something like the question which puzzled the ancient philosophers so long—"Why a fish weighed more out of the water than in it?"

After a vast deal of elaborate philosophizing and dissertation, some one bethought to him to see whether a fish actually did weigh more out of the water than in it, and we would advise our readers to test the accuracy of the above statement by experiment before committing themselves to any very laborous search for the cause of the phenomenon.

MORE OF THE CAPTURED CORRESPONDENCE.

Here is another of the "Democratic" letters found among Jeff. Davis' papers at Jackson. Miss:

Mr. Jefferson Davis:

PHILADELPHIA, March 7th, 1860.—*My Dear Sir:*—Can you tell me if General Larman is likely to remain much longer in Nicaragua? I should like to go to that country, and help *open it to civilization and niggers*. I could get strong recommendations from the President's present friends in Pennsylvania, for the place, were the mission vacant, and I think I would prove a live minister.

I am tired of being a white slave at the North and *long for a home in the sunny South*.

Please let me hear from you when you have leisure. Mrs. Brodhead unites with me in sending kind remembrances to Mrs. Davis and yourself.

Sincerely and gratefully your friend,
JOHN BRODHEAD.

The author of the above inexpressibly abject letter was regularly nominated last week by the Democratic city convention of Philadelphia as the candidate of the party for City Treasurer.

He is a fit standard bearer for the Woodward Copperheads.

Quantrel, the Brigand.

The infamous monster who perpetrated the inhuman massacre at Lawrence, is, we believe, a native of Maryland. At any rate, he once lived at Cumberland, in that State, and there attempted to kill his wife. For this he was placed in jail, where he raged and roared like a wild beast. He finally made his escape to Kansas, where, for a time, he was known as a Free State man, and as such, took part in the Kansas war, in 1855 and 1856, and also in the border fights in 1861. For some reason he became estranged from the Union cause, and espoused that of the rebellion, and took up the pursuit of bushwhacking. He is a skillful partisan leader, bold, daring, and as merciless as a hyena. With a large force of experienced border fighters now on his track, his escape is hardly possible. He will probably be overtaken; and when overtaken, his shrift will be a short one.

THE Albany *Argus* calls upon Mr. Fry, one of the editors of the *Tribune* who was recently drafted, to take his musket and go into the ranks, or otherwise threatens to roast the *Tribune* for its inconsistency.

The *Tribune* replies that Mr. Fry was obliged two years ago to resign an appointment as Secretary of a Legation to an Italian court, on account of ill-health —and that there has been no time since when he could have endured a day's march; and so requests the *Argus* to try again.

Another Season of Fasting and Prayer Down South.

We find the following order from General Beauregard, relative to the observation of fast-day:

"HEADQUARTERS DEPT. OF SOUTH CAROLINA, GEORGIA AND FLORIDA, CHARLESTON, S. C., August 20, 1863.— The 21st day of August, 1863, having been designated by the President of the Confederate States as a day on which it was meet that our people should bow in humble submission under the chastening hand of the Almighty, and with reverent prayer beseech the favor of our Heavenly Father for our country, in this day of supreme trial; therefore, it is ordered that all military duties in this department shall be suspended between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M., on that day, except such as are necessary for the defense of the positions intrusted to the keeping of the officers and soldiers of this command.

"Commanding officers are requested to provide suitable divine service for their respective commands, and officers and soldiers under fire of the enemy, most of all, will humbly and devoutly recognize their reliance on the overruling providence of Him through whom cometh the humiliation of defeat, as well as the blessings that may attend a decisive victory. Beneath the flags of our beleaguered works let their silent but heartfelt prayers go up to the Lord of Hosts. By command of
"GEN. BEAUREGARD.
"THOMAS JORDAN, Chief of Staff."

Great Loss of Life.

Some time ago, a report reached us that thirty or forty Indians had been killed by lightning, while encamped on the plains, in the vicinity of Touchwood Hills. We did not credit the story, however, and gave it no currency. But we have since heard it confirmed on good authority. The Indians report that a great thunder storm came on, and that the lightning fell several times in quick succession, killing between thirty and forty persons in the camp—we have not heard the exact number.—*Nor' Wester, Aug. 19th.*

NEWS ITEMS.

—Mr. Noyes, in his book of "Sketches of the War," tells the best story we have seen, of the way Yankee coolness puts down female insolence in rebeldom. A splendidly besilked and befeathered female of the Jeff. Davis flock, in passing one of our soldiers, gave the skirt of her dress the usual flirt, to show her contempt for the tribe, and the soldier replied by the following bit of torture:

"Why, marm, how dirty your stockings are! Just look at 'em!" Down went female skirts and female pride at the same instant while a hearty laugh from his old comrades winged the sarcastic shaft and sent it well home.

—The following pithy correspondence has taken place between Gen. Gilmore and Gen. Beauregard:

JAMES ISLAND, Aug. 23, 1863.
To Gen. Beauregard:
DEAR SIR—I respectfully ask you to allow the United States forces under my command to occupy Charleston. GEN. GILMORE.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 23, 1863.
To Gen. Gilmore:
DEAR SIR—You shan't.
G. T. BEAUREGARD.

To Gen. G. T. Beauregard:
DEAR SIR—I *shell*. GEN. GILMORE.

—The Paris *Press* says:

There is serious talk of a marriage which will greatly astonish those who have not yet heard of it. This marriage is to be between the Queen of England and the ex-King of Portugal, the same who refused the Greek throne."

—At the theatre, Vienna, all ladies are required to take off their bonnets before entering the theatre. It is almost impossible for persons sitting behind a lady with her bonnet on to see what is going forward on the stage. At a theatre in Paris printed bills about the theatre contain the following announcement: "All young and handsome ladies are politely requested to take off their bonnets. All others may keep them on."

—Free negroes were permitted to vote in North Carolina, until the amendment of the Constitution in 1835, when a prohibition was adopted. Senator Douglas, in the debate on the admission of Minnesota into the Union, stated, as a historical incident, (which was not contradicted by the North Carolina Senators present,) that a distinguished North Carolinian emancipated a large number of his own negroes in order to make them voters to elect him to the Legislature of the State.

—There are several formidable iron-clads being pushed to completion in the New York ship yards. They are great improvements on the monitors, and will be the most effective war vessels afloat. In a few months our own iron-clads will surpass those of England and France as much as our ordnance now surpasses that of those nations.

—Among the numerous *shorts* of the short-lived and so-called Southern Confederacy, none seems just now to give them so much uneasiness as the shortness of horse-flesh.

—The Confederate debt, a few weeks ago, had reached the sum of $840,000,000, and is increasing at a more rapid rate than at any time since the war commenced, owing to the great depreciation in the value of Confederate notes. It is this enormous debt that the New York *World* and Mr. Vallandigham would saddle upon the people of the loyal States, in addition to their own, in order that we may purchase a peace. The Romans did not pay so much even in their degenerate days to be relieved of the presence of the Northern nations. Mr. Vallandigham is not only in favor of treason, but in favor of paying men for being traitors.

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Manufacturers of
Rifles, Muskets and Army and Navy Revolvers
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We also manufacture a variety of
POCKET PISTOLS,
Of approved patterns, for both Ordinary and Fixed Ammunition, together with Rifle and Shot-Gun Barrels, Gun Locks, Mountings, and Gun Materials Generally.
☞ Price lists and Circulars furnished on application. Address
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WM. GOLCHER,
Third Street, St. Paul,
Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.
A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.
Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.
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my31-3m

WANTED
TO RENT—A House within a few minutes walk of the Post Office. Would like a lease for one, two or three years. Possession desired either now or in the fall. Call at or address
jy30-tf PRESS OFFICE.

Late News from the South.

HIGH PRICE OF BREAD.—A PENCIL SKETCH OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.—GOOD BYE HOOPS.—THEY WANT MORE MEN, &c.

From late Southern papers we gather the following items of interest:

HIGH PRICE OF BREAD.

From the Augusta Constitutionalist.

It is a monstrous outrage on the families of the poor throughout our State that flour should command from sixty to seventy dollars per barrel, when there is an abundant crop of grain on hand, which is kept out of market by the misguided policy of our authorities. Bread is now fifty cents a loaf, and how in the name of common sense can the families of poor soldiers pay the high price? This matter must be speedily remedied. If the restrictions which exist be removed there will be an abundance of wheat in the market, and in a few weeks flour can be bought for one half the price that it now brings.

A PENCIL SKETCH OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

From the Chattanooga Rebel.

Abraham Lincoln is a man above the medium height. He passes the six foot mark by an inch or two. He is raw-boned, shamble-gaited, bow-legged, knock-kneed, pigeon-toed, swob-sided, a shapeless skeleton in a very tough, very dirty, unwholesome skin. His hair is or was black and shaggy, his eyes dark and fireless, like a coal grate in winter time. His lips are large and protrude beyond the natural level of the face, but are pale and smeared with tobacco juice. His teeth are filthy. In our juvenile days we were struck with Virgil's description of the ferryman who rowed the disembodied souls of men over the river of death. Lincoln, if our memory fails us not, must be a near kinsman of that official of the other world. At all events they look alike, and, if a relationship be claimed when Abraham reaches the ferry, he will be able, we do not doubt, to go over free of toll. In the next place, his voice is coarse, untutored, harsh—the voice of one who has no intellect, and less moral nature. His manners are low in the extreme, and where his talk is not obscene, it is senseless. In a word, Lincoln, born and bred a rail-splitter, is a rail-splitter still. Bottom, the weaver, was not more out of place in the lap of Titania, than he on the throne of the ex-republic.

And this is the man, who, incapable of a stronger or higher inspiration than that of revenge, aspires to be master of the South, as he is of the enslaved and slavish North. This is the man who bids armies rise and fight, and commands and dismisses generals at will. This is the man who proclaims (as such could only do) the equity of the races, black with white. This is the man who inflicts servile insurrections, ordains plunder, and encourages rapine. This is the man who trembles not at the terrible butchery which heaven will call him to answer for, yet quakes like an aspen at the approach of peril to his own poor carcass. This is the man, in fine, who has been selected by the powers of evil as the only fit representative in all America to do such dark deeds as the dark ages only know, deeds which civilization blushes to record and men in other lands refuse to credit. Kneel down and kiss his royal feet. men of the South!

From the Richmond Whig, 9th.

GOOD BYE HOOPS.

The hoop era is drawing to a close in the Confederate States, and we may already exclaim, "Good bye, farthingales; farewell, skirt expanders!" Fashion yields to the "force of circumstances" because hoop skirts can no longer be obtained at reasonable prices within the Confederate States. Our fair country women are, therefore, making a virtue of necessity, and dispensing with the wiry skeletons, which, for so long a period, have encircled their forms like the rings of Saturn. Numbers of ladies can now be seen any day in the streets, unat-*tired* in hoop skirts, and we suppose that ere long the "fashion" will become universal among the sex. Those who may be disposed to "stick to hoops" should remember that nine-tenths of the skeleton skirts now sold here are brought from Yankeedom. Who will wear Yankee hops?

JEFF. DAVIS, GEN. LEE, AND THE NEWSPAPERS.

From the Richmond Sentinel.

The President tells us he wants more men. In his agony for more men he appeals to the ladies for help, and grants a general amnesty to all deserters—advertising the said amnesty for twenty consecutive days in every newspaper in the confederacy, at a cost of thousands of dollars. Gen. Lee appears to be of the same mind with the President. He, too, wants more men. He calls upon all his officers and men to join their respective regiments without a moment's delay, and even appeals to the people of the several States to send forth every man capable of bearing arms. One would suppose that two such high authorities would be apt to know what they are talking about. But the newspapers, including the President's own dear organs, are diligently engaged day after day in assuring us that the Yankee draft is a dead failure; the Yankee armies wasting away by disease, desertions, and expiring enlistments; that Lee's army is numerically greater than Meade's, and that Lincoln is on his last legs, in a military point of view.

Which are we to believe—the president and General Lee, or the newspapers? We can't believe both, for if the newspapers are to be heeded there is no need for another man in our armies. All we have to do is to stand perfectly still and see Lincoln's legions vanish into thin air. Then we will march to Boston without the slightest inconvenience or interruption. And we will be able to do that next fall. This is no time to trifle with the people. They are not arrant fools. Their spirits are not to be kept up by conflicting statements. They know that the new conscription of men up to fifty-five, and the call of the President and the appeals of General Lee, do not tally with the sanguine articles of the newspapers. What they want is not delusive hopes, but the assurance that the President intends to act with wisdom and energy. We do want more men. The Yankees are trying to play another trick on us. Just before the battle of Chancellorville they assured us that Hooker's army was only 70,000 strong, and just before General Grant captured Grand Gulf they assured us that there would be no more general engagements during the war. Reliable gentlemen, who had been through the Northwest, brought news that peace and an alliance with the Confederacy were positively determined on. They are trying to fool us again. Reliable gentlemen, "just returned from Washington," arrive almost daily within our lines, to assure us that Meade is "receiving no reinforcements, except a few negro regiments," &c., &c. We have had enough of this stuff to satisfy even the administration. This is the calm before the storm. That storm will not wait for the dog days to expire. Meade is constantly being reinforced, and so is Rosecrans, and the first thing we know Lee will be attacked on both flanks, East Tennessee invaded by forty thousand men, and Mobile invested by way of Pascagoula. The house must be set in order, and kept so, for the storm will soon burst in all its fury.

THE CAPTURE OF JEFF. THOMPSON.

How He Was Taken.

From the St. Louis Republican.

The redoubtable warrior and Swamp Ranger, Brig. Gen. M. Jeff. Thompson —as has been announced—arrived in this city Wednesday night, on the Iron Mountain Railroad, and was escorted, under proper guard, to the Gratiot street military prison, where he now abides in all the state and dignity of a prisoner of war. He was accompanied by Capt. Reuben Kay, his A. A. G., who was captured at the same time and place as Jeff. Our reporter was permitted to visit General Jeff. at the prison yesterday afternoon, and learned some particulars of his capture, and other incidents, not uninteresting.

HIS CAPTURE.

The General said he made an arrangement with some members of his staff to meet him at Pochahontas, the whole party being then at Little Rock, and intending to come to Missouri on a recruiting tour, the General going by way of Jonesboro', Arkansas, to see his wife, who was there. He made the best of his way to Pocahontas, and put up at the St. Charles Hotel. Soon after his arrival, Capt. Kay came and stopped at the same hotel. For two days Thompson was engaged in writing letters, while Capt. K. employed himself drawing and examining maps. Monday evening found them still at work, they thinking themselves perfectly safe from war's alarms, Gen. Davidson's army, as they were informed, having left that part of the country. About dusk, however, the two heard a noisy trampling of horses outside, creating more than ordinary confusion. Capt. Kay whispered, "what is that?"

"Oh!" replied Jeff.. "its some of our boys, perhaps, who have heard that we are here." Thompson was sitting near a window facing the street. A horseman rode up, and poking his insinuating face inside the window, said, "Where is General Thompson?" "*I* am General Thompson, sir," replied Jeff. "Then you are my prisoner, sir. Why, how are you, Jeff.?" "Hellow! Gentry, is that you?" replied T., nothing disconcerted, although he recognized Captain Gentry, of the 2d Missouri State militia cavalry, and commenced tearing up his letters. As Captain Gentry dismounted, Captain Kay whispered, "By thunder! here's the Feds!" "Don't say a word," replied Jeff., "but take those maps and put them in the kitchen stove as quickly as possible,"—all the while tearing up his letters. Jeff. says he could have escaped, but for those infernal letters; for he had his horses on the other side of the river, intending, if danger of capture presented itself, to make his way out of the back door of the hotel, swim the river, and once over, the devil could not have caught him. But that huge pile of letters—not less than fifty—implicated parties in this State and elsewhere, which would get them into trouble, and he determined to destroy them.

Thus his chances of escape lessened, until Captain Gentry entered the room, tapped him on the shoulder, shook hands with him, and "claimed him as his own." Captain G. said he was in command of an expedition consisting of the 1st regular cavalry and his own company, the 2d M. S. M. cavalry; they were in search of Col. Burbridge, who they had learned was in that "neck of woods," but, when some seven miles from Pocahontas, a man had told him that J. Thomson was in the town, telling the very house where he could be found. "He had come after a Colonel," said Jeff, "and caught a General. He didn't go on the principle of the man who went a fishing and threw all the catfish he caught back into the river, saying, 'when I go a cattin', I go a-cattin', but when I go a-fish'n', I *go* a-fishin'!' He took whatever he caught; and by Jove, he took *me!*"

A SURPRISE.

Not long after the capture—Jeff. having destroyed his letters and Capt. Kay his maps, with the exception of a few, which proved of coniderable importance, and which are now in possession of the military here—an amusing incident occurred. Lieut. Miller, ordnance officer, of Gen. Crandall's command, hearing that Jeff. Thompson was in Pocahontas, went in to see him. Unaware of the presence of Federal troops, he rode quite unconciously into town, by mere chance passing the pickets in the dark, and proceeded quite leisurely to the hotel where General Jeff. was stopping. At the door he was stopped by the guard, who told him he could not get in unless he was an officer. "I *am* an officer," replied Miller, "and must go in." He passed in and saluted Jeff. remarking, "Ah! you have got some Feds, I see,"—observing a number of gentlemen in the room with blue uniforms, and thinking they were Jeff's prisoners. "Yes, I have," replied Jeff., "and a d—d big lot of them, too!" Just then Captain Gentry walked up to Miller and said, "You are my prisoner." "Ain't you joking?" asked Miller, still beleiving Thompson to be "in command." "Ain't he joking, General?" appealing to Jeff. "Yes," replied the latter, "but it's a contounded serious joke."

Then the truth flashed on the benighted and confused mind of Miller, that he was in a town surrounded by Federal cavalry, and that, instead of Thompson holding those "blue coats" in the room as *his* prisoners, he was *theirs*. The Lieutenant resigned his sword without further parley.

APPEARANCE OF GEN. JEFF.

The costume of the General is exceedingly unmilitary. He was clothed in a coffee-colored cloth coat, a canary colored vest, with brass buttons, and a pair of brown-mixed jeans pants, and his shirt-collar and cravat betrayed the most scrupulous indifference as to personal appearance. He talked with a fluency and comprehensiveness, however, that was truly charming, and only equaled by the characteristics of his proclamations. He has a smiling red face—a pleasant face, indeed—and his manner is quite agreeable, though dashed with a leaven of his well-known egotism. He is about five feet eight or nine inches high, and presents anything but the formidable appearance his reputation would lead one to expect. Pressing his visitors to call on him frequently, the party—of whom our reporter formed one—took their leave.

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ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
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EXPRESS NOTICE.
We are now running Messengers to
ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
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TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.
Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.
We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me
mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE,
In Hennepin, Ramsey, Chisago, and Washington Counties. Also Lots in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony; all of which I will sell at Low Prices and on favorable terms of payment Enquire of
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THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY
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At the Clifton House, Mankato, three good Girls—one competent to take charge of the cooking department. Liberal wages and steady employment will be given. au8-1m

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss:

Lewis Hurlbut *versus* John L. Cabbot and Mary H. Cabbot, his wife, John W. Brown and Mary Brown, his wife.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$2,349.72, with interest and costs.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, Master in Chancery, of said Court, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

FRIDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1863,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of St. Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises:

All the following pieces or parcels of land and premises lying and being in the city of Red Wing, county of Goodhue, and State of Minnesota, and known and designated as follows, to wit: Lots numbered four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block number thirty-five (35), in the city of Red Wing aforesaid, according to the recorded plat of said city, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Goodhue aforesaid.

JAMES W. TAYLOR,
Master in Chancery.
CHARLES MCCLURE, Plaintiff's Solicitor.
th sept3-6w

CHANCERY SALE—CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—NINTH CIRCUIT—IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA—ss.

Comstock, Ferre & Co. vs. Lyman M. Ford and Abbie Ford, his wife, Truman M. Smith, George H. Marsh and Parker Paine, The Flour City Bank and Dorilus Morrison, Cadwallader C. Washburne and E. B. Washburne, partners under the name of D. Morrison & Co.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1863—$4,073 54, with interest and costs.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District aforesaid, made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1863, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1863,

At eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises:

All that tract, piece or parcel of land and real estate with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto in any wise appertaining, situate, lying and being in the county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to wit:

The northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-two (32), and the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine (29), all in township number twenty-nine (29), north of range twenty-three (23) west, containing eighty acres, according to the United States survey thereof.

JAMES W. TAYLOR,
Master in Chancery.
HORN, LUND & GALUSHA, Plaintiff's Solicitors. th au13-6w

MONETARY.
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Thompson Bro's.,
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We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.
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For sale at very low figures to close the stock.
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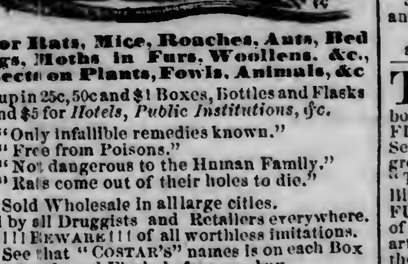

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☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30-d&w6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

J. H. BYERS,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE
OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,
JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.
nov11-d&wly

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.
We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell
LOW FOR CASH
OR
Short Approved Credit.
SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.
We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.
No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.
☞ Special attention paid to all orders accomnied with money or references.
BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

EAGLE WORKS
MANUFACTURING COMPANY

DO YOU WANT
STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS
PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS,
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR
Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,
SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS
AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-d&w1y

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,
SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,
No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago
Have constantly on hand a large assortment of
Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,
Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,
CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,
FLAGS, &c., &c.
Common and Patent Hoist Wheels, for buildings, constantly on hand.
GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

GROCERIES,
SHORES & TATOR
Wholesale Grocers,
47 South Water Street,
CHICAGO.
L. SHORES, F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,
SUCCESSOR TO
Thompson, Whitney & Co
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
BOOTS and SHOES,
46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL
We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE
BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST
and with very large addition to our
HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK,
We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes the city.
GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

WILLIAM D. STOREY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
REFFERENCES:
Hon. George Opdyke, New York City
John G. Treadwell, Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D., Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law, Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard, Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors, Boston
je11daoilm&w1y w

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE,
ST. PAUL, Aug. 15th, 1863,

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 14th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD.

Said Wood to be paid for in State Warrants and delivered at the State Capitol, as required.
CHAS. SCHEFFER,
au25-td State Treasurer

TAKE NOTICE.—Soldiers and others who love to peruse literature that everybody cannot get, the undersigned have just issued FIVE NEW BOOKS—TWO ARE NOW READY Send $1 50 and get one of the gayest books and greatest achievements in the literary world. "THE WASHINGTON BELLE," or the Biter Bit and Happy Marriage, and "THE BEAUTIFUL CREOLE." Each book contains 100 pages of reading matter, and is embellished by native artists, who far excel the French, that have held the palm of being the best.
JASON C. KING,
au8 1m No. 107 William st., New York

MISS GILL'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Eighth Annual Session will commence on MONDAY, September 7, 1863. Application for admission may be made to the Principal before September 7th, at her residence, corner of Eighth and College streets; after that date, at the school-rooms on Cedar street.
TERMS—Senior and Junior Departments, $10 per term of eleven weeks; Primary Department, $5.
St. Paul, August 21, 1863. au21:tsep7

DEFECTIVE PAGE

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & Co.,)

WHOLESALE G[illegible] E

AND

Commission Merchants,

[illegible]ERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

[illegible] STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o[illegible] closest buyers. December 1, 1862

C. PROAL,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS WAREROOMS,

Corner Third and Robert Streets.

A large assortment of

Ladies' Saddles, Gents' Saddles, Boys' Saddles, Gig Saddles
Bridles and Martingales, Bits and Spurs,

Whips of all Sorts, Saddlery Hardware,

COACH HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, TROTTING HARNESS, SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS
LADIES' LARGE DRESS TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS,

RAILROAD BAGS, HARNESS LEATHER.

☞ Also, everything pertaining to the trade for sale at reasonable prices.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 15th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:35 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generativ Organs, &c., &c.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1859. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohiowensis*. Without degrading it into empiricism, as is practised by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c, has made this branch of Surgery a specialty during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

The office is arranged in separate apartments, so that those who desire can consult the doctor with the utmost privacy. The Institute is provided with a *Spirometer* for measuring the vital capacity, and Prof. Schreber's *Pneumomedikon* for developing the muscular system in Seminal Weakness and other wasting diseases; also an improved apparatus and all the appliances for administering *Medicated Fumigation Baths*, now so celebrated in Europe for the cure of Syphilitic diseases.

While I prescribe for all kinds of diseases, attention is given more specially to the following:—Syphilis, in all its stages; Gonorrhœa; Gleet; Stricture; Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.; Hydrocele, or Dropsy of the Scrotum, Varicocele, and other diseases of the Testicles and Cord; Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula, and Diseases of the Rectum and Anus; and all complaints peculiar to Females. Also, Spermatorrhœa, or *Seminal Weakness*, for which our treatment is now admitted to be even more successful than that of Lallemand, of Montpelier.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home. Full particulars furnished on application by letter.

JUST PUBLISHED—The 29th edition of our *Medical Report*, containing 70 pages and numerous engravings, treating on the above diseases; sent to any address on receipt of price, 15 cts. Also, in press, and nearly ready, the 2nd edition of our large work on Venereal Surgery.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations can be had from 9 A.M. to 9 P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,
(Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

jy3

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS.

STRONG'S CARPET HALL,

225 Third Street, Rogers' Block,

where will be found a large assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C., &C

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

FREE WATER POWER IN ST. ANTHONY.—The St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company continue to offer mill sites on the Falls, with the right to draw water, both *free of rent* for five years, to any person who will improve unoccupied sites, by the erection of Oil or Paper Mills, Straw-Board or Starch Factories, Woollen, Flax or Cotton Mills. At the end of five years and each like term thereafter, the rents may be determined by three disinterested parties.

au4-1m* RICHARD CHUTE, Agent.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By the death of Mr. George T. Temple, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Temple & Beaupre is this day dissolved.

The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, and all persons having claims against, or indebted to them, are requested to call and make settlement without delay.

R. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 7, 1863. au15-1m

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Temple & Beaupre will be continued by the subscriber under the name and style of the old firm. From my old friends and the public generally, a continuance of the very liberal patronage which the former house received, is solicited.

R. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 8, 1863. au15-1m

J. H. MURPHY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Elfelt's Store, Lambert's Block,

THIRD STREET, - - - - ST. PAUL.

☞ Especial attention paid to Surgery.

au15-1m*

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN

Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m St. Anthony, Min.

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

Dr. T. D. SIMONTON,

DENTIST,

Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square, St. Paul.

☞ Tooth insertion in the neatest style on Gold, Silver and Vulcanite. je9

CARD TO THE LADIES.

MRS. REDMOND,

SUCCESSOR TO MISS WASS.

Will sell at greatly reduced rates, all kinds of

Millinery Goods,

For a few weeks preparatory to going East for NEW GOODS.

St. Paul August 21, 1863. au21-2w

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAP AT

Wholesale and Retail.

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

Having leased the store occupied by L. G. Johnson & Co., and purchased their

Stock of Groceries,

May be found at

220 *Third Street, two doors above the North Western Express Office,*

Where they will sell

GROCERIES

AT VERY LOW FIGURES,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

We wish to close out this stock entirely as we propose to

CHANGE THE BUSINESS,

and open a

Paper and Stationery Store

in connection with our

Paper Mill at St. Anthony.

☞ All kinds of WRAPPING PAPER or sale, and the highest price paid in cash for rags ropes and old printed papers. jy15-tf

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brands of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catawba Brandy,
Weeks', Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

PALMER'S PURE VINEGAR, FOR PICKLING AND FAMILY USE.

We would inform the public generally, that we are again manufacturing the above celebrated Vinegar, at our old place on Sibley-st, St. Paul. We are prepared to furnish the city and country trade at as *low prices* as *Pure* Vinegar can be bought in any market. Country orders will receive prompt attention

jy19-3m C. LEWIS & CO.

Freight & Express.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE

OWNED AND MANAGED BY THE

American Express Company.

On and after this date, by special arrangement,

The Merchants' Dispatch

Will receive and forward from this city to New York and Boston freights requiring quick transportation, at

Lower Rates and in Better Time,

Than can be obtained by any other route or conveyance except the regular Express, by passenger trains.

TIME GUARANTEED.

All shipments received at door of shipper and delivered at destination

FREE OF CARTAGE.

The well known reputation of this Line in transporting Westward bound business, during the last ten years, will be

A SUFFICIENT GUARANTEE

That all contracts made by it, will be faithfully carried out.

The Merchants' Dispatch

Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for

WESTWARD BOUND BUSINESS.

Our freights are transported by Emigrant and fast Freight Express trains, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.

Claims for Losses and Damages will be promptly adjusted at this Office.

For rates or further information inquire of

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,
Agents.

St. Paul, June 18th, 1863. je19-3m

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Rollo Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors

Real Estate.

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:

One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.

Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.

Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.

A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.

Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.

There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.

The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.

Inquire at the office of

SPENCER & CARVER,
Ingersoll's Block, or of
GROFF & BAILEY,
under Thompson's Bank.

☞ Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.

St. Paul, June 30, 1863. je4-3m

BROAD ACRES!

760 ACRES of land from 3 to 12 miles of ST. PAUL, will be sold in tracts of 40 acres, 80, 120, 160 and 240. The soil is a rich loam, with *wood and water*. Terms part cash, and the balance, if desired, on long time.

HENRY McKENTY,

Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, June 6, 1863.—d&w6m.

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge

ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF

"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"

Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c

☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.

oct-d tw&wly

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and sel Real Estate on Commission, an8-d&wly

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

USLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES,

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of DOMESTICS, IN DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE.

Third Street. St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call an examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW LOT OF

LINEN COATS,

PLAIN LINEN DRILL PANTS,

AND A FINE LOT OF FIGURED

MARSEILES VESTS,

All of which we are prepared to sell at

REDUCED PRICES.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

Hotels.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

HERNDON HOUSE,

Corner of Third and Vermillion Streets,

HASTINGS, - - - MINNESOTA,

W. E. HUNT,

Late of the Merchants' Hotel, at St. Paul,

PROPRIETOR.

☞ Passengers conveyed to and from the Boats free. je19-3m

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

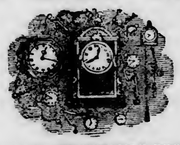
All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,



Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Miscellaneous.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.

Jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, St. Paul, For—

jan1-d1y

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st., COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

The Cheap Cash Store.

We will commence this morning selling our stock of SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

PARASOLS,

Summer Shawls,

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

BALMORALS,

COTTONADES AND LIGHT CASSIMERES,

At greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS,

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES,

Remember the place,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

je5-tf

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

PORTRAITS.

B. P. BARTLETT, Artist,

From NEW YORK CITY, is now prepared to

PAINT PORTRAITS,

Landscapes, &c.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

☞ He will also give lessons in Drawing and Oil Painting, at his Studio, over Munger's Music Store, Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minnesota.

jy10-tf

Hardware.

JUST RECEIVED,

A full stock of

Wagon Wood, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.,

Also, GRASS SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS RAKES AND CRADLES.

A few casks of

PITTSBURG COAL.

Always on hand at lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Spring Steel, Cast Steel, Nails, Spikes, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Carriage Trimmings, Thimble Skeins, Blacksmith's Tools, Chains, and

Heavy Hardware.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

J. B. BRADEN.

ap17-1y

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, ... MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.

a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dwly

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the owest market rates.

je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, BENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and o fr sale by

ap24 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

Boots & Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

WE HAVE RECEIVED

125 Cases of

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.

It is well known that our stock is the

Largest in the City,

And we are selling

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

Merchants in the country can buy of us at

CHICAGO PRICES.

ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
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WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
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Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
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Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
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Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.

Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul Minnesota. apr25-d&wly'64

THE CITY.

A MUDDY QUESTION.—The question was asked us yesterday by a quiz (and we don't see why he should be inquiring into family affairs) why Dan Castello contributed only fifteen dollars to the City Treasury for the privilege of exhibiting his trained horses and bulls in this city for two days, when heretofore the rule and practice has been to levy a tax of $50 for each performance. All the answer we could give was that we knew Dan, and he was a very clever fellow—always extended complimentary invitations—this may account for the milk in the cocoa nut said we.

P. S.—From $50 take $15 and $35 remains, which would be just seventy box tickets at fifty cents each.—*Pioneer of yesterday.*

If this question had been raised by any ordinary person we should not have considered it worthy of attention, but coming as it does from the official organ of the city government it should be investigated. When the city organ stirs up these "muddy questions," people may rest assured that there is something in it.

The ordinance provides that whenever a person desires to exhibit any show before the meeting of the Council, the Mayor may grant the license for such sum as he chooses.

The question then arises, did the Mayor grant a license for $15, or was it one of these little arrangements, such as we mentioned in connection with the Black Swan's concert, where Chief Cummings and Capt. Morton established the license at seven dollars and a half with twelve tickets, and ten dollars without tickets? Has "Governor" Warren resigned his position, or does Cummings assume the duties of the office and by the aid of his able assistant, arrange the unimportant item of tickets, so that they can make a moderate speculation by the sale of the same?

We do not profess to know about this internal arrangement of municipal affairs, but the *Pioneer* being on the inside of the ring, evidently does, and it has in this case received a shock greater than it could bear, and hence the expose.

We have, "after many weary hours of anxious thought," succeeded in putting "this and that" together, with the following result:

Col. Wood was informed by Chief Cummings and Capt. Morton, when he applied for a license for the Black Swan's concert, that the customary price was five dollars a night, but if he would give a dozen tickets it would be but two dollars and a half the last night.

He refused to give tickets and was charged the customary price.

Therefore a city license brings the customary price without tickets, but can be obtained at reduced rates when Chief Cummings and Capt. Morton have tickets given them to sell.

This is a somewhat singular result, but it necessarily follows from the premises which we have good authority for assuming to be correct. The following syllogism is, perhaps, still more singular:

The *Pioneer* (official paper of the city) says that fifty dollars is the customary price for circuses to pay as city license.

Dan Castello paid but fifteen dollars.

Therefore he did not pay the customary price.

Taking the result of the first syllogism we reach the *point*, as follows:

Less than the customary price is charged for a city license when an equivalent in tickets is given to Chief Cummings and Capt. Morton to make a private speculation out of.

Dan Castello was charged thirty-five dollars less than the customary price of a license.

Therefore Chief Cummings and Capt. Morton received that amount in tickets.

We give the logical conclusion without asserting its correctness and leave the official paper, who first discovered the leak, and the public, to draw their inferences as to the *modus operandi* that depleted the City Treasury of thirty-five dollars and of course added that amount to the taxes.

If this "ticket system" becomes a "regular thing," we may have occasion to publish another edition of logic.

LOCAL POLITICS.—The near approach of the fall election is making our Democratic aspirants for county offices as live as a cow's tail in fly time. As usual there are several candidates for each office, but for the County Treasurership, which has not hitherto been a bone of much contention, there is a triangular fight between Robert A. Smith, Charles A. Morgan and J. A. Peckham.

Bob Smith is a standing candidate for this office—in fact people began to look on him as Treasurer for life. He was first elected in 1856 over W. B. McGrorty, now Major in the Third Regiment. Afterwards the term was lengthened by legislature, and two re-elections, managed by an ability in wire-pulling which has gained for him the reputation of being the best politician in the county, brings him to the approaching election, working as usual to secure another two years seat at the public table. He relies on his personal popularity, reputation for integrity, &c., and on his knowledge of how to "manage the thing" to carry the day.

Charley Morgan is a nice young man who has been City Treasurer for nearly four years, and as his term is nearly out and he has no chance for a re-election, is of course on the *qui vive* for this new sugar-plum worth $3,000 per year. He is a *bon vivant* and has a choice coterie of convivial friends. Their influence is not powerful enough to get him the nomination, however.

Last but not least, comes Alderman Peckham, the "Gas" man. He has not been in political life long, his debut having been made last spring, when he was supported for the City Council by a set in the 5th Ward, or elsewhere, who wanted a representative and agent in the Council. Mr. Peckham is a man of ability, however, and has numerous friends, who will endeavor to secure his nomination.

Such is the "Slate" at the present time—and between this and the hour of holding the Democratic County Convention, there will be some vigorous button-holing and wire-pulling.

KELLY'S AUTOMATON MUSICAL TROUPE.—We mentioned some weeks ago a wonderful invention by a Saint Paul Artist, Mr. James H. Kelley, consisting of a family, or group of Automata, so constructed as to play a number of difficult tunes on an instrument called the Harperion, (also an invention of Mr. Kelley,) who has consumed over three and a half years in constructing the entire group. We are glad to announce that it is now entirely completed, and will be exhibited to the public at Ingersoll's Hall on next Tuesday evening, when the Harperion's will play several tunes in excellent style.

This group of Automata is really one of the most ingenious, complicated and wonderful inventions of the age, and will be undoubtedly so pronounced by any one familiar with mechanics, and with the history of Automata. There are four figures, dressed to resemble two gentlemen and two ladies, who are supposed to be seated behind the Harperions. The motive power is given by a large cylinder underneath, containing some 42,000 brass pins, not unlike a gigantic music box. This is revolved by a weight, and the pins operate on levers which give a lateral and vertical movement to the arms and hands of the figures. Each hand holds a small hammer, which strikes the chords of the Harperions, producing a pleasing music, something like that made on a piano. The machine plays several tunes in correct and spirited manner.

We will not further describe this group, as the public will witness its operations on Tuesday evening next. As this is entirely a Saint Paul invention, a generous welcome should be given to it here, and, indeed, we feel assured that it will be.

MILITARY MATTERS.—Next Saturday, it will be remembered, is Militia drill-day, when every citizen and civilian must transform himself into a soldier, and report at head-quarters for instruction in the art of war. In Ohio and other States, we observe the new militia statute requires the men to assemble in huge encampments and drill under competent officers several days at a time. This is a better plan than the one we have here, where drill days come so few and far between, that the militia forget at one drill what they learned at the previous one.

EXPORTS OF BUTTER.—We mentioned yesterday a shipment of butter by Messrs. Ragnet of 5,000 lbs, as the largest ever made in one lot. Messrs Cooley, Carver & Co, however, hand us the following memorandum:

Shipped by Cooley Carver & Co., September 13 1863, on steamer Henry Clay, in one lot, 156 kegs of Minnesota butter. Net weight 15,211 lbs. Also several small lots amounting in all upwards of 20,000 lbs, all for the St. Louis market. And have already engaged and getting ready for shipment this fall, upwards of 350 kegs of butter, amounting to over 30,000 lbs.

THROWING STONES.—There is an ordinance punishing boys and others for throwing stones. Yesterday some graceless little ragamuffins threw a number of rocks down the bluff at the laborers at work on the Levee extension. Had any of the rocks struck one of the men on the head, which they narrowly escaped, it would have certainly caused death. The little rascals made their escape before any one could catch them at their infernal amusement.

THE MANKATO UNION.—Charles H. Slocum, Esq., of the Mankato *Union* called on us yesterday. The *Union* is now one of the best interior newspapers in Minnesota, and under Mr. Slocum's able management, has greatly increased in circulation. Mankato is a live place, and needs a live man and a live paper just such as Mr. Slocum and the *Union* are. Any of our merchants wishing to advertise in it, will be waited on by Mr. Slocum.

POLICE COURT.—The only case before Squire Gibbs yesterday was that of a Juvenile who was arraigned for stealing a watermelon. As the circumstances of the case did not show any great depravity in the little shaver, he was dismissed with a light punishment.

A SMASH.—An unruly horse yesterday ran into a lot of crockery which had just been unloaded from a wagon and was in front of Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden's crockery store, and smashed quite a quantity of it. The horse was perfectly sober, and when caught had nothing to say in excuse for his bad conduct.

TAKEN TO THE HOSPITAL.—Timothy Kearney, the man injured by the caving in of the dirt on Tuesday, was taken to the Hospital of St. Joseph yesterday, in order to be properly nursed. His knee was badly injured, and it may be months before he can recover.

THE BLACK SWAN.—This celebrated vocalist goes to-day on a singing tour up the Minnesota Valley. She will give concerts at Shakopee, St. Peter, Mankato, Owatonna, Faribault, Northfield and Hastings, in the order named, commencing at Shakopee tonight.

NOTICE.—The ladies of Minneapolis are requested to meet at the Methodist Church on Tuesday the 8th inst., at three o'clock P. M., to organize a Ladies Freedman's Aid Society. A general attendance is desired.

PERSONAL.—We were pleased yesterday to meet our friend, Mr. W. G. Swan, of Chicago. Mr. Swan is connected with the Freight Department of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, so popular with all Minnesotians.

MISFORTUNE.—This is a world of misfortune, and one of the saddest to a good housekeeper is to be afflicted with heavy, yellow, sour bread, biscuit, &c. If you are ever troubled in this way, use D. B. De Land & Co.'s *Chemical Saleratus*, when you will be surprised at its charming results in removing the cause of your misfortune.

ANOTHER NEW BANK.—We notice that a new bank has been started at Stillwater, which is called "The Bank of Stillwater." It is owned by Messrs Scheffer and Thompson, and its issues are ones, twos, fives and tens.

The circulation is $25,000 and is secured by $27,500, in U. S. five-twenties, deposited with the Auditor of State.

LOCAL NOTICES.

INSURANCE AND TICKET AGENT.—Chas Thompson, former Ticket Agent in this city for the Prairie du Chien Rail Road, having permanently located in Milwaukee, Mr. Orrin Curtiss has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

In assuming the position of Ticket Agent, Mr. Curtiss by no means intends to relinquish his insurance business, but still retains his agency for the Ætna Fire Insurance, and Wisconsin Life Insurance Companies. He has secured the services of Mr. A. L. Whitney, and will personally superintend the whole business.

The well known reputation of Mr. Curtiss is a sufficient guarantee that travelers and property holders will have their wants supplied in a prompt and gentlemanly manner. Sept. 3-tf.

TO THE PUBLIC.—ST. PAUL, SEPT. 1ST, 1863.—FRANK WOOD respectfully announces to his scholars and the public, that his terms here for Lessons on Piano, will be Twenty (instead of Fifteen) Dollars per Quarter. Quarters already commenced will, of course, be finished on the terms agreed. septl-3t*

GOOD LIVING.—Joe Hall presents a rare Bill of Fare to-day. Teal and Mallard Ducks, Prairie Chickens, Lamb Chops, Porter House Steaks—are but a small part of the many good things to be found at his Restaurant. septl-3t

SUPPORT HOME INSTITUTIONS.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WISCONSIN, 18 COMMENDED BY THE HIGHEST EASTERN AUTHORITY.—The New York *Insurance Monitor*, for April, in speaking of this Company, says:

"In looking over the very able report of the Massachusetts Insurance Commissioners, for Jan. 1st, 1863, we notice, per table A., that the Mutual Life Insurance Company of the State of Wisconsin, has a larger 'ratio per cent. of actual to computed premium reserve' and a less per cent. of expenses to receipts, than those of any Company reporting to the Commissioners that has been organized within ten years. ☞ Our North-Western friends may well congratulate themselves upon so good success in this first effort (we believe) to organize a Life Insurance Company, in that portion of the country; and we congratulate them upon the *successful* establishment of an institution destined to wield so wide and good an influence as that of a well-managed Life Insurance Company."

The Hon. CHAS. SCHEFFER, State Treasurer, is Trustee of this Company for Minnesota; O. CURTIS, Local Agent; Rev. S. HAWLEY, General Agent for Northern Minnesota.

☞ Office in THOMPSON'S BLOCK, Third street, St. Paul. th au28-3m

Abolitionist!

From the Catholic Telegraph.

There are many persons who think that to call a man an Abolitionist is sufficient to establish their claim to be considered of superior intellect. It is with them a kind of logic made easy, and compensates for the absence of argument, and removes the necessity and fatigue of proving a proposition. It is a good word, when properly used. A man may be an Abolitionist when he is zealous for the removal of evils of any kind. It is good as applied to drunkenness or profanity—but it has no signification now when applied to slavery. That great nuisance is already abated; the slave owners have left far behind them the emancipators of the North.

Well, it has fallen, and we are called Abolitionists because we refuse our consent to its resuscitation! We are proud of being called so, under circumstances so creditable to the mind and heart. May we ever deserve the name! We will bear its stigma joyfully through life and carry it into eternity with honor. We struggle in a holy cause—the cause of religion and of human race. We maintain the sanctity of the marriage tie—the fidelity of the husband and wife to each other; we maintain the cause of justice, denying the right of any man to another's labors without his consent or compensation. We maintain the right of the parents to the disposal of their children, and that no man, through the exercise of his powers as a master, shall deprive human beings of instruction in the Christian religion, and of the means to save their souls. Can any man be a Catholic— a believer in the Christian faith—and consider the question otherwise? With the long and shining list of names, from the earliest period of Christianity to the present day, of Popes, Confessors and Doctors to sustain our position, we cannot be driven from our ground—or rather, we should say, the ground maintained by the Catholic Church in every age of her existence. If the question of American slavery was to be submitted to-morrow to a general council of the Church, the institution would perish—sunk deeper than ever plummet sounded. The voices in its favor would be as few and small as those which hesitated to speak out boldly with Catholic faith, when the doctrine of the Immaculate Conception was discussed.

It is monstrous that a cause so just as human liberty should be assailed as it is at the present day, without a show of reason to defend the aggression. We have never yet seen an argument which could raise a doubt as to the propriety of suppressing and abolishing American slavery—much less of restoring the thing to life. Notwithstanding this, a crowd of thoughtless men, filled to the utmost capacity of the heart with prejudices the most insane, cry out day and night against any one who dares to say a word in favor of its suppression. The very men who would profit most by the removal of slavery—the white working men, whom the slave power has shut out from the cotton and sugar fields of the South—are the loudest and fiercest in their support of slavery! Who has ever seen a white laboring man with a bale of cotton or hogshead of sugar of his own raising? No one. It is impossible so long as slavery exists. He may dig on a levee, or drive a mule team, or sweep the wharves of a Southern town, but there his ambition must stop. The land belongs, or belonged to the aristocracy, and however generous, accomplished, refined and hospitable that aristocracy might have been, the poor white laborer must contemplate from afar the elegance in which he can never participate. There is, then, no reason on earth why he should clamor for the perpetration of slavery.

We can readily understand the strong sympathy which binds the nobility of England and France to the Confederacy. It is natural—the result of the same ideas—the concord of hearts beating to the same emotions—the helping hand of the throne stretched forth to bring back the repentant children of democracy to the pride and pomp of Great Britain. We can understand all this, and can fully appreciate the cordial regard with which England has cherished the South in their disastrous war; but why the poor white man should hold up the skirts of the aristocracy in a cause which helps to crush him to the earth, is one of those mysteries of life which baffles the wisdom of the philosopher.

BOOK BINDERY
AND
Blank Book Manufactory.

The Press Printing Co.

Have in successful operation the largest and most complete Bindery in Minnesota, embracing the latest and most improved machinery. Employing only competent and careful workmen, and using the best material, they hope to continue to give satisfaction to all.

PAPER RULED TO ORDER,
AND TO ANY PATTERN,
LEDGERS, DAY BOOKS, JOURNALS, COMMERCIAL AND COUNTY BOOKS, AND
BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND,
MADE IN THE BEST MANNER.

Old Books Re-Bound
MAGAZINES, PERIODICALS,
MUSIC, &c., &c.,
Bound in Any Style Desired,
From the lowest priced work to the highest style of the art.

STEAM
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

The Press Printing Co.

In order to keep pace with their rapidly increasing business are constantly extending their facilities for Book and Job Printing. They have recently introduced Steam into their establishment, and put up another of

HOE'S LARGE CYLINDER PRESSES.

We are prepared to Print all kinds of
BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, BRIEFS,
POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS
BLANKS, BILLS OF LADING,
CIRCULARS,
And every other description of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING
At moderate rates and at short notice.

—Among the names drawn in the Eighth District of New York on Tuesday was that of W. S. Opdyke. This is a son of the Mayor. He has been for some time confined to his bed with inflammation of the lungs, and is not, therefore, able to go under arms. He will send a substitute.

—Rebel dispatches from Montgomery announce that Mr. Robert Jemison, Jr., has been elected to fill Yancey's unexpired term in the rebel Senate. Jemison was originally a nullifier, was a member of the Alabama secession Convention, and has for some years been a member of the State Legislature. He is expected to prove himself quite as malignant in his treason as Yancey was during his public career.

Arrivals at the Hotels.

WEDNESDAY, September 2.

MERCHANTS.

E P Freeman, Mankato; C H Slocum, do; H M Drake, Le Sueur; A Canhomor, St Louis; J M Markley, Chicago; H Greenleaf, Shakopee; B F Humphrey, Springfield, O; S M Lesage, Minneapolis; A Grovenor, Hastings; P Smith, Red Wing; W H Anderson, Shakopee; J B Herbert, C M Brooks, Philadelphia; Mrs Eaton, Buffalo; H V Berge, Chicago; J R Sidell, Henry Sidell, Minneapilis; J A Thatcher, Zumbrota; H R Drew, Red Wing; J D Gray, H S Haus, Minneapolis; E L Spencer, St Cloud; J L Drake, Fort Snelling; James Thompson, city; M Bullard, New York; Wm Barker, Iowa; F M Stowell, A P Lane, H W Waterhouse, Mrs H E Waterhouse, Anoka; J E Mullen, Warren, O; E M Brown, Monticello; E Ingalls, city; H S Parker and wife, J M Parker, Maine; H C Lull, O P Hawkins, Stillwater; S A Cross and mother, Watkins, N Y; D L Row and lady, Shakopee; Mrs A C Hall, New York; J J Cropp, Groton, Ct; J R Harris and wife, St Cloud.

INTERNATIONAL.

Mrs H Crocker, Miss Crocker, H H Camp and wife, S Rosmer, Milwaukee; P H Fletcher, H B Hancock, Minneapolis; Rev A O Rockwell, Pittsburg; J L Gillis, C B Gillis, Mt Pleasant, Iowa; S Porter, Westfield, N Y; H R A Fletcher, Indiana; Wm H Dunbar, Minne-ha-ha; H Trott; R E Cowles and wife, S H Cowles, Hastings; A B Williams, St Anthony; E B Campbell, Brooklyn; Bishop Whipple, W W Davis, Faribault; W L Tiffany, Philadelphia.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL.

S D Palmer, Trenton, Wis; J T Eldridge, St Anthony; A J Shaw, Freeport; J Frankenfield, Hennepin; H R Vaughan, do; O W Firkins, Rochester; D H Downs, New York; E W McClure, J La Croix, J W Houstin, Stillwater; F Crosby, J M Harold, Horace Delany, Ft Ripley; J M Farmer, stmr Sigel; H B Sayre, Rochester; L Harrison, Stillwater.

AMERICAN.

Mrs Robins and child, Wilton; A Robertson, Faribault; R Bugbee, Miss Evans, Minneapolis; S Shaw, St Anthony; H Stone, Ft Abercrombie; Chas Baldwin, city; M Wilson, Afton; J R Folsom, Minneapolis; Isaac Lincoln, Shakopee; R M Wright, do; Thos D Williams, Mankato; E P Barnum, Hastings; Henry W Lea, do; Wm G Swan, Chicago; C H Davis, Boston; J D McLeod, Chicago; Col Wood and wife, New York; Miss Greenfield, do; Chas Dodge, do; D M West, Warsaw; R Ottman, Lake City; C N Packhard, Anoka.

Steamboat and River News.

☞ We are still able to announce that the river is on the rise, and prospects are good for better navigation.

☞ The Albany left yesterday morning for Carver, with quite a good trip of passengers and freight. She will be down to-night again.

☞ The Stella Whipple came in yesterday from La Crosse, but made only a short stay. She shoved out in a little while and departed for below again.

☞ The Cutter, the crack boat of the La Crosse Line, came in early yesterday, and landed a number of passengers and a lot of merchandise. She left at 9 o'clock for La Crosse.

☞ The Jeannette Roberts is on hand as regular as the sun. She connects at Prescott with the packets for Prairie du Chien and Dunleith. She generally has a cabin full both up and down.

☞ The "low fare" contagion has extended to St. Paul. Fare to Chicago has been reduced about 20 per cent. Mr. S. B. Forbes, the gentlemanly Agent of the Illinois Central Railroad, informs us that he is now selling tickets to Chicago via Dunleith, for $11 50, instead of $14 00, which was the price a few days ago.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, September 2—1 P. M.

Stocks lower and a fair business doing.

Money quiet at 7 per cent. Sterling steady and a fair business.

Gold 27¾.

New York Central 134⅞; Erie 116⅞; Reading 121½.

United States 6's '81 coupons, 100½; 5's '71 coupons, 91; 7-30's, 107½; one year certificates, 101½.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 2—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Dull and drooping.
WHEAT—Dull, and favors buyers.
CORN—Excited, and 2@3c better.
OATS—Excited, and 2c better.
PORK—Dull. Beef dull.
WHISKEY—Firmer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
au18-3md&w No. 60 Nassau Street, New York.

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

Kathairon is from the Greek word "Kathro," or "Kathairo," signifying to cleanse, rejuvinate and restore. This article is what its name signifies. For preserving, restoring and beautifying the human hair it is the most remarkable preparation in the world. It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray.
It restores hair upon bald heads.

Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathairon. It is known and used throughout the civilized world. Sold by all respectable dealers.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
au15-eow d tw&wly Proprietors, New York.

WYNKOOP'S ICELAND PECTORAL.

Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Pulmonary organs are ever prevalent, insidious and dangerous. The properties of a medicine to alleviate, cure and uproot these complaints, must be Expectorant, Anodyne and Invigorating, loosening the mucus of the throat, and imparting tone to the entire system. No discovery in medical science ever mastered this class of diseases like Dr. Wynkoop's Iceland Pectoral. It is used with the most astonishing results in all cases of Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Diptheria or Putrid Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Irritability, &c.

The Rev. J. J. Potter certifies, "that I have used Dr. Wynkoop's Pectoral for several years, myself and in my family, for severe Pulmonary Complaints, and have recommended it to many others, and have never seen its equal."

Rev. J. J. POTTER, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hundreds and thousands of important testimonials could be produced, showing its remarkable cures and that *it never fails.*

It is composed of pure Iceland Moss, Balm of Gilead, Peruvian Balsam, Elecampane, Comfrey, Burdock, and other invaluable expectorant and tonic ingredients. It is harmless, prompt and lasting. Invalids and sufferers cannot afford to neglect a trial. Every family should have it. It is remarkable for Croup. Full descriptions, recommendations and directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all principal Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. R. D. Wynkoop, and sold by D. S. Barnes & Co., New York. au15-eowdtw&w

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,
au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

EDITOR OF PRESS—DEAR SIR:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully Yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Chemist,
jul4dw3m No. 801 Broadway, New York.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au27-3md&w

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.

REV. EDWD. EGGLESTON, St. Paul,
au22-1m STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

C. F. WARNER, Agent.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN AND DUNLIETH PACKETS.—I am pleased to be able to announce to the traveling public that the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company have supplied their Line with Low Water comfortable Passenger Boats, which enables passengers to make the same time and connections made in high water. G., D., D. & M. Packet Co.,
ORRIN SMITH, President.

☞ The Ada Hine, Capt. Beaumont, Charles Mathers, Clerk, will leave St. Paul every evening at half-past six, connecting with the Lower Packets for Prairie du Chien and Dunleith. au9-tf

IN PROBATE COURT—STATE OF MINNESOTA—County of Ramsey—ss.

At a special term of the Probate Court, held in and for the County of Ramsey, at St. Paul, August 6th, 1863:

In the matter of the estate of Phillip Ross, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John Nicols, Administrator of said estate, praying that further time be granted for the settlement of said estate:

It is ordered, that Wednesday, September 3rd, A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate, in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of said petition; And that the heirs at law of the said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court then and there to be holden, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted:

And it is further ordered, that the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Saint Paul Press, a newspaper published in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

E. C. LAMBERT, Judge of Probate.
August 8th, 1863. au11-3w

OUR NEW STOCK OF
BOOTS & SHOES,
ARE ARRIVING.
FINE GOODS AND REASONABLE PRICES.
S. KILPATRICK.
St. Paul, Sept. 1st, 1863. feb27-1y

WANTED!
A situation as Engineer or Machinist, Railroad work preferred. Address
septl-1m A. W. RIDDELL, Hastings, Min.

HOPS! HOPS!
Otsego County Hops for sale.
L. B. & C. GREIG,
septl-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.
200 bbls. Mess Pork.
5,000 lbs. Lower Country Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams.
au28-2w J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

FARMER WANTED.
I want a responsible man and wife to take charge of my farm and sheep on shares. 300 acres of land—90 of it under plow. 200 sheep or more. Address,
jy7-tf H. W. BARRY, Dundas.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA, ST. PAUL, August 22, 1863.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD

A reward of ten dollars, and the reasonable expense incurred, will be paid to any person, for the apprehension and delivery of a *deserter* to the Headquarters of the nearest Provost Marshal.

GEORGE H. KEITH,
Captain and Provost Marshal,
au23-1md&w 2nd Dist., Min.

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY will open its next session September 1st. Board and regular tuition $45 per quarter.

The proprietor has secured the services of Miss S. Etheridge, a graduate of Mrs. Willard's Seminary, Troy, N. Y., to instruct in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss E., besides having taught music in the South, has had charge for a time of the Musical Department in the Hamilton Female Seminary, N. Y., and is eminently qualified in her profession. Pupils who desire it, can take lessons in Vocal Music, training and developing the voice.

THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, under the care of J. G. Riheldaffer, will open on the same day.

Address REV. J. G. RIHELDAFFER,
au8 d tw w* Corner St. Peter and Summit av.

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED NOISELESS
SEWING MACHINES.
MAKING BOTH THE
Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch
PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.
FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars
A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-1 jan 1

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of them in use in this country and Europe.

These are the only machines making the Lock Stitch with the Rotating Hook.

Are profitable and available a life time.

Equal to ten seamstresses.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by their possessor.

The Class Cloth-Presser, (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,
jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

SECURITY AND ECONOMY.

The Mutual Life
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK,
The largest in the U. S., having a cash capital of
Over Nine Million of Dollars,
Securely invested, is as its name implies, purely
MUTUAL,

Its entire surplus, deducting necessary expenses alone, being divided among the Policy Holders. The Dividends of this Co., are larger than any other, in some instances amounting to more than the Premium paid, and can be used to increase the amount insured or to reduce the Premiums.

Information showing the superior advantages offered by this Co., can be obtained at the Insurance Agency of

P. W. NICHOLS,
161 Third Street,
my6-dly St. Paul, Minnesota.

WANTED TO RENT.
A small house of from two to three pleasant rooms, in a quiet location. Enquire at
au24-1w* GEO. BENZ, Third-st.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment. F. W. TUCHELT,
my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

WANTED,
A young man of good education and address to travel with an exhibition, as showman and explanatory lecturer. Salary liberal. Address, with references,
jy23-tf Box 967, St. Paul, Min.

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

CORDAGE AND LEAD PIPE—
JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale low, by
je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

THE LIGHT DRAFT AND commodious steamer ALBANY has been enlarged and refitted, and will continue, during the balance of the season, to make tri-weekly trips to Shakopee, Chaska, and Carver, on the Minnesota River, leaving St. Paul on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 A. M.

AARON RUSSELL, Captain.
A. CLIFFORD, Clerk. au21-2m

STATE OF MINNESOTA, SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT, ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, St. Paul, Aug., 1863.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that that the lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken under the Excise Tax Law of the United States within Division numbered Four, comprising the County of Ramsey, will be open for examination, at the office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor, on the 29th day of August, A. D., 1863, and will remain open for the space of fifteen days from said time.

Notice is also given that appeals will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations by the Assistant Assessor of said Division, at the place aforesaid, on the 15th day of September, A. D., 1863, and immediately thereafter until all appeals are disposed of.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
an26-1 sept 15 Assessor, 2d District.

1000 BUSHELS OATS,
100 Barrels Salt,
150 Barrels Flour,
100 Gunny Sacks,
50 cords Dry Wood,
Also Carbon Oil by the Barrel.
For sale by GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
jy28 Cor. Jackson and Fourth-sts

LET THE PEOPLE KNOW IT!
LET ALL THE PEOPLE KNOW IT!!
A. H. WIMBISH, Jackson-st., is selling the choicest Family Groceries at the lowest market rate and delivering any where in the city without extra charge. aus

A MODEL FARM FOR SALE.
The well-known Larpenteur Farm, situated on the old St. Anthony Road, one and a half miles from the city limits, consisting of one hundred and twenty acres, all under fence and improvement, with Dwelling, Barn, Wagon and Wood Sheds, Milk and Ice Houses, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c., &c. Will be sold at a fair price and upon liberal terms. No better chance for a favorable investment. Apply to
au26-1m JOHN S. PRINCE,

1863. 1864.
EMPIRE WOOD MILL
CIRCULAR.
THIS WOOD MILL
Is a Machine consisting of a sweep power and drag saw combined, and intended for cutting
STOVE AND RAILROAD WOOD,
SHINGLE AND STAVE BOLTS,
FROM THE LOG.

Of any size from ten inches in diameter, up to the largest. It can be run with one or two horses, is easily handled by two men, can be used in the woods as well as out, is simple in its construction, having strong castings, is made of the most durable and best seasoned timber, well painted, will cut from two to three cords of stove wood per hour, and will work logs into common 16 inch stove wood, *with no more expense than it costs to cut and split logs into four feet cord wood.*

Read the Testimony.

Home Testimonial for the Wood Mill!

HASTINGS, Min., March 19, 1863.

MR. CHARLES ETHERIDGE—SIR: The Wood Mill (sweep power and drag saw) we bought of you last winter has cut about five hundred cords of 16 inch wood from the logs we used a small pair of mules and found the work easy for them. We find by experience that we can easily cut two cords an hour and have cut over three cords. For cutting railroad wood, stave or shingle bolts, or stove wood we think it is just the Machine needed.

C. L. & J. LEWIS.

This Machine can be used profitably to cut logs into convenient lengths for railroad ties, the logs being placed upon rollers can be moved endwise to an exact length.

☞ Agents wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota. Circulars sent by return mail on application.

CHARLES ETHERIDGE,
General Agent,
au27-1md&w HASTINGS, MINNESOTA.
P. F. HODGES, St. Paul, Local Agent.

IRON and STEEL.

HEAVY HARDWARE.

ORDER
SHEET IRON,
NORWAY NAIL RODS,
BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,
Nails and Spikes,
SLEIGH SHOES,
CUTTER SHOES,
Sleigh and Cutter
RUNNERS,
Bent Cutter Stuff,
OF
HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
CHICAGO.
au29-d&w1y

MILW

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1863. NUMBER 226.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

The Press paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, SEPT. 4.

A UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

We direct attention to the call, in another column, for a convention of citizens of Ramsey county, without regard to party, to nominate candidates for the legislative and several county offices that are to be filled at the next election.

The long list of names of our citizens of all parties—copperheads only excepted—not less than the considerations stated in the call, commend it to the acceptance of every elector.

It does not emanate from either the Democratic or Republican County Committee, so that no exceptions can be taken to it as having the slightest party bias. These party committees are respectfully asked to forego calling conventions.

The objects to be attained by this movement are directly and simply, (1) that the highest *integrity* and *best capacity* may be secured in the administration of our local public affairs—affecting the social and business interests of the many thousands of our population, and the many millions of wealth of the county, as well as the representation of these interests in the State legislature; and, (2) that the voice of the uncomputed, undebased, unconditional patriotism of our people shall, in the approaching election, give forth *no uncertain sound*.

These objects appealing alike to the selfish pecuniary interests of our citizens, and to the generous and noble sentiment of love of country, will we are sure, secure for the call a ready adoption by the loyal masses of Ramsey county.

THE ENROLLMENT OF ST. PAUL.

We surrender a large portion of our space this morning to the publication of the list of persons enrolled in this city. This publication answers the charge of unfairness in the enrollment and draft, concerning which the Copperheads have delighted to descant for months. The contemptible assertion that Democrats only were enrolled falls to the ground, and the Copperhead calling, to a certain extent, vanishes.

It would be strange, indeed, if in view of the difficulties that beset the enrolling officer, some mistakes had not occurred. An occasional name may be omitted, names may be improperly spelled, initials may be incorrect, the ages of some may be *too old*, and other errors may have crept into the list. We have endeavored to reproduce the names exactly as they stand on the rolls at the Provost Marshal's office, and persons who discover errors should take the proper course to have them corrected.

It is for the interest of every man who is correctly enrolled, to have every other person in the city, liable to military duty, also enrolled, as his chances for being drafted are increased in the same proportion that omissions and errors occur in the enrollment. If any one discovers that a name has been omitted, it is his duty to report it to the Provost Marshal, and let all take their chance. No one should complain of unfairness who does not take this opportunity to see that every name is down, and down correctly. Where the enrolling officer has been deceived as to the age it should be reported. There is no probability that the "Second Class" will ever be called upon, and consequently it is important that all belonging to the "First Class, should be under that head, and not escape the burdens of the draft by a false statement concerning their age.

Every man should call over his list of acquaintances, and see that they are all correctly enrolled, and when a mistake is noticed, call upon the Provost Marshal, and have the omission or error rectified. Let those who do not pursue this course *now*, "forever after hold their peace" concerning the "unfairness of the draft."

"All Hail The Flaunting Lie."

The Copperhead papers throughout the country have lately been quoting a poem which appeared in the New York *Tribune*, some years since, and commenced, "All hail the flaunting lie!" The occasion for its production was the return of a fugitive slave to the South, from Boston. As it denounced our flag for shielding slave-hunters, the Copperheads eagerly seized upon it, and Sunset Cox went so far as to assert that Mr. Greeley was the author. To this the *Tribune* replies:

Mr. S. S. Cox, in his Copperhead peregrinations through Ohio, has a habit of quoting a very spirited lyric evoked by the desecration of our National flag to the base uses of the slave-hunters, beginning "All hail the flaunting lie!" and stating that they were written by Horace Greeley? The said Greeley would gladly be able to write so good a lyric as that, but never was—verse writing being an achievement for which he has a very indifferent aptitude. The excellent stanzas to which Mr Cox falsely attributes to him were written by a young Irish Democrat of this city, then and now a member of the Tammany Society, … a most effective co-worker with Cox in the support for the Presidency of Buchanan in '56 and of Douglas in '60. And now if Cox will write as spirited and vigorous a poem on any subject—to be chosen by himself—its relative merit to be decided by three reputable judges of poetry chosen by himself—we will pay him $100 for it, and stipulate that he shall tell whatever falsehoods he pleases to our prejudice for the next six months without rebuke or exposure.

—Powers, the American sculptor, at Florence is in deep affliction, caused by the untimely death of his daughter.

Call for a Union County Convention.

The undersigned, anxious in these eventful and perilous times, to see able, honest, discreet and patriotic men in all offices, invite their fellow citizens of Ramsey County, without regard to party, to send delegates to a County Convention, to be held at the Court House, on THURSDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature and for the offices of Sheriff, Register of Deeds, Treasurer, County Attorney, Judge of Probate, Coroner, Surveyor, Court Commissioner, and County Commissioners, from the 2d, 3d and 4th Wards of St. Paul.

They cordially invite the co-operation of all patriotic men in favor of the exercise, by the Government, of all necessary power, civil and military, to suppress the Rebellion and restore peace and unity to the American people.

And they deem it not improper in these times to respectfully ask the Democratic and Republican County Committees to forego calling Conventions, that all good, loyal men, may come together and work harmoniously to promote the best interests of the country.

They recommend that the electors in the different Wards of the city meet at their respective places of voting, at 7½ o'clock P. M., and of the country precincts at 5 P. M., on Tuesday next, Sept. 8th, to elect delegates to said Convention.

After the adjournment of the County Convention, the delegates from the 1st, 2d, and 5th Wards, and Townships of McLean, New Canada, White Bear and Moundview, composing the First Senatorial District will nominate candidates for Senator and two Representatives.

At the same time the delegates from the 3d and 4th Wards, and the Townships of Rose and Reserve, comprising the 21st Senatorial District, will nominate candidates for a Senator and Representative.

For the purposes of these Conventions the 1st Ward will be entitled to 6 delegates, the 2d to 8, the 3d to 8, the 4th to 8, and the 5th to 6, and the Townships to 4 delegates each.

Horace Thompson,
D. W. Ingersoll,
Jno. W. Catheart,
Ira Bidwell,
J. L. Forepaugh,
F. Willius,
A. H. Catheart,
Lorenzo Allis,
Charles E. Mayo,
E. A. C. Hatch,
Chas. Weide,
John J. Williams,
H. R. Bigelow,
W. D. Washburn,
D. A. Monfort,
Truman M. Smith,
Edward H. Biggs,
W. B. Dean,
R. F. Crowell,
H. S. Fairchild,
W. L. Wilson,
W. B. Quinn,
Wm. Orcutt,
T. F. Quinn,
J. F. Bogemann,
E. N. Larpenteur,
C. L. Larpenteur,
Lyman Dayton,
John Nicols,
H. Rogers,
Thos. O. Schell,
D. C. Greenleaf,
S. K. Putnam,
J. S. Dennison,
F. Theobald,
Peter Spo,
M. Sherburne,
Geo. W. Farrington,
Chas Nichols,
A. T. C. Pierson,
Alvah Smith,
J. P. Pond,
Nicholas Gross,
Patrick Ryan,
N. Wagner,
A. Timme,
John Shilliger,
Charles Wheeler,
Ed. Webb,
"Honest John,"
J. G. Betz,
C. Rauch,
D. C. Marvin,
T. V. Cle itree,
The E. Parker,
D. Ramaly,
Fred-rick Driscoll,
John Scheler,
A. Allen,
A. Edgerton,
T. C. Robinson,
J. O Donnell,
R. W. Hughes,
L. L. Benson,
J. Daily,
J. W. Webb,
Geo. Benz,
Geo. Wats n,
J. Lunkenheimer,
R. P. Lewis,
C. Reuther,
John Mussmann,
J. F. Tostevin,
Wm. B. Langley,
Wm. E. Hartshorn,
Geo. W. Prescott,
Andrew Nessel,
F. Knauft,
A. McElrath,
John Degraw,
P. P. Furber,
Louis Krieger,
B. K. Watson,
D. Mellaux,
H. D. Wolcott,
Mark D. Sproat,
J. H. Presho,
S. L. Presho,
James Hoffman,
Frank J. Tuttle,
R. A. Kemp,
M. Auerbach,
Jno. A. Stees,
J. B. Braden,
Joseph Lee,
T. B. Campbell,
W. Niehaus,
H Niehaus,
David Day,
Daniel Flynn,
N. B. Harwood,
F. Gilman,
T. C. Field,
Louis Semper,
H. A. Subilia,
R. Eckford,
J. C. Zirkelbach,
Wm. H. Burch,
J. W. F. Foster,
B. Beebe,
Sam'l Raguet,
H. A. Schleik,
L. L. Dunbar,
M. Tromley,
E. K. Robinson,
J. T. Castello,
T. J. King,
A. Caldwell,
Rudolph Adams,
W. H. Braden,
H. K. Stevens,
E. Hogan,
J. H. Camp,
Henry Habighorst,
G. D. Eddy,
B. Babcock,
W. H. Keller,
W. T. Donaldson,
H. S. Ogden,
Jonathan Laughton,
A. H. Rose,
J. H. Byers,
L. C. Kiniston,
Monroe Sheire,
Neel Munroe,
Chas. Leonard,
G. N. Beman,
J. P. Lowell,
H. Penfield,
M. J. Clum,
H. W. Schroer,
Robert McMenemy,
C. H. Strong,
J. Prefontaine,
J. G. Dugan,
D. P. Hallowell,
C. Williams,
A. N. Gallois,
E. M. Halloway,
R. L. Morton,
Geo. Palmes,
Christian Dieter,
J. W. Simpson,
H. B. Constans,
A. L. Whitney,
O. Curtis,
E. L. Adams,
H. M. Shaw,
E. L. Larpenteur,
H. R. Gibbs,
Wm. E. Brimhall,
A. D. Davidson,
Thomas Erd,
Frank Albrecht,
Henry Pyke,
F. Bauholzen,
R. Pat-chovsky,
Peter Dawrer,
J. B. Lahr,
C. Barnand,
Charles Tachse,
Dominick Troyer,
F. Emmert,
Killian Six,
Henry Weber,
August Schuler,
Ch. Schiller,
A. R. Kiefer,
C. H. Sierness,
Max Fink,
H. Kelley,
J. B. Lapham,
C. G. Montfort,
E. & H. Y. Bell,
W. S. Potts,
A. R. French,
S. R. Randolph,
Wm. Wakefield,
J. M. Yandes,
Geo. Scotten,
John Milwain,
James Hopkins,
Jos. Hopkins,
H. Scheffbaur,
Chas. Naeher,
W. Derwin,
J. Bensberg,
H. Harff,
M. Dorniden,
B. Rodeck,
Jas. H. Kelley,
Chas. Gress,
Wm. Nixon,
H. Kreitz,
S. Rochette,
Henry Morris,
E. Albrecht,
J. Johnson,
J. H. Matthews,
R. Nash,
Frederick Saunders,
Thos. Slater,
Wm. Keller,
John Tanner,
R. W. McCloud,
A. Bettenger,
E. C. Rich,
Henri Rochet,
E. W. Lewis,
C. W. Riehl,
Thomas Chaffee,
C. L. Yale,
S. B. Loye,
J. C. Green,
C. W. Carpenter,
W. L. Mason,
Alfred Moore,
J. Frost,
C. D. Strong,
W. W. Folsom,
Jacob Mallar,
Henry Buel,
E. J. Way,
Wm. J. Smith,
F. B. Farwell,
Wm. F. Cahill,
J. H. Pomroy,
Geo. W. Cook,
E. A. Brown,
Jas. Ruddy,
Peter F. Minnen,
Alonzo Eaton,
Adam Scott,
G. W. Merrill,
Hector Holmes,
A. H. Lohlker,
A. Georger,
A. H. Baker,
R. P. Patterson,
J. P. Chrest,
John Weide,
J. D. Pope,
Lott Moffit,
A. H. Wimbish,
R. B. Gre-s,
Geo. Lowrey,
F. A. Holship,
S. G. Sloan,
R. F. Combs,
Wm. Baley,
Geo. E. Schnabel,
J. C. Schnabel,
J. B. Slichter,
E. Zimmerman,
Chas. P. Carver,
C. L. Weed,
C. L. Wood,
A. L. Larpenteur,
L. Holmes,
J. Gellatly,
Wm. Leyde,
Z. E. B. Nash,
Edgar Nash,
John N. Evner,
Oliver Corfil,
Wm. R. Miller,
C. Y. McCumb,
W. L. Mentzer,
M. Groff,
A. H. Cavender,
C. Geib,
G. Rochat,
B. Bradley,
Geo. Irvine,
J. H. Wiley,
M. G. Thayer,
W. H. Miller,
J. Bell,
Jas. H. Murray,
N. P. Folk,
A. Nelson,
A. Lasher,
Paul Reiger,
L. Blum,
C. D. Gilfillan,
J. W. Bass,
Wm. Kennedy,
S. F. Bunemann,
J. I. Beaumont,
H. Morin,
L. B. Wait,
Henry M urer,
John Thomarth,
Charles F. Lewis,
D. G. Brown,
E. Brown,
O. B. Turrell,
John Holland,
K. Lion,
H. L. Carey,
H. Russell,
A. H. Wilder,
A. O. Francis,
Geo. W. Benedict,
E. R. Otis.

—A Richmond paper illustrates how Federal prisoners are treated, when it announces the demise of a newspaper man at the Libby Prison, heading the article: "A Yankee reporter gone home to write up his reports by fire!"

—A Massachusetts judge has decided that a husband may open his wife's letters, on the ground, so often and tersely stated by Theophilus Parsons, of Cambridge, "that the husband and the wife are one, and the husband *is that one!*"

THE CITY.

ALDERMAN Murray offered a resolution rescinding the resolution passed May 29, 1863, which read as follows:

Resolved, That from and after the 1st day of September, 1863, no aid shall be furnished to families of volunteers unless they shall make an allotment of eight dollars a month to some suitable person for the use of their families, and notify the Council of the same.

The resolution was rescinded by unanimous vote.—*Council Proceedings of Tuesday.*

A little too late "Sweet William." Your wonderful patriotism was recently descanted upon at length by a roaring ass, and we accordingly had occasion to review your Council record. Perhaps it disturbed you "Sweet William" to see the readiness that you had manifested in your official capacity, "to meet the government or any of its pimps." As you *may* have forgotten how that record looks we quote for your edification from the PRESS report of the trumped up Copperhead prosecution of U. S. Provost Marshals:

"We cannot refrain in this connection from quoting the following resolution, taken from the official record, offered by this man Murray in Council meeting on the 19th of last May:

'*Resolved*, That after the first day of June next, no money shall be paid to families of volunteers, except when the said families have children, and then only at the rate of one dollar for each woman and child and that all resolutions in contravention of this are hereby rescinded.'

The Mayor vetoed this *very* patriotic measure which this man Murray offered and log-rolled through the Council, and on the 28th of May a special meeting was held to consider the vote and in the official record of that meeting appears the following:

'Alderman Murray addressed the Council advocating the passage of the resolution over the veto of the Mayor,'"

It appears from the official proceedings, that "Sweet William," who is "ready to meet the government or any of its pimps," actually introduced the resolution that he moved to rescind on Tuesday.

"Sweet William," who styles the gallant soldiers of our army "pimps," and who labored in Council to reduce the families of those he sees fit to call "pimps," to beggary, now comes around, and in view of the approaching election, proposes to *rescind*.

Your wit comes a little too late "Sweet William." A pair of braying asses could not whitewash your Council record sufficiently to give it an air of decency. Your champion at the Provost Marshal trials referred with a triumphant air to your patriotic course in Council and it is fair to suppose you consider that your *forte*. It is a little too late "Sweet William," you have made your mark and it is a black one and the "government pimps" as you call the soldiers, will see to it that your coppery cranium is buried so deep that even the asinine bellowing of your worthy co-adjutor will not serve to awaken life.

"GOVERNOR" WARREN'S AGE.—The much mooted question concerning the venerable "Governor's" age is put at rest by the enrollment list which we publish this morning. By some *very singular mistake* he is set down as *thirty-six* on the first of July, while the militia roll of Capt. Conway's Company, made in May, on file at the Adjutant General's office, (which any one can see who chooses to be to the trouble of calling there) fixes his age at *thirty-four*. The enrolling officer should have been more careful than to have made such a mistake as this, but we trust the "Governor's" old and enfeebled age will not prevent his surviving this remarkable phenomenon.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press:

THE COUNTY TREASURERSHIP—JOHN A PECKHAM NOT A CANDIDATE.—Will you be pleased to state, through the columns of your paper, that I am not a candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

Thanking you for the complimentary notice in your paper of yesterday,

I am, yours truly,

JOHN A. PECKHAM.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 3, 1863.

WAR HAS ITS TRIUMPHS, SO HAS PEACE.—While the armies of the Union were winning brilliant victories, the *Chemical Saleratus* was enjoying a series of uninterrupted triumphs over the popular aversion to all Saleratus, because the common kinds in use were found to be destructive. Science had demonstrated that the *Chemical Saleratus* was not only pure in its nature, but wonderful in its effects, producing better bread and biscuit than any other kind of Saleratus or Soda known.

CAPT. MORTON informs us that he had nothing to do with granting a license to Col. Wood. He was with the Chief of Police when the transaction took place but did not take part in it or hear the conversation that ensued between the parties.

FIRE.—A fire last night about nine o'clock, consumed the meat house, woodhouse and barn of Thomas Lamb, on St. Anthony Hill.

His dwelling was saved by great exertions. We did not learn the amount of the loss.

A SPECIAL communication of Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5, is to be held this evening. By order of W. M.

W. S. COMBS, Sec'y.

LOCAL NOTICES.

JOINT NOTICE.—We, the undersigned, respectfully give notice that our offices will hereafter be closed on Sunday. Passengers wishing to take either the morning or evening line of boats on Sunday, will please procure their tickets on Saturday.
S. B. FORBES,
Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
O. CURTIS,
Agent Prairie du Chien Railroad.
C. L. WOOD,
Agent Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
St. Paul, Sept. 4th, 1863.—tf.

INSURANCE AND TICKET AGENT.—Chas Thompson, former Ticket Agent in this city for the Prairie du Chien Rail Road, having permanently located in Milwaukee, Mr. Orrin Curtiss has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

In assuming the position of Ticket Agent, Mr. Curtiss by no means intends to relinquish his insurance business, but still retains his agency for the Ætna Fire Insurance, and Wisconsin Life Insurance Companies. He has secured the services of Mr. A. L. Whitney, and will personally superintend the whole business.

The well known reputation of Mr. Curtiss is a sufficient guarantee that travelers and property holders will have their wants supplied in a prompt and gentlemanly manner. Sept. 3-tf.

O. CURTIS, *General Insurance Agent*
Office in Thompson's Block, Third street.
L. H. Chute, Agent for Ætna Insurance Company, St. Anthony.
June 24th, 1863. dly

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PATRONIZE HOME INSTITUTIONS.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF WISCONSIN, offers these advantages to those seeking Insurance:

It is a North-Western Institution—is at Hand—Operates in the Healthiest Section of the Union, and hence has the fewest losses—is strictly Mutual—all its Policies are Participant—puts out its Money at the highest rate of Interest—does its business in the Cheapest possible Manner—has no half-note feature, which has been abandoned as dangerous by the oldest and best Companies in Europe and the United States.

The Hon. CHARLES SCHEFFER, State Treasurer, is Trustee of this Company for Minnesota; O. CURTIS, Local Agent; Rev. S. HAWLEY, General Agent for Northern Minnesota.

☞ Office in THOMPSON'S BLOCK, Third street, St. Paul. w&f au23-3m

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
au18-3md&w No. 60 Nassau Street, New York.

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

Kathairon is from the Greek word "Kathro," or "Kathairo," signifying to cleanse, rejuvinate and restore. This article is what its name signifies. For preserving, restoring and beautifying the human hair it is the most remarkable preparation in the world. It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair from falling off and turning gray.
It restores hair upon bald heads.

Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathairon. It is known and used throughout the civilized world. Sold by all respectable dealers.
DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
au15-cow d tw&wly Proprietors, New York.

WYNKOOP'S ICELAND PECTORAL.

Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Pulmonary organs are ever prevalent, insidious and dangerous. The properties of a medicine to alleviate, cure and uproot these complaints, must be Expectorant, Anodyne and Invigorating, loosening the mucus of the throat, and imparting tone to the entire system. No discovery in medical science ever mastered this class of diseases like Dr. Wynkoop's Iceland Pectoral. It is used with the most astonishing results in all cases of Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Diptheria or Putrid Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Irritability, &c.

The Rev. J. J. Potter certifies, "that I have used Dr. Wynkoop's Pectoral for several years, myself and in my family, for severe Pulmonary Complaints, and have recommended it to many others, and have never seen its equal."
Rev. J. J. POTTER, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hundreds and thousands of important testimonials could be produced, showing its remarkable cures and that *it never fails*.

It is composed of pure Iceland Moss, Balm of Gilead, Peruvian Balsam, Elecampane, Comfrey, Burdock, and other invaluable expectorant and tonic ingredients. It is harmless, prompt and lasting. Invalids and sufferers cannot afford to neglect a trial. Every family should have it. It is remarkable for Croup. Full descriptions, recommendations and directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all principal Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. R. D. Wynkoop, and sold by D. S. Barnes & Co., New York. au15-cowdtw&w

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.
DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,
au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

EDITOR OF PRESS—DEAR SIR:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge.
Respectfully Yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Chemist,
ju1d&w3m No. 801 Broadway, New York.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au27-3md&w

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.
REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON, St. Paul,
au22-1m STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
C. F. WARNER, Agent.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN AND DUNLIETH PACKETS.—I am pleased to be able to announce to the traveling public that the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company have supplied their Line with Low Water comfortable Passenger Boats, which enables passengers to make the same time and connections made in high water. G., D., D. & M. Packet Co,
ORRIN SMITH, President.

☞ The Ada Hine, Capt. Beaumont, Charles Mathers, Clerk, will leave St. Paul every evening at half-past six, connecting with the Lower Packets for Prairie du Chien and Dunleith. au9-tf

—A curious revelation from the land office records at Washington shows that Slidell made 4,808 voters for secession in Louisiana, by endowing them with small parcels of land, purchased of the general Government, just before secession, the law of Louisiana requiring that voters shall be freeholders.

Important from the Rio Grande.

The New York *Evening Post* says: "We have to-day seen a letter from a gentleman in Matamoras, who is unquestionable authority, who writes that an agent of ex-President Miramon had unsuccessfully attempted a pronounciamento in Tamaulipas. He left Matamoras with a few armed men, and, as he marched up the Rio Grande toward Camargo, publicly announced that he was authorized to conquer Texas."

"Miramon and his friends, who have been for two months the guests of Confederate State officers at Brownsville, belong to the Church party, and are in alliance with the French. Although this attempt has failed, our informant believes it will be renewed under more favorable auspices, as no measure would be so popular in Mexico, or would so thoroughly unite all parties, as the attempt to re-annex Texas. The letter also gives information that a large French force is daily expected at Matamoras."

—Thaddeus Stevens—a very good authority—is of the opinion that the payment of $300 by a drafted man is precisely the same as furnishing a substitute—it clears the payer for the entire term of three years, and during that time he cannot be again liable to draft.

DIED.

In Minneapolis, on Thursday morning, September 3d, 1863, CLEVELAND VAUGHAN SALTER, only child of Rev. Charles C. and Maria V. Salter, aged 2 years and 8 months.

In Minneapolis, Sept. 2d, of Consumption, MARGARET G., wife of David M. Anderson, aged 37 years, daughter of the late Robert Dickson, of Ryegate, Vermont.

Funeral service at the Congregational Church, to-day, (Friday), at 2 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Ye lov'd and cherished ones farewell,
I cannot stay;
I'm called 'mid glory's light to dwell,
I must obey.
Oh, join me on that blissful shore
Where all is peace;
There friends are parted, never more,
There sorrows cease.

New Advertisements.

KELLEY'S AUTOMATON MUSICAL TROUPE,

Assisted by FRANK. WOOD and W. N. PERKINS, will give a

CONCERT at INGERSOLL'S HALL.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, September 10th and 11th, 1863.

Admission 50 cents. Children 25 cents.

☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert commences at 8 o'clock.
JAMES H. KELLEY, Manager.
JOS. R. WEIDE & CO., Prop'rs.
sept4-td

HOUSE FOR RENT.

Corner of St. Peter and Thirteenth streets, lately occupied by myself.

FOR SALE.—1 Bronze Clock, Stair Carpet and Rods, Letter Press, Office Table, Chairs and Book Case. Apply this week.
sept4-1t GEO. A. NOURSE.

MASON'S HAT STORE

FULL ONCE MORE.

Fall Styles of Hats,

FALL STYLES OF CAPS,

WINTER CAPS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

OPPOSITE THE BRIDGE, CORNER OF THIRD AND WABASHAW-STS.,

ST. PAUL. sept4-1w

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of New York,

Office, No. 135 Broadway.

Cash Capital	$1,000,000 00
Assets, 1st July, 1863	2,007,530 91
Liabilities	69,581 25

ABSTRACT OF THE

20TH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT,

Showing the condition of the Company on the 1st day of July, 1863.

ASSETS.

Cash balance in Bank	$77,063 31
Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on real estate	813,092 50
Loans on Stocks, payable on demand	217,617 00
United States Stocks (market value)	446,783 78
State and Municipal Stocks and Bonds (market value)	138,669 00
Bank Stocks (market value)	109,150 00
Real Estate	49,917 75
Interest due on 1st of July, 1863 (of which $25,605.96 has since been received)	27,367 51
Balance in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission from Agents, on 1st July (of which $21,428.13 has since been received)	59,833 27
Bills receivable (for premiums on Inland Risks)	47,030 17
Government stamps on hand	314 29
Other property (miscellaneous items)	18,027 86
Premiums due and uncollected on policies issued at office	2,721 41
Total	$2,007,530 91

LIABILITIES.

Claims for losses outstanding 1st July, 1863	$68,911 25
Due stockholders on account seventeenth and eighteenth dividends	670 00

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILMARTH, Vice President.
JOHN MCGEE, Secretary.

The very satisfactory condition of "THE HOME," its assets now amounting to over TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, will be gratifying to its patrons, and will commend it to the favor of all property owners who desire RELIABLE INSURANCE, either FIRE or INLAND.
BORUP & OAKES,
sept4-2w Agents, St. Paul.

NOTICE TO MY FRIENDS.

The undersigned, having engaged his services to Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., would be happy to see all his old friends and customers at their store, corner of Levee and Sibley streets.
LOUIS KREIGER.
Sept. 1st, 1863. sept2

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

FROM ILLINOIS.

Great Union Meeting at Springfield—Some Patriotic Resolutions and Speeches.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 3.

The attendance at the great Union demonstration here to-day was fully as large as was anticipated.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted, that this accursed rebellion commenced without a justifiable cause; that it has been maintained in violation of every principle of justice and humanity; and that it is the duty of the Government to suppress it by the use of every suitable means in their power; that we lay aside party questions and prejudices, and devote ourselves unreservedly to the support of the Government until the rebellion is finally and forever crushed, that to the end that the Union shall live, and the Government survive in all constitutional integrity; that the nation shall be preserved in territorial unity, we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor; that the strength of our government consists in the respect of the people for laws and constitutional authorities, and whoever opposes the execution of laws, whether by open rebellion or by secret combinations, or teaches others to do so, is an enemy to republican liberty; that the course of that portion of the Democratic party who have followed out the dying injunction of Stephen A. Douglass, and who have nobly rallied to the country's standard in this hour of trouble, meets our hearty admiration; that in view of the extraordinary difficulties and embarrassments which have environed both National and State affairs during the present atrocious rebellion, the efforts of the constituted authorities of the National and State Government commend themselves to our highest respect for the zeal, ability and fidelity with which they have been marked.

Speeches were made by Gov. Yates, Senators Doolittle and Trumbull, Gens. McClernand, Oglesbie and other distinguished gentlemen.

The Government Proposes to Borrow $85,000,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.

An important meeting between the officers of the City Banks and Mr. Cisco, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, was held at the Exchange Bank to-day. The proposition submitted to the meeting, we understand, is that the banks of the city should lend the Government $35,000,000. This sum Mr. Chase proposes to draw during the next two or three months, as is required. The banks of Philadelphia are to be asked for an additional $50,000,000. The whole 85,000,000 is to be re-paid in October or November in the new interest bearing Treasury notes, which are to bear five per cent interest, and to be legal tender. This plan seems to be regarded with favor by our best financiers.

Aid for the Kansas Sufferers.

KANSAS CITY, Sep. 3.

Three thousand dollars have been contributed by the citizens of this city for the benefit of Lawrence sufferers. A thousand dollars from the Union League was sent up immediately after the massacre.

General Ewing's Order No. 11 is producing a good effect. Rebel sympathizers are leaving daily.

The President's Letter—Rumors.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

The *Post's* Washington special says the President has to-day revised his letter to the Illinois Convention. The letter as published contains many errors.

Renewed rumors reach us to-day from the upper Potomac of a rebel cavalry advance.

A Knowing Youth.

A certain William Collins, jr., who says he came hither from Ireland "last March," and that he has already declared his intention to become a citizen and been drafted, writes a letter to Mayor Opdyke apprising him that he is willing to stand the draft if the Mayor's son will do likewise, adding:

I deny, as you assert in your message, that the war is waged on our part in the interest of poor men. I also deny that the rebellion was "plotted, begun, and prosecuted in the interest of slave-owners;" but, on the contrary, believe it was plotted, begun and prosecuted by the fanatical Abolitionists, who have continually preached that the Union was a "union with death and a compact with hell."

If Mr. Collins should actually go to the war—which we presume he has no thought of doing—we trust a good watch will be kept in every battle or skirmish over the muzzle of his gun. Should its aim be in the direction dictated by his heart and his logic, there will be more Unionists killed or wounded than ought to be charged to the account of the rebels.

Have they any more chaps as smart as this and as well posted in American history left in Ireland? If they have, will they oblige us with another? We should prefer not to exceed that number; but one more, as a curiosity, would be welcome.—*New York Tribune.*

—General Ewing has been authorized to raise negro regiments in Kansas.

—Robert Toombs, the Ajax of the Rebellion, has published a letter on Confederate finances, in which he shows very clearly that the Confederacy is rapidly rushing to destruction in the matter of paper money. He eulogizes the financial plans of the United States, and contrasts them with Memminger's false principles, greatly to the damage of the latter.

—The Richmond *Enquirer* speaks rather contemptuously of Beauregard's protest "on the ground of humanity," and thinks that his protest will be of little use unless he can disable the batteries that throw shells five miles. The *Enquirer* thinks that Sumter can never be surrendered.

—The New York *Tribune* of the 20th says:

The draft in New York is finished. In spite of the ardent wish of secret traitors, the most profound quiet was preserved—not a riotous face was seen. The whole number drawn is a little over 19,000, or one in six of the number enrolled of the first class, and one in five of the voters for President—the highest vote ever cast in the city.

New Advertisements.

MADAME RICE,

FORTUNE TELLER AND ASTROLOGER, Rooms on Jackson street, one door from 6th, No. 36, up stairs. Ladies, 50 cents; Gentlemen, $1.
sept4-3t*

A. H. WIMBISH,

Jackson street, is still giving the best of Bargains in Groceries and Country Produce. sept4

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF

Ready-Made Clothing

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

BLOOMINGDALE & RHINE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

Are now opening a BRANCH of their large establishment, where will be found the

LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING,

Woollen Shirts,

Drawers, &c., in Minnesota,

All of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail,

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

☞ Buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.

STORE ON THIRD-ST., OPPOSITE EXPRESS OFFICE, ST. PAUL, MIN.
sept4-2wd&2mw

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.

OUR

DRESS GOODS

DEPARTMENT

Is replete with all the latest styles and fabrics, comprising in part a beautiful line of

LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,
ALL WOOL PLAIDS, all colors,
PARIS OTTOMANS,
SILK STRIPE CREPE,
BROCADE REPS,
PLAID MOHAIRS,
ANELINE PLAIDS,
MUSLIN DELAINES, &c,

From 25c a yard to 1.50.

In Shawls and Mantles,

We have everything new and desirable, containing upwards of

200 of the Latest Styles.

We have made such arrangements in New York, that we will be continually in receipt of

New Patterns.

We have a large stock of CLOAKINGS, and are prepared to make MANTLES to order on a day's notice.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

For Ladies and Misses, a large assortment; a complete line of BRADLEY HOOP SKIRTS, for Ladies, Misses and Children; all the favorite brands.

In the Hosiery Department,

You will find everything needful in English, German, and Domestic HOSIERY.

We have now a full line of those heavy iron frame British Hose that have been in such demand.

We have a splendid stock of

Cloths and Cassimeres.

We would call the attention of Merchant Tailors to these goods, having been bought well we will sell them low.

To Country Merchants

We would say, that having bought our Domestic Goods at July prices, much less than present, we are enabled to job Goods at

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE PRICES.

We have now a representative in New York who will attend all auction sales picking up bargains wherever found; we have, therefore, an advantage over others,—all will do well to call on us before purchasing.

Hogan & Camp,

142 Third-St.

dec2

WANTED,

A situation, by a young man from the country, who is desirous of getting a situation in either a Grocery or Dry Goods Store. Can come well recommended. Address
WILLIAM A. J. BRAKE,
sept3-1w* Oakdale, Washington Co., Min.

AUCTION SALE OF DRY GOODS.

FAIRCHILD & MARCH

Sell Dry Goods next Friday (and every Friday) at 10 o'clock at their store, Rogers' Block, Third-st., one square above the Bridge.
sept3-2t FAIRCHILD & MARCH.

LAND TO TRADE.

Forty acres of land in Shawanaw County, Wisconsin, to sell cheap for cash, or to trade for a good team.
H. E. BAKER & CO.,
sept3 Auctioneers.

TWO PIANOS FOR SALE FOR CASH.

One excellent Chickering, Rosewood, full iron frame, 6¾ oct. Price $200. One very good, Griffen & Scudder, Rosewood, 6¾ oct. Price $250.
Address forthwith C. A. WIDSTRAND,
sept3-3t* Minneapolis, Min.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

Enthusiasm for Col. Miller in the Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.

Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

Hurrah! HURRAH!! HURRAH!!! were the words I heard next morning —second morning after the first Bull Run battle. I went into the old church on Judiciary Square, where three companies of the Minnesota First were collected together, all still wet through, the church filled with the steam from their drying garments.

All was quiet—all engaged in low conversation. I was learning the names of the killed, wounded and missing, from a Sergeant in Company E, when hurrah! hurrah! broke out into a shout. I sprang up, and inquired *what was the matter?* News came into the church—"Col. Miller —Col. MILLER HAS COME TO SEE US!"

"Well," said I, "what of *that*—what has *he done?*" anxious to know all about the officer of our brave old *First*.

"About COL. MILLER, is it. Yes, *he* didn't run—*he stuck by us*. We *knew* where *he was all the time*."

The Colonel came in, and all the boys gathered around him and shook hands with him. It was a happy, hearty, *mutual greeting*, not easily forgotten.

And when I saw in your paper, received yesterday, that the Colonel was nominated for Governor of our young and beautiful State, I threw down the paper and hurrahed, just as the boys did for COL. MILLER. The scene and shout in the old church came before me again; and I seemed to hear the shout as it came from the old church, waving and ringing across the Prairies of Minnesota—*hurrah! hurrah* for COL. MILLER.

No political juggler—no Indian Trader —whether he has one, two or five squaw wives, can prevent the election of Col. Miller. Good luck—an overwhelming victory to the brave Colonel.

I remain respectfully yours,

MINNESOTIUS.

THE SIEGE OF CHARLESTON.

Damaged Appearance of Sumter.

A Flag of Truce Concerning the Bombardment of the City.

A Rebel Infernal Machine.

The last New York papers bring letters from Morris Island, dated August 23rd and 24th. Those of the 24th contain nothing of importance, and we make the following extracts from correspondence of the 23rd:

SUMTER IN RUINS.

MORRIS ISLAND, S. C., Aug. 13, '63.— The firing from our batteries has nearly completed the work of destroying Fort Sumter. It is no longer of value to the confederacy as a work of defense. Practically its reduction is accomplished. Its walls have been torn down; its guns, with perhaps a single exception, dismounted, and the few hardy spirits who yet maintain their tenure there are compelled to take refuge from bursting shell and flying masonry as best they may, without power further to help themselves. The navy can pass it. This is the fulfilment of the commanding general's promise to the government when he undertook the herculean job of breaching its walls over the head of Wagner and past the guns of Gregg.

A WARNING FROM GILMORE TO BEAUREGARD.

On Friday morning, at about eight o'clock, Lieut. Col. James F. Hall, Provost Marshal General, and Capt. Brooks, aid-de-camp, left General Gilmore's headquarters, bearing under cover of a flag of truce, a sealed letter from the Union commander to the original rebel chieftain. It is understood that the document was a demand for the surrender of Morris Island and Fort Sumter. To this was added a formal notice that a failure to comply would be followed by turning our guns upon the city of Charleston, and a desire that the non-combatants, women and children, might accordingly be removed beyond the limits of the town.

After proceeding to our batteries upon the left and notifying them to cease firing at the proper time, Colonel Hall and Captain Brooks rode out to our parallels upon the right, and were soon among the sappers in the trenches at the front. Here, amid the storm of bullets and the occasional volleys of shrapnel which burst from Wagner, they frantically waived their white handkerchiefs until a similar emblem of peace was displayed upon the parapet just before them. Lieutenant Colonel Durgin, of the Twenty-first South Carolina Volunteers, came out to receive the communication, and met our flag about midway between our pickets and the fort. But few words passed between the parties, whose hands did not meet during the interview.

After formally introducing himself, Col. Hall ventured to remark that it was a warm mornig, to which the rebel colonel gave his concurrence so stiffly as to deter any farther conversation, except on matters purely official. The parties delivered and received the documents, bade each other good morning, and returned to their lines with a dignity which, in the hot August sun, must have been peculiarly refreshing.

THE FLAG OF TRUCE WAS NOT ALTOGETHER RESPECTED.

During the parley, which was necessarily brief, only the fire of Wagner and our batteries was suspended. The rebel works on James Island and the mortars and columbiads at Vinegar Hill, or Battery Simpkins, poured in their shells as usual. Gregg kept popping away at one of the Monitors, and the latter unconscious, under such circumstances, of any violation of "the proprieties," maintained her fire against the offender with becoming and justifiable rapidity.

THE BOMBARDMENT RENEWED.

As Colonel Hall and Captain Brooks returned to the trenches and the rebel handkerchief disappeared behind the ugly face of Wagner, our batteries reopened, and all along the line, from right to left and left to right, our briefly suspended work went on without further interruption during the day. The proud structure which has so long commanded the channel was still more humbled during the firing of Friday by the effect of our shot and shell. Where her flag-staff had stood the parapet had been knocked away, leaving the bare and shattered pole standing at a very awkward angle amid the rapidly accumulating ruins. Projectiles from our right batteries went tearing through the easterly face and crushed the opposite wall in their flight, while our batteries on the right continued their firing upon the gorge. Still the brave fellows inside kept their flag flying over the ruins. Most uncompromising rebellion showed itself in every flutter of their mutilated but defiant banner. Out of its folds most persistent treason shook itself in every passing puff of wind. The rebels would not lower the flag nor abandon the work.

PITCHING SHELLS INTO CHARLESTON.

Making good his notice to Beauregard, General Gillmore directed Lieutenant Sellmer, commanding the Marsh Battery, to open with his heavy rifled gun upon the city of Charleston during the night. Accordingly the piece was trained in that direction, and between one and two o'clock on Saturday morning fifteen shells of Birney's invention were pitched over the James Island batteries across the island and the harbor and into the town. Their flight was wonderful. When last seen the monstrous projectiles were still soaring upwards, as if on their way to join the stars.

The effect of this demonstration against the city was quite satisfactory to ourselves if not to the remaining inhabitants. Perhaps General Beauregard had considered General Gillmore's threat to shell Charleston at the distance of four miles too preposterous to demand attention. Certainly the city had not been evacuated by all the non-combatants. The visitors which our "Swamp Angel" sent them created a most uproarious panic. The people were aroused by their advent, and that universal confusion followed and a general skedaddle ensued was evident from the light of burning buildings, the ringing of bells from every steeple, and the screeching and screaming of locomotive whistles.

ANOTHER FLAG OF TRUCE.

At daybreak there was a white flag on the parapet of Wagner, and the sharpshooters ceased their deadly labors for a few moments while the field officers of the trenches went out to receive it. "A communication for Gen. Gilmore," was the announcement, and the white flags separated, the hostile officers retired to their respective lines, and the roar of artillery was resumed. The contents of the rebel message did not transpire; but in a couple of hours Gen. Gilmore's answer was at the front, and, after a brief delay in attracting the attention of Wagner, was delivered to the rebel authorities. If Beauregard wanted more time he did not get it. If he proposed terms they were not satisfactory. The fire of our batteries was resumed, and the most vigorous and spirited contest of the week followed.

ANOTHER MESSAGE FROM CHARLESTON.

Late yesterday afternoon the rebel batteries suddenly became silent, and, looking towards the harbor, we saw a little lead colored steamer coming swiftly down, with a flag of truce at her fore. Operations were accordingly suspended, and the silence aroused every one to the fact that "something was up." Getting abreast of Fort Wagner, and still showing no signs of slackening her speed, Colonel Turner fired several blank cartridges at the craft to bring her to. To these she paid no attention, steaming down the channel very much as the Planter did when Robert Small's flag of truce came out. On she came, down to the Beacon House; still further, where she could see into the rear of our batteries, and where those on board, all of whom were equipped with telescopes and marine glasses, could count every gun. Then the Ironsides, which was anchored in safety down the channel, woke up to the fact that this impudent and bold reconnoissance in open day was hardly the proper thing for the enemy to perform even under a flag of truce, and accordingly fired a solid shot at the steamer. The latter checked her course with evident reluctance, and returned to the buoy, where Admiral Dahlgren's tug, the Daffodil, met her and received the dispatches she had brought down.

FOREIGN CONSULS INTERFERING.

The contents of these dispatches cannot yet be published; but it is understood that they were, first, a savage and indignant protest from General Beauregard against what he considers Gen. Gilmore's unchristian and uncivilized mode of warfare in shelling the city of Charleston; and, secondly, a batch of notes of similar import from the consuls of the various foreign Powers represented in that city. The dispatches were answered promptly, and as I write there is another suspension of hostilities while Colonel Hall is delivering Gen. Gilmore's reply, under still another flag of truce.

There was very little firing during last night on either side. This morning at daylight the Monitors went into the harbor, receiving three shots from a single gun on Sumter, and a rapid and well directed fire from the Sullivan's Island works. A dense bank of fog hung over the bay, and it was not till the iron-clads steamed out of it and came to their old anchorage that we could see anything of their movements. The feeling of disappointment and exasperation at the conduct of the navy in their operations is becoming more and more manifest on shore.

A REBEL INFERNAL MACHINE VISITS THE NEW IRONSIDES.

On Thursday night last, about ten o'clock, while Ensign Porter was officer of the deck, he discovered what he supposed to be one of the Monitors moving rapidly down the channel and towards his ship, the new Ironsides. He watched it closely as it neared him, and soon saw enough to excite his suspicions that all was not right. When she had come within speaking distance he hailed her and asked what vessel it was. The reply came, "Ay, ay, sir; all right." As this was not the proper answer to be given by any of our vessels he hailed again. The next answer was, "A live Yankee, from Port Royal." He was then satisfied that she was a rebel vessel, and he called all hands to quarters. The strange vessel continued to move towards the Ironsides, and attempted to cross her bows or explode a torpedo against her sides. But she failed in the latter attempt, and only succeeded in getting foul of the frigate's ram, which stopped her for a moment. She finally got off and started rapidly towards Fort Moultrie. Several guns were fired from the frigate at her; but it was thought none struck the audacious vessel, as she went off flying.

The New York World and Charleston.

It is seldom that we can endorse anything which appears in the New York *World*, but to the following we give a most hearty amen:

If Charleston, which set the ball of this terrible civil war in motion, shall, by the obstinacy of its resistance, become a smeared and blackened ruin, the country will recognize the hand of retributive justice which thus transforms the cradle of the rebellion into its coffin, and hangs up the smoke of the devoted city as a funeral pall.

SECURITY AND ECONOMY.

The Mutual Life INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK,

The largest in the U. S., having a cash capital of

Over Nine Million of Dollars,

Securely invested, is as its name implies, purely

MUTUAL,

Its entire surplus, deducting necessary expenses alone, being divided among the Policy Holders. The Dividends of this Co., are larger than any other, in some instances amounting to more than the Premium paid, and can be used to increase the amount insured or to reduce the Premiums.

Information showing the superior advantages offered by this Co., can be obtained at the Insurance Agency of

P. W. NICHOLS, 161 Third Street,

my6-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

WANTED TO RENT.

A small house of from two to three pleasant rooms, in a quiet location. Enquire at

au25-1w GEO. BENZ Third-st.

CORDAGE AND LEAD PIPE— JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale low, by

je11-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

THE LIGHT DRAFT AND commodious steamer ALBANY has been enlarged and refitted, and will continue, during the balance of the season, to make tri-weekly trips to Shakopee, Chaska, and Carver, on the Minnesota River, leaving St. Paul on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 A. M.

AARON RUSSELL, Captain.

A. CLIFFORD, Clerk. au21-2m

STATE OF MINNESOTA, SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT, ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, St. Paul, Aug., 1863.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that that the lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken under the Excise Tax Law of the United States within Division numbered Four, comprising the County of Ramsey, will be open for examination, at the office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor, on the 29th day of August, A. D., 1863, and will remain open for the space of fifteen days from said time.

Notice is also given that appeals will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations by the Assistant Assessor of said Division, at the place aforesaid, on the 15th day of September, A. D., 1863, and immediately thereafter until all appeals are disposed of.

H. G. O. MORRISON, Assessor, 2d District.

au26-t sept 15

1000 BUSHELS OATS, 100 Barrels Salt, 150 Barrels Flour, 100 Gunny Sacks, 50 cords Dry Wood,

Also Carbon Oil by the Barrel.

For sale by GEO. E. SCHNABEL,

jy28 Cor. Jackson and Fourth-sts

A MODEL FARM FOR SALE.

The well-known Larpenteur Farm, situated on the old St. Anthony Road, one and a half miles from the city limits, consisting of one hundred and twenty acres, all under fence and improvement, with Dwelling, Barn, Wagon and Wood Sheds, Milk and Ice Houses, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c., &c. Will be sold at a fair price and upon liberal terms. No better chance for a favorable investment. Apply to

au18-1m JOHN S. PRINCE.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Brier Root Pipes, a large assortment.

F. W. TUCHELT, Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

my8-1y

OUR NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

ARE ARRIVING.

FINE GOODS AND REASONABLE PRICES.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, Sept. 1st, 1863. feb27-1y

WANTED!

A situation as Engineer or Machinist, Railroad work preferred. Address

sept1-1m A. W. RIDDELL, Hastings, Min.

HOPS! HOPS!

Otsego County Hops for sale.

L. B. & C. GREIG, Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

sept1-1w

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.

200 bbls. Mess Pork.

5,000 lbs. Lower Country Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams.

au28-2w J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

FARMER WANTED.

I want a responsible man and wife to take charge of my farm and sheep on shares. 300 acres of land—90 of it under plow. 200 sheep or more. Address,

jy7-tf H. W. BARRY, Dundas.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA, ST. PAUL, August 22, 1863.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD

A reward of ten dollars, and the reasonable expense incurred, will be paid to any person, for the apprehension and delivery of a *deserter* to the Headquarters of the nearest Provost Marshal.

GEORGE H. KEITH, Captain and Provost Marshal, 2nd Dist., Min.

au23-1md&w

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY will open its next session September 1st. Board and regular tuition $45 per quarter.

The proprietor has secured the services of Miss S. Etheridge, a graduate of Mrs. Willard's Seminary, Troy, N. Y., to instruct in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss E., besides having taught music in the South, has had charge for a time of the Musical Department in the Hamilton Female Seminary, N. Y., and is eminently qualified in her profession. Pupils who desire it, can take lessons in Vocal Music, training and developing the voice.

THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, under the care of J. G. Riheldaffer, will open on the same day.

Address REV. J. G. RIHELDAFFER,

au8 d tw w* Corner St. Peter and Summit av.

St. Joseph's Academy for Young Ladies,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

The Fall Session of St. Joseph's Academy will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th.

For circular, specifying terms, &c., apply at the Academy in person or by letter.

Address The Mother Superior, St. Joseph's Academy, St. Paul, Min. sept3-d&w1m

1863. 1864.

EMPIRE WOOD MILL CIRCULAR.

THIS WOOD MILL

Is a Machine consisting of a sweep power and drag saw combined, and intended for cutting

STOVE AND RAILROAD WOOD, SHINGLE AND STAVE BOLTS,

FROM THE LOG,

Of any size from ten inches in diameter, up to the largest. It can be run with one or two horses, is easily handled by two men, can be used in the woods as well as out, is simple in its construction, having strong castings, is made of the most durable and best seasoned timber, well painted, will cut from two to three cords of stove wood per hour, and will work logs into common 16 inch stove wood, *with no more expense than it costs to cut and split logs into four feet cord wood:*

Read the Testimony.

Home Testimonial for the Wood Mill!

HASTINGS, Min., March 19, 1863.

MR CHARLES ETHERIDGE—SIR: The Wood Mill (sweep power and drag saw) we bought of you last winter has cut about five hundred cords of 16 inch wood from the log; we used a small pair of mules and found the work easy for them. We find by experience that we can easily cut two cords an hour and have cut over three cords. For cutting railroad wood, stave or shingle bolts, or stove wood we think it is just the Machine needed.

C. L. & J. LEWIS.

This Machine can be used profitably to cut logs into convenient lengths for railroad ties, the logs being placed upon rollers can be moved endwise to an exact length.

Agents wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota. Circulars sent by return mail on application.

CHARLES ETHERIDGE, General Agent,

au27-1md&w HASTINGS, MINNESOTA.

P. F. HODGES, St. Paul, Local Agent.

IRON and STEEL.

HEAVY HARDWARE.

ORDER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES.

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

au19-d&wty

MILWAUKEE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

Jobbers and Retailers in

DRY GOODS,

172 and 174 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE,

(the red front store,)

Are receiving their complete stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FABRICS AND

YANKEE NOTIONS,

Which they offer to the trade

FOR CASH,

AT NEW YORK JOBBING PRICES,

Without regard to the present advance.

We ask the attention of early and large buyers to the SPECIAL BARGAINS which we offer in STAPLE GOODS, comprising

Over 200 Packages all bought at the low July Prices.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, FALL PRINTS, WHITE GOODS, FLANNELS, DENIMS, &c., &c.

Our RETAIL STOCK is the BEST ASSORTED and cheapest in the State and has the great advantage of being ENTIRELY NEW AND ATTRACTIVE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT.

au20-d tw&w

TO THE TRADE OF THE NORTHWEST.

Having purchased the old stand of R. Galloway and fitted it up for

A STOVE STORE,

And having secured some of the best workmen of the country, I now offer

THE LATEST AND MOST DESIRABLE

Patterns of Stoves,

AND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

TIN WARE,

To the trade, which will be sold as near Chicago and Milwaukee prices, as the extra expense of laying down the goods in this market will allow.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for

TinWare, Stove Pipe, &c.

And taking into consideration the high prices of stock as well as the trouble of obtaining labor, I think I can make sufficient inducements to the trade to purchasers.

An examination of stock, prices, &c., is solicited

I am also SOLE AGENT of

P. P. Stewart's Celebrated

SUMMER AND WINTER

Cooking Stove,

Which has no equal. I would invite the attention of all who wish to purchase a first-class Stove, to examine it before purchasing.

All kinds of Jobbing and Custom Work done, and all work warranted.

Call at the old stand of R. Galloway, opposite the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co., Third-st. St. Paul, Minnesota.

Highest market price paid for old Copper Brass, Lead, Iron, Rags, &c.

au13-tf N. B. HARWOOD.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

ST. PAUL, September 4, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem	
American Gold	22 per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

SEWING MACHINES.

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order.

[je19-i jan 1]

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of **them** in use in **this country** and **Europe.**

These are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available** a **life time.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Glass Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,

jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

Guns & Pistols.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

Manufacturers of

Rifles, Muskets and Army and Navy Revolvers

For the U. S. Government.

We also manufacture a variety of

POCKET PISTOLS,

Of approved patterns, for both Ordinary and Fixed Ammunition, together with Rifle and Shot-Gun Barrels, Gun Locks, Mountings, and Gun Materials Generally.

Price lists and Circulars furnished on application. Address

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

je14-3m* Ilion, N. Y.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

Repairing promptly attended to.

POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.

my31-3m

WOOD LAND FOR SALE.

160 ACRES, with at least 1200 CORDS OF WOOD, exactly four miles from the centre of St. Paul, with which it is connected by an excellent road. The land is the best quality, with good grass and water, and commands a view of the city—will be sold in one body or in tracts of 40 or 80 acres.

HENRY McKENTY, Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, August 29th, 1863.—au29-3md&w

MISS GILL'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Eighth Annual Session will commence on MONDAY, September 7, 1863. Application for admission may be made to the Principal before September 7th, at her residence, corner of Eighth and College streets; after that date, at the school-rooms on Cedar street.

TERMS—Senior and Junior Departments, $10 per term of eleven weeks; Primary Department, $5.

St. Paul, August 21, 1863. au21:tsep7

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke, ...New York City
John G. Treadwell, ...Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D., ...Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law, ...Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard, ...Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors ....Boston

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STATE OF MINNESOTA, OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE, ST. PAUL, Aug. 15th, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 14th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD.

Said Wood to be paid for in State Warrants and delivered at the State Capitol, as required.

CHAS. SCHEFFER, State Treasurer

au25-1d

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys'

St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.

We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH

OR

Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,

m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

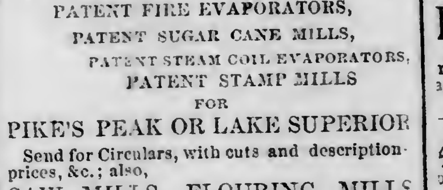
BOWEN BROTHERS, Importers and Jobbers,

Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.

m31-1y.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY



DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and description prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - - ILLINOIS.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.

mr7-d&w1y

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

FLAGS, &c., &c.

Common and Patent **Hoist Wheels**, for buildings, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

GROCERIES,

SHORES & TATOR

Wholesale Grocers,

47 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

L. SHORES, ...F. D. TATOR

m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

Thompson, Whitney & Co

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.

P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

Hotels.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

HERNDON HOUSE,

Corner of Third and Vermillion Streets,

HASTINGS, - - - MINNESOTA,

W. E. HUNT,

Late of the Merchants' Hotel, at St. Paul,

PROPRIETOR.

Passengers conveyed to and from the Boats free. Je19-3m

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9 1863. ap11-1y

WANTED,

A young man of good education and address to travel with an exhibition, as showman and explanatory lecturer. Salary liberal. Address, with references,

jy23-tf Box 967, St. Paul, Min.

Burbank's Column.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street,

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186 , at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

We are now running Messengers to

ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS

Twice Daily,

Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.

Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.45 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.

je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of

dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.

je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me.

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE,

In Hennepin, Ramsey, Chisago, and Washington Counties. Also Lots in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony; all of which I will sell at Low Prices and on favorable terms of payment Enquire of

P. P. WINTERMUTE,

je21-3m at office of Horn, Lund & Galusha.

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

WANTED,

At the Clifton House, Mankato, three good Girls—one competent to take charge of the cooking department. Liberal wages and steady employment will be given. au8-1m

STEAM BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

The Press Printing Co.

In order to keep pace with their rapidly increasing business are constantly extending their facilities for Book and Job Printing. They have recently introduced Steam into their establishment, and put up another of

HOE'S LARGE CYLINDER PRESSES.

We are prepared to Print all kinds of

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, BRIEFS, POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS BLANKS, BILLS OF LADING, CIRCULARS,

And every other description of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING

At moderate rates and at short notice.

NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.

NO. 4, ROGERS BLOCK.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

H. ROGERS, having connected himself with one of the *largest* and *best manufactories* in the State of *New York*, has now opened a LEATHER STORE on a *more extensive scale* than is *usual* for a Western city, and he intends to sell as low as can be purchased in Chicago or Milwaukee, (freight excepted,) and having been engaged for thirty-five years in the leather trade, and being a PRACTICAL TANNER BY TRADE, feels assured from his knowledge and LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE BUSINESS, that he can bring such stock to the market as will suit all. Give us a call before you buy your stock.

Be sure and enquire for the "NEW YORK LEATHER STORE," No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul.

H. ROGERS & CO.

P. S. All kinds of Hides bought for an Eastern tannery, for which the highest cash price will be paid. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT GOOD SOLE LEATHER, go to the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, where you can select from a large lot. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT THE REAL PHILADELPHIA Kip and Calf Skins, go to the au5tw3m] NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.

IF YOU WANT A NICE ARTICLE OF FRENCH CALF SKINS, go to the New York Leather Store, where you can select from fifteen different brands. au5tw3m

THE PLACE TO BUY SHOE FINDINGS of all kinds is at the New York Leather Store, No 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul. [au5tw3m

GET YOUR LASTS at the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul, Minn. au5tw3m

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE G[illegible] E

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

[illegible] JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

C. PROAL,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS WAREROOMS,

Corner Third and Robert Streets.

A large assortment of

Ladies' Saddles, Gents' Saddles, Boys' Saddles, Gig Saddles Bridles and Martingales, Bits and Spurs,

Whips of all Sorts, Saddlery Hardware,

COACH HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, TROTTING HARNESS, SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS LADIES' LARGE DRESS TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS,

RAILROAD BAGS, HARNESS LEATHER.

☞ Also, everything pertaining to the trade for sale at reasonable prices.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 15th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:35 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap15 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generativ Organs, &c., &c.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohiocensis.* Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

The office is arranged in separate apartments, so that those who desire can consult the doctor with the utmost privacy. The Institute is provided with a *Spirometer* for measuring the vital capacity, and Prof. Scherber's *Pneugmatolikon* for developing the muscular system in Seminal Weakness and other wasting diseases; also an improved apparatus and all the appliances for administering *Medicated Fumigation Baths*, now so celebrated in Europe for the cure of Syphilitic diseases.

While I prescribe for all kinds of diseases, attention is given more specially to the following:—Syphilis, in all its stages; Gonorrhœa; Gleet; Stricture; Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.; Hydrocele, or Dropsy of the Scrotum, Varicocele, and other diseases of the Testicles and Cord; Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula, and Diseases of the Rectum and Anus; and all complaints peculiar to Females. Also, Spermatorrhœa, or *Seminal Weakness*, for which our treatment is now admitted to be even more successful than that of Lallemand, of Montpelier.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home. Full particulars furnished on application by letter.

JUST PUBLISHED—The 20th edition of our *Medical Report*, containing 70 pages and numerou engravings, treating on the above diseases; sent to any address on receipt of price, 15 cts. Also, in press, and nearly ready, the 2nd edition of our large work on Venereal Surgery.

☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations can be had from 9 A.M. to P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS.

STRONG'S CARPET HALL,

225 Third Street, Rogers' Block,

where will be found a large assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &c., &c

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

mar12-1y **R. O. STRONG.**

FREE WATER POWER IN ST. ANTHONY.

The St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company continue to offer mill sites on the Falls, with the right to draw water, both *free of rent* for five years, to any person who will improve unoccupied sites, by the erection of Oil or Paper Mills, Straw-Board or Starch Factories, Woollen, Flax or Cotton Mills. At the end of five years and each like term thereafter, the rents may be determined by three disinterested parties.

au4-1m* RICHARD CHUTE, Agent.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By the death of Mr. George T. Temple, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Temple & Beaupre is this day dissolved.

The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, and all persons having claims against, or indebted to them, are requested to call and make settlement without delay.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 7, 1863. au15-1m

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Temple & Beaupre will be continued by the subscriber under the name and style of the old firm From my old friends and the public generally, a continuance of the very liberal patronage which the former house received, is solicited.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 8, 1863. au15-1m

J. H. MURPHY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Elfelt's Store, Lambert's Block,

THIRD STREET, - - - - ST. PAUL.

☞ Especial attention paid to Surgery.

au15-1m*

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN

Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

Dr. T. D. SIMONTON,

DENTIST,

Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square, St. Paul.

☞ Teeth inserted in the best style on Gold, Silver and Vulcanite. je9

CARD TO THE LADIES.

MRS. REDMOND,

SUCCESSOR TO MISS WASS,

Will sell at greatly reduced rates, all kinds of

Millinery Goods,

For a few weeks preparatory to going East for NEW GOODS.

St. Paul August 21, 1863. au21-2w

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAP AT

Wholesale and Retail.

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

Having leased the store occupied by L. G. Johnson & Co., and purchased their

Stock of Groceries,

May be found at

220 *Third Street, two doors above the North Western Express Office,*

Where they will sell

GROCERIES

AT VERY LOW FIGURES,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

We wish to close out this stock entirely as we propose to

CHANGE THE BUSINESS,

and open a

Paper and Stationery Store

in connection with our

Paper Mill at St. Anthony.

☞ All kinds of WRAPPING PAPER for sale, and the highest price paid in cash for rags ropes and old printed papers. jy15-tf

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffett's Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies,

GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fne Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catwba Brandy,
Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

PALMER'S PURE VINEGAR,

FOR PICKLING AND FAMILY USE.

We would inform the public generally, that we are again manufacturing the above celebrated Vinegar, at our old place on Sibley-st., St. Paul. We are prepared to furnish the city and country trade at as *low prices as Pure* Vinegar can be bought in any market. Country orders will receive prompt attention

jy19-3m C. LEWIS & CO.

Freight & Express.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE

OWNED AND MANAGED BY THE

American Express Company.

On and after this date, by special arrangement,

The Merchants' Dispatch

Will receive and forward from this city to New York and Boston freights requiring quick transportation, at

Lower Rates and in Better Time,

Than can be obtained by any other route or conveyance except the regular Express, by passenger trains.

TIME GUARANTEED.

All shipments received at door of shipper and delivered at destination

FREE OF CARTAGE.

The well known reputation of this Line in transporting Westward bound business, during the last ten years, will be

A SUFFICIENT GUARANTEE

That all contracts made by it, will be faithfully carried out.

The Merchants' Dispatch

Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for

WESTWARD BOUND BUSINESS.

Our freights are transported by Emigrant and fast Freight Express trains, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.

Claims for Losses and Damages will be promptly adjusted at this Office.

For rates or further information inquire of

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents.

St. Paul, June 18th, 1863. je19-3m

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

ap21-d1y Proprietors

Real Estate.

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,

ap10tf Irvine's Block

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:

One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.

Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.

Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.

A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.

Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.

There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.

The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.

Inquire at the office of

SPENCER & CARVER,
Ingersoll's Block, or of
GROFF & BAILEY,
under Thompson's Bank.

☞ Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.

St. Paul, June 3d, 1863. jo4-3m

BROAD ACRES!

760 ACRES of land from 3 to 12 miles of ST. PAUL, will be sold in tracts of 40 acres, 80, 120, 160 and 240. The soil is a rich loam, with *wood and water.* Terms part cash, and the balance, if desired, on long time.

HENRY McKENTY,

Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, June 6, 1863.—d&w6m.

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge

ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF

"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"

Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c

☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.

o5-d tw&w1y

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and sel Real Estate on Commission. au8-d&w1y

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods,

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods,

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of th dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.

ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures,

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH USE THE

DANDELION

AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield: D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,

my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $2 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.

Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

☞ !!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box Bottle and Flask, before you buy.

☞ Address **HENRY R. COSTAR,**

☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.

☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,

Wholesale and Retail Agents,

ap30-d&w6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-d&w1y

TAKE NOTICE.—Soldiers and others who love to peruse literature that everybody cannot get, the undersigned have just issued FIVE NEW BOOKS—TWO ARE NOW READY Send $1 50 and get one of the gayest books and greatest achievements in the literary world. "THE WASHINGTON BELLE," or the Bitter Bit and Happy Marriage, and "THE BEAUTIFUL CREOLE." Each book contains 100 pages of reading matter, and is embellished by native artists, who far excel the French, that have held the palm of being the best.

JASON C. KING,

au8 1m No. 107 William st., New York

WANTED

TO RENT—A House within a few minutes walk of the Post Office. Would like a lease for one, two or three years. Possession desired either now or in the fall. Call at or address

jy30-tf PRESS OFFICE.

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE.

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

apstf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Miscellaneous.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.

Jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, St. PAUL, For ——

Jan1-d1y

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st.,

COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macabay, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds.

Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

The Cheap Cash Store.

We will commence this morning selling our stock of SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

PARASOLS,

Summer Shawls,

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

BALMORALS,

COTTONADES AND LIGHT CASSIMERES,

At greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS,

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES,

Remember the place,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

je5-tf

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultoral Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

PORTRAITS.

B. P. BARTLETT, Artist,

From NEW YORK CITY, is now prepared to

PAINT PORTRAITS,

Landscapes, &c.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

☞ He will also give lessons in Drawing and Oil Painting, at his Studio, over Munger's Music Store, Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minnesota.

jy19-tf

Hardware.

JUST RECEIVED,

A full stock of

Wagon Wood, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.,

Also, GRASS SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS RAKES AND CRADLES.

A few casks of

PITTSBURG COAL.

Always on hand at lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Spring Steel, Cast Steel, Nails, Spikes, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Carriage Trimmings, Thimble Skeins, Blacksmith's Tools, Chains, and

Heavy Hardware.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

J. B. BRADEN.

ap17-1y

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, ... MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huthman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.

a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dwly

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the owest market rates.

je6-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, BENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and ofr sale by

ap24 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

Boots & Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

WE HAVE RECEIVED

125 Cases of

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.

It is well known that our stock is the

Largest in the City,

And we are selling

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

Merchants in the country can buy of us at

CHICAGO PRICES.

ap15-tf **WM. J. SMITH & CO.**

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street..... .....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn..... .....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber..... .....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak..... .....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all those quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.

Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul Minnesota. apr20-d&w1y'64

THE ENROLLMENT.

A LIST IMPORTANT TO EVERY CITIZEN.

Complete Record of Names of the Persons Enrolled in the City.

AGES OF THE SAME ON THE FIRST OF JULY.

We present below a complete list of the names enrolled in this city, under the conscription act. They are arranged alphabetically by wards, and are divided into First, and Second Classes pursuant to Section 3, of the Conscription Act which provides.

"That the national forces of the United States now in the military service, enrolled under this act, shall be divided into two classes: the first of which shall comprise all persons subject to do military duty between the ages of twenty and thirty-five years, and all *unmarried* persons subject to do military duty above the age of thirty-five and under the age of forty-five; the second class shall comprise all other persons subject to do military duty, and they shall not, in any district, be called into the service of the United States until those of the first class shall have been called."

The figures at the end of each name indicate the age of each person on the first of last July. Those over thirty-five who are enrolled in the first class, it will be remembered, are *unmarried:*

FIRST CLASS.

First Ward.

A

Arnold, Jacob 33
Alexander, A J 30
Anderson, Henry 22
Adams, Geo 26
Agnew, James 30
Armbruister, Jos 30

B

Biggs, E H 25
Bump, G A 22
Bell, Wheeler 26
Brach, Martin 23
Brown, Charles 25
Barkes, Williams 30
Bray, Martin, 39
Brown, Samuel 30
Burrett, E H 25
Burke, Peter 28
Boles, William, 27
Berndgen, Gerard 25
Blasen, Fritz 28
Bemas, William 33
Broadbelt, Benjamin 29
Borup, Theodore 30
Bishop, William 28
Beard, Albert 26
Burke, Thomas 29
Bolin, George 23
Borden, Patrick 39

C

Carver, C P 23
Carver, H C 20
Caverlious, Th 20
Corder, W R 32
Constans, Philip 27
Clinton, Stephen 30
Carrs, Lewis 25
Clark, John 32
Campbell, Wm 31
Cummings, John 30
Croff, Mathew 30
Civen, James 25
Casmer, Martin B 30
Conlin, Jeofrey, 30
Conroy, Michard 28
Carr, James 23
Cive, Austin 30
Connelly, Michal 30
Cepry, Conrad 30
Commers, Mitchal 30
Codden, John 31
Carrigan, Joseph 29
Cloman, Thomas 33
Coscello, John 32
Capehart, A R 27
Conoly, Patrick 32
Connoly, Thomas 25
Conway, Thomas 32

D

Davis Eugene 32
Dunnahan Patrick 36
Driscoll Frederick 29
Dahl Peter 25
Dudley J F 33
David Patrick 32
Darby Thomas 35
Daley Barlett 30
Dempsey Michael 31
Downie Michal 25

E

Eichbaum, Louis, 34
Eagan, Peter 30
Eagan, Roger, 31
Eagan Daniel, 30
Egie George, 30

F

Fiske, V H 24
Flannegan, Martin 29
Fisher, William 33
Fob, Louis 25
Foot, Charles 29
Fleary, Joseph 25
Foley, Patrick 33
Flaherty, Martin 25
Finity, Thomas 30

G

Garber, Charles 34
Galloway, Richd 28
Gilmore, Aleck 21
Gerard, Fredk 25
Galleno, Martin 30
Glackner, Peter 29
Gozzini, Conrad 28
Gliffian, Chas D 31
Griggs, Alex 24
Grant, C L 27
Greig, Charles 25
Greig, L B 31
Guess, A 27
Gretchmann, Geo 31
Goedet, Louis 32
Graham, Patk 30
Good, John D 20
Gongeon, A 30
Graham, Pat 30
Gordon, Richd 33
Greenville, Thos 30

H

Hurm, Anton 33
Holmes, Geo 25
Hyatt, M P 30
Hawkins, Richard 26
Halford, Robt B 32
Hogan, Martin 30
Hoyer, Michael 25
Heyward, Henry 25
Horan, Timothy 30
Herbert, John 32
Hayes, John 30
Holcombe, A J 22
Heard, I V D 28
Holdship, Thos 21
Havsen, Nels 34
Herbert, Andrew 36
Holcombe, E V 29
Hall, John G 27
Hall, Harlan P 21
Henega, Charles 30
Houser, Liepold 27
Hildebrant, F 34
Hays, Joseph 27
Harvey, Michael 30
Harrington, David 33
Hill, James J 30

J

Johnson, James 35
Justice, D J 35
Jones, Wm S 30
Jorden, Robt 33
Jackson, And 30

K

Kinniston, L C 35
Killbridge, R E 33
Kroeger, Henry 32
Kearney, Owen 30
Klein, H F W 30
Kellogg, Luke 38
Kasa, Frederick 33
Kearney, Mott 29
Kittridge, R E 33
Kinkle, John 28
King, Owen 31
King, Thomas 31
Kelley, Patrick 29

L

Lowell, John R 31
Leneve, Antoine 28
Lozier, Louis 30
Litchield, J F 32
Letford, A J 33
Labell, Cyril 33
Lee, Robert 30
Laughlin, Michael 31
Lynch, Patrick 30
Lynch, Michael 21

M

McQuillan, P F 29
Massany, Marcus 20
McElrath, Charles 34
McGorry, Patrick 30
McCarrick, Thos 28
McGrach, John 28
Merrill, D D 29
Martin, Edward 26
Mallinkrodt, Gus 21
Miller, John 28
McCan, Edwd 28
Mason, John 23
Metzger, Chas 25
Moss, Jeremiah 28
McCollum, C A 26
Morse, Dana 21
Macauley, Thos 21
Martini, Rudolph 34
Martin, Thomas 33
Magin, John G 32
Monohon, Thos 30
McGuire, Patrick 29
Manning, James 31
McNulty, Matthew 30
McGuire, Patrick 30
McMahon, Michl 30
Melcheor, Joseph 34

N

Nash, Michael 22
Nichols, M P 26
Naton, S 35
Needham, Michl 30
Noctine, James 28
Noctine, Coleman 26
Noctine, Patrick 30
Nolan, Patrick 30
Nelson, A J 34

O

O'Sullivan, John 30
O'Dea, Martin 20
Orr, John T 23
O'Brien, Terence 30

P

Pope, John D 34
Perry, Michael 41
Price, D C 34
Pershall, J R 30
Parker, E A 21
Pike, Joseph 25
Piat, Louis 22
Pusey, Pennock 37
Pickett, J C A 31
Patten, J F 33
Palmer, Robert 25
Prendergast, John 25

Q

Quinn, Patrick 25
Quinn, John B 33
Quinn, Patrick 32
Quinn, Michael 24

R

Raney, John H 30
Rice, Judson B 28
Reed, L E 31
Ridgolf, Francis 21
Reller, Geo 21
Rias, Urias 34
Randall, John H 30
Reardon, Timothy 30
Rider, Henry 24
Rosemoneth, F 26
Robinson, E B 30
Rider, Patrick 30

S

Smith, Milton H 31
Stees, John H 24
Sinclair, Henry 31
Seibert, Geo 31
Scheffer, Charles 28
Shaw, Wm B 21
Shaw, Henry M 25
Seabury, Channing 21
Shabaker, Chris 30
Spencer, J A 20
Sullivan, Dennis 35
Sherburne, Joel 22
Squires, Byron 22
Snitze, Fredk 25
Scanlan, Thomas 27
Semmes, James 37
Sullivan, Patk 32
Sullivan, Jeremh 28
Sterritt, John 25
Schulte, Caspar 30
Sheire, Monroe 29

T

Thompson, Chas 32
Trost, Francis 28
Tierny, Stephen 22
Thomas, Charles 40
Tierney, John 32
Tierny, Michael 34

V

Vile, Wm 22

W

Weide, Chas A B 30
Whitney, And J 33
Wagoner, John 30
Winker, Sebastian 26
Wardwell, D H 21
Walch, C 30
Webb, Walter W 27
Weikoff, Geo 34
Webber, Morris 32
Ward, Patrick 31
Welch, Andrew 29

Y

Young, Richd 35

Second Ward.

A

Allen, W C 25
Anderson, Saml 30
Anewalt, W H 26
Auerbach, Meritz 27
Atchly, Albert 22
Affern, Thomas 30
Armstrong, Wm 30
Ahern, James 25
Ahern, Timothy 27

B

Brown, Edgar A 23
Burnell, Frank S 34
Barney, Thomas J 10
Benson, Frederick 30
Bergfeld, Joseph 36
Bearard, Anthony 30
Barry, Alexander 22
Brown, John M 30
Brown, H G 30
Biggs, Edward A 25
Brown, L G 21
Berry, Peter 40
Broderick, Micha'l 30
Barrett, David 25
Brockway, E S 50
Butler, P H 21
Brancigan, Fred'k 32
Bisonett, John 25
Bushard, Wilfred 22
Brown, Patrick F 31
Butler, John 33
Bradley, Michael 30
Bradley, Daniel 25
Beeum, Geo N 29
Bushard, Wolfred 22
Berk, William 20
Beebe, Bronson 22
Brandus, Fritz 30
Brown, Samuel 30
Branan, James 23
Benjamin, Wilber D 30
Bryan, Robert 22
Brongher, Daniel 36
Balch, F S 28
Bryden, H P 24
Brant, Charles E 21
Butler, Patrick 28

C

Capers, D E 20
Clark, Green C 27
Cathcart, John W 30
Chambers, James 23
Clellan, Dawson 35
Carver, Franklin 27
Crowell, R F 33
Cody, Patrick 23
Castello, Wm 32
Carlson, Swan 21
Cavanaugh, M 30

D

Daley Edward 28
Dubeau Cutor 21
Drewry Louis 30
Donovan John 30
Delaney John 30
Dunbar Louis 27
Deleaux Joseph 28
Drake Benj 23
Duggan Pat 20
Derrick John 23
Delaney Timothy 32
Delaney Timothy 18
Delaney Wm 34
Doran Fred 25
Denoyer Peter 24
Dalrymple Oliver 33
Dries P J 21
Donaldson W T 37
Dunham E A 30
Dorniden M 32
Dunn Edw'd 30
Daley Wm 30
Decker Adam 22
Deck Frank 30
Dutriend Alfred 27
Doyle James 30
Degar John 28
Dyer A L 34

E

Elliott Edwin S 41
Eddy, Geo. D. 26
Emmert Fred 31
Egner John M 31

F

Fetan, Nich. 40
Forlsmier, Joseph 33
Fitch, George 29
Fox, Thomas 30
Fitch, John 25
Fisher, Cyrus, 32
Fury, Patrick 30
Farrar, Harrison 21
Francis A O 27
Farnham, E L 25
Farwell, Frank B 23
Farwell, G L 21
Frellenshe'd, A 42
Farwell, Thos. 30
Flinn, Daniel 33
Franck, Christian 32

G

Grandelmyer, Step 20
Gleason, Wm 34
Guerin, Vetal Jr 30
Gasl, Geo 25
Gunion, Thomas 39
Gilpatrick, Henry 32
Grant, Peter 21
Grandelmyer, Jos 22
Gallagher, James 28
Grier, Thomas 37
Garrett R H 25
Gregor, Wm 35
Gallup, Geo 25

H

Hoffman, Geo 30
Hamp, Henry 34
Hearing, August 31
Holgate, Robert 32
Hansen, Peter 23
Hoafer, John 30
Haven, Austin 33
Himessey, Robert 30
Hoffman, Francis 33
Hiner, Arthur 32
Haley, John 28
Herna, John 28
Howe, John 21
Harwood, H W 30
Hogan, J 26
Hardey, George 40
Hill, George 30
Hirst, F J 27
Haggenmiller John 26
Hancke Gustavus 31
Hart, Henry 30
Hart, John 26
Heck, Adam 31

J and J

Jarsey, Wm 23
Jackson, Jacob 30
Jassoy, Ferdinand, 25
Jordan, Thomas 30

K

Keifer, Frank 30
Kelly, James H 30
Kardhart, Richard 25
Kemp, R A 34
Koch, L C 32
King, T J 28
King, Michael 20
Kilroy, John P 33
Kennedy, Michael 30
Kilpatrick, Samuel 34
Kennedy, Henry 30
Kennedy, Michael 26
Kingsley, J R 30
Knight, S N 39
Kelley, Frank, 21

L

Le Lage, Joseph 28
Landers, Dan' 34
Lewis, Edward, 28
Lichfield, Wm B 24
La Bree, Francis 30
Ludwig, Nicholas 33
Ludwig, Chris. 22
Lindsey, Joseph 31
Larkin, John 22
Lynch, Martin 20
Longevin, J H 27
Larean, Jay 31
Lachance, C 20
Laurent, George 21

M

Martin, Churchill 36
Mullare, James 30
Mooney, John 30
Mullaly, William 22
Mulligan, Patrick 31
McAmey, Benjamin 20
Miller, Richard 24
Maurer, Henry F 25
Mortimer, E W 26
Merrill, W F 25
Marvin, R F 21
Mullane, Michael 20
Meiser, Benedict 32
Mills, Mason 25
McCarty, James 30
Monroe, J S 25
McMasters, W J 28
Murphy, James A 24
McWilliams, John 35
Macauly, Alex 33
Mitchel, John 34
McMahon, Wm 21
Murphy, John 30
McCue, Michael 30
Moran, Moses 22
McCann, Edward 30
Marion, Joseph 27
Malmros Oscar 36

N

Norwood, E H. 26
Nash, Edgar 32
Newman, Jacob 35
Near, Joseph H 28
Norman, Charles 24
Neason, Bernard 30
Norris, Patrick 30

O

O'Connor, Richard 31
O'Neill Michael 30
O'Connor, Thos 30
O'Connor, William 30

P

Pendell, Geo 30
Powers, Thos 33
Pare, Adolph 33
Palmer, Chas 21
Presho, Isaac 33
Presho, Seth L 31
Porter, Gibbon 30
Powers, Thos 30
Peglove, Chas 32
Pomeroy, E G 29
Phelan, John 24
Proctor, G L 40

R

Robinson, Benj 25
Roell, Lawrence 31
Roedeck, Bernard 31
Rochat, Henry 34
Roal, Lawrence 00
Rapp, Valentine 33
Reigher, Pat 00
Rose, Benj 25
Raguet, J C 29
Riley, Cor 27
Rutenber, T B 30
Raths, John 21

S

Shea, Jeremiah 40
Stehl, Jacob 30
Siringer, George 27
Strother, F F 28
Smith, Samuel 34
Strong, Michael, 22
Startlett, Nicholas 30
Shultze, Wm 32
Strong, C H 30
Stubbs, Lawrence 27
Shroder, Herman 30
St. German, Napo. 23
Small, John 28
Story, W D 33
Schierman, J H 27
Shelley, Patrick 32
Shanahan, Pat 32
Shanahan, Mich'l 27
Somers, John 30
Stanton, Jas 25

T

Twist, Patrick 30
Troy, William 30
Tierny, William 44
Turrell, O B 28
Trowbridge, A B 23
Trowbridge, Chas 27
Trowbridge, E B 21
Thorwarth, John 27
Tuttle, Frank J 23
Temple, W H 25
Tuttle, Morris 21

U and V

Upham, Henry P 26
Underwood, A J 27
Vitt, Henry F 30
Vitt, John F 25
Vandergore, C 30
Vohgler, C 32

W

Wall, Patrick 30
Wait, L B 34
Williams, H F 30
Whitney, J E 41
Wheelock, J E 24
Wilson, Francis 30
Weide, Joseph 25
Weber, Joseph 41
Warner, W P 25
Walter, Michael 28
Walst, Henry 26
West, Judson F 27
Williams, Ned 30
Wise, John S 34
Welch, Michael 30
Wood, J P 36
Wylie, James 30
Winters, Andrew 20
Watson, B 24
Wood, W A 34
Willius, G 28

Y and Z

Yelle, Nezier 38
Zirklebach, J E 27
Zadock, Carl 33

Third Ward.

A

Arn, Nicholas, 36

B

Buckly, Frank 20
Berkhum, Francis 42
Breidert, Henry 22
Bork, Peter 29
Brockway, Lewis 33
Bingham, John T 39
Barnacle, Wm 33
Bancroft, Horace 35
Brown, Lewis 31
Brown, David 32
Brings, John 31
Bradley, Benjamin 33
Besenius, Nicholas 25
Bork, Henry 33
Bolan, George 26
Bensha, Jacob 30
Bisner, Peter 28
Burch, Nicholas 35
Buttzet, August 32
Burch, Peter 33
Brady, Peter 30
Bell, William 21
Brown, Michael 21
Brown, Edward 30
Ballman, Gottleib 30
Briann, Peter 33
Baldwin, Charles 26
Benz, George 25
Bohland, Adam 24
Backoffin, C F 31
Blishe, George 32

C

Curtice, David L. 31
Clarkson, W D F 22
Claytor, Richard 31
Colham, James 31
Crozer, Aaron 30
Costilla, Mark 30
Combs, Wm S 32
Charles, Henry 31
Cole, Ewel 26
Clark, David J 26
Clifford, Albert A 32
Cullen, Orrin O 22
Connoly, Michael 30
Cummings, Peter 31
Caller, Phillip 34
Collamore, George 27
Clark, Thomas 30
Cordy, John 27
Caillet, Louis 29

D

Dubeau, Alex. 31
Difeld, Andrew 25
Demeule, Louis 31
Drake, J. E. 22
Darman, Geo 32
Doherty, Peter 28
Doer, Wm 20
Domstii Edward 33
Delaney, Joseph 36
Dodge, John H 26
Dowling, M. T. 35
Dewy, Jacob 22
do Joseph 23
Denley, John 27
Dean, W B 25
Dixon J E 28
Denzer, Stephen 31
Dodge, Portus 28

E

Eigle Joseph 23
Evert, Edward 23
Erd, Thomas 32
Elbel, Gottfried 30
Eifelt, Chas D 34
Eliot, J R 21

F

Fohr, Wm 31
Farrell, Patrick 33
Fischer, W X 28
Freeman, J M 23
Fetsch, John 27
Fink, Max 33
Falk, Nelson P. 27
Forsyth, M. M. 32
Fahey, Patrick 30
Farher, Wm 33
Freeman, Richard 25
Framey, Austin 30
Fischer, Louis 32
Fortivangler, Geo 35

G

Garvin, John 20
Grethan, Anthony 28
Gross, Nicholas 32
Golden, John 33
Gollon, Frank 30
Galvin, Henry 33
Gronawold, J J 29
Geitelhich. Geo. 35
Gress, John 22
Griffin, Geo 32
Griffin, Wm A 44
Getz, John 39
Gaston, W R 42
Golden, Patrick 25
Graeber, John 31
Giesen, Wm 28

H

Hoffman, Peter 25
Hagerman, Joseph 27
Hammond, John 23
Hickman, Robert 33
Hoffman, John 34
Hughes, Jacob 33
Haggenmiller, C 34
Honggs, Joseph 29

I & J

Irvine, Andrew 28
Izichari, Harwood 35
Ieten, John 26

K

Klein, John 31
Kelly, John 30
Kennedy Michael 30
Kerwin, John 30
Koch, Matthias 32

L

Land, C C 31
Langhon, Peter 32
Loye, Gustav 33
L'Enan, Chas H 28
Lynch, Geo 25

M

Mullen, Daniel 31
Maid, Frederic 21
Mills, James 29
Merrill, Geo W 31
Mullone, Michael 33
Mason, Wm F 29
Masterson, Thos. 32
Meyer, Alois 33
Mace, John 30
Michael, Bernard 32
Monahan, Michael 30
Morgan, Charles 37
McMahon, Patrick 30
Malley, John 29
Mosan, John 29
Missen, John E 30
Macbeth, Collin 28

N

Nelson, Andrew 34
Nash, Richard 26

O

Ogden, Henry 29
Oliver, E S 29

P

Pendergast J C 30
Pendergast J B 25
Power, J B 25
Probst, Peter 31
Palmer, E C 23
Peters, John 30
Preston, Thomas 30
Pontius, Jacob 30
Parsons, Eugene 27

R

Robert, Frank 32
Rauscher, Edward 38
Ruscha, Pius 38
Rank, Godfrey 31
Ramaly, David 34
Ridge, Charles H 22
Reiter, Matthew 23
Rupple, Joseph 22
Roedler, August 32

S

Schultz, John 33
Singleton, W 25
Simonton, T D 30
Seymour, Clermont 30
Sherbrooke, C B 24
Semper, Louis 30
Scott, Thomas 25
Schriel, John 30
Switzer, Mich 33
Schmidt, Nicholas 33
Sloan, Perry 28
Schultz, John 30
Selip, Alexander 24
Sherman, F, R 28
Soens, John S 32

T

Teman, A H 25
Tracy, Michael 30
Trott, Harmon 33
Troeger, William 34

U & V

Underwood, C 25

W

Winslow, George 23
Williams, J F 28
Welch, Patrick 30
Williams Chas H 29
Williams J J 34
Wagner, Nicholas 43
Welch, James 31
Wiley, John H 39
Webb, A L 23
Whalin, John 30

Y and Z

Yale, C L 32
Zenzins, Conrad 34
Zirkler, Hammond 32

Fourth Ward.

A

Angel, John F 32
Aidt, John A 28
Affolder, Joseph 21
Ascher, Andrew 39
Ashton, Wm 30
Angel, Henry 39
Atchley, H S 29

B

Brack, John 20
Brown, E D 28
Bolan, Peter 30
Bohler, John 30
Burke, David 30
Brandt, Ernst 26
Bohler, Chas. 36
Brasseau, Francis 27
Brisbin, John B 33
Barrett, A B 33
Bennett, Joseph 34
Bartlett, Benjamin 34
Brown, John D 27

C

Clarkin John 30
Chase J B 28
Callinder Fred 34
Clark Edw'd 35
Coney Patrick 30
Churchill John 25
Conway Peter 35
Cheritree T F 29
Campbell John 32
Collins Patrick 27
Connell William 30
Casey Cornelius 32
Cain John 30
Chun M J 31
Churchill Pat 31
Carter J B 32

D

Devitt, Michael 30
Deller, Charles 30
Doerfler, George 23
Dugan, Pat 30
Delaney Martin 27
Dailey, C M 42
Dailey, C W 21
Dressler, Wm 32
Doyle, John 20

E

Eppel, Geo 27
Eddy, L H 32
Eagan, Pat 26
Eggleston, Edward 25
Eschler, Henry 34
Eiswurt, Peter 31

F

Fenner, Rasell 38
Fink, Adam 30
Farrell, M B 28
Fendel, Henry 30
Finnekin, Michael 40
Forepaugh, J L 28
Fabel, Philip 27
Field, Thadeus C 26
Flandrau, Chas 33
Finkler, Joseph 30

G

Grace, James 30
Galusha, R B 30
Goller, Pat 27
Graff, Henry 33
Gersting, Otto 27

H

Hoolahan, Michael 30
Hazard, Richard 30
Herof, Thomas 33
Heisler, John 31
Hoystram, Nelson 21
Hawthorne, J N M 23
Hewett, Cornel's S 34
Habwardson, John 30
Hebnesch, August 36
House, D W C 32
Hammerstein, Peter 40
Holland, Wm 27
Harris, Michael 23
Hickey, Wm 40
Herkelrath, John 30
Hall, Wm S 30
Hovra, Michard, 22
Huges, Roberts 30
Hoffman, Louis P 31

I, J

Ichler, Philip 32
Ingersoll, D W, Jr 20
Johnson, Gates A 26
Jones, D C 30
Jenks, J R 30

K

Kelly A W 30
Knohe Geo 32
Kolman Louis 33
Kennedy John 25
Kelly Harrison 33
Kest Peter 31
Kearney John 43
Keefe Otto 30
Kaplitz Fred 42
Kelly Daniel 23
Kenedy James 33
Kemp Stephen 33

L

Lave Sam 27
Luby Michael 24
Lux John 35
Legeel John 35
Leitner Charles 21
Leip Wm 32
Lee Wm 28
Lotterdale James 21
Lovenstein Levi 25

M

Murphy James 30
McGeehan John 28
Millburn Chas 21
Muller George 28
Montfort D A 28
Mahler C F 27
Metzger F J 31
Matthias J J 44
McMahon Thos 30
Mara Thomas 30
McGeehan Joseph 20
Moody Augustus 27
McMahon Martin 30
Murnan James 27
McCaffrey John 25
Machlett Herman 28
Mattocks Wm 30
Mundy Joseph 30
Murnan Hugh 26
Munger Roger S 33
Munger Russel C 31
Miles Chas C 28
Merrick Albert H 28
Mullen James 22

N

Noble Wm R 33
Nutting John 26
Nolan Pat 30
Norton Terence 28
Nearur Alois 30

O

O'Brien Chas 28
Otis Geo L 31
Orleman Henry 28
O'Brien Patrick 22
O'Leary Timothy 24
O'Donnell John 30
O'Day Pat'k 27

P

Pieser Fred 30
Powers Thomas 30
Putnam John T 31
Pegram Herman 33
Parker Walter 30
Pearce Wm 28
Powers John 20
Prochaska Matthias 30
Penniman Frank 21
Pontius Cornelius 28
Pare Adolph 30
Petzold Hugo 30

R

Robinson Thos 21
Remer John 30
Rhinehart Henry 30
Ramsey Justus 43
Reuther Chas 32
Rausch Fred'k 30
Reynolds D R 30
Reynolds J S 30
Rhinehart Christine 26
Richmond R B 28
Ryan Michael 23
Rochette Sam'l 31
Rausch Louis 23
Rausch Christian 21

S

Smith Wm J —
Sharfbilly Jno 30
Straplein John 34
Snekowel Mart 30
Sestina Adalbert 25
Strub John 33
Schrupp John 33
Surg Wm 34
Schmidt Fred 28
Smith B W 32
Schumach Martin 31
Sherer Fred'k 28
Smith Pat 30
Schreffler Mich'l 33
Sullivan Pat'k 30
Stork Geo 22
Stickney Chas 26
Streith Nicholas 28
Stellan Joseph 30
Spencer J A 24
Sweeney Robt O 33
Strapp John 31
Strait Peter 33
Sullivan Dan 33
Sprague I B 27
Slater Thos 29
Stahlmann Chris'r 34
Schade Herman 29
Sypes Alex 25
Smith Peter 21
Small John E 22

T

Thayer M G 26
Thompson James 22
Toy Thomas 30
Theobald Fred 32
Thomas Christian 34
Taylor H. Knox 33
Tuttle M C 32
Turner Thomas W 25

U, V.

Upham Chas A 27
Volk Fred'k 31

W

Whiting Edw'd 32
Wintermute P P 31
Wykoff C G 30
Wenz Louis 34
Wenz, Geo 30
Washburne W D 31
White Frank 32
Wander Dan'l 25
Werner Frank 30
Ward John 30
Williams Chas 25
Wier Emil 26
Williams Thaddeus 27
Wood Chas L 29

Z

Zohler Michael 23
Zohler Auston 25

Fifth Ward.

A

Athey, Henry 26

B

Boren, Urs 32
Braden, Wm H 23
Brady, Patrick 38
Butterfield, James 33
Brandhorst, J H 24
Brner, Frank 24
Brner, Horatio 25
Burt, Lucius C 27
Brown, Patrick 32

C

Campbell, T. B. 32
Connor, James 24
Cathe, Albert 27
Camp, John 26
Conway, I H 27

D

Dayton, L C 30
Dugan, J M 27
Damkroger, Henry 27
Deeds, Jacob 32
Desmond, Jno 25
Daugherty, John 30

E

Egan, John 32
Ewen, Wm 30
Edwards, Thos J. 27

F

Fay, Louis 25
Farland, John 40
Farrell, John 30
Friend, Charles 30
Fiske, Nelson P 27
Finkle, Peter 21

G

Gress, W B 34
Grant, Wm H 30
Gardner, W C 28
Gilmore, Charles 23
Golcher, Wm 30
Gaffney, Martin 30
Glindmire, Chris 28
Gill, Austin 30

H

Hills, Horace A 32
Hoyam Edward —
Holmes, Lafayette 29
Hutchinson, A M 29
Hewett, James M 32
Hotten, William 22
Huley, Dennis 30
Hallowell, Enoch M 33
Hoyt, M A 24
Hoffman, James 30
Harfalse, John 30
Hullsick, Henry 27

J

Johnson, A G 28
Jernigan, Morris 32
Johnson, Benj 27

K

Kelley, Timothy 20
Keller, John 30
Kreiger, Louis 34
Klosttermann, Henry 34
Klinkerfues, Ernst 33

L

Lynch, Martin 23
Lawton, Jonathan 34
Lindike, Fred'k 24
Lindike, Wm 28
Lohlker, A H 34
Lang, Thomas 22
Lull, Thomas 33
Leary, Thomas 33

M

Merry, William 25
Macauley, John 27
Mathes, Jacob 33
McDonald, John 25
Mills, Henry C 33
Marshall, Richard 29
McElrath, Wm 31
Munch, Herman 36
Munch, Amion 33
Munch, Michael 25
Mastwicke, Ludwig 42
Murphy, John 34
Masterson, Hugh 40
Malkowski, Anton 34
Nikoffski, Andof 29
McGrath, Lawrence 31
McGartney, Henry 22

N

Norbun, Henry 35
Nelson, Warren K 23

O

O'Brien, Jno C 32
O'Brien, John 30
Oleson, O 30
Overman, C F 26
Officer, Harvy 28
O'Sullivan, Daniel 30

P

Pond, Daniel N 34
Perrry, John 32
Patten, Sewall 31
Preston, J S 25
Peabody, Geo P 32
Payte, W P 40
Palmer, John 29
Patterson, Robt P 33
Peidest, Charles 31
Passavant, Charles 31
Pepin, Oliver 27

R

Rose, Isadore 31
Rudwick, John 30
Rockwell, William 30

S

Smith, G. Sidney —
Shanley, Michael 30
Stevens, H K 29
Snow Samuel 34
Shelley, Wm H 34
Sloan, Sam'l G 29
Shanley, C B 27
Sauer, John 26
Sauer, Anthony 33
Sachs, Adam 30
Schmitzer, Wm 28
St. Aubin, John 22
Smidt, Joseph 39
Smith, John 30
Sullivan, Daniel 30
Sybil, Paul 30
Schultze, Jno 30
Serretchak, Paul 30

T

Tobin, Martin 30
Torchett, Louis 26

V

Van Watt, Leonard 31

W

Williams, H L 25
Webb, W H. 26
Whitney, Eliab 33
Wilson, Wm 22
Wilson John D 27
Wood, Frank 25

Z

Zevale, Joseph 28
Zohn. Ernst 34

SECOND CLASS.

First Ward.

A

Aiton, John 42
Armstrong, Albert 38
Albrecht, Matthias 36
Ashfelz, Sabastian 36
Allis, Lorenzo 39

B

Burbank, J C 38
Bussy, Wm 40
Byers, John 40
Beaumont, J I 36
Burke, Timothy 35
Burke, Wm 40
Brice, Pat 39
Broderick, Bartlett 37

C

Callender, J W 37
Connings, Fenno S 38
Cook, Alonzo 39
Curran, Arthur 40
Callahan, David 40
Cloonan, John 38
Calligan, Michael 40
Cardinal, Joseph 33

D

Dowlan, John 36
Dow, John 35
Duffy, Joseph 40
Dahl, Gilbram 35
Donovan, Jno 40
Dufore, Michael 40

E

Ernst, Jno 40
Eagan, Pat 40

F

Farmer, James 40
Ford, Oscar F 36

G

Good, Emanuel 37
Garber, Fre'k 36
Greene, Geo 38
Gilman, Francis 41
Glancy, James 36
Griswold, G G 39
Gottschammer, 37
Green, Jno 35
Gellatly, John 35

H

Hutchins, S J 43
Hawkins, Benj 43
Hans, Ferdinand 38
Hewett, Girard 40
Howard, Thomas 36
Heimbach, Gottfried 37
Buxtable, Edward 41
Harrington, Dan 40
Haselhorst, B 59

K

Kirk, Andrew 35
Kemper, Henry 44
King, Bartlett 36

L

Leidell, John E 38
Levill, Thomas 40
Lee, Wm 41

M

Mayo, Chas E 35
Mollitor, Wm O 44
Marshall, John 37
May, Daniel 40
Narron, Daniel 39
McKaig, Barney 40
McMann, John 43
McLagan, Edward 35
Mendelson, Julius 40
Mann, H E 36
Miller Jacob 43
McConkey, Jno 30
Malden, Pat 36
Murphy, Michael 35
Moore, Lake 30
McGuire, Chas 40

N

Nalbe, Edward 40
Nessei, Andrew 44

O

Oleson, John 37

P

Peterson, Christian 42
Perkin, Jeremiah 35
Presley, Bartlett 42
Patridge, E O 35

R

Ritter, Wm H 35
Rusbe, Peter 36
Richter, Chris 37
Roehl, Nicholas 37

S

Sawtelle, N H 39
Sheiz, Philip 35
Springer, Anthony 43
Samford, David 37
Smith, James 38
Shepard, D C 35
Simmon, Adam 36
Shaw, E P 36
Storms, D S 35
Schwerge, Joseph 39
St Egerd, Louis 40
Sherbineau, Theo 44
Sherbeneau, Theo 36

T

Thayer, L P 40
Terry, Jno C 39
Thera, Geo 39
Tostevan, J F 41

V

Vergnson, Ezra 40
Van Etten, Isaac 36

W

Webber, Jeremiah 35
Wilson, Samuel 36
White, D G 39
Wilson, Wm 36
Wharton, Robert 38
Wall, Edward 39

Second Ward.

A

Appel, Henry 36
Ahern, David 36
Andrews, Wm 38
Atkins, Jos R 38

B

Bell, John 36
Britt, Volney S 39
Bork, Jacob 37
Barnham, John 41
Barthel, Dominick 37
Baker, H E 38
Bolan, Jerry 40
Barthel, Dimmick 35
Allen, Nathan 35
Ahern, Dani 40
Aymond, Francis 30
Bark, William 40
Bowatt, Wm 43
Bazill, Chas 40
Barcell, Titus 40
Beck, Jacob 38
Benske, Martin 39
Breed, S S 35

C

Cuellen, Jas 37
Carrier, John 35
Cogswell, Solomon 37
Cassey, Michl 40
Cummings, Michl 35
Conklin, Patk 40
Conoly, Thomson 37
Cleary, Wm 35
Conner, Patk 35

D

Dugan, Patk 35
Dieter, W F 35
Dieter, Christ 37
Davis, Jas M 37
Debeau, Michl 40
Diber, Chas 40
Druet, Jos 43
Driven, Edwd 40
Daman, Theod 38
Derring, Geo 40
Dickson, Johnson 37

E

Eibert, Max 40
Eppel, Valentine 36
Elliot, Wm 42

F

Faber, Paul 38
Flannan, Carnarius 37
Farrel, Chas 40
Franklin, S P 42

G

Griffin, Patk 36
Grube, Wm 39
Grannan, Jno 40
Gunhuny, Henry 37
Goodrich, A J 44
Goodrich, Earle S 36
Gress, C W 38
Goetfrey, Wm 36
Gans, Matthias 36
George, Jno 37
Fitchburg, Henry 37
Fiske, Robt 35
Fiske, Robt 35
Fiske, Robt 35

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1863. NUMBER 227.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States' Official Paper.

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, SEPT. 5.

Republican Union Ticket.

For Governor,
STEPHEN MILLER,
of Stearns County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHARLES D. SHERWOOD,
of Fillmore County.

For Secretary of State,
DAVID BLAKELY,
of Olmsted County.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES McILRATH,
of Nicollet County.

For State Treasurer,
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
of Washington County.

For Attorney General,
GORDON E. COLE,
of Rice County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
GEO. F. POTTER,
of Houston County.

IS IT TRUE?

The statement made in our telegraphic dispatches, that Valandigham informed Jeff. Davis that the North was ripe for a revolution and the people would flock to his standard if he would send an invading army, is denominated "singular."

We do not regard it in this light. It is perfectly in keeping not only with the character of Vallandigham but also with the conduct of his followers. *His* followers were ready and did join the standard of Jeff. Davis, but fortunately they were too few to render material aid otherwise than as spies.

The invasions of Lee, and Morgan, following in quick succession the journey of "hundreds of miles through the heart of the Confederacy," made by Vallandigham, gives force to the statement made by the Richmond refugee, and we should not be surprised if further and more positive developments should be made in this matter.

ANOTHER DECLINATION—BOLTING.

The troubles of the Copperhead party are on the increase. The ticket is gradually declining (begining with the Clerk of the Supreme Court) from the tail upwards. Here and there a nominee holds fast and stands forth a sound Copperhead pillar in the party, with his face so resolutely fixed on the front that there is no danger of a transformation into saline particles, owing to a look backward. The ticket grows beautifully less but the pure representatives still cling to it, and will continue to do so notwithstanding the efforts that are being made to crowd them off the track.

The last declination is that of Peter Wilkin, the candidate for State Treasurer. The Le Sueur *Gazette* says:

"Mr. P. Wilkins, of this city, has sent in his withdrawal, declining the nomination for State Treasurer. We are informed that Mr. Wilkins takes exception to the platform."

The declination of nominees is not the only grief that the Copperheads have come to. The organs that they counted on for support have bolted, and the Chatfield *Democrat*, whose editor is one of the "hold-fasts" on the ticket, will probably stand alone in its support of the traitors. The Northwestern *Democrat*, published at Hastings, thus steps out of the ring:

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

We do not this week raise the ticket recently nominated by the Democracy, for the reason that we are in hopes that all the respectable candidates will withdraw their names and leave Mr. LaDue alone in his glory. The candidate for Secretary of State, Maj. Welch, and the candidate for Clerk of the Supreme Court, Mr. Petzhold, have already withdrawn their names and we are expecting Mr. Wells, the candidate for Governor, to follow suit.

We went to the State convention to help place in nomination men about whose Democracy there was no question—men who could command the undivided support of the whole party; but we learned to our sorrow that a few of the would be leading Democrats of the State, like Judge Chatfield and Judge Wilder were determined to rule the convention and force upon the Democratic party of the State men of their own choice, and men representing their own ultra views. They carried their point, and will reap the reward of their labor in a badly defeated ticket, unless the candidates are wise enough to withdraw and allow a new ticket entirely to be nominated.

EXTENT OF THE FROST.

The frost which we experienced last week was slight in comparison with that which visited other localities. The Chicago *Tribune* of a single day has reports from sixteen counties in Illinois of which the following is a sample:

HENNEPIN, PUTNAM CO. Ill., August 31, 1863.

We had a severe frost in this county on the morning of the 30th inst., killing the corn blades, potatoe vines, pumpkin and melon vines. The buckwheat crop is ruined, and I think the corn and potato crops will prove to be materially injured.

The *Tribune* in noticing these reports, says:

We follow up our first dispatch in our last issue, giving startling accounts of the ravages of the late frost, by numerous reports from telegraphic and mail correspondents at various points in the Northwest, which will be read with interest. We have furthermore seen and conversed with several persons from the central counties of the State, and find that the frost extended as far south as the line of the Great Western Railroad, or perhaps on a line from Mattoon, Coles county, west to Quincy. On the entire line of the Illinois Central from Chicago to Mattoon, the crops have suffered more or less, fruit perhaps less than anything else.

From Iowa, Wisconsin and Kentucky we have similar reports of ravages by frost and at this writing it has the appearance of a great disaster. Unless the reports are greatly exaggerated the loss will be computed by millions.

In this State the first reports proved to have been exaggerated. There was here and there a field of late planted or poorly cultivated corn cut off, but for the most part the damage extended no farther than to the stalk. Potatoes were uninjured and the greatest destruction was among swine and garden vegetables.

THE COUNTY TICKETS.

County tickets for the use of the Commissioners in taking the soldiers vote, have in one or two instances reached the Secretary of State. All should remember that the Commissioners will leave on the 21st of this month, and prompt action will be required if all the County and District tickets are forwarded in season. There should be no delay in this matter. Tickets should be forwarded immediately to the Secretary of State, and every county should see to it that the soldiers are not disfranchised owing to negligence on their part.

Inauguration of Gov. Bramlette.

FRANKFORT, KY, Sept. 1.—Governor Bramlette was inaugurated to-day.

In his inaugural he contends that the revolted States did not change their statues by rebelling; that all that is necessary is for them to return to their fealty and to take their position as States; that the rebellion did not remit them to territorial statue. He said:

We have now and will have when the rebellion closes, the identical Constitution which the extremists seek to destroy, the one by innovation, the other by farce. It is not a restored Union, not a reconstructed Union that Kentucky desires, but a preserved Union and a restored peace upon a constitutional basis."

The Governor strongly objects to the arming of negro regiments, and asks what is to be done with such soldiers at the close of the war. He points to the result of the recent election as proof that Kentucky will not fraternize with rebellion either open or covert, and declares that Kentucky has ever been, now is, and always will remain loyal to the Government of our fathers.

The Canadian Treasonable Correspondence.

The Toronto *Leader*, which broached the silly story of a treasonable conspiracy in Canada to deliver the Provinces over to the United States, still adheres to its assertions, and says:

As was to be expected, the New York papers deny the existence of a treasonable correspondence, the object of which was to invite an invasion of Canada by the Lincoln dynasty, and in which certain persons in this country are implicated. This denial does not in the least shake our faith in the correctness of the main statement, that such a correspondence has passed; and we are quite willing to await till the facts fully develop themselves, in order that it may be seen where the truth lies. When we made our first statement we had not heard any of the names of the conspirators mentioned, but since then rumor has been busy in this city, in their identification. We forbear, however, to repeat the names freely mentioned upon the street.

Drafted Editor—How he Takes it.

The editor of the Cuba (N. Y.) *True Patriot* has drawn a prize, and the chap says in his last paper:

Here we are! Having received a polite invitation from the Provost Marshal of this district to attend a secret party which is to come off some where down South, we this week take leave of the readers of the *True Patriot*, for a longer or shorter period, as God wills it. In other words, we have been drafted into the United States service, and 'we are coming Farther Abraham,' one hundred and ninety-seven pounds strong. We have only time to state that we do not grumble because we have been struck. Not a bit of it. The draft is bully. Let it go it!

NEWS ITEMS.

—Letters from Jesse D. Bright and Judge Wick, of Indiana, have been discovered among Jeff. Davis' papers, recently captured in Mississippi.

—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, says the *Independent*, is pursuing his wanderings up mountains and down valleys, to the visible benefit of his health and the great refreshment of his soul. His last private letter left him at Brieg at the foot of the Simplon, where he was to rest long enough to spend a Sabbath. He says: "I am almost at my extreme limit. In a few days I shall bend the line of travel, and begin to work homeward through Germany."

—A scientific man in New York, being annoyed by urchins ringing his door bell, recently charged a wire with electricity, and fastened it to the knob. In a short time, hearing a horrible noise, he opened the door and found the boy writhing half murdered by the shock, on the door steps.

—A lady in Lawrence saved her husband from the guerrillas by a novel method. She saw them coming, and tearing up an end of the carpet, induced him to get under, and kept throwing it on him till it was all taken up. She then dragged it into the yard and against the fence, he working himself along under it. Then she drew a bedstead, chairs, etc., on the top. He remained there a while, but finally crawled out into a cornfield, and escaped. They burned the house, but were willing to save "the widow's" furniture.

—The news of the victories at Vicksburg, Port Hudson and Gettysburg was received in Oregon with great satisfaction, and in Portland and other cities, illuminations and torchlight processions were the order of the day.

—The slanders of the Copperhead papers against the patriotism of the negro, are receiving feequent refutations. A negro in Rhode Island was enrolled in two towns, and drafted in both. Instead of taking advantage of this informality, he goes for one town, and sends a substitute for the other! What white man could do more? Out of fifty-three men drafted in Enfield, Connecticut, fifty-two paid their $300. The remaining gentleman was a darkey, who express his determination to go and represent the town.

Our Army Correspondence.

Letter from the Second Minnesota.

MOUTH OF BATTLE CREEK, EAST TENN., August 24, 1863.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press:

My last to you was from Winchester, in Franklin county. We remained there until Sunday morning, the 15th inst., and had made up our minds to having a quiet Sabbath, when the order came to march toward Jasper in Marion county. By some inadvertence, Reynolds' division received similar orders, and this brought the two divisions together on the same road, a mud pike. Of course Reynolds, being in advance, delayed us, and we camped within four miles of where we broke camp in the morning. The heaviest thunder-storm I have ever known came up at 9 A. M., and the rain made the road so muddy that the marching was very heavy.

Reynolds delayed us on the road on Monday so much that we traveled but three miles and then camped. This brought us to the foot of the western spurs of the Cumberland Mountains—which you will find laid down on Colton's map of Kentucky and Tennessee.

Tuesday morning our road was clear and our task was to reach the summit of the mountain in front of us, there being no water or camping ground on the side of the mountain. Our stent, though a very hard one, and attended with excessive heat, was accomplished by two o'clock, and at three we were again "at home" in our camp. Plenty of pure water gushed from springs in the mountain, and on descending to the railroad we found a good supply of apples, peaches and corn. (Parenthetically, we have plenty of *sich*, now-a-days, and they cost nothing. We "gather them in" effectually. No need of harvesters.)

I must tell you of Tuesday's camping ground. It was on the famous site of the great Southern University, projected by Lieutenant-General Leonidas Polk, the Bishop General whom our troops sent flying through that region at quick time a short season since. This University, like its proud, pompous patron, is a decided failure—consisting of two immense sheds for the workmen, two log cabins, and (there *was*) a corner-stone, which last was laid with great parade and pomp, and three days of feasting and speaking and dancing—in August, 1860. But *that* corner-stone will not bear up the edifice for a long time to come. The citizens showed me where it was laid, but there was nothing left of it save a few small pieces of marble. They told me that the soldiers cut it up into fragments and made rings, watches, seals, fob-pieces and other trinkets, to keep as mementoes of their travels. The scenery is romantic and beautiful, and some of the landscapes and views of mountain and valley are the finest I ever saw, not excepting much that I have seen in Vermont and New Hampshire. The mountain is 1960 feet high, and a short distance from where we camped is a bold bluff, (and the valley is 940 feet below,) a part of it perpendicular.

Wednesday it fell to our lot to be rear-guard, thus bringing us behind everything—regiments, trains and all. And we were to descend the mountain. It was a longer and much more difficult road than on the other side, and though the regiment marched only eight miles we did not reach our camping-ground till after dark. I tell you, Messrs. Editors, sometimes we have heavy marching to do—and we certainly had it on that day, though it was only eight miles and down hill at that. The road was so very steep that we were obliged to cling to the trees and bushes to prevent falling.

Thursday we were quiet. Our camp lay in Sweden's Cove, a beautiful valley, entirely surrounded by the high mountains. And now we were for the first time fairly within East Tennessee, the home of that brave, faithful, patriotic portion of our fellow-countrymen, who have suffered every inhumanity at the hand of barbarous traitors that can be conceived of, and are only surpassed in their deeds of cruelty by the infamous, bloodthirsty butcher, Haynau. Right here in this valley I learned of some inhumanities perpetrated by the rebels, which I have not time to give you now, but will detail hereafter. Already have I learned some which are truly heart-rending, and I constantly feel thankful that my home is not in this stricken land. Comparatively speaking, the loyal and the rebel States have been appropriately named "God's country" and "the devil's country."

Friday we thought that we would not move for a day or two, and so fixed up our tents and built good beds off the ground; but no sooner had we "set our house in order" than, at 11:30 marching orders came, and at 12 M., our brigade broke camp and came five miles to this point, which is in Marion country, on the north side or the Tennessee river, at the confluence of Battle Creek with that river, five miles from Bridgeport, where the Memphis and Charleston railroad crosses the Tennessee, five miles, in a direct line, from Alabama, and eight miles from the northwest corner of Georgia. Why we did not go to Jasper, I know not, nor can I tell you why we came here. As the rebels burned the railroad bridge over the Tennessee at Bridgeport, on Saturday the 15th inst., and workmen are now in this vicinity getting out timber for the new bridge, I suppose we are to protect them.

Our pickets are posted on this side of the river, and the rebels on the opposite. By mutual agreement they do not fire at each other. Our boys are down talking with them all the time. Saturday morning some of our men asked if the forces were fighting at Charleston, and the response was, "Yes, like h——l." During that same day some of our men agreed to exchange papers with the rebels; that is, the rebels were to come over and bring us their latest papers in the evening and on Sunday morning our men would carry them our latest. Three rebels came over and fulfilled their part of the bargain, but Inspector Alden happened along just then and arrested them. One of them was not a soldier but had been employed on the railroad. He says that he wont go back, for he intended to desert at the first opportunity. I understand that Col. Van Derveer has given the other two the privilege of returning or remaining, but have not learned their decision.

The weather is intensely hot, and we are having considerable sickness. At midnight the mercury indicates from 95° to 100° in the shade, and it is so all the time. Sometimes we have showers, and an occasional breeze from off the river gives us breathing material. When this ceases we become inanimate creatures.

Our late Adjutant, Charles F. Meyer, has been promoted to the Captaincy of Co. G, *vice* Keifer resigned.

Second Lieutenant James W. Wood, of Co. I, has been promoted to First Lieutenant, and made Adjutant of our regiment. Adjutant Wood entered the regiment as a private, and was for several months clerk for Quartermaster Grow.

Captain Charles H. Barnes, of Co. A, has resigned and gone home.

I have omitted to notice that Dr. Otis Ayers, of Le Sueur, is our Second Assistant Surgeon. First Assistant Surgeon Brown is absent at home on furlough. His health has been quite poor for several weeks. Tollman is Acting Medical Director of this Division.

Col. George is in Nashville on a General Court Martial.

Lieut. Col. Bishop has returned in improved health.

More sometime.

TENNESSEE.

The New York *Tribune* has the following notice of the University alluded to by our correspondent:

MORE "SOUTHERN AID."

The correspondent of a morning journal gives the following account of the present state and prospects of the great (projected) Southern University:

"THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH.

"Near Cowan, there is a spot called 'University Place,' upon which it was proposed to build a University for the benefit of Southern youth. The corner-stone of this proposed building was laid in 1860, with all the ceremonies, the Right Rev. Bishop Leonidas Polk being the orator. The district in which it was proposed to build the University has fallen into our hands, and a short time ago, some of the soldiers, searching for good wine and other aged liquors, removed the corner-stone. They found only a collection of small coins, a large number of papers, books, &c. Among these were the speech of the Right Reverend Bishop, the charter of the institution, and a list of the subscribers and subscriptions. *Although a large number of the subscribers were Northern men, the speech of Polk and the charter declare that no person or resident in the North shall be admitted as a student in the University.* The purpose was to 'instruct only the Southern mind;' but before the institution could be put to work, Yancey 'fired the Southern heart,' and as a consequence the University is never likely to exist."

Surely, the public ought to have a list of these Northern subscribers to the endowment of this model Southern University. The records of human baseness can never be complete without it.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

Lee in Richmond--Reconnoissance for Guerrillas--Reported Crossing of the Rappahannock by 50,000 Rebels Discredited -- Lee Must Commence Offensive Operations this Month or Disband his Army--Conscripts.

[The following dispatch failed to reach us by telegraph owing to the wire being down.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1—(*Times' special.*)—The best attainable information locates Gen. Lee in Richmond, and his army scattered from the line of the Blue Ridge on the west, to Port Royal and Rappahannock river on the east, and south as far as the line of the Virginia Central Railroad. His troops are widely scattered to facilitate subsisting. Gen. Ewell has the left and A. P. Hill the centre, lying on the railroad from Culpepper to Orange C. H., while Longstreet holds the extreme right, occupying the line of the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad. Cook's brigade of North Carolina troops occupies Fredericksburg. Jones' brigade of cavalry is said to have gone back to the Shenandoah Valley, and Robinson to Richmond. Stuart is still in command, but growing more and more unpopular. It is expected he will be relieved by Wade Hampton.

Special to the Tribune.—Lieut. Burgess, with thirty of Col. Baker's mounted rangers, went on a reconnoissance yesterday, in search of a camp of White's guerrillas, which they found just beyond Leesburg, and they encamped near it last night. This morning the party were attacked by about 200 rebel cavalry and forced to retreat.

During the skirmish Lient. Burgess' horse was shot, but the Lieutenant succeeded in hiding, and saw the rebels ride by in pursuit of his men. He then made his way to the Potomac, and crossed at Point of Rocks.

There he learned that a large body of Imboden's cavalry had gone down the river. The whole force of Imboden and White amounted to about 1,000 men. They were prevented from crossing at Edward's Ferry by the infantry stationed there.

At Point of Rocks it was rumored a force of 5,000 or 6,000 rebels were attempting to cross below, and several pieces of artillery had been sent down to prevent an attempt of this kind from being successful.

Rebel guerrillas continue in our rear. One of Kilpatrick's body guard having been killed, permission was given the guard to hunt guerrillas. They have been at it three days with great success.

Rebel deserters continue to come in squads, and are ready to take the oath of allegiance; but of those who have done so, and have been sent as substitutes to our army, nine of them, after stealing horses and committing depredations, rejoined their old rebel comrades.

There are rumors that a large force of rebel cavalry were at Great Falls, eleven miles from Washington, probably the same body our cavalry were sent in pursuit of, and which will hardly fail to meet them.

The report that Lee, with 50,000 men, had crossed the Rappahannock, at Port Conway, is discredited here, no such intelligence having reached the War Department. It is conceded here by the best military authorities, that Lee must commence offensive operations this month or disband his army. It is believed that to this end he is concentrating another large army for an invasion, which is his only hope, and is to be attempted as a last resort. To meet these expected movements of Lee, the Army of the Potomac will be on the alert.

Gen. Meigs, Q. M. G., has been ordered to the Army of the Potomac. Rumor hath it that he and the Surgeon General are in disfavor, and neither will return to their posts.

We learn that the President has received a letter from Gen. Grant, in which he not only pledges himself to aid Adjutant General Thomas in his labors, but also heartily endorses the Emancipation proclamation and raising of colored troops, and earnestly expresses the opinion that with the latter great results can be attained.

Herald's Dispatch.—Relative to the reported rebel crossing at Port Conway, parties who have arrived from the front to-day knew nothing of any such movement of the enemy having taken place, and its improbability is shown by the crossing having been located at a point accessible to our gunboats, which would have seriously interfered with any such movement.

Yesterday the trains went out to the front heavily laden with conscripts. The army has no little difficulty with some of the substitutes who require almost an equal number of men to guard them. But stringent orders, together with the recent executions, seem to have had a beneficial effect, and causes for complaint are now less frequent.

New Advertisements.

KELLEY'S AUTOMATON MUSICAL TROUPE,

Assisted by FRANK. WOOD and W. N. PERKINS, will give a

CONCERT at INGERSOLL'S HALL,

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, September 10th and 11th, 1863.

Admission 50 cents. Children 25 cents.

☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert commences at 8 o'clock.

JAMES H. KELLEY, Manager.
JOS. R. WEIDE & CO., Prop'rs.
sept4-td

MASON'S HAT STORE

FULL ONCE MORE.

Fall Styles of Hats,

FALL STYLES OF CAPS.

WINTER CAPS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

OPPOSITE THE BRIDGE, CORNER OF THIRD AND WABASHAW-STS.,

ST. PAUL. sept4-1w

AUCTION.

FAIRCHILD & MARCH

Sell a Private Library, a Cook Stove, Letter Press and other Goods to-day, Saturday, at 3 o'clock.
sept5-1t

A MODEL FARM FOR SALE.

The well-known Farm, belonging to F. N. Larpenteur, situated on the old St. Anthony Road, one and a half miles from the city limits, consisting of one hundred and twenty acres, all under fence and improvement, with Dwelling, Barn, Wagon and Wood Sheds, Milk and Ice Houses, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c., &c. Will be sold at a fair price and upon liberal terms. No better chance for a favorable investment. Apply to
au38-1m JOHN S. PRINCE.

A GOOD SADDLE PONY FOR SALE,

At a moderate price. Enquire of
sept5-1t BELL BROTHERS, Minneapolis.

MADAME RICE,

FORTUNE TELLER AND ASTROLOGER, Rooms on Jackson street, one door from 6th, No. 36, up stairs. Ladies, 50 cents; Gentlemen, $1.
sept4-3t*

A. H. WIMBISH,

Jackson street, is still giving the best of Bargains in Groceries and Country Produce. sept4

WANTED,

A situation, by a young man from the country, who is desirous of getting a situation in either a Grocery or Dry Goods Store. Can come well recommended. Address
WILLIAM A. J. BRAKE,
sept3-1w* Oakdale, Washington Co., Min.

LAND TO TRADE.

Forty acres of land in Shawanaw County, Wisconsin, to sell cheap for cash, or to trade for a good team. H. E. BAKER & CO.,
sept3 Auctioneers.

TWO PIANOS FOR SALE FOR CASH.

One excellent Chickering, Rosewood, full iron frame, 6¾ oct. Price $200. One very good, Griffen & Scudder, Rosewood, 6½ oct. Price $80.
Address forthwith C. A. WIDSTRAND,
sept3-3t* Minneapolis, Min.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags, Robert-st., first store from Third-st.
mar14-tf WEST & CO.

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of New York,

Office, No. 135 Broadway.

Cash Capital.....$1,000,000 00
Assets, 1st July, 1863..... 2,007,530 91
Liabilities..... 69,581 25

ABSTRACT OF THE

20TH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT,

Showing the condition of the Company on the 1st day of July, 1863.

ASSETS.

Cash balance in Bank	$77,063 34
Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on real estate	813,092 50
Loans on Stocks, payable on demand	217,617 00
United States Stocks (market value)	446,783 78
State and Municipal Stocks and Bonds (market value)	158,609 00
Bank Stocks (market value)	109,150 00
Real Estate	49,917 75
Interest due on 1st of July, 1863 (of which $25,605.96 has since been received)	27,367 51
Balance in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission from Agents, on 1st July (of which $21,428.13 has since been received)	59,833 27
Bills receivable (for premiums on Inland Risks)	47,030 17
Government stamps on hand	314 29
Other property (miscellaneous items)	18,027 86
Premiums due and uncollected on policies issued at office	2,724 41
Total	$2,007,530 91

LIABILITIES.

Claims for losses outstanding 1st July, 1863	$68,911 25
Due stockholders on account seventeenth and eighteenth dividends	670 00

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILMARTH, Vice President.
JOHN MCGEE, Secretary.

The very satisfactory condition of "THE HOME," its assets now amounting to over TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, will be gratifying to its patrons, and will commend it to the favor of all property owners who desire RELIABLE INSURANCE, either FIRE or INLAND.

BORUP & OAKES,
sept4-2w Agents, St. Paul.

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

GILLMORE STILL BOMBARDING WAGNER.

Stormy Weather Prevents Naval Operations at Charleston.

A New Gun Raised and Dismounted on Sumter.

VALLANDIGHAM ADVISED LEE TO COME NORTH.

He Told Davis the North would Join Him.

When Lee will Endeavor to Close the War.

A COPPERHEAD DISTURBANCE AT DAYTON, OHIO.

The Mobile Expedition Nearly Ready.

The Pirate Retribution Captured in New York.

FROM CHARLESTON.

The Attack on Wagner Progressing—Movements of the Fleet Delayed by Stormy Weather—Confidence of Success.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4

The steamer City of South, from Charleston, bar, arrived to-day; and also steamer Union, on the 31st—Monday.

The Iron-clads had moved towards Sullivan's Island in the direction of Fort Moultrie, and opened fire. The fire was replied to by the batteries on Sullivan's Island, Wagner and Gregg.

Gillmore kept firing on Wagner.

Sumter is silent, though the rebel flag waved over the ruins. The result of the attack was unknown when the steamer left.

Passengers on board the Union report that Wagner was silenced, and that the Monitor passed by Fort Moultrie without hindrance from Wagner.

The Ensign of the fleet, while on night duty, had been up to the city without finding appearances of obstructions. The impression prevailed that our fleet could pass up to Charleston by a dash.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 1.

A special correspondent of the Baltimore *American* says the steamer Spaulding arrived from off Morris Island on Monday noon. Stormy weather for two days checked naval operations. Everything is in readiness to continue the attack as soon as the weather was favorable. When the correspondent left the Weehawken was shelling Fort Gregg.

The rebels raised another gun on the ruins of Sumter on Saturday, but on Sunday Gilmore dismounted it, damaging the front of the parapet.

The operations of Gilmore were progressing vigorously, his approaches are so close to Wagner that combatants throw shells and grenades at each other.

On Wednesday we drove the rebels from rille pits on the left of the advance line, capturing 78 prisoners.

Dahlgreen is confident of success.

FROM RICHMOND.

Vallandigham Responsible for the Late Invasions of Lee and Morgan—He Told Davis the North Would Flock to His Standard.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.

The following extraordinary statement is addressed to the New York *Times*, in which it appears this morning:

PHILADELPHIA, Sept 1.—Having just returned from the city of Richmond, Va., where I have been over one year, I wish you would give the following publication in your valuable journal:

I have, during my stay in Richmond, made the intimate acquaintance of J. Lane, Captain of the Confederate army, and son of Gen. Joe Lane of Oregon, who is well informed, and who assured me that the late invasions of the North by Lee and Morgan were made upon the undoubtable representations of that true southern man, Vallandigham, who assured Davis and his Cabinet that the North was ripe for a revolvtion, and only waited the appearance of the Southern army to proclaim for Jeff. Davis, and forsake Lincoln.

Vallandigham's representations were corroborated by the tone of the majority of the Northern journals, who would not denounce the Administration so boldly, except by the assurance of having the masses strongly in their favor.

I have sent a copy of the note to the Cincinnati *Enquirer*.

I am, yours truly,
(Signed) HENRY REINEH.

FROM OHIO.

Copperheadism in Dayton—The Militia Called out to Resist the United States Authorities.

CINCINNATI, September 4.

There was quite an excitement at Dayton last night, over the arrest by the military authorities of two gentlemen named Hubert and Spalman, for the murder of Lieut. Waterman.

The civil authorities demanded them for trial upon a writ of habeas corpus, but the Provost Marshal under instructions from Gen. Cox, refused to surrender them.

The militia have been called into requisition to take them by force.

FROM TENNESSEE.

Rosecrans' Army Quiet—Deserters Say there will be no Fight at Chattanooga.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 4.

Specials from Rosecrans' army represent all quiet.

Forty or fifty deserters come in daily since the army crossed the river.

The bridge at Bridgeport has been repaired, and trains are crossing.

The country south of the river is very rough; the roads are very bad.

Reconnoissances are sent out daily to near Lookout Mountain. The rebel force still occupied a strong position. Deserters think we will have no fight at Chattanooga.

Exchange of Prisoners—Smuggling

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

[*Herald's special.*]—The statement that Commissioner Ould has terminated negotiations for the exchange of prisoners by a positive declaration that white officers of colored regiments will not be released or exchanged is premature. Negotiations are still in progress, and no definite result has yet been reached.

Meantime no exchange of enlisted men has taken place, but both parties continue to release on parole small numbers of this class of persons.

Notwithstanding the vigilance of the Potomac flotilla smuggling is still carried on to a considerable extent. Parties have been engaged for sometime in transporting contraband goods across the river at Deep Hole farm, between the Occoquan and Dumfries, from which point the articles are hastily removed into the interior, and sold at the most exorbitant rates. At Dumfries, the landing place, common salt is sold for $12 per bushel.

Guerrilla Depredations.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF POTOMAC, Sept. 3, 1863

[*Special to Times.*]—Guerrilla operations in our rear continue. Vast depredations are reported from the vicinity of Hartwood Church and Stafford Store. The Dumfries mail party was attacked on the road between Warrenton Junction and Hartwood one day last week and four of them, including the mail, captured. A number of Gen. Kilpatrick's body guard was killed a couple of days ago by guerrillas, when the whole body guard turned out and hunted guerrillas three days, and their success may be estimated by the number of guerrilla carcasses suspended as scare-crows from tall trees in their line of march.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The Mississippi River Expedition Nearly Ready—Gen. Grant Going to New Orleans.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 4.

The *Republicans's* Memphis dispatch of the first says that New Orleans dates of the 20th had been received.

The expedition on the Mississippi river, preparing for some point on the Gulf, was nearly ready, and would start in a few days.

Gen. Grant was to have left Vicksburg for New Orleans on the 31st.

Lee will Endeavor to Close the War.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.

The *Times* dispatch says a distinguished officer in the Army of the Potomac has sent in word that Lee has not given the slightest evidence of a design to move his forces. On the other hand he is waiting for the result of operations of Rosecrans, Gilmore, and Burnside.

The opinion prevails among the most intelligent of our officers at headquarters that if those operations are successful Lee will propose terms of surrender, and endeavor to bring the war to a close.

Supposed Seizure of the Pirate Retribution.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.

The steamer Ætna lately arrived from Nassau with pine apples. It is reported to be the pirate Retribution and was seized yesterday.

Premium for Colored Recruits.

NEW YORK, September 4.

The *Tribune's* dispatch says it is ordered that the premium of two dollars paid for accepted recruits for the regular army and volunteers, shall also be paid for accepted colored recruits.

Drafting in Troy, New York.

TROY, N. Y., Sept. 4.

The draft for this city began this morning. The proceedings were conducted quietly, but great interest was felt, and the office of Provost Marshal Hughes was crowded throughout the day. Only a small military force was on hand, although two regiments are in the city.

Among those drafted was eight from the *Times* office, including the local editor and bookkeeper, H. B. Hubbell, editor of the *Press*, and one printer from the *Whig*. Several city officers and numerous prominent citizens drew prizes. J. H Rugg of the telegraph office was also drawn. The best of feeling prevails.

—Judge Hall, recently Judge of the United States Supreme Court of Colorado Territory, has resigned that position and left the Territory for the present with a view to service in another field. Judge Hall will interest himself to get established by act of Congress, what is so much needed, a Government Mineral Bureau.

Obituary of Sergeant H. C. Wright.

Among the many brave heroes who fell on the field of Gettysburg, is Sergeant H. C. Wright, of the glorious old First Regiment.

Sergeant Wright was born in Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and is a son of the well-known Dr. Urial Wright. He came to Minnesota in 1856, and in 1857 became interested as partner in the firm of Morrison, Lovejoy & Wright, (afterwards Morrison & Wright), of Pine Bend. On the breaking out of the Rebellion, he was among the first to respond to the call of the President for 75,000 troops. He enlisted in the ranks from pure patriotism, without pledge or promise for position. Was wounded and taken prisoner at the first battle of Bull Run. He was confined in rebel prisons 320 days, then paroled and sent to Benton Barracks, Mo., where he remained about six and a half months before being exchanged, to be again shot, and finally yield up his life upon the altar of his country, and upon his own native soil.

He was a model young man, and an ornament to society, and his loss will be sorely felt by a large circle of friends, both in Minnesota and Pennsylvania. Thus we are called to yield up the gems of our glorious country to the common cause. May their names be indelibly written upon the hearts of all loyal and true patriots, and handed down to future generations. [Com-

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

One of Mr. Lincoln's Good Things.

The *Evening Post* says, three or four days since, the *National Intelligencer* quoted several things spoken by Mr. Lincon in convention, during certain discussions of the policy of proclaiming the freedom of slaves, which that journal declairs to have been "excellently said." We, too, have heard of some things excellently said by Mr. Lincoln. The other day he was approaching in regard to the question of permitting the slave owners of North Carolina to keep their work-people in bondage on the return of that state to the Union. Mr. Lincoln is reported to have said in reply: "My proclamation setting free the slaves of the rebel States was issued nearly a year ago." Excellently said! There could be no more complete answer to the demand for the continuance of slavery in North Carolina. The proclamation of freedom has been issued, and slavery in the rebel states annihilated. That ends the matter; there is no longer any room for discussion, and the four columns, however plausibly written, which the *National Intelligencer* devotes to questing the policy of the proclamation, are as superfluous as a last year's advertisement of the fashions.

The *Intelligencer* censures those who are for carrying on the war for any other object than to restore the Union. With the leave of that journal, there is one object next in importance to the restoration of the Union. It is to keep the Union entire after it is restored. We shall have gained but little it, after having brought back all the States to their old allegiance, we knit them together by ties too weak to hold them under the same government for ten years afterwards. The experience of this frightful war, and, the few years that preceded it has shown us that the institution of slavery cannot consist with a free government. The Slave States were becoming so many despotisms within their limits, and, now that they have separated themselves from the Free States, have lapsed with a heavy plunge into one of the most remorseless despotisms of modern times.

The President meditated, his friends say, for more than a year, on the question of declaring the freedom of the working people of the rebel States. He patiently listened to all that could be said both on the one side and the other. When at length he saw himself moved to take that step by the force of various reasons, he hesitated with regard to the proper momen'; he feared to outstrip the progress of public opinion; he dreaded the unfavorable effect of a premature measure. At length he issued the proclamation on the 22d of September, 1862, but he issued it with a condition. If any State previous to the first of January, says that state paper, shall return to its allegiance and duty, the proclamation shall have no effect within its limits. The President gave them their choice between desisting from rebellion and losing their slaves: they chose rebellion. To such a degree was the President resolved to refrain from touching what they called their rights, that he gave them the opportunity to keep those slaves if they would. They preferred to run the risk of losing them. More than three months elapsed, the 1st of January arrived, and not a single State of the South returned to its allegiance. They allowed the slaves to be emancipated.

They made their choice and we must hold them to it.

Chattanooga.

The city of Chattanooga used to contain about 5,000 inhabitants, four or five churches, five hotels, two printing offices, a bank, a number of fine residences, &c. It is in Hamilton county, Tennessee, just north of the dividing line between that State and Georgia, situated on the left bank of the Tennessee river, and is the northern terminus of the Western and Atlantic Railway, the southern terminus of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, and forms the angular connection with the line of railroad from Charleston, S. C., to Memphis, Tennessee. It is one hundred and fifty-one miles from Nashville, four hundred and forty-seven from Charleston. The city is situated on a high bluff overlooking the rushing waters of the Tennessee river, which at this point spreads out to a greater extent than at many others in the vicinity. Being the terminus of two important roads, and the most prominent point on another (the Charleston and Memphis), it became the most available place where the rolling stock of all could be repaired and new stock could be manufactured. Hence were established here numerous machine shops, foundries, &c., which, up to the outbreak of the rebellion, were doing a thriving business, and contributing in a great measure to the advancement and prosperity of the place.

The Lawrence Massacre—Another Alarm.

Liberal contributions in aid of the suffering people of Lawrence are making in Leavenworth, St. Louis and elsewhere. In Leavenworth over six thousand dollars were subscribed in a few hours, and supplies of provisions and other needful articles have been sent forward from the same places. Governor Carney of Kansas has given one thousand dollars to the relief fund, and is actively at work placing the State on a footing to meet any emergency that may arise. The Leavenworth *Times* of last Tuesday says:

A terrible fright took place at Lawrence on Sunday night, owing to a report brought into the town by some people in the country, that Quantrell was returning to finish the destruction of Lawrence. The country people were led to this belief by a great fire on the prairie, in the direction of Franklin. Women and children rushed frantically into the streets, screaming and crying, and everywhere the wildest confusion and consternation prevailed. Many ran into the ravines, some into the brush, and quite a number crossed to the north side of the river. Order and confidence was restored, and the troubled and persecuted inhabitants of that place finally returned to their desolated homes.

THE SWORD PRESENTATION TO GEN. MEADE.

The sword presentation to General Meade, by the Pennsylvania Reserves, came off on the 28th ult., at headquarters, which were decorated in the most tasty and gorgeous style with flowers and evergreens. The presentation was made by the 1st division of the 5th corps, which was the division so long commanded by Gen. Meade, and now led by Gen. Crawford.

The following letter was sent to Gen. Crawford by the President:

WASHINGTON, August 28, 1863.

To General Crawford:

I regret that I cannot be present to witness the presentation of a sword by the gallant Pennsylvania Reserve Corps to one so worthy to receive it as Gen. Meade.

A. LINCOLN.

The following letter from the Secretary of War was also received:

WAR DEPT., WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.

To Brigadier General Crawford:

GENERAL—Your invitation to me to witness the presentation of a sword to Major General Meade this evening, has been received. It would gratify me very much to join in any demonstration of confidence and respect of his comrades in arms to the distinguished officer under whose command the great victory of Gettysburg was won, but my duties here will not permit me to be absent from the Department. Yours truly,

EDWIN M. STANTON.

The presentation speech was made by Gen. Crawford, as follows:

GEN. CRAWFORD'S SPEECH.

GENERAL—I stand before you to-day, sir, the representative of the officers of that division who once called you its chief. Impelled by a decree to perpetuate memory of your connection with them—desirous, sir, to manifest to you the affection and esteem they bear towards you—they ask your acceptance, to day of this testimonial, which shall mark it forever. Accept it, sir, from them, not as a reward, not as a recompense for your care for them, but as the exponent of those feelings of their hearts whose value cannot be expressed in words. Transmit it to those who bear your name. Let it ever express to you that devoted attachment and regard that the officers of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps shall never cease to feel for you. Here, in the presence of him who conceived the idea of this division, and who I trust the faithful people will return to the position he so worthily occupies, I present to you this testimonial.

Gen. Meade responded as follows:

GEN. MEADE'S REPLY.

Gen. Crawford and Officers of the Division of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps: I accept this sword with feelings of profound gratitude and pride; and I should be insensible to all the feelings of humanity if I were not proud and grateful of receiving a testimonial of appreciation from a band of officers and men so distinguished as the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps have been during the whole period of the war. I have a right, therefore, to be proud that they should think that my conduct has been of such a character as to gratify them—in calling together so many here to-day, and to present me such a handsome testimonial, which is no more than saying that I have done my duty towards them.

Gen. Meade then expressed his gratification to be able to testify to the patriotism of Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, whose efforts had been unremitting in favor of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, and was glad that he was there present to witness the presentation of this sword.

Gen. Meade then recounted the many gallant actions of the Reserve Corps, and said that when the history of the war was written they would be vindicated from all accusations which had been made against them by those ignorant of the facts, and referred to the fight at Mechanicsville, where they held in check Longstreet's entire corps by two brigades alone. He also cited South Mountain and Antietam as battlefields upon which they had fought gallantly; and Fredericksburg, where they held the crest of the heights for twenty minutes, and where, had they been reinforced by other troops, their efforts would have resulted in victory. Therefore, he said, he had a right to be proud when the officers and men of such a corps honored him with such a testimonial. At the same time his pride and gratitude were mingling with mournful feelings, when he reflected upon how many brave and gallant soldiers had fallen that once belonged to the corps, and that the condition of the country—its armies arrayed against each other—should make necessary the occasion for such preparations; but that at the same time we were engaged in this war, all acting from a high sense of duty, and all were willing to sacrifice their lives in defense of the good of their country. Gen. Meade then spoke of Gen. Reynolds and other gallant officers who lately fell at Gettysburg. He trusted that the sword would be required but a short time longer, as he believed that this unhappy war was near its end, and that men alone were needed to fill up the old regiments to put a finishing stroke to the rebellion.

Gen. Meade was loudly applauded by the immense assembly present, as he detailed the exploits of the Pennsylvania Reserves.

At the conclusion of the General's speech, three times three tremendous cheers were given for him, and three times three for Gov. Curtin.

A Vindication of the Emancipation Proclamation.

Of the writer of the following letter, printed in the *National Intelligencer*, the editors of that journal say:

"The very interesting letter inserted below, is from a gentleman of honor and intelligence, personally well known to us, and whose statements of fact are entitled to full credit. He is, moreover, a thorough loyalist, and has been a uniform and decided friend of the Administration. The result of his observation in a recent and extended tour in the South, he has thought of sufficient interest to be communicated to the public here, and we are sure that all of our readers will agree with him:"

NORFOLK, August 26, 1863.

To the Editors of the National Intelligencer:

Having but just returned from a tour through portions of the states of Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky, and having met in my travels many of the former prominent politicians of those states, and as was most natural under the circumstances, had frequent conversations with them on the subject of the war—its origin, objects, bearings on the present and future of our country, and its probable result—I feel assured to some extent that a brief synopsis of the impressions made on my mind will not be altogether unacceptable to your readers. The war, they argue, was instituted for the purpose of securing further guarantees to their own peculiar institution—slavery—and to repress abolitionism or northern agressions on their rights. Its bearing on the institution has been to weaken and endanger its entire overthrow. They admit they have been deceived by their political leaders, and that nearly all their premises have proven failures. They see, they feel, the crushing effects of the war upon the Slave States, and admit, if it indefinitely continue, that the institution of slavery will not only be in danger of annihilation, but that their former slaves will be drafted into the army of the United States for the purpose of continuing the war on the South. This one single fact bears more heavily upon them than anything else connected with the war; and, to escape this now apparently inevitable fate, they express a willingness to accede to any terms which shall not humiliate and degrade them. They affirm (in fact they expect, they hope, they pray for it) that it is not for them to beg for peace, but for the President to hold out the olive branch; and if the President were to issue a proclamation, holding their leaders to a strict accountability for the rebellion, and offer the people protection in life and property, leaving the institution of slavery to the constitutional immunity of state laws, they will not only accept it, but will hail the act as magnanimous, noble, great. Thus it will be perceived that the great masses of the southern people are standing on a point of honor, which to them is of far greater import than defeat in battle, the loss of strongholds or the reduction of their armies. All this they can bear, but dishonor they cannot bear; and they hope, they expect, they pray that the President will spare them this unspeakable humiliation. In view of these simple truths, I would ask, Messrs. Editors, through the medium of your invaluable journal, if the President cannot afford to be magnanimous? If, after the fall of Charleston, he cannot afford to offer some terms which shall induce the great body of the southern people to return to their allegiance to the federal Union and the government of the United States? If he is ambitious to enviable fame, he will do it; if he desires to be remembered as the second Washington, he will do it; if he wishes to secure to himself the appellation of Abraham the Great, he will do it; if he wishes to imitate the example of Him who said, "Go thou and sin no more," he will do it: and, I may add, if he wishes to proclaim the popular sentiment of the American people, and the sentiment of humanity, civilization and Christianity throughout the world, he will do it; which God grant, for peace's sake."

Yours, very truly,

JOHN ADAMS, JR.

Gen. Rosecrans on Slavery.

The following extract from a letter written by Major General William S. Rosecrans, detailing his opinions on the slavery question, which his actual experience in the field has forced him to adopt, is published in the Philadelphia *Press*. It should be remembered that Gen. Rosecrans was, prior to the war, an unvarying Democrat. Writing from Murfreesboro, he says:

I am glad to see the splendid stand you have taken against slavery, with all its horrors, barbarities, and shocking immoralities. Slavery is dead, and nothing can resuscitate it. To understand this fully you should pay us a visit. * * * Slavery is doomed, and those who now uphold it will soon be held up to public odium and execration. No statesman will vindicate it, no friend of human progress will stretch forth a hand to break its fall. * * * Almighty God has certainly ordained the destruction of slavery in this country, where it has been more offensive and immoral than in others.

* * * * * *

W. S. ROSECRANS.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—The meeting of the War Democrats of Cincinnati on the 27th ult., was very well attended. Resolutions were adopted strongly denouncing Vallandigham and his followers, and favoring a vigorous prosecution of the war until the last foot of ground in the rebellious States is conquered.

—A dispatch from Vicksburg to the Cincinnati *Gazette* says: "We hope for tidings from Mobile in a few weeks. The citizens are reported to be anxious for a surrender of the place. Jeff. Davis has sent a special appeal to the citizens of that place to stand by him.

—Jeff. Davis' life, if fully narrated, would fill a large volume, but its end will be told by a single line.

—An Iowa paper says that a recent Copperhead meeting at Oskaloosa, in that State, whereat Nequs, Bryan and Mitchell, Iowa Copperheads, made speeches, two young ladies, appropriately adorned with Butternut breastpins, occupied the front seat. The next day the young ladies were in jail for shoplifting, the stolen goods being found in their possession. Shopkeepers will be warned in time of Butternut meetings.

—The Canadian electors must be the thirstiest set of men living. After the late Parliamentary election in Canada, a tavern-keeper in Hastings sent in his "little bill" for refreshments supplied to two hundred thirsty voters. He charges for 5,500 glasses of liquor, which would be 27½ glasses to each person present, and 13 glasses per minute for five hours' steady drinking. He also charges 1,500 cigars as smoked by the same 200, each of whom, if the charges are right, drank over a gallon of liquor, and smoked 7½ cigars.

—A Louisville paper notices the fact that such large quantities of oil have been emptied into the Ohio river from the Alleghany (connecting with the Pennsylvania wells,) the wheels of steamers are coated with a slimy mixture and retarded in their evolutions. Greasing wheels usually makes them revolve more rapidly, but this case is an exception.

—It is said that the guerrilla chief Mosby has died from wounds received in a skirmish with some of our troops one day last week.

—The other day, says the Corinth, (Miss.,) *Chanticleer*, the Chaplain of one of our own regiments, while holding service among the natives not far from the lines, succeeded in working his audience into that "stage of the game," technically known as "happy." Walking up to an aged woman who failed to exhibit symptoms similar to the balance of the "sisters," he inquired, "Sister, are you ready to go to Heaven along with us?" The old lady removed the "dip stick" from her month, replacing the same by a huge cud of fine cut, and said: "Why, now, the boys has bin talking 'bout gwine to Kentuck, and I guess as how I had better go along with them like."

Beauregard's Letter to Gen. Gilmore.

HE INDIGNANTLY PROTESTS AGAINST FIRING ON CHARLESTON.

The following is the communication from Beauregard to General Gillmore, protesting against the opening of the bombardment of Charleston:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF SOUTH CAROLINA, GEORGIA, AND FLORIDA, Charleston, S. C., Aug. 22, 1863.

SIR: Last night, at fifteen minutes before 11 o'clock, during my absence on a reconnoissance of my fortifications, a communication was received at these headquarters, dated Headquarters Department of the South, Morris Island, S. C., August 21, 1863, demanding the immediate evacuation of Morris Island and Fort Sumter by the Confederate forces, on the alleged ground that "the present condition of Fort Sumter, and the rapid and progressive destruction which it is undergoing from my batteries seem to render its complete demolition within a few hours a matter of certainty," and that if this letter was not complied with, or no reply thereto was received within four hours after it was delivered into the hands of my subordinate commander at Fort Wagner for transmission, a fire would be opened on the city of Charleston from batteries already established within easy and effective range of the heart of the city. This communication to my address was without signature and was of course returned. About half-past one o'clock one of your batteries did actually open fire and threw a number of heavy shells into the city, the inhabitants of which of course were asleep and unwarned. About 9 o'clock this morning the communication alluded to was returned to these headquarters, bearing your recognized official signature, and it can now be noticed as your deliberate official act.

Among nations not barbarous the usages of war prescribe that when a city is about to be attacked timely notice shall be given by the attacking commander, in order that non-combatants shall have an opportunity of withdrawing beyond its limits. Generally the time allowed is from one to three days; that is, time for the withdrawal in good faith of at least the women and children. You, sir, gave only fours hours—knowing that your notice, under existing circumstances, could not reach me in less than two hours, and not less than the same time would be required for an answer to be conveyed from this city to Battery Wagner. With this knowledge you threaten to open fire on this city, not to oblige its surrender, but to force me to evacuate those works which you, assisted by a great naval force, have been attacking in vain for more than forty days. Batteries Wagner and Gregg and Fort Sumter are nearly due north from your batteries on Morris Island, and in distance therefrom varymg from half a mile to two and a quarter miles. This city, on the other hand, is to the northwest, and quite five miles distant from the battery which opened against it this morning. It would appear, sir, that despairing of reducing these works, you now resort to the novel measure of turning your guns against the old men, the women and children, and the hospitals of a sleeping city, an act of inexcusable barbarity from your own confessed point of sight, inasmuch as you allege that the complete demolition of Fort Sumter within a few hours by your guns seems to you a matter of certainty.

Your omission to attach your signature to such a grave paper must show the recklessness of the course upon which you have adventured. When the facts that you knowingly fixed a limit for receiving an answer to your demand which made it almost beyond the possibility of receiving any reply within that time, and that you actually did open fire and throw a number of the most destructive missiles ever used in war into the midst of a city taken unawares, and filled with sleeping women and children, will give you a bad eminence in history—even in the history of this war. I am only surprised, sir, at the limits you have set to your demands. If, in order to obtain the abandonment of Morris Island and Fort Sumter you feel authorized to fire on this city, why did you not include the works on Sullivan and James islands, nay, even the city of Charleston, in the same demand? Since you have felt warranted in inaugurating this method of reducing batteries in your immediate front, which were otherwise found impregnable, and a mode of warfare which I confidently declare to be atrocious and unworthy of any soldier, I now solemnly warn you, that if you fire again on this city from your Morris Island batteries without giving a somewhat more reasonable time to remove the non-combatants, I shall feel impelled to employ such stringent means of retaliation as may be available during the continuance of this attack.

Finally, I reply that neither the works on Morris Island nor Fort Sumter will be evacuated on the demand you have been pleased to make. Already, however, I am taking measures to remove all non-combatants, who are now fully aware and alive to what they may expect at your hands.

Respectfully, your ob't serv't,
G. T. BEAUREGARD,
General Commanding.

Alarm on the Missouri Border.

LANE AND JENNISON EXPECTED IN MISSOURI.

The St. Louis *Republican* of Thursday says:

Capt. Comingo, Provost Marshal under the conscription act for the Sixth Congressional District, who has just arrived in the city from Lexington, reports that great alarm and excitement exist on the Missouri side of the border. Citizens are apprehensive that Jim Lane and Jennison, who are at the head of bands of Kansas militiamen in pursuit of Quantrell's guerrillas, will enter this State and retaliate in kind for Quantrell's destruction of Lawrence and massacre of its citizens. A rumor was current when he left that Independence had been destroyed by them, but this he believes to be untrue, or at least premature. Citizens of Jackson and neighboring counties were, however, fleeing in great numbers from their homes, taking with them their families and such goods of value as would bear hasty removal. The alarm extended as far down as Lexington, and, although no panic existed in that place, as in others west of it, there was much excitement and apprehension of a visit with violent results from invaders from Kansas.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT,
ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, St. Paul, Aug., 1863.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that that the lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken under the Excise Tax Law of the United States within Division numbered Four, comprising the County of Ramsey, will be open for examination, at the office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor, on the 20th day of August, A. D., 1863, and will remain open for the space of fifteen days from said time.

Notice is also given that appeals will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations by the Assistant Assessor of said Division, at the place aforesaid, on the 15th day of September, A. D., 1863, and immediately thereafter until all appeals are disposed of.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
Assessor, 2d District.

an26-t sept 15

1863. 1864.

EMPIRE WOOD MILL

CIRCULAR.

THIS WOOD MILL

Is a Machine consisting of a sweep power an drag saw combined, and intended for cutting

STOVE AND RAILROAD WOOD,

SHINGLE AND STAVE BOLTS,

FROM THE LOG,

Of any size from ten inches in diameter, up to the largest. It can be run with one or two horses, is easily handled by two men, can be used in the woods as well as out, is simple in its construction, having strong castings, is made of the most durable and best seasoned timber, well painted, will cut from two to three cords of stove wood per hour, and will work logs into common 16 inch stove wood, *with no more expense than it costs to cut and split logs into four feet cord wood:*

Read the Testimony.

Home Testimonial for the Wood Mill!

HASTINGS, Min., March 19, 1863.

MR CHARLES ETHERIDGE—SIR: The Wood Mill (sweepower and drag saw) we bought of you last winter has cut about five hundred cords of 16 inch wood from the log: we used a small pair of mules and found the work easy for them. We find by experience that we can easily cut two cords an hour and have cut over three cords. For cutting railroad wood, stave or shingle bolts, or stove wood we think it is just the Machine needed.

C. L. & J. LEWIS.

This Machine can be used profitably to cut logs into convenient lengths for railroad ties, the logs being placed upon rollers can be moved endwise to an exact length.

☞ Agents wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota. Circulars sent by return mail on application.

CHARLES ETHERIDGE,
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au27-1md&w HASTINGS, MINNESOTA.
P. F. HODGES, St. Paul, Local Agent.

IRON and STEEL.

HEAVY HARDWARE.

ORDER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES,

Sleigh and Cutter RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

an29-d&wly

MILWAUKEE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

Jobbers and Retailers in

DRY GOODS,

172 and 174 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE,

(the red front store,)

Are receiving their complete stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FABRICS AND

YANKEE NOTIONS,

Which they offer to the trade

FOR CASH,

AT NEW YORK JOBBING PRICES,

Without regard to the present advance.

We ask the attention of early and large buyers to the SPECIAL BARGAINS which we offer in STAPLE GOODS, comprising

Over 200 Packages all bought at the low July Prices.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
FALL PRINTS,
WHITE GOODS,
FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
&c., &c.

☞ Our RETAIL STOCK is the BEST ASSORTED and cheapest in the State and has the great advantage of being ENTIRELY NEW AND ATTRACTIVE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT.
an20-d tw&w

TO THE TRADE OF THE NORTHWEST.

Having purchased the old stand of R. Galloway and fitted it up for

A STOVE STORE,

And having secured some of the best workmen of the country, I now offer

THE LATEST AND MOST DESIRABLE

Patterns of Stoves,

AND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

TIN WARE,

To the trade, which will be sold as near Chicago and Milwaukee prices, as the extra expense of laying down the goods in this market will allow.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for

Tin Ware, Stove Pipe, &c.

And taking into consideration the high prices of stock as well as the trouble of obtaining labor, I think I can make sufficient inducements to the trade to purchasers.

An examination of stock, prices, &c., is solicited

I am also SOLE AGENT of

P. P. Stewart's Celebrated

SUMMER AND WINTER

Cooking Stove,

Which has no equal. I would invite the attention of all who wish to purchase a first-class Stove, to examine it before purchasing.

☞ All kinds of Jobbing and Custom Work done, and all work warranted.

Call at the old stand of R. Galloway, opposite the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co., Third-st. St. Paul, Minnesota.

☞ Highest market price paid for old Copper Brass, Lead, Iron, Rags, &c.

au13-tf N. B. HARWOOD.

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BOOTS & SHOES,

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We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH

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Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
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SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
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EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
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FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,

SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,

No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago

Have constantly on hand a large assortment of

Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,

Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,

CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,

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Common and Patent Hoist Wheels, for building purposes, constantly on hand.

GEO. F. FOSTER. [je13-1y] C. M. HARDENBURGH

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Wholesale Grocers,

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GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

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Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

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We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trad the best assortment of Boots and Shoes the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

Hotels.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,

Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

HERNDON HOUSE,

Corner of Third and Vermillion Streets,

HASTINGS, - - - MINNESOTA,

W. E. HUNT,

Late of the Merchants' Hotel, at St. Paul,

PROPRIETOR.

☞ Passengers conveyed to and from the Boats free. je19-3m

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

WANTED,

A young man of good education and address to travel with an exhibition, as showman and explanatory lecturer. Salary liberal. Address, with references,

jy23-tf Box 967, St. Paul, Min.

Burbank's Column.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186 , at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in an wer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

We are now running Messengers to

ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS

Twice Daily,

Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.

Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.45 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.

je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of

dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by

dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.

je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mars A. L. LARPENTEUR.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE,

In Hennepin, Ramsey, Chisago, and Washington Counties. Also Lots in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony; all of which I will sell at Low Prices and on favorable terms of payment Enquire of

P. P. WINTERMUTE,
je21-3m at office of Horn, Lund & Galusha.

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

WANTED,

At the Clifton House, Mankato, three good Girls—one competent to take charge of the cooking department. Liberal wages and steady employment will be given. aus-1m

STEAM

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

The Press Printing Co.

In order to keep pace with their rapidly increasing business are constantly extending their facilities for Book and Job Printing. They have recently introduced Steam into their establishment, and put up another of

HOE'S LARGE CYLINDER PRESSES.

We are prepared to Print all kinds of

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, BRIEFS,
POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS
BLANKS, BILLS OF LADING,
CIRCULARS,

And every other description of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING

At moderate rates and at short notice.

NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.

NO. 4, ROGERS BLOCK.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

H. ROGERS, having connected himself with one of the *largest* and *best manufactories* in the State of *New York*, has now opened a LEATHER STORE on a *more extensive scale* than is *usual* for a Western city, and he intends to sell as low as can be purchased in Chicago or Milwaukee, (freight excepted,) and having been engaged for thirty-five years in the leather trade, and being a PRACTICAL TANNER BY TRADE, feels assured from his knowledge and LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE BUSINESS, that he can bring such stock to the market as will suit all. Give us a call before you buy your stock.

Be sure and enquire for the "NEW YORK LEATHER STORE," No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul.

H. ROGERS & CO.

P. S. All kinds of Hides bought for an Eastern tannery, for which the highest cash price will be paid. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT GOOD SOLE LEATHER, go to the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, where you can select from a large lot. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT THE REAL PHILADELPHIA Kip and Calf Skins, go to the

an5tw3m NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.

IF YOU WANT A NICE ARTICLE OF FRENCH CALF SKINS, go to the New York Leather Store, where you can select from fifteen different brands. au5tw3m

THE PLACE TO BUY SHOE FINDINGS of all kinds is at the New York Leather Store, No 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul. [au5tw3m

GET YOUR LASTS at the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul, Minn. au5tw3m

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE G E

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

C. PROAL,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS WAREROOMS,

Corner Third and Robert Streets.

A large assortment of

Ladies' Saddles, Gents' Saddles, Boys' Saddles, Gig Saddles Bridles and Martingales, Bits and Spurs,

Whips of all Sorts, Saddlery Hardware,

COACH HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, TROTTING HARNESS, SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS LADIES' LARGE DRESS TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS.

RAILROAD BAGS, HARNESS LEATHER.

Also, everything pertaining to the trade for sale at reasonable prices.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 15th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:15 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:35 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,

AND

All Affections of the Urinary and Generativ Organs, &c., &c.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *College of Medici Ohiensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.

The office is arranged in separate apartments, so that those who desire can consult the doctor with the utmost privacy. The Institute is provided with a *Spirometer* for measuring the vital capacity, and Prof. Schreber's *Pangymnasticon* for developing the muscular system in Seminal Weakness and other wasting diseases; also an improved apparatus and all the appliances for administering *Medicated Fumigation Baths*, now so celebrated in Europe for the cure of Syphilitic diseases.

While I prescribe for all kinds of diseases, attention is given more specially to the following:—Syphilis, in all its stages; Gonorrhœa; Gleet; Stricture; Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.; Hydrocele, or Dropsy of the Scrotum, Varicocele, and other diseases of the Testicles and Cord; Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula, and Diseases of the Rectum and Anus; and all complaints peculiar to Females. Also, Spermatorrhœa, or *Seminal Weakness*, for which our treatment is now admitted to be even more successful than that of Lallemand, of Montpelier.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home. Full particulars furnished on application by letter.

JUST PUBLISHED—The 20th edition of our *Medical Report*, containing 70 pages and numerous engravings, treating on the above diseases; sent to any address on receipt of price, 15 cts. Also, in press, and nearly ready, the 2nd edition of our large work on Venereal Surgery.

Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations can be had from 9 A.M. to P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A.M. All letters should be directed to

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,

jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS.

STRONG'S CARPET HALL,

225 Third Street, Rogers' Block,

where will be found a large assortment of

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &C., &C

New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

FREE WATER POWER IN ST. ANTHONY.

The St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company continue to offer mill sites on the Falls, with the right to draw water, both *free of rent* for five years, to any person who will improve unoccupied sites, by the erection of Oil or Paper Mills, Straw-Board or Starch Factories, Woollen, Flax or Cotton Mills. At the end of five years and such term thereafter, the rents may be determined by three disinterested parties.

au4-1m* RICHARD CHUTE, Agent.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By the death of Mr. George T. Temple, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Temple & Beaupre is this day dissolved.

The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, and all persons having claims against, or indebted to them, are requested to call and make settlement without delay.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 7, 1863. au15-1m

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Temple & Beaupre will be continued by the subscriber under the name and style of the old firm. From my old friends and the public generally, a continuance of the very liberal patronage which the former house received, is solicited.

B. BEAUPRE.

St. Paul, August 8, 1863. au15-1m

J. H. MURPHY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Elfelt's Store, Lambert's Block,

THIRD STREET, - - - - ST. PAUL.

Especial attention paid to Surgery.

au15-1m*

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN

Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je1-6m St. Anthony, Min.

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

Dr. T. D. SIMONTON,

DENTIST,

Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square, St. Paul.

Teeth inserted in the best style on Gold, Vor and Vulcanite. je9

CARD TO THE LADIES.

MRS. REDMOND,

SUCCESSOR TO MISS WASS,

Will sell at greatly reduced rates, all kinds of

Millinery Goods,

For a few weeks preparatory to going East for NEW GOODS.

St. Paul August 21, 1863. au21-2w

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAP AT.

Wholesale and Retail.

CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,

Having leased the store occupied by L. G. Johnson & Co., and purchased their

Stock of Groceries,

May be found at

220 *Third Street, two doors above the North Western Express Office,*

Where they will sell

GROCERIES

AT VERY LOW FIGURES,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

We wish to close out this stock entirely as we propose to

CHANGE THE BUSINESS,

and open a

Paper and Stationery Store

in connection with our

Paper Mill at St. Anthony.

All kinds of WRAPPING PAPER or sale, and the highest price paid in cash for rags ropes and old printed papers. jy15-tf

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brands of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamaica and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catawba Brandy.

Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

PALMER'S PURE VINEGAR, FOR PICKLING AND FAMILY USE.

We would inform the public generally, that we are again manufacturing the above celebrated Vinegar, at our old place on Sibley-st., St. Paul. We are prepared to furnish the city and country trade at as *low prices* as *Pure* Vinegar can be bought in any market. Country orders will receive prompt attention

jy19-3m C. LEWIS & CO.

Freight & Express.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE

OWNED AND MANAGED BY THE

American Express Company.

On and after this date, by special arrangement,

The Merchants' Dispatch

Will receive and forward from this city to New York and Boston freights requiring quick transportation, at

Lower Rates and in Better Time,

Than can be obtained by any other route or conveyance except the regular Express, by passenger trains.

TIME GUARANTEED.

All shipments received at door of shipper and delivered at destination

FREE OF CARTAGE.

The well known reputation of this Line in transporting Westward bound business, during the last ten years, will be

A SUFFICIENT GUARANTEE

That all contracts made by it, will be faithfully carried out.

The Merchants' Dispatch

Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for

WESTWARD BOUND BUSINESS.

Our freights are transported by Emigrant and fast Freight Express trains, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.

Claims for Losses and Damages will be promptly adjusted at this Office.

For rates or further information inquire of

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents.

St. Paul, June 18th, 1863. je19-3m

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

ap21-d1y Proprietors

Real Estate.

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,

ap10tf Irvine's Block

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:

One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.

Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.

Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.

A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.

Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.

There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.

The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.

Inquire at the office of

SPENCER & CARVER,

Ingersoll's Block, or of

GROFF & BALLEY,

under Thompson's Bank.

Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.

St. Paul, June 3d, 1863. je1-3m

BROAD ACRES!

760 ACRES of land from 3 to 12 miles of ST. PAUL, will be sold in tracts of 40 acres, 80, 120, 160 and 240. The soil is a rich loam, with *wood and water*. Terms part cash, and the balance, if desired, on long time.

HENRY McKENTY,

Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, June 6, 1863.—d&w6m.

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge

ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF

"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"

Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c

Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.

o5-d tw&w1y

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Will also locate Land Warrants and sel Real Estate on Commission. ans-d&w1y

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass

AND

GLASSWARE,

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods,

&C., &C.,

No. 111 Third Street,

(UNION BLOCK.)

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

We would call the attention of Dealers through out the Northwest to

Our Full Stock of Goods,

Which we are offering at a fraction over

Milwaukee & Chicago Figures

We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of th dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.

ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF FAVORITE BRANDS,

For sale at very low figures to close the stock.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO'S FLUID EXTRACTS,

Pills and Granules, at card prices.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.

Just received and for sale at close figures.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND LUBRICATING OILS,

At lowest market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,

Of various qualities and prices, at

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,

jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS AND GLASSWARE,

McCulley's Brand, at market rates.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,

jy25-tf Union Block.

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH

USE THE

DANDELION

AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c.

These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,

Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Wehnard & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bance, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Butcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sheppe's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,

my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Sold Wholesale in all large cities.

Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

!!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations.

See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box Bottle and Flask, before you buy.

Address HENRY R. COSTAR,

PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Sold by DAY & JENKS,

Wholesale and Retail Agents,

ap20-d1&w6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-d&w1y

TAKE NOTICE.—Soldiers and others who love to peruse literature that everybody cannot get, the undersigned have just issued FIVE NEW BOOKS—TWO ARE NOW READY Send $1.50 and get one of the gayest books and greatest achievements in the literary world. "THE WASHINGTON BELLE," or the Rifer Bit and Happy Marriage, and "THE BEAUTIFUL CREOLE." Each book contains 100 pages of reading matter, and is embellished by native artists, who far excel the French, that have held the palm of being the best.

JASON C. KING,

au8 1m No. 107 William st., New York

WANTED

TO RENT—A House within a few minutes walk of the Post Office. Would like a lease for one, two or three years. Possession desired ither now or in the fall. Call at or address

jy30-tf PRESS OFFICE.

Watches and Jewelry.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street, Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

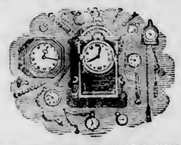
All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

AT A. BLAKEMAN'S THE

NEW JEWELRY STORE,



Four doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER' Bank, and next door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store,

On Third Street,

Can be seen splendid

SILVER TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS,

Solid Silver Spoons---Pure as Coin,

Diamond, Opal and Ruby Rings, Solid Gold Ear-Rings and Pins in sets,

From $15 to $50.

$10,000 worth of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS JUST RECEIVED.

Those wishing to supply themselves with a perfect Clock, will buy the SETH THOMAS CLOCK of

A. BLAKEMAN.

N. B.—The Cheap American Gothic Clock, at Factory prices. All warranted to run well.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of the American manufactured Watch adjusted to heat and cold, and the most perfect timer made. A. BLAKEMAN sells them at manufactory prices. Don't mistake the place. Be sure that you call in at THE NEW JEWELRY STORE. ap18-1y

Miscellaneous.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.

jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——

jan1-d1y

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSE KEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st., COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

je5-d&w

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Laudyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

The Cheap Cash Store.

We will commence this morning selling our stock of SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

PARASOLS,

Summer Shawls,

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

BALMORALS,

COTTONADES AND LIGHT CASSIMERES,

At greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS,

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES,

Remember the place,

No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

je5-tf

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.

au11 GILMAN & CO.

PORTRAITS.

B. P. BARTLETT, Artist,

From NEW YORK CITY, is now prepared to

PAINT PORTRAITS,

Landscapes, &c.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

He will also give lessons in Drawing and Oil Painting, at his Studio, over Munger's Music Store, Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minnesota.

jy19-1f

Hardware.

JUST RECEIVED,

A full stock of

Wagon Wood, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, &c.,

Also, GRASS SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS RAKES AND CRADLES.

A few casks of

PITTSBURG COAL.

Always on hand at lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail, Bar Iron, Sheet Iron, Plow Steel, Spring Steel, Cast Steel, Nails, Spikes, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Carriage Trimmings, Thimble Skeins, Blacksmith's Tools, Chains, and

Heavy Hardware.

Warehouse 154 Third street, St. Paul.

J. B. BRADEN.

ap17-1y

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, ... MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.

a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago. For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

Be careful to buy only the genuine. je14-dwly

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the owest market rates.

je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, RENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and ofr sale by

ap24 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

Boots & Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

je5-y

WE HAVE RECEIVED

125 Cases of

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.

It is well known that our stock is the

Largest in the City,

And we are selling

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

Merchants in the country can buy of us at

CHICAGO PRICES.

ap15-tf WM. J. SMITH & CO.

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS,

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.

Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul Minnesota. apr29-d&w1y'63

THE CITY.

THE WAY IT HAPPENED.—"Governor" Warren, "after many weary hours of anxious thought," appeared in the *Pioneer* yesterday morning with "A STATEMENT TO THE PUBLIC" concerning the granting of a license to Dan Castello at what the *Pioneer*, official organ of the city, told us was less than the usual rate. We know nothing about the matter further than what we saw in the *Pioneer* and that paper, owing to the position of official organ, we supposed spoke by the card. As we would not for the world misrepresent our venerable "Governor," we quote the major portion of his card:

"I find that in one or two instances $50 has been charged for a *season* ticket, but that in all other cases $10 per day has been the usual rate. For all other "shows," concerts and exhibitions of every description, $5 per day has been the customary rate.

When the agent of the circus in question applied to the city clerk for a license, he entirely deceived Mr. Friend in regard to the character of the entertainment. He said nothing about a "circus," but spoke of giving a "show" of a highly *moral* and instructive kind.

I was not in the office at the time, and did not know we were to have a *circus* until some time afterwards.

"Mr. Friend, therefore, knowing the usual price of "shows" was $5 per day, took the responsibility of fixing the price for a license for three days at $15. The police had nothing to do with the matter, and were not consulted upon the subject. When I became aware of the character of the "show," I told Mr. Friend that he should have charged $10 per day, but that as the error had been made, we would let it pass this time. The tickets that were afterwards given, were not in the slightest degree a part of the consideration. Such an imputation, come from whatever source it may, is utterly and totally false.

"I do not administer the affairs of this city, for *such a paltry consideration!*

'The *Press* states that I charged *a dollar* for a licence—as Col. Wood refused to give us tickets, &c. Now I wish to be distinctly understood that I do not receive *fees or pecuniary compensation whatsoever*, and that neither directly nor indirectly have I ever received one dollar in consideration of the services that I have endeavored to render the city; neither do I expect or desire any other reward than the satisfaction of my own conscience, and (if I can in this way obtain it) the good will of the community.'

"The tickets that were afterwards given were not in the slightest degree a part of the consideration. Such an imputation, come from whatever source it may, is utterly and totally false."

The source from which the imputation came was the *Pioneer*, and we regret that it should have been so reckless as to incur the severe censure of the "Governor." We almost felt like volunteering a defense when the *Pioneer* made the base attack, knowing as we did that the "Governor" did not "expect or desire any other reward than the satisfaction of his own conscience," and we are glad that he took an early opportunity to vindicate himself from the calumny. As the *Pioneer* may continue to make these "utterly and totally false imputations," we take this opportunity to tender the "Governor" the use of our columns for any personal defense he may deem it necessary to make.

That the official organ should assume that the tickets that were afterwards given were "a part of the consideration," is characteristic of that paper. Being anxious to defend the innocent and aged, we should feel obliged to the "Governor," if he would inform us how many tickets were "afterwards given," and the disposition made of them, how many were used, how many sold, the amount realized, &c. With these facts we think we can make his vindication complete, and prevent the *Pioneer* putting forth such "utterly and totally false imputations" as those which appeared in its columns on Wednesday. We feel greatly relieved to have this ticket mystery cleared up, and to know that they were not given until "afterwards," and "not in the slightest degree a part of the consideration." Our only wonder is that any one should have supposed the "Governor" would stoop to "such a paltry consideration."

"The PRESS states that I charged a dollar for a license—as Col. Wood refused to give us tickets, &c." The first charge against the PRESS is of but little consequence, but the latter we can regard in no other light than an "imputation utterly and totally false." We did say something about a dollar, and about tickets, but we never stated that Col. Wood "refused to give us * * &c." It is difficult to believe that the "Governor" intended to make a "false imputation" but in justice to ourselves we feel compelled to pronounce it to be such.

It is greatly to be regretted that the dollar did not reach the destination indicated as there could probably be no worthier recipient. We are a little mystified concerning who the "Governor" means by "Us," that Col Wood refused to give tickets to. If "Us" is a new policeman, that may explain what became of the one dollar. We were informed that a dollar was charged and paid for issuing the license, and if this is not so we should be pleased to know it and make the correction. If it is true, it makes but little difference whether Mr. "Us" "or any other man" received the money, only we should be happy to know who it was that accepted "such a paltry consideration."

We "neither expect or desire any other reward than the satisfaction of our own conscience" for the part we have taken in this matter and do not consider the "paltry consideration," of so such moment, but it is the principle of the thing.

Having successfully vindicated the "Governor" from the assault of the *Pioneer* we should be glad to have this little dollar arrangement unravelled, and learn who it was that got the money, and at the same it might not be inappropriate to ascertain whether this was the "bottom dollar." Good bye, "Gov."

THE ENROLLMENT LISTS—A CHANCE FOR FUN.—The publication of the enrollment lists in yesterday's PRESS created considerable amusement and sensation throughout the city. Worthy citizens who had always been supposed by their intimate friends to be about 30 or 31 years of age, were found enrolled as 36, 38 and even 40 years of age.

A ludicrous error occurred with our proofreader, while revising the lists. The age of the chief editor of our "cotemporary" down street was made to read 86 instead of 36—a typographical error entirely accidental. Gov. Kidder, however, declares that it was a mere transposition, and that it should read 68. He says he knew Earle S. Goodrich when a boy, and that that (68) is just his age. The query then arises, what age is Gov. Kidder? He must be quite an old boy by this time, and as we don't find his name even on the second class militia men, we conclude that he really is above 45, and that we will be denied the pleasure of ever seeing him wear Uncle Sam's clothing.

And then there's neighbor Jo Hall, who is enrolled as 35 years of age. In 1859, when Joseph was initiated into the Ancient and Honorable Order of the I. O. S. M., he swore on bended knees, holding in one hand the "Cuban Flag," [a broomstick,] &c,, that he was only 28 years of age, and it was so "Recorded." There is only one other instance on record of a citizen growing old at such a fearful rate—our worthy Mayor, who was 34 in May and 36 in July! Jo Hall's heart-rending velocity towards the end of life is not quite so fast though, for large bodies move slowly. Perhaps, however, friend Hall did not design to be understood literally that he had passed over seven real years since 1859, but metaphorically, like the darkey who was asked his age: "If you mean how long I've lived," said he, "I'se only 25, but if you count by the fun I've had, I'se a hundred at least!"

As far as Jo Hall is concerned, however, it does not matter much how old he is recorded, as there is no possibility of getting him into the ranks at all. Joseph is a Quaker, and that sect are opposed to war, always. We are sure he will never fight unless moved by the spirit —such spirit as he draws out of that celebrated demi-john marked "$11 brandy."

The Provost Marshal's office was quite besieged yesterday morning by excited individuals, who came to have their ages rectified. There was not one, it is well to observe, who wished his name changed from the second to the first class, but numbers wished theirs changed from the first to the second. One man, who gave his name as Flannagan, enrolled as 29, declared he was 39. He appeared to be about 25 in reality. This is a specimen of the cases which came before the Provost Marshal.

NEGRO-PHOBIA AT LAKE COMO.—Some of the Copperheads at Lake Como have been severely tried for a few weeks at the perverseness of the Superintendent of the Sunday School held at Lake Como. It seems that in the vicinity of the School House were two colored children, who had no better manners than to apply to Mr. Potts, the Superintendent of the School for religious instruction in some of the Bible classes in his Sunday School. Believing that no law, human or divine, compelled him to deny them a share in the bread of life, Mr. Potts received the children into his school.

At this, the Copperheads were greatly incensed, and at once, forgetting and neglecting the sacred objects of the School, began to use every effort to get Mr. Potts removed from his Superintendency, and to drive the chidren from the School. They failed, however, in effecting either object, and finally determined to close up the School House, and not allow the Sabbath School to be held there. Here, too, they found themselves foiled, as this procedure would have forfeited the title of the ground on which the School was held. So the Copperheads are still unsuccessful in their efforts, and the children who occasioned the difficulty are yet enrolled among the scholars who attend the School for religious instruction.

PARTICULARS OF THE FIRE.—Owing to the late hour at which the fire occurred on Thursday evening, and the crowded state of our columns, we were unable to give any particulars of the fire, which consumed part of the buildings attached to the residence of Thomas Lamb, Esq., on St. Anthony hill.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective flue in the meat house, under the lard cauldron. The meat house, which was a well constructed building, contained 672 shoulders, belonging to D. Lovitz, which were being smoked, a total loss. From the smoke house the fire extended to the barn, which was a very fine one, and full of hay. This was also consumed, together with the wood house.

The dwelling house was saved by great exertions of the neighbors only. Fortunately there was plenty of water at hand. Hope Hope Engine company arrived on the ground in good time, and got on a stream. The Pioneer Hook and Ladder was also on hand. These two companies deserve great credit for their promptness.

Mr. Lamb also desires to return thanks to his neighbors who assisted him so nobly. His furniture was all removed from the dwelling, though damaged to the amount of about $60. It was insured in the Hartford. The buildings were insured in the Continental for $800. His whole loss he estimates at $1,500 or $1,600.

THE MILITIA MUSTER TO-DAY.—Every citizen who is liable to do military duty, will remember that he is required by law to appear at the usual parade ground of his Company to-day at 10 o'clock, for drill and inspection. In default thereof he is liable to a fine of $2 and costs, making about $4 altogether, so that it is cheaper to attend than to be reported absent at roll call.

The muster will only last an hour or two, and interferes but little with any ones "rights and duties" as a citizen. The assembling for military instruction is a duty, too, it must be remembered. There is not now a single Northern State in which the militia is not organized and required to drill. Minnesota, it is true, is remote from the theatre of war, yet recent events have shown the wisdom of having the able-bodied men of the nation instructed in the duties of a soldier, and all good citizens should acquiesce and perform their share of the labor in a cheerful manner.

KELLEY'S AUTOMATON MUSICAL TROUPE.—Our notice of this wonderful group of Automaton players contained an error which we ought to correct. We said there were *four* players. There are *six*—representing three ladies and three gentlemen. They have wax heads with fancy wigs and movable eyes, and are costumed in the most perfect and tasty manner—so that at a little distance off it is difficult to realize that they are not real flesh and blood, so life-like is their appearance and actions.

SPLENDID FLOUR.—After vainly endeavoring for a long time to get some real "double extra," we have found *just the thing* at Schnabel's, corner Jackson and Fourth sts. It makes light snowy biscuit and superb bread every time. Schnabel ought to call this brand. "The Housewife's Delight"—for it really is to those who use it.

I. O. G. T.—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars of Minnesota will hold a special session at the Hall of St. Paul Lodge, [Concert Hall Block,] on Tuesday of next week, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. Business of great importance to the order will come up.

In the evening a grand banquet to the members will be given by the members of the order in Minnesota.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.—We observe that Mr. Rhine, at Knox's old Bank, is opening a very large stock of goods, which has just been sent from his Philadelphia House. Mr. Rhine says he can give better bargains in clothing than "any other man." He certainly has a fine stock of goods, and it is worth while to give him a call.

NOTICE.—The members of Company I, 19th division, 31st regiment, M. S. M., are hereby warned to appear at the open space south of the Park in 4th ward, city of St. Paul, and county of Ramsey, to-day, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for inspection and drill.

By order of J. P. WRIGHT,
Captain Com'ng Co. I, 31st regiment, M. S. M.

POLICE COURT.—Two German residents of the Fourth Ward were arraigned yesterday for indulging in a game of fisticuffs. They plead guilty and paid their fines

ARRESTED FOR SEDUCTION. — John Taylor, of Wabashaw, was arrested in this city last night on charge of seduction, and taken down on the evening boat.

SUCCESS UPON MERIT.—If there is an instance upon the records of our country where an article of American manufacture has made its way to universal favor solely upon its own merits and without extraneous aid, it is that of the *Chemical Saleratus*. It has only to be sold in one place, and it is demanded in another; and so it has gone on increasing in favor until the products of the extensive Chemical Works of D. B. De Land & Co., at Fairport, Monroe County, N. Y., are now immense.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, MINNEAPOLIS—REV. C. C. SALTER, PASTOR.—There will be no service to-morrow morning. The Communion of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

THERE will be a special meeting of Dashaway Lodge, I. O. G. T., this Saturday evening, September 5, for initiation and conferring degrees. A full attendance is requested. By order, W. WILSON, C. T.
JAMES W. DORAN, Secretary.

Minnesota State Horse Fair.

For the purpose of encouraging the improvement of the stock of horses in the State of Minnesota, the following premiums are offered, and will be paid by the "Union Club" of St. Paul, to take place at St. Paul on Monday, the fifth, sixth, and seventh days of October, 1863, as follows, to wit:

	Premium.
FIRST DAY.	
1st race, pacing, horses to harness, mile heats, best three in five, - -	$50
1st race, pacing, horses to harness, second best horse, - - - -	20
2d race, running horses, single dash of a mile, - - - - - -	40
2d race, running horses, second best,	10
3d race, green horses, trotting, mile heats, best three in five, to harness,	50
SECOND DAY.	
1st race, trotting horses, mile heats, best three in five, to harness,	75
Second best do.,	20
2d race, running horses, mile heats, best two in three,	100
Second best do.,	25
3d race, trotting horses, double teams, mile heats, best three in five,	50
THIRD DAY.	
1st race, trotting horses, mile heats, best three in five, to harness,	200
2d race, trotting horses, two mile heats and repeat, to harness,	100
Second best horse,	25
3d race, running horses, two miles and repeat,	200

☞ On this day, at 10 A. M., there will be a premium for green pacing horses of $25.

For the best bred stallion,	$25
Second best,	10
Best bred brood mare,	10
" brood mare with colt,	10
" pair carriage horses,	10
" " road horses,	5
" " matched mares,	5
" " draft horses,	5
" single horse in harness,	5
" saddle horse,	5
" saddle pony rode by boy,	5
" sucking colt,	5
" 1 year old colt,	5
" 2 " " "	5
" 3 " " "	5
" Equestrienne,	25

Entries for all races to be made at the American House, St. Paul, as early as 3 o'clock of the evening before each day of racing.

No winning horse in either race will be allowed to enter for another race.

Racing to commence at 2 P. M. of each day.

[Papers throughout the State will please copy this for the benefit of the object intended.]

The Opening and Grading of Seventh Street.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 5, 1863.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press:

As I expect soon to leave my present home —the beautiful City of St. Paul—for a few months' travel in the East, I desire to improve this opportunity to express my admiration of the policy and enterprise of our public-spirited citizens who are laboring to open and grade Seventh street in connection with Fourth avenue.

This will furnish—what our city has long needed—an easy, sightly, pleasant and fashionable drive within the city limits, which shall be free from steep hills and tortuous turns, and open to Erstern Capital over a hundred thousand dollars worth of desirable property, which is now but little better than worthless.

I have great faith in the future of St. Paul, and am confident that, with its present spirit of enterprise and improvement, it will number five years hence a population of over forty thousand inhabitants, and possess a wealth unequal for its size in America.

Respectfully yours,
OSSIAN E. DODGE,

LOCAL NOTICES.

GOOD LIVING.—Joe Hall presents a rare Bill of Fare to-day. Teel and Mallard Ducks, Prairie Chickens, Lamb Chops, Porter House Steaks—are but a small part of the many good things to be found at his Restaurant.

Fresh Oysters just through from Baltimore by express. sept5-2t

JOINT NOTICE.—We, the undersigned, respectfully give notice that our offices will here after be closed on Sunday. Passengers wishing to take either the morning or evening line of boats on Sunday, will please procure their tickets on Saturday.
S. B. FORBES,
Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
O. CURTIS,
Agent Prairie du Chien Railroad.
C. L. WOOD,
Agent Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
St. Paul, Sept. 4th, 1863.—tf.

Arrivals at the Hotels.

FRIDAY, September 4.

INTERNATIONAL.

F M Crosby, A Grovenor, Hastings; C M F Norton, Boston; A Ballle St Martin, Florence; J M Bomgardier, Anderson, Iowa; J J Copp, Groton, Ct; Henry Robinson and lady, Dr Hayward and lady, Master C Hayward, W H Robinson and lady, Mrs Grow, Mrs W S Jackson, Miss E Jackson, S S Campbell and lady, Master Clarence Campbell, Wabashaw; Thos Stiles and lady, Bedford, Mass; C M Carpenter, Binghampton, N Y; A B Hoblet, Troy; F S Schullenburg Stillwater; R M Randolph and lady, Hamilton, N Y; Miss Randolph, West Bainbridge; C W Nash, Hastings; Rev S D Hinman, Faribault; A L Whitney, St Anthony; P D Shory, Lancaster, O; Mrs A L Whitney, city; E H Goodrich, Mr and Mrs Saxton, Mrs S L Merrill, Miss Merrill, Milwaukee.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL.

O B Sturtevant, Princeton; W Mathews, Stillwater; M H Thomas Afton; M E Hurd, Henderson; A Lockwood, Northfield; J M Farmer, Sigel; D McCallom, Ft Snelling; W W Lance, Plymouth, Pa; Henry Davis, Stillwater; A R Houghton, Sparta; A E Rich, Hastings; W B Andrews, Lakeland; J F Frankenfield, Henderson; H T Burpee, Iowa; A L J Andrews, Janesville; J C D McDonald and lady, Owatonna; J R West, Wilton; F A Burnes and lady, Cannon Falls; F A Gould and lady, Chicago; Miss E Corville, John Corville, Hastings.

MERCHANTS.

S H Mettleson and family, Minneapolis; J P Howlett, do: H S Palmer, do; Miss Tyler, New York; V Wemwag, C & N W R R; D T Thompson and wife, Hastings; Mrs Glassgow, Mrs M N Bentley, Illinois; C H Cooper and wife, Seymour, Ind; C Bradley, Monticello; E J Pettis, Winona; C T Aldrich; J Kelley and niece, Rochester, N Y; J R Harris and lady, Ft Garry; B Pomeroy, river.

Gen. Gilmore's Demand on Beauregard.

The following is a copy of the demand of Gen. Gilmore on Beauregard, for the surrender of Morris Island and Fort Sumter. Beauregard's reply will be found on the second page:

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH, MORRIS ISLAND, S. C., Aug. 21, 1863. —*General:* I have the honor to demand of you the immediate surrender of Morris Island and Fort Sumter by the Confederate forces. The present condition of Fort Sumter, and the rapid and progressive destruction which it is undergoing from my batteries, seem to render its complete demolition within a few hours a matter of certainty. All my heaviest guns have not yet opened.

Should you refuse compliance with this demand, or should I receive no reply thereto within four hours after it is delivered into the hands of your subordinate at Fort Wagner, for transmission, I shall open fire on the city of Charleston from batteries already established within easy and effective range of the heart of the city.

I am, General, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
Q. A. GILMORE.

Official: E. KEARNEY, A. A. G.
To Gen. G. T. Beauregard, Commanding Confederate Forces, Charleston, S. C.

Steamboat and River News.

☞ The river is on a stand, with 28 inches to Prescott, and 20 to Mendota.

☞ The Albany was detained on her last trip down, and did not arrive here until yesterday morning. She left in the afternoon for Carver, and will be in port again this evening.

☞ The Cutter made big time on her trip up Thursday. She left again yesterday morning, with a cabin full, which she always has—and no wonder, for she is such a fast and well managed packet.

☞ The Jeannette Roberts left in the evening. Capt. Roberts informs us that travel is increasing. We judge so from a view of her passenger register, which shows that she has been doing a brisk business.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, September 4—1 P. M.

Stocks very unsettled, some better, though closing lower. Others very irregular.

Sterling very unsettled.

Gold 34½.

New York Central 128½; Erie 105; Reading 121½.

United States 6's '81 coupons, 106½.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4—6 P. M.

Gold very much unsettled—opening at 34, advancing to 34½, declining to 30½, and closing heavy at 31½.

Government stocks dull; 6's '81 coupons, 105⅞ 106½; 7-30's, 106½.

COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 4—1 P. M.

Flour 5@10c better; more doing.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and unchanged. Private accounts from England are very unfavorable. Corn lower. Oats 2c better—60@65c.

Pork firm.

Lard very firm at 9¾@10¼c.

Whiskey firm at 50c.

SECOND DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4—6 P. M.

Flour opened somewhat excited at 10@15c advance, but closed dull with buyers generally refusing to pay an advance.

GRAIN—Wheat heavy, unsettled, and declining. Private accounts from England are very depressing. 85c@$1 07 for Chicago spring. Corn opened steady and closed heavy, and 1@2c lower, 73@75c. Oats more active and decidedly better, 60@65c.

Pork a shade firmer, with scarcely so much doing.

BOOK BINDERY
AND
Blank Book Manufactory.

The Press Printing Co.

Have in successful operation the largest and most complete Bindery in Minnesota, embracing the atest and most improved machinery. Employing only competent and careful workmen, and using the best material, they hope to continue to give satisfaction to all.

PAPER RULED TO ORDER,
AND TO ANY PATTERN,
LEDGERS, DAY BOOKS, JOURNALS, COMMERCIAL AND COUNTY BOOKS, AND
BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND,
MADE IN THE BEST MANNER.
Old Books Re-Bound
MAGAZINES, PERIODICALS,
MUSIC, &c., &c.,
Bound in Any Style Desired,
From the lowest priced work to the highest style of the art.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the condition of a certain mortgage, executed, acknowledged and delivered by Alfred Berthier and Mary his wife, of the city of Saint Paul, Ramsey county, in the State of Minnesota, to Charles N. Schirmer, of the same place, dated July 7th, 1862, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county of Ramsey, on the 7th day of July, 1862, at one o'clock P. M., in Book "S" of Mortgages. on pages 435 and 436, whereby the said Alfred Berthier and Mary his wife conveyed unto the said Charles N. Schirmer, his heirs and assigns, the following described premises, situate in said county of Ramsey, viz:

Commencing on Seventh (7th) street, twenty-five (25) feet easterly from Waconta street and on south side of said Seventh street, thence southerly parallel with Waconta street to south line of lot No. eleven (11) in block No. six (6) in Whitney & Smith's Addition to Saint Paul; thence easterly along the line between lots No. ten (10) and eleven, (11,) twenty-five feet, (25;) thence at right angles with last line and parallel with Waconta street through lots No. eleven (11) and twelve (12) in said block six (6) to Seventh (7th) street; thence westerly along Seventh street twenty-five (25) feet to place of beginning—thereby meaning to convey twenty-five (25) feet front on Seventh street and twenty-five (25) feet in rear, being parts of lots eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block six (6) in Whitney & Smith's Addition to the city of Saint Paul, according to the recorded plat of said addition:—to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars and interest thereon, according to the conditions of certain promissory notes, executed and delivered by said Alfred Berthier to said Charles N. Schirmer, described in said mortgage and bearing even date therewith, and due on the 7th of July, 1863.

And whereas there is now claimed to be due and is due on the said mortgage and notes, the sum of four hundred and fourteen dollars, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgaged premises, hereinbefore described, will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of said Ramsey county, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Saint Paul, in said Ramsey county, on the first day of October, A. D. 1863, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to pay off and satisfy said mortgage debt and the costs and expenses of sale.

St. Paul, August 5th, 1863.
CHARLES N. SCHIRMER,
Mortgagee.
8 au8-6w

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.
REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON, St. Paul,
au22-1m STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA.

NOTICE TO MY FRIENDS.

The undersigned, having engaged his services to Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., would be happy to see all his old friends and customers at their store, corner of Levee and Sibley streets.
LOUIS KREIGER.
Sept. 1st, 1863. sept2

WANTED!

A situation as Engineer or Machinist, Railroad work preferred. Address
sept1-1m A. W. RIDDELL, Hastings, Min.

HOPS! HOPS!

Otsego County Hops for sale.
L. B. & C. GREIG,
sept1-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.
200 bbls. Mess Pork.
5,000 lbs. Lower Country Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams.
au28-2w J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

WANTED TO RENT.

A small house of from two to three pleasant rooms, in a quiet location. Enquire at
au28-1w* GEO. BENZ, Third-st.

CORDAGE AND LEAD PIPE—
JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale low, by
je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

THE LIGHT DRAFT AND commodious steamer ALBANY has been enlarged and refitted, and will continue, during the balance of the season, to make tri-weekly trips to Shakopee, Chaska, and Carver, on the Minnesota River, leaving St. Paul on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 A. M.
AARON RUSSELL, Captain.
A. CLIFFORD, Clerk. au21-2m

1000 BUSHELS OATS,
100 Barrels Salt,
150 Barrels Flour,
100 Gunny Sacks,
50 cords Dry Wood,
Also Carbon Oil by the Barrel.
For sale by
GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
jy28 Cor. Jackson and Fourth-sts

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars. &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank,
my6-1y St. Paul.

St. Joseph's Academy for Young Ladies,
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

The Fall Session of St. Joseph's Academy will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th.
For circular, specifying terms, &c., apply at the Academy in person or by letter.
Address The Mother Superior, St. Joseph's Academy, St. Paul, Min. sept3-dswlm

OUR NEW STOCK OF
BOOTS & SHOES,
ARE ARRIVING.
FINE GOODS AND REASONABLE PRICES.
S. KILPATRICK.
St. Paul, Sept. 1st, 1863. feb27-1y

SECURITY AND ECONOMY.
The Mutual Life
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK,
The largest in the U. S., having a cash capital of
Over Nine Million of Dollars,
Securely invested, is as its name implies, purely
MUTUAL,
Its entire surplus, deducting necessary expenses alone, being divided among the Policy Holders. The Dividends of this Co., are larger than any other, in some instances amounting to more than the Premium paid, and can be used to increase the amount insured or to reduce the Premiums. Information showing the superior advantages offered by this Co., can be obtained at the Insurance Agency of
P. W. NICHOLS,
161 Third Street,
my6-dly St. Paul, Minnesota.

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY will open its next session September 1st. Board and regular tuition $45 per quarter.

The proprietor has secured the services of Miss S. Etheridge, a graduate of Mrs. Willard's Seminary, Troy, N. Y., to instruct in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss E., besides having taught music in the South, has had charge for a time o the Musical Department in the Hamilton Female Seminary, N. Y., and is eminently qualified in her profession. Pupils who desire it, can take lessons in Vocal Music, training and developing the voice.

THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, under the care of J. G. Riheldaffer, will open on the same day.
Address REV. J. G. RIHELDAFFER,
au8 d tw w* Corner St. Peter and Summit av.

LAW BOOKS FOR SALE.

Maine Reports	38 vols.
Massachusetts Reports	17 "
Pickering's Reports	24 "
Metcalf's Reports	13 "
Cushing's Reports	9 "
Gray's Reports	2 "
Selden's Reports	4 "
Comstock's Reports	4 "
Kernan's Reports	3 "
Smith's Leading Cases	2 "
Greenleaf's Overruled Cases	1 "
Phillipps on Insurance	2 "
Code Reports	3 "
" " New Series	1 "
Howard's Practice Reports	15 "
Compiled Statutes of Minnesota	1 "
U. S. Statutes at Large	11 "
Byles on Bills	1 "
Bacon's Abridgement	10 "
Bourier's Law Dictionary	2 "
Whittaker's Practice	2 "
New York Code	1 "
Chitty on Pleadings	3 "
Vansantvoord's Pleadings	1 "
Barbour's Criminal Law	1 "
Russell on Crimes	2 "
Harrison's Digest	7 "
Eastman's Digest	1 "
Minot's Digest and Supplement	2 "
Cruise on Real Property	3 "
Ames & Ferard on Fixtures	1 "
Law's Practice in U. S. Courts	1 "
Vattel's Law of Nations	1 "
Bigelow's Digest	1 "
Montesquieu's Spirit of Laws	2 "
Bayley on Bills	1 "

The above mentioned Law Books are in good condition, and will be sold "cheap."
MORRIS LAMPREY,
sept3-3t Heyward's Block, St. Paul, Min.

JUST RECEIVED,
A NEW LOT OF
LINEN COATS,
PLAIN LINEN DRILL PANTS,
AND A FINE LOT OF FIGURED
MARSEILES VESTS,
All of which we are prepared to sell at
REDUCED PRICES.
W. H. TEMPLE,
my30-tf THIRD-ST.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,
ST. PAUL, September 4, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds	¼ per ct. prem	
American Gold	22 per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED NOISELESS
SEWING MACHINES.
MAKING BOTH THE
Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch
PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order.
[je19-t jan 1]

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of them in use in this country and Europe.

These are the only machines making the Lock Stitch with the Rotating Hook.

Are profitable and available a life time.

Equal to ten seamstresses.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by their possessor.

The Glass Cloth-Presser, (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,
jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

Guns & Pistols.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,
Manufacturers of
Rifles, Muskets and Army and Navy Revolvers
For the U. S. Government.
We also manufacture a variety of
POCKET PISTOLS,
Of approved patterns, for both Ordinary and Fixed Ammunition, together with Rifle and Shot-Gun Barrels, Gun Locks, Mountings, and Gun Materials Generally.
☞ Price lists and Circulars furnished on application. Address
E. REMINGTON & SONS,
je14-3m* Ilion, N. Y.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.
WM. GOLCHER,
Third Street, St. Paul,
Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.
A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.
Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.
☞ Repairing promptly attended to.
POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.
my31-3m

WOOD LAND FOR SALE.

160 ACRES, with at least 1200 CORDS OF WOOD, exactly four miles from the centre of St. Paul, with which it is connected by an excellent road. The land is the best quality, with good grass and water, and commands a view of the city—will be sold in one body or in tracts of 40 or 80 acres.
HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, August 29th, 1863.—au29-3md&w

MISS GILL'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Eighth Annual Session will commence on MONDAY, September 7. 1863. Application for admission may be made to the Principal before September 7th, at her residence, corner of Eighth and College streets; after that date, at the school-rooms on Cedar street.
TERMS—Senior and Junior Departments, $10 per term of eleven weeks; Primary Department, $5.
St. Paul, August 21, 1863. au21:tsep7

WILLIAM D. STOREY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
REFFERENCES:
Hon. George Opdyke,............New York City
John G. Treadwell,..............Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,.....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,....................Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,...............Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors..............Boston
je11daoilm&wlvw

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE,
ST. PAUL, Aug. 15th, 1863,

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 14th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD.
Said Wood to be paid for in State Warrants and delivered at the State Capitol, as required.
CHAS. SCHEFFER,
au25-td State Treasurer

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.
Indemnity can be had.
Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.
SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys'
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP
ARE NOW IN R[illegible]
FALL AND WINTER STOCK.
OUR
DRESS GOODS
DEPARTMENT
Is replete with all the latest styles and fabrics, comprising in part a beautiful line of
LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES,
ALL WOOL PLAIDS, all colors,
PARIS OTTOMANS,
SILK STRIPE CREPE,
BROCADE REPS,
PLAID MOHAIRS,
ANELINE PLAIDS,
MUSLIN DeLAINES, &c,
From 25c a yard to 1.50.
In Shawls and Mantles,
We have everything new and desirable, containing upwards of
200 of the Latest Styles.
We have made such arrangements in New York, that we will be continually in receipt of
New Patterns.
We have a large stock of CLOAKINGS, and are prepared to make MANTLES to order on a day's notice.
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
For Ladies and Misses, a large assortment; a complete line of BRADLEY HOOP SKIRTS, for Ladies, Misses and Children; all the favorite brands.
In the Hosiery Department,
You will find everything needful in English German, and Domestic HOSIERY.
We have now a full line of those heavy iron frame British Hose that have been in such demand.
We have a splendid stock of
Cloths and Cassimeres.
We would call the attention of Merchant Tailors to these goods, having been bought well we will sell them low.
To Country Merchants
We would say, that having bought our Domestic Goods at July prices, much less than present, we are enabled to job Goods at
CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE PRICES
We have now a representative in New York who will attend all auction sales picking up bargains wherever found; we have, therefore, an advantage over others,—all will do well to call on us before purchasing.
Hogan & Camp,
dec2 142 Third-St.

NEW STORE.
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!
IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF
Ready-Made Clothing
AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods.
BLOOMINGDALE & RHINE,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
Are now opening a BRANCH of their large establishment, where will be found the
LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Woollen Shirts,
Drawers, &c., in Minnesota,
All of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail,
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.
☞ Buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
NO. 213 THIRD-ST., OPPOSITE THE NORTH-WESTERN EXPRESS OFFICE.
ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.
sept4-2wd&2mw

CATHCART & CO.
AT THEIR OLD STORE.
Third Street. St. Paul,
Are in receipt of their
Spring Stock of Dry Goods
We have a large and beautiful assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.
We would invite Merchant Tailors to call an examine our stock of
Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres
Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices —freight added. Call and examine before buying.
mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA,
ST. PAUL, August 22, 1863.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD

A reward of ten dollars, and the reasonable expense incurred, will be paid to any person, for the apprehension and delivery of a *deserter* to the Headquarters of the nearest Provost Marshal.
GEORGE H. KEITH,
Captain and Provost Marshal,
au23-1md&w 2nd Dist., Min.

FARMER WANTED.

I want a responsible man and wife to take charge of my farm and sheep on shares. 300 acres of land—90 of it under plow. 200 sheep or more. Address,
jy7-tf H. W. BARRY, Dundas.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1863. NUMBER 228.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, SEPT. 6.

The telegraph lines being down, East, we are deprived of our usual quantity of dispatches and still remain uninformed as to the occasion for the sudden rise in gold. It opened yesterday at 314 which is but three-eighths lower than it closed on Friday, and four and one-fourth higher than it was on Wednesday. The inflation is undoubtedly owing to some financial operations, (perhaps the proposed loan of Secretary Chase from the New York and Philadelphia banks) and not the result of a reverse to our arms.

SPEECH OF THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

We publish upon the second page a speech delivered at Minneapolis by Mr. H. T. Welles, the Democratic standard-bearer in which he, for the second time, accepts the nomination, and proceeds at length to explain his position. The speech gives evidence of careful and deliberate preparation, and it is fair to presume presents the issue which Mr. Welles, as leader of the Democracy, designs to make during the campaign.

He states that the platform adopted by the Convention is "a careful and accurate expression of the wishes, opinions and principles of the Democratic party," and adds that "the principal objection that has been made to it, is, that it does not, in distinct and emphatic terms, endorse the war, and commit the party to its support." We feel under obligations to Mr. Welles for this frank admission. He announces himself as a candidate for the position of Governor on a platform which according to his own exposition "does not endorse the war, and commit the party to its support." There are no qualifications such as a refusal to endorse the Administration or the *conduct* of the war but it is simply a refusal to "endorse the war and commit the party to its support."

The meaning of such a refusal is apparent to even the most superficial observer. A war is being waged for the preservation of the national existence, the army of the Union, is confronted by armed rebels who would overthrow the government. one or the other must ultimately triumph; if the former, we have once more a grand and mighty nation united and prosperous, standing among the great Powers of the world; if the latter, anarchy ruin and puny republics, so insignificant that there would be none so poor as to do them reverence. The support of a war waged with the former result in view, is that to which the Democratic party of Minnesota refuses to commit itself, and in so doing, negatively commits itself to the consummation of the latter result.

Mr. Welles proceeds to infer that this refusal to "endorse the war and commit the party to its support" does not imply "indifference to the success of the army and navy—a want of sympathy with the National Administration, and an intention to embarrass the prosecution of the war." He did not quote the following resolution which was voted down in the Convention by a heavy majority:

Resolved, That we look to the army and navy of the Union to regain and retain every inch of national territory without any compromise with rebels in arms; that we look to the loyal and faithful people of the South, when the rebellion shall be terminated by military force, to resume the administration of their State Governments; and we look to the Supreme Court to settle definitely and finally the constitutional rights of communities and individuals as affected by the events of the war; and on this broad and comprehensive basis of agreement among all good citizens, and in common with the loyal masses of the American people, we propose to "move upon the enemy's works until we force an unconditional surrender."

Of this resolution, Mr. Welles is pleased to say it "would have been superfluous." He feels no "indifference to the success of the army and navy," but then, it is "superfluous" to say "that we look to the army and navy of the Union to regain and retain every inch of national territory without any compromise with rebels in arms." It is also "superfluous" to say that "we propose to 'move upon the enemy's works until we force an unconditional surrender.'" These things are all trivial and "superfluous" because they would commit the Democratic party to the support of the war, and whatever else happens, care should be taken to avert such a calamity.

In proof of his assertion that this refusal to "commit the party to the support of the war" does not imply "a want of sympathy with the National Administration in its exhaustive care and stupendous efforts to crush the rebellion, and an intention to embarass the prosecution of the war," he might have quoted the resolution of La Due's, for the presentation of which he immediately after received the second place on the ticket. In order to enable him to do so the next time he appears on the stump we reproduce it:

Resolved, That while the nation, without distinction of party, at the call of the President for aid to restore the Constitution and the Union, rushed to arms regardless of blood and treasure in so holy a cause, we are now convinced that every step taken by the Administration and its supporters in Congress under pretense of preserving the Union and putting down the rebellion, has been a move in disguise for the overthrow of slavery, and the destruction of the State Governments.

This resolution needs but to be read to confirm the position taken by Mr. Welles, that they have no "want of sympathy with the National Administration."

But says Mr. Welles, concerning the war, "carried on within the limits of the laws and the Constitution, *and of a reasonable military necessity*, WE *will sustain it*." What condescension! It is a wonderful display of patriotism to assert that on such terms "WE will sustain it." He seems to have considered it unsafe to trust it exclusively within the limits of the "laws and the Constitution" because in that case the Supreme Court might render some decisions, which if unwittingly endorsed before hand, would "commit the party to the support of the war." Consequently, the further qualifying cause "of a reasonable military necessity" was added before he deemed it safe to assert that "WE will sustain it." This was commendable caution, and reflects great credit upon the loyalty of the standard bearer. There being no tribunal to determine the limits "of a reasonable necessity," each member of this party which is not "committed to the support of the war" has but to decide for himself whether this "reasonable necessity" has been transcended, and then assert that he will *not* sustain it, (the war.)

This is the position deliberately taken by the party "that does not in distinct and emphatic terms, endorse the war and commit the party to its support." Fortunately the loyal people have an opportunity to choose between this organization which bolsters up its *fidelity* to the Union with professions equivalent to open treason and one whose every word and act breathes forth a spirit of unquestionable patriotism. It requires no prophet to see that the result will be such that on the fourth of November, Mr. Welles will have no party left to commit itself to the support of the war, even "within the limits of a reasonable military necessity."

INDIAN WAR NEWS.

We publish elsewhere correspondence giving news from Fort Abercrombie concerning the movements of the Sioux, and the massacre on the Missouri river of a party of gold miners returning from the Upper Missouri.

The hostile Sioux are reported to have recrossed the Missouri, driven from the west side by unfriendly Tetons.

The Sisseton chief, Standing Buffalo, who has been friendly to the whites throughout the war, and who separated himself from the camp of hostile Sioux the day of the battle of Big Mound, had, with some of his people, returned to the vicinity of St. Joseph and Pembina. He was heard of on the James river by the returning expedition. No communications from Gen. Sibley had ever reached him, and he was afraid to communicate with, or surrender himself to the expedition.

This news has no significance beyond the fact that beyond and near the Missouri river, the war with the Sioux is flagrant, and that there will be no safety to white men navigating that river or traversing that region, until the Indians are exterminated or thorougly humbled. It may be that the characteristic jealousy of the Indians for their territorial rights, has led the Tetons to refuse the Minnesota and Dakota Sioux the privilege of remaining on the west side of the Missouri. This does not, however, indicate that the Tetons are not disposed to join in the war against the whites.

These facts—this bloody massacre of the boat load of miners—shows the necessity of carrying on the war on the Missouri or wherever else the Indians may be found, until it shall be safe to traverse the entire country from the Minnesota and Dakota frontiers to the gold mines of Idaho and Washington Territories.

We are glad to be able to inform our readers, upon the best authority, that Gen. Sully has been ordered to push on up the Missouri, and not to return without accomplishing the objects of his expedition. He has supplies fully adequate for a campaign until the middle of November. It is certainly to be hoped and expected that he will yet atone for delays, and the failure to co-operate with Gen. Sibley, by falling upon the Sioux and adequately punishing them. It is also the purpose of Gen. Pope to keep General Sully's entire force on the Missouri this winter, and to prosecute the war against the Sioux until peace and security to the whites shall be fully assured.

THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER.

We publish herewith the letter of Abraham Lincoln, addressed to the Springfield Convention. It is strong, clear, and cannot fail to commend itself to every loyal citizen in the country. No one can read it and not believe that we have an honest, able man at the head of the administration, who is laboring earnestly and sincerely with the single purpose in view of suppressing the rebellion. It cannot fail to increase the confidence of the nation in their Commander-in-Chief.

The much mooted question concerning the possible withdrawal of the Emancipation proclamation is happily put to rest in President Lincoln's peculiar and unmistakable style.

"BUT THE PROCLAMATION, AS A LAW, EITHER IS VALID, OR IS NOT VALID. IF IT IS NOT VALID IT NEEDS NO RETRACTION. IF IT IS VALID IT CANNOT BE RETRACTED ANY MORE THAN THE DEAD CAN BE BROUGHT TO LIFE."

That may be set down as one of the President's center shots. The whole ground is covered by those few sentences, and columns of argument cannot gainsay them. Enemies, even, of the Administration cannot fail to feel and admit the force of the President's sledge-hammer logic. He will keep his faith with the oppressed and deliver them from bondage.

His arguments in favor of negro soldiers are no less striking and he successfully answers all objections to the policy of the administration.

We do not need to allude further, at the present time, to this able document. We commend it to the attentive perusal of every citizen and thank God that Abraham Lincoln is President of the United States.

RETURN OF A CAVALRY EXPEDITION.

The four companies of Col. McPhail's regiment of Mounted Rangers, who were detached under his command at Camp Atchison, with orders to proceed down James river, in Dakota, as far as Snake river, after Indians, arrived at Fort Ridgely last week, in an exhausted condition. The reported that owing to the weakness of the animals they were not able to travel more than ten miles per day, instead of twenty miles, which they should have been able to make, had forage, &c., been obtainable. As the battalion was thus detained longer on the road than they had expected, their rations gave out, and they were compelled to make for Fort Ridgely, where they arrived in safety, without accomplishing the design of the expedition. A section of the third Battery, under Lieut. Western was also with this expedition.

Major Hayes and Lieut. Western arrived in this city on Friday evening.

DEATH OF L. D. SMITH.

The Winona *Republican* of the 3d inst., announces the death on the morning of that day of Lorenzo D. Smith, one of the early settlers of that city. He died at his late residence in Stockton. Mr. Smith was well known in business and political circles in Territorial times. He removed from St. Paul on the establishment of the Winona Land District in 1854, and held the position of Register until the office was removed from that city.

In 1856, Mr. Smith was one of the largest land holders, and considered one of the wealthiest men in Winona; but like many others, he suffered reverses in 1857 from which he never recovered.

He was an early and faithful laborer for the railroad interests of Winona—a fact which the Winona and St. Peter Rail Road Company recognized, by generously tendering a train of cars to the Old Settler's Association and friends of the deceased generally, who desired to attend his funeral at Stockton on Friday.

It is not necessary that parties forwarding county tickets to the Secretary of State should send them by express. The mails are sufficiently secure for their transmission; but if any one chooses to forward them by express, the charges should be paid *without fail*, as there is no appropriation for such expenditures. If forwarded by express with charges unpaid, the result will be their failure to reach the Secretary of State.

The St. Cloud *Union* comes out emphatically for the Copperhead nominees. It says:

We think the convention was wise enough to "throw off" one of the most unprincipled political jockeys in the west, and stand upon its own bottom; therefore we endorse Convention, Nominations and Platform—that is our opinion simmered down.

The Richmond *Sentinel* of the 29th ult., says that the reported advance of Burnside on Knoxville is confirmed, but does not seem to know much about the situation. It quotes the following from the Chattanooga *Rebel*:

Chattanooga, so long a hospital and baggage room, is now a camp, and nothing is to be seen but the rude paraphernalia of war, and here we sit quite as rebellious as ever, dropping our ink drops in the ear of the foeman as he drops his shells into, we were almost about to say, our town.

A portion of the Democratic State Central Committee met in this city yesterday, and issued a call convening the entire Committee on Saturday the 19th instant.

The Mexican Question.

INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT TO GENERAL FOREY.

The following official announcement had been published in Paris:

"The government has sent instructions to Mexico revoking the measures relative to the sequestration of the property of those who had taken up arms to oppose us, and cancelling the prohibition of the exportation of specie. Although the state of affairs in Mexico has greatly improved, there are still some armed bands in existence who find sources of support from certain custom-houses. In order to hasten their dispersion the French admiral, after the 25th of August, will establish a blockade extending from the Lagunes, ten leagues south of Matamoras, to Campeachy."

From the Daily News.

A good effect has been produced among merchants engaged in trade with Mexico by the announcement that the Emperor Napoleon has promptly acquiesced in the representations addressed to him and has rescinded the prohibition to the exportation of specie from Mexico. This willingness of the Emperor to redress the grievance induces a hope on the part of Mexican bonds that a full equivalent will be given to them for the portions of the customs duty which has been relinquished by order of the French authorities.

From Gen. Sibley's Command.

The Indians Re-Cross the Missouri.

TWENTY-FOUR MINERS KILLED ON THE MISSOURI.

Trial of Augustus Cesar, alias Little Crow's Son.

Seven Sioux Chiefs desire Peace

They are Willing to Surrender the Murderers of last Summer.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

OLD CROSSING OF THE OTTER TAIL, CAMP WHITE, Aug. 26, 1863.

Pursuing our journey homeward, we reached Fort Abercrombie on the 21st inst, and made "Camp Hackett," on the margin of the Red River of the North. Right glad were we all to reach this western border of Minnesota. We felt that our toilsome journey was now, verily, drawing to a close. We had been in tents so long that we regarded it as quite a luxury to look upon a house, and the prettiest sight I saw in the garrison was a little white girl.

The next day after reaching Abercrombie, we buried three men, McMannis and Wood of the Mounted Rangers, Co. F, Captain Daniels, and Mr. Dearman, musician of one of the companies of the 10th Infantry. They were cases of fever which might, perhaps, have been successfully treated, if it had not been for the marching.

We remained in camp here three days, making necessary arrangements of the expedition. During this time, General Sibley constituted a military commission to try the four Sioux prisoners which were taken. Up to the time of leaving Abercrombie, however, only the case of Augustus Cæsar, as Little Crow's son is facetiously called, has been before the Commission.

The story of We-we-ne-pe has been very well told by reporters writing from Camp Atchison. The testimony before the commission has shown that he went with his father, as a boy of sixteen would naturally do, to the battles of Fort Ridgley and New Ulm, and that he carried a double-barrelled shot-gun; And that he was, also, down at the Yellow Medicine when the battle of Wood Lake was fought. It also sets forth, from his own statements made to the scouts and others who conversed with him when he was first captured, the facts in regard to the late visit of his father and himself to the white settlements. The boy sometimes exhibits a great deal of shrewdness. Generally, when a witness' testimony was closed, he was asked if he had any cross examination to make, he declined, saying that the facts were as stated by the witness. But when young J. Demarais testified that the prisoner told him that they had gone as a party to the settlements, Little Crow, Jr. objected to that. But said Demarais, "that was what you said." "Yes," he said, "I did say so, Washe-choon-wakan-heya-ya-don called it going on the war-path, but father called it a horse-stealing expedition."

As my notes from this expedition are drawing to a close, it is fitting that I should say a word concerning "Gaius mine host." When one goes on a campaign like this, much of his own personal comfort depends on those who form his family or "mess," as it is called in camp life. It was my good fortune before leaving Camp Pope, to get a vacant stool with Capt. William M. Kimball, one of the Quartermasters of the Expedition. Without making any comparisons with other *messes*, I may say that the Kimball corner of Head Quarters has always been orderly and quiet. With such a worthy man at the head, and composed of such sober young gentlemen as Mr. Sargeant, of Philadelphia, and Sergeant Joseph Lockey and Mr. Putnam, and the proprietors of the Spirit-Dog and Black War-Eagle, it could not well be otherwise. Our rations have been served up to us in very good style by Mr. Beech, of St. Paul. We have had enough to eat of very wholesome food—and we have all enjoyed remarkably good health, and have not failed to express our thankfulness to the Giver of Good. It is with some regret as well as gladness that we shall break up this family arrangement of camp life.

CAMP BEEVER, Sept. 1, 1863.

We have camped to-day on the most charming spot of earth our eyes have yet seen. It is a beautiful prairie on the margin of a like beautiful lake which seems to be at the head of the Ashley, a branch of Sauk River. We are supposed to be only ten or fifteen miles from Sauk Centre, which we expect to reach to-morrow. Before the outbreak, farms were commenced and cities laid out at several points on our march to-day.

Our camp, this evening, is called for poor dead Beever, over whose untimely end we still feel like dropping a tear.

For the last week there has been a growing conviction in us that Minnesota is a glorious land. It is true in a great part of the country which we have passed over in the last two months, "the water is nought and the land barren"—yea, "it is a desolate land, without men and without inhabitants and without beasts"—which would make us feel more kindly towards any good land. It is true also that the late rains have so renewed the grass of this country as to make it seem more like June than September. Nevertheless, give us Minnesota forever. The country of the Red River and the Otter Tail is too level—but some day—and that not far distant, it will be covered with fields and flocks. No better land can be found any where. The Otter Tail is a noble stream of good pure water. We were very much captivated with it. But it remained for the country of the upper Pomme de Terre, and Chippewa, and the head of the Sauk—a land of lakes and groves—a land of hills and dells—a land of beauty and wealth—to satisfy our hearts and to lead us to say, "This is a glorious land!"

During our march to-day a messenger overtook us, bringing General Sibley a dispatch from Abercrombie. It was to the effect that Standing Buffalo and a few others had visited Pembina or St. Joseph, and reported that a company of miners descending the Missouri on some kind of a flat boat, had been attacked by the Sioux, and twenty-four of them killed, including a woman. A child was taken captive. In the fight the Sioux lost thirty men. They reported also that the Sioux had crossed back to this side of the Missouri, but in a wonderfully impoverished condition, and that they intended to winter at Devil's Lake.

Standing Buffalo represents seven chiefs as desirous of making peace with the white people, and who are willing to give up the murderers of last summer. If this can be accomplished, we may look with hope to the speedy settlement of these Indian troubles.

Yours truly, S. R. RIGGS.

Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

ALEXANDRIA, Minn., Aug. 31, '63.

Two messengers from Major Camp, commanding the port of Fort Abercrombie, have just reached this place, bearing dispatches to Gen. Sibley, whose returning expedition is on its way homeward on the old Red River trail, a little to the southwest of the present road to Fort Abercrombie, and which is encamped tonight about fifteen miles from here. They bring the news that the Sioux have recrossed the Missouri river, driven thence by unfriendly Tetons.

The friendly chief, Standing Buffalo, with some of his people, were in the vicinity of Pembina; but nothing was known of his present or future intentions.

In addition to this news, which is derived from half-breed scouts, we have intelligence from a similar source, that a party of twenty-four returning Salmon river miners, who were descending the Missouri river in small boats, were attacked by the Indians not far from the point where the engagements were placed between Gen. Sibley's forces and the Indians, and, after a severe fight, in which a large number of the red devils were killed, *every white man was massacred*. Of course no particulars can be given of this sanguinary encounter, and they probably never will be known. Who the unfortunate men were, can only be left to conjecture.

Such is the news from Fort Abercrombie, and such, it is believed, is the tenor of the dispatches to Gen. Sibley. I give you the account as it reached me from the lips of the messenger, and I believe it is reliable.

E. R.

PERSONS who are squeamish concerning the arming of negroes for the Union cause, should read the account of Jeff. Davis' call for slaves, published elsewhere.

New Advertisements.

KELLEY'S AUTOMATON MUSICAL TROUPE,

Assisted by FRANK. WOOD and W. N. PERKINS, will give a

CONCERT at INGERSOLL'S HALL,

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, September 10th and 11th, 1863.

Admission 50 cents. Children 25 cents.

☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert commences at 8 o'clock.

JAMES H. KELLEY, Manager.
JOS. R. WEIDE & CO., Prop'rs.

sept4-1d

MRS. BROWN'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

The next term of this School will commence on Monday, Sept. 7, 1863.
A competent person has been employed as teacher of Languages. sept6-1t*

WANTED,

A partner with $300 to $1,500 to engage in the Furniture Business. For particulars apply to us at our Auction Rooms on Third street, second door from the Merchant's Hotel.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers.

sept6

NOW READY FOR THE

Fall Trade!

The Oldest and Best Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS HOUSE

In Minnesota.

CATHCART & CO.

At 132 Third-St, St. Paul,

Have just opened a fresh stock of

American, English, French and German

DRESS GOODS,

Including all the novelties of the season; also, an immense stock of

DOMESTICS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Shawls, Gloves, Hosiery,

Ladies and Gent's Under Clothing,

&c., &c.

A large line of Goods selected with reference to the wants of

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

Who will find us prepared hereafter to supply them with anything in our line at prices that will leave them a margin for profit, even in

War Times.

sept6-3m CATHCART & CO.

MASON'S HAT STORE

FULL ONCE MORE.

Fall Styles of Hats,

FALL STYLES OF CAPS,

WINTER CAPS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

OPPOSITE THE BRIDGE, CORNER OF THIRD AND WABASHAW-STS.,

ST. PAUL. sept4-1w

A MODEL FARM FOR SALE.

The well-known Farm, belonging to F. N. Larpenteur, situated on the old St. Anthony Road one and a half miles from the city limits, consisting of one hundred and twenty acres, all under fence and improvement, with Dwelling, Barn, Wagon and Wood Sheds, Milk and Ice Houses, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c., &c. Will be sold at a fair price and upon liberal terms. No better chance for a favorable investment. Apply to

au28-1m JOHN S. PRINCE.

A. H. WIMBISH,

Jackson street, is still giving the best of Bargains in Groceries and Country Produce. sept4

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.

200 bbls. Mess Pork.
5,000 lbs. Lower Country Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams.

au28-2w J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

FROM FORT GIBSON.

The Indian Territory Free from Rebels—Gen. Blunt Routs and Pursues them Over One Hundred Miles—Their Commissary Stores Destroyed.

FORT GIBSON, Ind. Ter., Aug. 29, *via* Leavenworth, Sept. 3.

Gen. Blunt, with his army, 4,500 strong, including twenty pieces of artillery, crossed the Arkansas river the 22nd, and offered battle to Steele and Cooper, who had massed on his front 11,000 men. After a faint show of resistance, the enemy commenced a retreat, which soon turned to disorderly flight. They abandoned all their property.

Gen. Blunt pursued them 100 miles south of the Arkansas to Perryville, which is only fifty miles from Red River. At this point he captured and destroyed their commissary depot. They continued their flight to Baggy's Depot on Red River.

The Indian Territory is now clear of rebels.

Blunt is now marching on.

Fort Smith will not fall without a struggle.

An Order from Gen. Schofield.

ST. LOUIS, September 5.

Gen. Schofield has issued an order forbidding armed bodies of men not belonging to the United States troops passing from Kansas to Missouri, or vice versa, under any pretext whatever; and the military of Kansas and Missouri not in the United States service will not be permitted to pass from one State into the other without express orders from the district commander.

Money Recovered.

ST. LOUIS, September 5.

The money stolen from the United States Express Company has been recovered, and C. H. Noyes has been released.

THE PRESIDENT ON THE WAR

Mr. Lincoln's Letter to the Springfield, Illinois, Convention.

EXCUTIVE MAISION, Washington, August 26, 1863.

Hon. James C. Conkling:

MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter, inviting me to attend a mass meeting of unconditional Union men, to be held at the Capital of Illinois, on the 3d day of September, has been received.

It would be very agreeable to me, to thus meet my old friends, at my own home; but I cannot now be absent from here, so long as a visit there would require.

The meeting is to be of all those who maintain unconditional devotion to the Union; and I am sure my old political friends will thank me for tendering, as I do, the Nation's gratitude to those other noble men, whom no partisan malice, or partisan hope, can make false to the nation's life.

There are those who are dissatisfied with me. To such I would say: You desire peace, and you blame me that we do not have it. But how can we attain it? There are but three conceivable ways. First, to suppress the rebellion by force of arms. This I am trying to do. Are you for it? If you are, so far we are agreed. If you are not for it, a second way is, to give up the Union. I am against this. Are you for it? If you are, you should say so plainly. If you are not for *peace*, nor yet for *dissolution*, there only remains some imaginable *compromise*. I do not believe any compromise embracing the maintenance of the Union, is now possible. All I learn leads to a directly opposite belief. The strength of the rebellion is its military, its army. That army dominates all the country, and all the people, within its range. Any offer of terms made by any man, or men, within that range, in opposition to that army, is simply nothing for the present; because such man, or men, have no power whatever to enforce their side of a compromise if one were made with them. To illustrate: Suppose refugees from the South, and peace men of the North, get together in convention, and frame and proclaim a compromise embracing a restoration of the Union, in what way can that compromise be used to keep Lee's army out of Pennsylvania? Meade's army can keep Lee's army out of Pennsylvania, and I think can ultimately drive it out of existence. But no compromise to which the controllers of Lee's army are not agreed can, at all, affect that army. In an effort at such compromise we should waste time, which the enemy would improve to our disadvantage; and that would be all. A compromise, to be effective, must be made either with those who control the rebel army, or with the people first liberated from the domination of that army by the success of our own army. Now allow me to assure you that no word or intimation from that rebel army, or from any of the men controlling it, in relation to any peace compromise, has ever come to my knowledge or belief. All charges or insinuations to the contrary are deceptive and groundless; and I promise you that if any such proposition shall hereafter come, it shall not be rejected and kept a secret from you. I freely acknowledge myself the servant of the people, according to the bond of service—the United States Constitution; and that, as such, I am responsible to them.

But to be plain: You are dissatisfied with me about the negro. Quite likely there is a difference of opinion between you and myself upon that subject. I certainly wish that all men could be free, while I suppose you do not. Yet I have neither adopted nor proposed any measure which is not consistent with even your view, provided you are for the Union. I suggested compensated emancipation; to which you replied you wished not to be taxed to buy negroes. But I had not asked you to be taxed to buy negroes, except in such a way as to save you from greater taxation to save the Union exclusively by other means.

You dislike the Emancipation Proclamation, and perhaps would have it retracted. You say it is unconstitutional. I think differently; I think the Constitution invests its Commander-in-Chief with the law of war, in time of war. The most that can be said, if so much, is, that slaves are property. Is there—has there ever been—any question that by the law of war, property, both of enemies and friends, may be taken when needed? And is it not needed whenever taking it helps us or hurts the enemy? Armies, the world over, destroy enemies' property, when they cannot use it, and even destroy their own to keep it from the enemy. Civilized belligerents do all in their power to help themselves or hurt the enemy, except a few things regarded as barbarous or cruel. Among the exceptions are the massacre of vanquished foes, and non-combatants, male and female.

But the Proclamation, as law, either is valid, or is not valid. If it is not valid it needs no retraction. If it is valid it cannot be retracted any more than the dead can be brought to life. Some of you profess to think its retraction would operate favorably for the Union. Why better *after* the retraction than *before* the issue? There was more than a year and a half of trial to suppress the rebellion before the Proclamation was issued, the last one hundred days of which passed under an explicit notice that it was coming, unless averted by those in revolt returning to their allegiance. The war has certainly progressed as favorably for us since the issue of the Proclamation as before.

I know, as fully as any one can know, the opinion of others, that some of the commanders of our armies in the field, who have given us some of our most important successes, believe the emancipation policy and the use of the colored troops constituted the heaviest blow yet dealt to the rebellion, and that, at least, one of these important successes could not have been achieved at the time it was but for the aid of black soldiers. Among the commanders holding these views are some who have never had any affinity with what is called abolitionism, or with Republican party policies, but who hold them purely as military opinions. I submit these opinions as being entitled to some weight against the objections often urged—that emancipation and arming the blacks are unwise as military measures, and was not adopted as such in good faith.

You say you will not fight to free negroes. Some of them seem willing to fight for you; but no matter. Fight you, then, exclusively to save the Union. I issued the Proclamation on purpose to aid you in saving the Union. Whenever you shall have conquered all resistance to the Union, if I shall urge you to continue fighting, it will be an apt time, then, for you to declare you will not fight to free negroes.

I thought that in your struggle for the Union, to whatever extent the negroes should cease helping the enemy, to that extent it weakened the enemy, in his resistance to you. Do you think differently? I thought that whatever negroes can be got to do as soldiers, leave just so much less for white soldiers to do in saving the Union. Does it appear otherwise to you?

But negroes, like other people, act upon motives. Why should they do anything for us, if we will do nothing for them? If they stake their lives for us, they must be prompted by the strongest motive—even the promise of freedom; and the promise, being made, must be kept.

The signs look better. The Father of Waters again goes unvexed to the sea. Thanks to the Great Northwest for it—nor yet wholly to them. Three hundred miles up, they met New England, Empire, Keystone and Jersey, hewing their way right and left. The Sunny South, too, in more colors than one, also lent a hand. On the spot, their part of the history was jotted down in black and white. The job was a great national one; and let none be banned who bore an honorable part in it. And while those who have cleared the great river may well be proud, even that is not all. It is hard to say that anything has been more bravely or ably done than at Antietam, Murfreesboro, Gettysburg, and on many fields of lesser note.

Nor must Uncle Sam's web feet be forgotten. At all the watery margins they have been present. Not only on the deep sea, the broad bay, and the rapid river, but also up the narrow muddy bayou, and wherever the ground was a little damp, they have been, and made their tracks. Thanks to all. For the great Republic—for the principle it lives by, and keeps alive—for man's vast future—thanks to all.

Peace does not appear as distant as it did. I hope it will come soon, and come to stay, and so come as to be worth the keeping in all future time. It will then have been proved that, among free men, there can be no successful appeal from the ballot to the bullet; and that they who take such appeal are sure to lose their case, and pay the cost. And then there would be some black men who can remember, that, with silent tongue, and clenched teeth, and steady eye, and well poised bayonet, they have helped and maintained on to this great consummation; while I fear there will be some white ones, unable to forget that, with malignant hearts, and deceitful speech, they have striven to hinder it.

Still let us not be over sanguine of a speedy, final triumph. Let us be quite sober. Let us diligently apply the means, never doubting that a just God, in his own good time, will give us the rightful result. Yours, very truly,

A. LINCOLN.

DIED.

At St. Anthony, Sept. 4th, MAURICE ALFRED, only child of Ezra M. and Nellie Simson, aged 1 year, 2 months and 15 days.

On Saturday, the 5 h inst., GUY FRANK, only child of Albert A. and Elizabeth A. Clifford, aged two months.

Funeral from residence of the parents on Fourth-st., at 4 o'clock this (Sunday) afternoon

New Advertisements.

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Stoves, Tin Ware, Hardware, Hollow Ware, Steel Traps and Shingles. Highest price paid in cash for Wheat, Wool, Old Copper, Iron, Lead and Rags, Robert-st., first store from Third-st.

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The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

THE ISSUE MADE.

Speech of H. T Welles.

He Expounds the Democratic Platform.

IT IS AN ACCURATE EXPRESSION OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE STATE DEMOCRACY.

A Democratic County Convention was held at Minneapolis last Monday, and after the business of the Convention was concluded, Mr. H. T. Welles, the Democratic nominee for Governor, was called out and delivered the following carefully prepared speech:

In some remarks that I made at your first meeting, I stated that I would not be a candidate before the then coming State Convention, for the position which has since been assigned to me.

Those of you who attended that Convention, know of the causes which induced me to yield that determination, and I need not detail them here. It is sufficient to say, that the Convention saw fit to nominate me for the office of Governor, and I accepted the nomination.

The platform adopted by that body, as a careful and accurate expression of the wishes, opinions and principles of the Democracy of the State, although failing to define the peculiar and somewhat conflicting views of different members of the Convention, contains nothing to which any conservative and loyal citizen cannot subscribe. The principal objection that has been made to it, is, that it does not, in distinct and emphatic terms, endorse the war, and commit the party to its support; as if the omission implies on the part of the democrats of Minnesota, an indifference to the success of the army and navy—a want of sympathy with the National Administration in its exhaustive care and stupendous efforts to crush the rebellion, and an intention not only to embarrass the prosecution of the war, but to compel a dishonorable peace. To my mind, the whole drift and tenor of the document is in the opposite direction, and fully makes up for the omission complained of, and the addition of more positive phraseology would have been superfluous. Had the resolutions of Col. Robertson been adopted, the *sound* of the plank might have had a more warlike ring, but the hearts of those who were to stand upon it had no need of the additional inspiration it was calculated to give. The secession of the Southern States is rebellion against lawful authority; the war is an attempt to crush that rebellion, and must be waged until its object is fully accomplished. Carried on within the limits of the laws and the Constitution, and of a reasonable military necessity, we will sustain it.

The errors and abuses of its chief managers we point out and comment upon, as they occur. If corrected or abandoned, we will forgive and forget them, but comment on them we will. We will suffer them as long as they are sufferable, and will be but too glad to realize in the end, that they have come and gone without permanent damage to our common liberty.

In reading over the series of those resolutions, you will observe that the first asserts in the language of the venerable and patriotic, but now lamented Crittenden, the full purpose for which the war is waged, which language was unanimously adopted by the Congress of 1861 The second sounds the note of welcome to the repentant and returning States, and with extended hand invites them, thus repentant, to resume their seats in the circle of the Union, clothed with their original rights and dignity.

The third, beginning with a word of encouragement to the faithful population of the South, magnanimously proposes to refer all questions touching their future rights and relations to that common arbiter and fountain of authority,—which we all revere,—the Supreme Court of the United States.

The fourth, warns the country against the possible delusion that the Indian war is ended, and calls upon the President not to withdraw the protection of the National arms from the frontier until the murderous savages are captured or exterminated.

The fifth, beginning with a disclaimer of the sentiments of those private citizens in the North who may be disloyal, and who have been arrested and imprisoned for alleged political offenses, simply reaffirms in substance, those plain provisions of the constitution, that were designed to be the personal safeguards of liberty.

The sixth declares that the first duty of the citizen is obedience to law, and solemnly condemns every form of resistance to any law, however oppressive and unjust it may be, until it shall be repealed or annulled by the proper authority.

The seventh closes the list with the hearts best tribute to the army in general, and to our own regiments in particular—conveyed in words of thankfulness and sympathy for the living, and of grateful remembrance for the dead.

This is the platform—that monstrous unsightly thing, which the Republicans say is all hideous with disloyalty. They deliberately assert that it is well adapted to convey the sentiments of a convention in South Carolina as in Minnesota.

They seem determined to stigmatize the Democratic party, whatever its utterance or its actions, with the most infamous epithets that fanaticism or partizan malice can invent. Disloyalty is violation of allegiance; the being faithless and treacherous to your country—a crime ignominious among all nations; that consigns the criminal, together with his offspring, to everlasting infamy. Death, outlawry, entailed disgrace, are the punishments decreed, in all communities of men, upon the detestable wretch, who is false or disloyal to his country.

See, then, the heinousness of the crime with which you are branded. Behold the depth of moral debasement to which you have fallen in the eyes of your neighbors, (if words have meaning), who daily charge you with the vilest form of treachery! Can it be that we are liable to so awful an accusation? Have the masses of that great party, which has borne the honored name of Democracy these fifty years—which has done battle with every form of political error and heresy—and victorious over its every enemy, had engrafted its general policy on the government of the country,—I say, have the valiant hosts of this powerful party, whose crowning glory it has ever been to defend the constitutional rights of American citizens at home and abroad, become so suddenly recreant to the government of their first affections—the source and object of their pride, the standing witness of their triumphs? Is it true that they have now turned their backs on this government as on a thing despised? That they have no more use for it; that they are tired of it; sick of it; and not only look on its distressful writhings with folded arms, but would actually chuckle with the infernal glee of a treacherous heart over its expiring agonies! Yes, it is even true; if we are infected with this foul leprosy of disloyalty. Our well merited punishment is banishment from the abodes of civilized men.

It is impossible that all who vote the Democratic ticket are not designed to be included in this wholesale indictment. If so, let us inquire, who in the vast multitude are guilty? Who brought this sin into the camp? Is it you, who came from the banks of the Rhine and the Elbe; who for long years had waited for your day of deliverance from poverty and oppression; for the sight of that land of the free of which you had so often heard and dreamed; and who at length, amid the perils and hardships of the ocean, coursed your way westward to its hospitable shores; and then, with uplifted hand, called your God to witness, that you would be faithful to the country that adopted you? Did you then heap perjury on your souls, or have you since inwardly and basely renounced the allegiance to which that oath bound you?

It is you from the Emerald Isle—the land of Emmet and O'Connel—impoverished Ireland—where generations drag out their cheerless lives under the merciless exactions of tenant-right; where the constable drives from the sight of their famishing children the last cow that yields them the sustenance of life! Did you, as you rushed to the arms of that generous and noble country, which were outspread to welcome you, and in her presence, swear, on the Holy Cross, that you would honor and defend her—did you, I say, intend the act to be a solemn mockery of Heaven, or have you now made up your mind to trample that oath under your feet?

Or is it we, the native born, who drew in with our first breath the air of freedom? Are we the dastardly ingrates who have betrayed that country that watched over us with such tender care all through those years from infancy to age; to which we are indebted for all that we have of life, liberty, and property; under whose mild and beneficent sway we have beheld so many forms of human industry developed, so many States and cities spring into being; so much progress in all that ministers to the happiness of man? No. It is neither the one nor the other. A thousand times, No! And we hurl back the foul slander at them who sent it. We point them to a half million of volunteers in the armies of the Union; to the illustrious record of German and Irish-American valor carved out by the swords of the Meaghers, the Sigels, and the Corcorans; to the hundred thousand graves stretched in an unbroken line from the mouth of the Potomac to the prairies of Kansas, in evidence of the base injustice of our accusers.

We do more. If their eyes are eager to search out the hiding places of treason, we bid them go and find him who sowed broadcast the blasphemous sentiment that the Constitution is a covenant with Death and a league with Hell—the seed that is now producing its abundant harvest. Go, sound the polluted depths of that soul, out of which came this putrid issue, and wreak on its author the vengeance you have reserved for the imaginary offenses of your partizan rivals. Find him also who calls that glorious flag, the pride of every loyal heart and an honored emblem throughout all the earth, a flaunting lie; and pour on his ignominious head the anathemas that you are too ready to shower upon us.

My friends, you have placed the democratic standard in the hands of one who, I fear, is all but unworthy and too feeble to bear it. But you may be assured that the trust you have reposed in him will not be betrayed. Your honor and the honor of your party shall be everywhere vindicated to the extent of his power, against the base aspersions so undeservedly heaped upon you. Inscribe upon your banner the words "Constitutional Liberty," "The Constitution as it is, the Union as it was," "Our Country first, our Country last, and our whole Country forever," and then flinging it defiantly to the breeze, follow it on to victory.

A YANKEE PRISONER LOOSE IN DIXIE.

Adventures of an Ohio Captain in the South.

Captain John J. Geer, before the war a minister of the Methodist Protestant denomination in Ohio, was taken prisoner a few days before the battle of Shiloh, in a skirmish with Beauregard's pickets, passed some months in rebel prisons, made his escape, and now tells the story of his adventures. His little volume has some curious pictures of life and character in the slave States.

In whatever place he was taken he found in every jail "political prisoners"—that is to say, citizens imprisoned for Union sentiments. There must be thousands of such languishing in Southern prisons.

Our soldiers were treated barbarously everywhere.

"At Columbus, Mississippi, we were placed in a back room and fed on scanty rations of corn bread minus salt, and an indifferent supply of tainted meat, which emitted a very disagreeable effluvia.

"While in this condition and lying on the bare floor a citizen entered and informed us that his brother-in-law was then a prisoner in Columbus, Ohio. He said he had been taken at Fort Donaldson, and that his wife had that day received a letter from him, and that he was walking the streets of Columbus carrying his side arms and boarding at the American House!

"This statement aroused my indignation. I never before felt so keenly my condition, and when he contributed the lenity of our government to cowardice and a disposition to admit the superiority of southern claims and dignity, and stigmatized us as 'invaders' of their soil and suffering justly as such, I could not restrain the fiery wrath that burned within me."

THE NEGROES THEIR BEST FRIENDS.

The white Unionists were obliged to be very careful in showing their feelings, and it was from the negroes that the captain and his companions received their only comfort and sympathy. Everywhere the poor slaves were their zealous and ingenious friends.

But before their masters these were always very stupid, and pretended to hate the Yankees. One said:

"I was talking with massa and missus dis mornin, and missus asked me, Tom, what you tink of dem Yankees?'

"'Ah,' says I, missus, I don' don't like em at all. Dey won't have nothin' to say to a nigger. Den missus said, ses she: Tom, don't you know dese Yankees are comin' down har to confiscate all you cullod people?' Now she tink I don' don't know what 'confiscate' means; spec' she tinks I thought it was to kill. God bless you, massa, I knows it is to free de darkies, and den dis pore nigger have hoss and carriage, if I don' can work and pay for 'em. While I was talkin' wid massa and missus, I stood and shake all over. I tells 'em dat I is so 'feared dat dey would come dat I don't know what for to do. God bless you, don't you tink dey was fool enough to tink I was afreed? Ha! ha! ha!"

An Irish sergeant was a very zealous rebel.

"Once when he came into my quarters I asked him what object he could have in the rebel army, and what profit he expected to derive from the establishment of a confederacy.

"'Enough, be jabers,' he replied. 'You Yankees want to free our nagers, be sure, and we're all ferninst that here, and we won't submit at all, at all.'

"'How many negroes have you, Mr. Mackey,' I asked.

"'Why, sure, and be jabers, and I haven't a nager in the world."'

Here is a specimen of a South Carolina gentleman:

"We were next taken to Mobile, Alabama. On our way thither I conversed with a number of southrons, among whom was an insignificant personage from South Carolina. He complained because their officers were not allowed to have their servants with them. He called it one of the most inhuman deprivations imaginable!

"'Sir,' said I, 'we have been treated like beasts and half starved here on your southern soil; what do you think of that?'

"'O,' he replied, 'that's all right enough for you 'uns; but we belong to the first families of South Carolina."'

At Mobile they were fed on mule beef At Montgomery two condemned murderers were liberated, on condition of enlisting in the rebel army.

A FAITHFUL NEGRO.

Two Yankee prisoners escaped from Macon prison on the 19th of June, one of them the captain. They came very near starving in the swamps, and would have been caught by the bloodhounds set upon them had it not been for the instructions and help given by the ever ready and faithful negroes. At one place,

"I approached a cotton field, half famished as I was, with many of my Virginia prejudices against the negroes, for I had been taught to regard them as unreliable and stupid. But I felt that death was in the swamp, and life might be in the cotton-field.

"'Well, uncle,' said I, 'I am traveling through your country, and I am very ragged, as you see. I don't wish to call on white folks in this condition, and I am very hungry. Could you get me something to eat?'

"'Oh, yes, massa! God bless you! all you want; but go back! go back!' he continued, waiving his hand, as if to hurry me back to our hiding place; 'go back massa! they's after you wid de houns and de horses! Do you see dat ole cabin up dar, in dat field? To-night, just at 'leven o'clock, come to dat cabin, massa, and I'll gin you all the supper you want. Now, go back, go back, massa!'

"'Uncle, you won't bring anybody with you, will you?'

"'Why, God bless you, massa! I knows you! I knows you!'

"'Now, Uncle, what do you know about me?'

"'Why, you's one of dem Yankees dat broke away from Macon prison, massa. I knows you! God bless you!'

"'Well, uncle, don't tell that to anybody, will you?'

"'Tinks I tell anybody, massa, when all I's got in dis worl' depends on ye? No, no, massa! but go back, go back till 'leven o'clock! mine, now, massa!' and he started after his plough, for by this time the other hands were approaching."

In the evening they approached the appointed meeting place and saw their friend:

"He was evidently alone. He walked round and round the cabin, looking and waiting for us, and on seeing us not, seemed greatly disappointed. When we had assured ourselves that no one was with him, and that he was true, we arose from our concealment, and walked to the cabin. He was rejoiced to see our confidence in him, and was as thankful to give as we were to receive the rich repast he had prepared for us. Our supper consisted of corn-bread, smoked bacon and boiled cauliflowers. He also brought us a bottle of sweetened water. What a feast! Never did I partake of food with such a relish. We received it as directly from the hand of Him who 'heareth the young ravens when they cry.' Being assured by our old friend that we were perfectly safe, we tarried after supper several hours, conversing on the state of our country, and receiving advice as to the manner of proceeding on our journey. As the venerable man talked to us, telling us how to escape to our homes and friends, sharing his sympathies and his means with us poor destitute wanderers, my old prejudices of caste were entirely obliterated. Beneath that dark brow was the mind of a man, and within that slave's bosom beat a brother's heart. I could have embraced him as my father."

HOW TO DEAL WITH BLOODHOUNDS.

The black man told them how to puzzle and avoid the bloodhounds. He had been chased himself.

"He told us when the dogs followed us in the canebrake, in order to prevent them from keeping the trail, we should travel as much as possible in the water; but if we should be closely pursued, to leave the canebrake and take to the Ocmulgee river. He assured us that the dogs were fearful of the alligators with which that river abounded, and that the slaves were taught that alligators would destroy only negroes and dogs. He didn't believe it himself, although his master thought he did. He added:

"'If dem houns git close on to you, why you jis git a long pole, and hop about twenty feet, if you kin. You do dis four or five times, and whenever you light, why jis put some pepper in de holes what your heels make, and when de houns come, dey lose dar scent, and den they goes a snufflin and a snufflin roun, and bymeby dey snuffles up dat ar pepper into their nostrils, and den dey'll go chee! chee! chee! and dat'll be de last dem dogs can do dat day.'

"This piece of information, and the manner in which it was conveyed, accompanied as it was by violent gyrations of the body, and an exact imitation of dog sneezing, was very amusing."

He adds:

"From this man we first learned of a complete organization among the negroes, for the purpose of aiding fugitives in making their escape. It was similar to an institution which I had often heard of as existing in the northern States, under the name of 'Underground Railroad.' The officers of this southern underground railroad, on which we were glad to take passage, were the slaves of the different plantations, who were thoroughly acquainted with their duties, and were very suspicious lest they should be imposed upon. When we inquired how these men should know us, he told us that he would arrange that matter, so that we need have no fears, but to submit ourselves to their guidance, and all would be well."

All along their wanderings, "the poor, down-trodden slaves helped us on. Whenever we met one of the latter, who replied to our question, 'Can't dis yer day,' he was a friend, but unable to assist us on account of the patrollers. If one answered, 'I know you,' he was posted, and all was well." One day—

"In the evening, we came upon some slaves in a field, among whom were several females, about eighteen or twenty years of age. The latter were almost naked, having nothing on them save a very short skirt, fastened round the waist and held in its place by straps, which passed over the shoulders. All the upper portion of the body and about three-fourths of the neither limbs were thereby exposed. None of their complexions were black, while one or two of them were nearly white. We agreed with these slaves to hide ourselves in a neighboring lane until night, when they promised to bring us food. Shortly after one of them brought us the unwelcome intelligence that we were in danger, and warned us again take to the swamp, which was some half a mile away."

THE POOR WHITES OF THE SOUTH.

One day they met a southern conscript. He was opposed to the war, but that did not help him:

"Just as we turned we were hailed by a man all clothed in rags, whose appearance indicated that he might have been hiding in the swamp for months. He quickly joined us and entered into conversation. He opposed the war violently; and judging from this that he was merely acting a part, I determined to be 'secesh.'

"'I don't understand,' said he, 'this tarnal war!'

"'Why! you're not a Yankee, are you?' I asked.

"'Oh, no!' he replied; 'but I don't understand it.'

"'Why,' resumed I, 'don't you know that the Yankees are coming down here to free our negroes?'

"'Darn the tarnal niggers,' was the rejoinder 'I ain't got any.'

"'But they will confiscate our land.'

"'Well, I haven't got no land, so they can't hurt me. Another thing, they say they are fighting for the old flag we all loved.'

Rallying myself, I answered.

"'They're all abolitionists; and if you and I don't fight, these negroes will be freed among us.'

"'Well, now gentlemen,' said our new companion, 'if you'll hear me a minute without getting mad, "Ill tell you all about my case. I'm a conscript, and I've got to go soldiering for eleven dollars a month. If I'd get a jean like that of yours'—pointing to an old cotton coat that I wore—I'd have to pay eleven dollars a yard for it. These shoes I've got on cost ten dollars; corn meal is two dollars and fifty cents per bushel, and salt one dollar per pound. Now, how in the d—l can a man soldier under them circumstances?"

The poor whites he found living on gophers, a kind of land turtle, and corn meal. After they were recaptured, and going to Macon, under charge of a sheriff, they came to a house of a secessionist, a slave-owner. This man—

—"cursed fearfuly, swearing that the d—d Yankees shouldn't have a morsel of food. The Sheriff, however, pacified him at last by telling him that I was from Virginia, and that, although I was in the Yankee army, still I was as pro-slavery a man as himself. This made matters a little better, and the surly host proceeded to question me. I baffled him, however, by saying:

"'What paper do you take?'

"'We don't take none,' said he 'fur I can't read. Have you ever been in a fight?' he quickly added to his reply. I answered in the affirmative.

"'Have you ever seed a gunboat?'

"'Yes,' I rejoined.

"He then became much interested, and was not satisfied until I had given him a long description of a gunboat, its object and its powers."

Captain Geer reports that the rich slaveholders, the planters, and the barbarous and wretched "clay-eaters" are all secessionists, but that a large middle class, people who own few slaves and till their own fields, are mostly Union in the parts of the South he visited.

Jeff. Davis' Call for Slaves.

The Circumstances Leading to the Measure.

VIEWS OF THE REBEL CABINET

HOW IT WAS POSTPONED AND FINALLY ADOPTED.

Considerations Which Led to its Adoption.

Correspondence N. Y. Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30, 1863.—Although your paper has recently alluded to the arming of the slaves in the South, I do not remember to have seen anywhere an account of the manner in which this question happened to be introduced into the politics of the South, nor any mention of the importance it cannot fail to assume in the eyes of European cabinets. I will therefore add to the information you have already given to the public, by communicating to you the contents of a letter written in Richmond a week ago on that subject. This letter came from a source which I have the best reason to believe well informed on these matters, and is entitled, in my humble opinion, to the confidence of the people.

Converting blacks into soldiers for the defense of the national territory is not a new idea with the Confederate Government. As early as 1861, when the Union forces under McClellan were scattered along the extensive line of the Chickahominy swamps, many of the most prominent and wealthiest planters; frightened by the danger of the fall of Richmond, which they then considered as an inevitable event, proposed to arm and to lead their slaves, and to bring them to the rescue of the threatened capital. But public opinion having not yet been prepared by repeated reverses and losses in men to overcome one of its strongest prejudices, nor to contemplate without a shudder of contempt the possibility of seeing one day a free man fight side by side with slave, the proposition was looked upon as dangerous and visionary, and was so treated by the great majority of the people. Still it was rumored at the time that the members of the Cabinet would have willingly accepted the proffered aid had it not been for the sake of their popularity. Jeff. Davis, who, since the beginning of this war, had been pressed by European Cabinets to adopt some reformatory measure in reference to slavery, said, on that occasion, that it would be desirable to see the tide of public prejudice recede from its course, and black regiments formed for the defense of cities and strongholds. It was obvious, then, that the Cabinet was already contemplating the feasibility of arming the slaves, and that they were deterred from doing so only by the fear of hurting too violently existing prejudices, and thus weakening their own power.

The series of victories won by General Lee inflated the pride and vanity of the Southerners to such an extent that, for a moment, they believed themselves to be indebted for their success to the holiness of the institution of Slavery as well as to the superior valor of their men. The victory of Gettysburg and the conquest of the borders of the Mississippi by the Union armiss caused this stupendous edifice of pride and error to tumble down, and demonstrated to them the emptiness and folly of their iniquitous theory. They then turned their eyes toward their four millions of blacks, and asked themselves how it was that the Government had not yet availed itself of the resources offered by this large recruiting field, and why an army of blacks was not raised forthwith. I may say, however, that those who wished at first to use the blacks as soldiers did not think that their services in that capacity were entitled to a reward; they would have held them in slavery all the while. It was, I understand, the sentiments of the army which modified the views of the planters in that respect. The army refused to fight unless the slaves be made free before entering the ranks, and received equal advantages with those enjoyed by the whites.

Before this question was ripe enough to be brought before the rebel government, Beauregard, supported in this by the opinion of the Governor of South Carolina, had been asking for authority to arm a few negro regiments for the defense of Charleston, and Gov. Shorter of Alabama, pressed by the necessity of providing for the defense of Mobile, had addressed the same request to Richmond, and recommended in a public proclamation, the arming of negroes in his own State.

These unexpected demands coincided too well with the secret sentiments of the Cabinet not to be used by it as the ground of a new policy. Thus, while Beauregard's claim might be considered as justifying the arming of negroes under the plea of military necessity, the proclamation of Gov. Shorter of Alabama, and the indorsement of the Governor of South Carolina, more important still, unreservedly placed at the disposal of the Government a force of several thousand men, and paved the way for a powerful military organization all over the extent of the Confedery. Jeff. Davis was too shrewd not to avail himself of these fortunate circumstances.

By this order, every Governor in the Rebel States was consulted concerning the propriety of arming slaves for the war, and was invited to Richmond to confer with the president on the subject. This invitation was, it seems, immediately complied with, and after fifteen days of close conference between the Governors of the States and the members of the Cabinet, it was decided that the salvation of the country required the arming of the slaves, and that a call of 400,000 blacks, one from every eight inhabitants, should take place forthwith.

Outside of military and social considerations, the importance of which cannot be fully estimated now, one of the motives which urged the adoption of this measure is, I understand, the effect it is likely to have upon European Powers. While the discussion on the measure was going on, a member of the Cabinet removed all the objections raised by stating that the enlistment of the blacks in the Confederate ranks, and the gift of their freedom and a portion of land as their reward for their services, would cause the great majority of the European people adverse to slavery to become friends of the South, and force their Governments to interest themselves in its behalf. It would at the same time show that the black, who had been represented as the enemy of his master, was in reality his friend; and the greatest mark of this friendship was to be found in the confidence the white man has in the obedience and fidelity of the black, who, by this call, was suddenly elevated to a position of trust and confidence unparalleled in the history of the world. All these considerations could not fail, it was said, to engage the attention of the European public and to place the Southern Confederacy upon higher political and moral ground. It was these remarks, I am told, which destroyed all opposition, and led to the unanimous adoption of the measure.

The proceedings I have just related have been kept secret, and will not be divulged until Jeff. Davis' proclamation submitting the whole matter to the people is issued.

Quantrel, the Copperhead.

The fact that the ruffian Quantrel, who burned Lawrence after massacreing one hundred and eighty of its men, women, and children, was at the Copperhead Convention at Springfield, on the 17th of June, seems to be well established; and the Springfield *Journal* asserts that he was accompanied by a few hundred of his followers, probably the very fellows who quenched their thirst for blood by butchering unarmed, unoffending and sleeping citizens of a country village. That Quantrel and his associates were at home among the fire-in-the-rear gentry who go for the Constitution-as-it-is by proposing to amend it for the advancement of human slavery, there can be no doubt. "Birds of a feather," &c.—*Chicago Tribune.*

—The reported death of Junius H. Browne, (the captured correspondent of the Cincinnati *Times*) in the Libby prison, is denied. A letter from him, dated August 20th, has been published, which states that he is well.

—It is stated that the oil wells in Canada are drying up, and that, as a consequence, petrolium has advanced to an alarming figure in that region.

—Immediately after the bombardment and capture of Sumter by the rebels, in 1861, it will be remembered that Jeff. Davis gave vent to his great joy in the following couplet, inscribed to President Lincoln:

With mortar, Paixhan and petard
We tender you our Beauregard.

The scene changes, and it is but courtesy that the President should acknowledge the compliment of Jeff. in kind, and we suggest the following:

With Parrott and Rodman, fifteen-inch bore,
We tender Dahlgren and Gillmore.

—At Baton Rouge there is a contrivance of the soldiers for carrying water to the camps that displays considerable ingenuity. An ordinary barrel has fitted to the head a block of wood, with a pivot like the wheel of a wheelbarrow, and a rod of iron, like the tongue of a buggy, that forks dear the barrel to draw it like a garden roller, the barrel revolving like a wheel. Two men will thus draw a barrel of water up the levee with tolerable ease. A negro looking on at the performance, said: "Well, 'fore God, what won't white men do?"

—The Richmond *Examiner* of the 21st says:

Brigadier General Roger A. Pryor has resigned his commission in the Confederate army, and it has been accepted by the War Department.

—An English lord was arrested at Jersey City on Friday last, on the charge of robbing a fellow passenger by the steamer Corsica, from Havana, of a draft for $1500. The "nobleman" denied the charge; but the paper was found in one of his trunks. The affair was made up between the accuser and the thief who went under the name of Frederick Amsbe.

—One of the facts revealed by the information now being collected of the Bureau of Military Statistics at Albany, is that Major General H. W. Halleck is a native of Waterville, Oneida county, New York, and that his grandfather, Jabez Halleck, now in his 103d year, is still a resident of that town.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

ST. PAUL, September 4, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem	
American Gold	22 per ct.	

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

Sewing Machines.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

SEWING MACHINES.

MAKING BOTH THE

Grover & Baker and the Lock Stitch

PRICE $40 AND UPWARDS.

FIRST PREMIUMS in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Michigan.

Parties purchasing machines of the GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., can have their choice of machines making either stitch, and change if they desire to. *The only company able to offer such inducements.* They also offer to the public at the extremely low price of

Forty-Five Dollars

A Straight Needle Lock Stitch Machine,

Suitable for Tailors and Family use. This machine is of *large size, rapid, quite simple and far superior* to the shuttle or lock stitch machines heretofore sold at $75 to $100.

☞ Northwestern Office Third street, opposite Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul, Minn.

P. S.—Plain and Fancy Stitching done to order. [je19-t jan 1]

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of them in use in this country and Europe.

These are the only machines making the Lock Stitch with the Rotating Hook.

Are profitable and available a life time.

Equal to ten seamstresses.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by their possessor.

The Glass Cloth-Presser, (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent,
jy14 264 Third street, St. Paul.

Guns & Pistols.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,

Manufacturers of

Rifles, Muskets and Army and Navy Revolvers

For the U. S. Government.

We also manufacture a variety of

POCKET PISTOLS,

Of approved patterns, for both Ordinary and Fixed Ammunition, together with Rifle and Shot-Gun Barrels, Gun Locks, Mountings, and Gun Materials Generally.

☞ Price lists and Circulars furnished on application. Address

E. REMINGTON & SONS,
je14-3m* Ilion, N. Y.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.

POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.
my31-3m

WOOD LAND FOR SALE.

160 ACRES, with at least 1200 CORDS OF WOOD, exactly four miles from the centre of St. Paul, with which it is connected by an excellent road. The land is the best quality, with good grass and water, and commands a view of the city—will be sold in one body or in tracts of 40 or 80 acres.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, August 29th, 1863.—au29-3md&w

MISS GILL'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—The Eighth Annual Session will commence on MONDAY, September 7, 1863. Application for admission may be made to the Principal before September 7th, at her residence, corner of Eighth and College streets; after that date, at the school-rooms on Cedar street.

TERMS—Senior and Junior Departments, $10 per term of eleven weeks; Primary Department, $5.

St. Paul, August 21, 1863. au21:tsep7

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke, New York City
John G. Treadwell, Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D., Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law, Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard, Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore, Boston
lelldaoilm&wlyw

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF STATE,
ST. PAUL, Aug. 15th, 1863,

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 14th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD.

Said Wood to be paid for in State Warrants and delivered at the State Capitol, as required.

CHAS. SCHEFFER,
au25-td State Treasurer

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys'
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

1863. 1864.

EMPIRE WOOD MILL CIRCULAR.

THIS WOOD MILL

Is a Machine consisting of a sweep power and drag saw combined, and intended for cutting

STOVE AND RAILROAD WOOD,

SHINGLE AND STAVE BOLTS,

FROM THE LOG,

Of any size from ten inches in diameter, up to the largest. It can be run with one or two horses, is easily handled by two men, can be used in the woods as well as out, is simple in its construction, having strong castings, is made of the most durable and best seasoned timber, well painted, will cut from two to three cords of stove wood per hour, and will work logs into common 16 inch stove wood, *with no more expense than it costs to cut and split logs into four feet cord wood:*

Read the Testimony.

Home Testimonial for the Wood Mill!

HASTINGS, Min., March 19, 1863.

MR CHARLES ETHERIDGE—SIR: The Wood Mill (sweep power and drag saw) we bought of you last winter has cut about five hundred cords of 16 inch wood from the log: we used a small pair of mules and found the work easy for them. We find by experience that we can easily cut two cords an hour and have cut over three cords. For cutting railroad wood, stave or shingle bolts, or stove wood we think it is just the Machine needed.

C. L. & J. LEWIS.

This Machine can be used profitably to cut logs into convenient lengths for railroad ties, the logs being placed upon rollers can be moved endwise to an exact length.

☞ Agents wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota. Circulars sent by return mail on application.

CHARLES ETHERIDGE,
General Agent,
au27-1md&w HASTINGS, MINNESOTA.
P. F. HODGES, St. Paul, Local Agent.

IRON and STEEL.

HEAVY HARDWARE.

ORDER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES,

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

au29-d&wly

MILWAUKEE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT,

Jobbers and Retailers in

DRY GOODS,

172 and 174 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE,

(the red front store,)

Are receiving their complete stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FABRICS AND

YANKEE NOTIONS,

Which they offer to the trade

FOR CASH,

AT NEW YORK JOBBING PRICES,

Without regard to the present advance.

We ask the attention of early and large buyers to the SPECIAL BARGAINS which we offer in STAPLE GOODS, comprising

Over 200 Packages all bought at the low July Prices.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
FALL PRINTS,
WHITE GOODS,
FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
&c., &c.

☞ Our RETAIL STOCK is the BEST ASSORTED and cheapest in the State and has the great advantage of being ENTIRELY NEW AND ATTRACTIVE.

SHERWIN, NOWELL & PRATT
au20-d tw&w

TO THE TRADE OF THE NORTHWEST.

Having purchased the old stand of R. Galloway and fitted it up for

A STOVE STORE,

And having secured some of the best workmen of the country, I now offer

THE LATEST AND MOST DESIRABLE

Patterns of Stoves,

AND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

TIN WARE,

To the trade, which will be sold as near Chicago and Milwaukee prices, as the extra expense of laying down the goods in this market will allow.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for

Tin Ware, Stove Pipe, &c.

And taking into consideration the high prices of stock as well as the trouble of obtaining labor, I think I can make sufficient inducements to the trade to purchasers.

An examination of stock, prices, &c., is solicited

I am also SOLE AGENT of

P. P. Stewart's Celebrated

SUMMER AND WINTER

Cooking Stove,

Which has no equal. I would invite the attention of all who wish to purchase a first-class Stove, to examine it before purchasing.

☞ All kinds of Jobbing and Custom Work done, and all work warranted.

Call at the old stand of R. Galloway, opposite the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co., Third-st. St. Paul, Minnesota.

☞ Highest market price paid for old Copper Brass, Lead, Iron, Rags, &c.

au13-tf N. B. HARWOOD.

Burbank's Column.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH
Fast Freight Line.
OWNED AND MANAGED BY
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-dty

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF CIGARS, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the
ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Passengers and baggage will be called for in an wer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.
jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

EXPRESS NOTICE.
We are now running Messengers to
ST. ANTONY AND MINNEAPOLIS
Twice Daily,
Leaving St. Paul at 11.30 A. M. and 5 P. M.; returning, arrive at 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. Packages weighing 50 lbs. or less, and not exceeding $50 in value will be carried for TEN CENTS, and delivered at owner's doors. Particular attention will be paid to filling orders. Purchases will be made at best rates obtainable and no charge made for such services.
Express matter for St. Cloud and all intermediate points will leave St. Paul, Mondays at 5.45 A. M. and Tuesdays and Thursdays at 5.00 P. M.
je16-tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of
dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.
All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by
dec19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 3,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.
je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.
We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me
mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

FARMING LANDS FOR SALE,
In Hennepin, Ramsey, Chisago, and Washington Counties. Also Lots in St. Paul, Minneapolis, and St. Anthony; all of which I will sell at Low Prices and on favorable terms of payment
Enquire of P. P. WINTERMUTE,
je21-3m at office of Horn, Lund & Galusha.

TAX DEEDS.
THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY
Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities
Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

WANTED,
At the Clifton House, Mankato, three good Girls—one competent to take charge of the cooking department. Liberal wages and steady employment will be given. au8-1m

STEAM
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.
The Press Printing Co.
In order to keep pace with their rapidly increasing business are constantly extending their facilities for Book and Job Printing. They have recently introduced Steam into their establishment, and put up another of
HOE'S LARGE CYLINDER PRESSES.
We are prepared to Print all kinds of
BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, BRIEFS,
POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS
BLANKS, BILLS OF LADING,
CIRCULARS,
And every other description of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PRINTING
At moderate rates and at short notice.

NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.
NO. 4, ROGERS BLOCK.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
H. ROGERS, having connected himself with one of the *largest* and *best manufactories* in the State of *New York*, has now opened a LEATHER STORE on a *more extensive scale* than is *usual* for a Western city, and he intends to sell as low as can be purchased in Chicago or Milwaukee, (freight excepted,) and having been engaged for thirty-five years in the leather trade, and being a PRACTICAL TANNER BY TRADE, feels assured from his knowledge and LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE BUSINESS, that he can bring such stock to the market as will suit all. Give us a call before you buy your stock.
Be sure and enquire for the "NEW YORK LEATHER STORE," No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul.
H. ROGERS & CO.
P. S. All kinds of Hides bought for an Eastern tannery, for which the highest cash price will be paid. au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT GOOD SOLE LEATHER, go to the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, where you can select from a large
au5tw3m

IF YOU WANT THE REAL PHILADELPHIA Kip and Calf Skins, go to the
au5tw3m] NEW YORK LEATHER STORE.

IF YOU WANT A NICE ARTICLE OF FRENCH CALF SKINS, go to the New York Leather Store, where you can select from fifteen different brands. au5tw3m

THE PLACE TO BUY SHOE FINDINGS of all kinds is at the New York Leather Store, No 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul. [au5tw3m

GET YOUR LASTS at the New York Leather Store, No. 4, Rogers Block, St. Paul, Minn. au5tw3m

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.
We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell
LOW FOR CASH
OR
Short Approved Credit.
SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.
We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YAN KEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.
No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.
☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.
BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

EAGLE WORKS
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT
STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS
PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR
Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,
SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS
AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-d&wly

FOSTER & HARDENBURGH,
SHIP CHANDLERS AND SAIL MAKERS,
No. 217 South Water Street, Chicago
Have constantly on hand a large assortment of
Manilla & Tarred Rope, Ditching Ropes,
Old Canvass, Oakum, Tar, Pitch,
CHAINS, TACKLE BLOCKS, TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS, COTTON AND RUSSIA DUCKS,
FLAGS, &c., &c.
Common and Patent **Hoist Wheels**, for building purposes, constantly on hand.
GEO. F. FOSTER. (je13-1y) C. M. HARDENBURGH

GROCERIES,
SHORES & TATOR
Wholesale Grocers,
47 South Water Street,
CHICAGO.
L. SHORES,.....F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,
SUCCESSOR TO
Thompson, Whitney & Co
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
BOOTS and SHOES,
46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL
We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE
BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST
and with very large addition to our
HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK
We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.
GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

Hotels.

WHITCHER'S HOTEL,
Fourth-St., between Robert and Jackson,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
E. B. WHITCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.
The above house having recently been opened and thoroughly renovated and refurnished, the Proprietor would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. ☞ Good Stabling and careful Hostlers in attendance. jy10-tf

HERNDON HOUSE,
Corner of Third and Vermillion Streets,
HASTINGS, - - - MINNESOTA,
W. E. HUNT,
Late of the Merchants' Hotel, at St. Paul,
PROPRIETOR.
☞ Passengers conveyed to and from the Boats free. je19-3m

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.
JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.
St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

WANTED,
A young man of good education and address to travel with an exhibition, as showman and explanatory lecturer. Salary liberal. Address, with references,
jy23-tf Box 967, St. Paul, Min.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,
(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)
WHOLESALE G[illegible]
AND
Commission Merchants,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS
FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,
[illegible] JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.
Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.
In the Department of
LIQUORS AND SEGARS
Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

C. PROAL,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS WAREROOMS,
Corner Third and Robert Streets.
A large assortment of
Ladies' Saddles, Gents' Saddles, Boys' Saddles, Gig Saddles Bridles and Martingales, Bits and Spurs,
Whips of all Sorts, Saddlery Hardware,
COACH HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, TROTTING HARNESS, SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS LADIES' LARGE DRESS TRUNKS, VALISES AND BAGS,
RAILROAD BAGS, HARNESS LEATHER.
☞ Also, everything pertaining to the trade for sale at reasonable prices.
January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC
RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after MONDAY, JUNE 15th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:35 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	6:35 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,
General Superintendent.
ap18 tf

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.
FOR THE TREATMENT OF

VENEREAL DISEASES,
AND
All Affections of the Urinary and Generativ Organs, &c., &c.

This Institution was organized under a special charter in 1850. The method of treatment adopted is the same as that employed in the best French, English and American hospitals. The attending physician is a regular graduate of the *Collegii Medici Ohiowensis*. Without degrading it into empyricism, as is practiced by advertising quacks, "former sufferers," and "benevolent associations," he, like Ricord, Civiale, Vidal, Bumstead, &c., has made this branch of Surgery a speciality during the past ten years, and is prepared to give patients as good treatment as they could obtain in Eastern Cities.
The office is arranged in separate apartments, so that those who desire can consult the doctor with the utmost privacy. The Institute is provided with a *Spirometer* for measuring the vital capacity, and Prof. Schreber's *Panpymnastikon* for developing the muscular system in Seminal Weakness and other wasting diseases; also an improved apparatus and all the appliances for administering *Medicated Fumigation Baths*, now so celebrated in Europe for the cure of Syphilitic diseases.
While I prescribe for all kinds of diseases, attention is given more specially to the following:—Syphilis, in all its stages; Gonorrhœa; Gleet; Stricture; Affections of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c.; Hydrocele, or Dropsy of the Scrotum, Varicocele, and other diseases of the Testicles and Cord; Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula, and Diseases of the Rectum and Anus; and all complaints peculiar to Females. Also, Spermatorrhœa, or *Seminal Weakness*, for which our treatment is now admitted to be even more successful than that of Lallemand, of Montpelier.
PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to care any case at home. Full particulars furnished on application by letter.
JUST PUBLISHED—The 20th edition of our *Medical Report*, containing 70 pages and numerous engravings, treating on the above diseases; sent to any address on receipt of price, 15 cts. Also, in press, and nearly ready, the 2nd edition of our large work on Venereal Surgery.
☞ Office in Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. Consultations can be had from 9 A.M. to P. M. Sundays 9 to 10 A. M. All letters should be directed to
THE GALENIC INSTITUTE,
jy3 (Box 199,) Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS.
STRONG'S CARPET HALL,
225 Third Street, Rogers' Block,
where will be found a large assortment of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,
CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &c., &c
New Goods constantly arriving and sold as low as the lowest.
UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.
mar12-1y **R. O. STRONG.**

FREE WATER POWER IN ST. ANTHONY.
The St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company continue to offer mill sites on the Falls, with the right to draw water, both *free of rent* for five years, to any person who will improve unoccupied sites, by the erection of Oil or Paper Mills, Straw-Board or Starch Factories, Woollen, Flax or Cotton Mills. At the end of five years and each like term thereafter, the rents may be determined by three disinterested parties.
au4-1m* RICHARD CHUTE, Agent.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By the death of Mr. George T. Temple, the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Temple & Beaupre is this day dissolved.
The accounts of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner, and all persons having claims against, or indebted to them, are requested to call and make settlement without delay.
B. BEAUPRE.
St. Paul, August 7, 1863. au15-1m

NOTICE.—The business of the late firm of Temple & Beaupre will be continued by the subscriber under the name and style of the old firm. From my old friends and the public generally, a continuance of the very liberal patronage which the former house received, is solicited.
B. BEAUPRE.
St. Paul, August 8, 1863. au15-1m

J. H. MURPHY, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Elfelt's Store, Lambert's Block,
THIRD STREET, - - - - ST. PAUL.
☞ Especial attention paid to Surgery.
au15-1m*

Dentists.

DENTISTRY.
DR. G. A. BOWMAN.
DENTAL ROOMS IN
Winslow House,
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.
je4-6m **St. Anthony, Min.**

DR. DeMONTREVILLE,
DENTIST,
(Office in French's Block,)
Third Street, near the Post Office,
SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA
Ian29-1y

Dr. T. D. SIMONTON,
DENTIST,
Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square, St. Paul.
☞ Teeth inserted in the best style on Gold, Ver and Vulcanite. je9

CARD TO THE LADIES.
MRS. REDMOND,
SUCCESSOR TO MISS WASS,
Will sell at greatly reduced rates, all kinds of
Millinery Goods,
For a few weeks preparatory to going East for NEW GOODS.
St. Paul August 21, 1863. au21-2w

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAP AT
Wholesale and Retail.
CUTTER, SECOMBE & CO.,
Having leased the store occupied by L. G. Johnson & Co., and purchased their
Stock of Groceries,
May be found at
220 *Third Street, two doors above the North Western Express Office,*
Where they will sell
GROCERIES
AT VERY LOW FIGURES,
FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.
We wish to close out this stock entirely as we propose to
CHANGE THE BUSINESS,
and open a
Paper and Stationery Store
in connection with our
Paper Mill at St. Anthony.
☞ All kinds of WRAPPING PAPER or sale, and the highest price paid in cash for rags ropes and old printed papers. jy15-tf

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.
In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brands of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.
Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,
Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.
Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catwba Brandy.
Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,
Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.
my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

PALMER'S PURE VINEGAR,
FOR PICKLING AND FAMILY USE.
We would inform the public generally, that we are again manufacturing the above celebrated Vinegar, at our old place on Sibley-st., St. Paul. We are prepared to furnish the city and country trade at as *low prices* as *Pure* Vinegar can be bought in any market. Country orders will receive prompt attention
Jy19-3m C. LEWIS & CO.

Freight & Express.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT LINE
OWNED AND MANAGED BY THE
American Express Company.
On and after this date, by special arrangement,
The Merchants' Dispatch
Will receive and forward from this city to New York and Boston freights requiring quick transportation, at
Lower Rates and in Better Time,
Than can be obtained by any other route or conveyance except the regular Express, by passenger trains.
TIME GUARANTEED.
All shipments received at door of shipper and delivered at destination
FREE OF CARTAGE.
The well known reputation of this Line in transporting Westward bound business, during the last ten years, will be
A SUFFICIENT GUARANTEE
That all contracts made by it, will be faithfully carried out.
The Merchants' Dispatch
Is also prepared to offer increased facilities, both in time and rates, for
WESTWARD BOUND BUSINESS.
Our freights are transported by Emigrant and fast Freight Express trains, and handled by our own men at all points of transfer.
Claims for Losses and Damages will be promptly adjusted at this Office.
For rates or further information inquire of
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,
Agents.
St. Paul, June 18th, 1863. je19-3m

1863. 1863. 1863.
Summer Arrangement.
MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,
CARRYING THE
NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS
AND THE
United States Mail.
The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.
SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL
For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.
For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M
For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.
For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.
For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.
For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.
For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.
For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.
J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors

Real Estate.

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.
FOR SALE,
Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.
TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

FOR SALE,
THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:
One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.
Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.
Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.
A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.
Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.
There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.
The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.
Inquire at the office of
SPENCER & CARVER,
Ingersoll's Block, or of
GROFF & BAILEY,
under Thompson's Bank.
☞ Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.
St. Paul, June 3d, 1863. jo4-3m

BROAD ACRES!
760 ACRES of land from 3 to 12 miles of ST. PAUL, will be sold in tracts of 40 acres, 80, 120, 160 and 240. The soil is a rich loam, with *wood and water*. Terms part cash, and the balance, if desired, on long time.
HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 6, 1863.—d&w6m.

ROBERT P. LEWIS
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
St. Paul, Minnesota,
Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge
ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF
"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"
Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.
CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c
☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.
o3-d tw&wly

HENRY McKENTY,
DEALER IN
REAL ESTATE,
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.
☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and sel Real Estate on Commission. au8-d&wly

Drugs and Medicines.

SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass
AND
GLASSWARE,
Perfumeries, Fancy Goods,
&C., &C.,
No. 111 Third Street,
(UNION BLOCK.)
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.
We would call the attention of Dealers throughout the Northwest to
Our Full Stock of Goods,
Which we are offering at a fraction over
Milwaukee & Chicago Figures
We invite an inspection of our stock and prices believing we can make it to the interest of the dealer and consumer, to give us their orders.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE.
CHAS. F. SIMS. SAM'L L. VAWTER.
ANSON H. ROSE. jy25-tf

25,000 CIGARS OF
FAVORITE BRANDS,
For sale at very low figures to close the stock.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

TILDEN & CO.'S FLUID
EXTRACTS,
Pills and Granules, at card prices.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

FRAZER'S LUBRICATOR.
Just received and for sale at close figures.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

20 BBLS. LARD, WHALE AND
LUBRICATING OILS,
At lowest market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

410 GALLONS VARNISH,
Of various qualities and prices, at
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE'S,
jy25-tf No. 111 Third street.

500 BOXES WINDOW GLASS
AND GLASSWARE,
McCulley's Brand, at market rates.
SIMS, VAWTER & ROSE,
jy25-tf Union Block.

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH
USE THE
DANDELION
AND
Wild Cherry Bitters.
In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c.
These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.
In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.
For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.
S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.
For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.
Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.
DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,
my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c
Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."
☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞ !!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address **HENRY R. COSTAR.**
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30-d&w6m St. Paul Minnesota.

J. H. BYERS,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE
OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,
JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.
nov14-d&w1y

TAKE NOTICE.—Soldiers and others who love to peruse literature that everybody cannot get, the undersigned have just issued FIVE NEW BOOKS—TWO ARE NOW READY Send $1 50 and get one of the gayest books and greatest achievements in the literary world. "THE WASHINGTON BELLE," or the Biter Bit and Happy Marriage, and "THE BEAUTIFUL CREOLE." Each book contains 100 pages of reading matter, and is embellished by native artists, who far excel the French, that have held the palm of being the best.
JASON C. KING,
au8 1m No. 107 William st., New York

WANTED
TO RENT—A House within a few minutes walk of the Post Office. Would like a lease for one, two or three years. Possession desired either now or in the fall. Call at or address
jy30-tf PRESS OFFICE.

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS
IN
DRY GOODS,
From New York Auction Sales.
D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,
Are just receiving their third purchase of
Spring and Summer
DRY GOODS,
Bought at the recent
PANIC AUCTION SALES,
And offer to their old customers great bargains in
Ladies' Dress Goods,
AS FOLLOWS:
1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.
COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.
FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.
English & American Ginghams.
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN
CALICOES,
Some as low as 15 cents.
In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.
Ladies' Collars,
Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.
BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.
CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.
Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.
In Gloves and Hosiery,
We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.
Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.
"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.
In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.
We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.
D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,
my26-tf **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

GREAT BARGAINS
AT
The Cheap Cash Store.
We will commence this morning selling our stock of SUMMER
DRESS GOODS,
SUN UMBRELLAS,
PARASOLS,
Summer Shawls,
BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,
BALMORALS,
COTTONADES AND LIGHT CASSIMERES,
At greatly
REDUCED PRICES.
IF YOU WANT BARGAINS,
COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES,
Remember the place,
No. 218 Third Street, St. Paul,
NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,
H. KNOX TAYLOR.
je5-tf

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND
AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,
Manufactures all kinds of Machinery, Steam Engines, Horse Powers, Mill and Machine Castings of all descriptions. Having the largest assortment of Patterns of any establishment in this State, we are prepared to do all kinds of Iron and Brass Casting, of finishing, promptly, at the lowest Eastern rates. Particular attention given to Threshing Machine, Steam Engine and Boiler repairing.
au11 GILMAN & CO.

THRESHING MACHINES,
1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Horse Power, for sale very low, at the Pioneer Foundry and Agricultural Works. (au11) GILMAN & CO.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,
New and second hand, for sale extremely low, at the Pioneer Foundry.
au11 GILMAN & CO.

PORTRAITS.
B. P. BARTLETT, Artist,
From NEW YORK CITY, is now prepared to
PAINT PORTRAITS,
Landscapes, &c.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
☞ He will also give lessons in Drawing and Oil Painting, at his Studio, over Munger's Music Store, Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minnesota.
jy19-tf

THE CITY.

KELLEY'S AUTOMATON CONCERT.—Who shall now say that the days of excitement occasioned by the introduction of a new musical wonder to the public, are over? In the Eastern cities the excitement produced by the advent of Jennie Lind, Kate Hayes, Piccolomini, Patti and a host of other well-known artists, instrumental as well as vocal, has long since subsided, and indeed the intense curiosity and interest manifested in this our own city on the appearance of the Black Swan in our midst no longer exists, but instead a new sensation has taken hold upon the public, a fresh curiosity arouses to see the performance of the Automaton Musical Troupe.

It is with mingled feelings of pride and hearty congratulation we refer to the numerous evidences of friendship and good-will which were yesterday manifested toward Mr. James H. Kelley, Inventor of the Musical Automata, by his fellow boarders at the Central House. Many were desirous of procuring the first ticket for his opening concert, and among the rest a New Yorker named Chambers, who is on a visit to this State for the benefit of his health. Mr. C. seemed to enter fully into the spirit which pervaded the rest of Mr. Kelley's friends, and had expressed himself on several occasions that he was *bound* to have the first ticket—indeed, he had even gone so far as to make an outside bet of ten dollars that he would secure it. It was proposed, therefore, to dispose of the first at at auction, and Mr. Kelley was unanimously selected as auctioneer. Mr. C. started the sale by bidding one dollar, which was followed by an advance of seventy-five cents by Mr. Wm. H. Burch. Bidding now became brisk, Lieut. Miller (son of our brave Col. Miller) running it up as high as seven dollars. Still the price kept advancing, but after a short contest between Mr. Chambers and Mr. Burch, it was finally knocked down to the former at $12, he seeming determined to procure it at any price.

The second ticket was then put up and was started at $3,00 by Mr. Burch, and after another sharp contest between Messrs. Burch, Miller, Foster, Beste and Chambers, Mr. Burch was declared purchaser of the second ticket at $9,00.

Mr. Kelly then tendered his thanks to those present for the compliment paid him, and after presenting Miss Jennie Ferguson with the third ticket, the auction sale of tickets was then closed.

The whole affair was conducted with the strictest propriety and apparent good humor, and many hopes were expressed for Mr. Kelly's prosperity, and that he might speedily realize a "nice little pile" by his marvellous invention, the result of many years laborious study, great expense and constant anxiety. We heartily unite with all those who have so expressed themselves, that he may live many years to enjoy the fruits of his untiring patience, perseverance and Yankee engenuity, in bringing to perfection this child of his brain, a state of perfection indeed rarely, if ever, attained by the hitherto professed inventors of automata.

THE MILITIA MUSTER YESTERDAY.—Yesterday was the day fixed by law for the drill and inspection of the militia. In nearly every one of the Districts the militia-men were on hand, although in some of them the attendance was quite small.

In Company District 21, the 1st Lieutenant alone reported for duty. After waiting some time for reinforcements, the gay soldier boy fell in, went through the battallion drill, and, broke ranks, after making a speech complimenting himself on his discipline and appearance! He should be promoted without delay.

In Company District 16, commanded by Capt. Dean, two privates [Louis E. Fisher of the *Pioneer*, and Henry S. Ogden] reported for muster. Orderly Sargeant C. C. Lund formed them in line, and called the roll. The company made a fine appearance, and was eminently respectable in *ton* if not formidable in numbers. Private Fisher said he had been told that one of the commands was "dress up," and consequently had put on his holiday suit. He also carried an umbrella, for which the Orderly reprimanded him, and made him throw it away. At this the other private laughed, but a terrible look from 2d Lieut. Patterson, who was sitting on the grass whittling a stick—and the command from the Orderly of "no levity," recalled to his mind the solemnity of the scene! The drill then proceeded. Only three manœuvres were executed:

Fall in.
Right face.
Break ranks.

They were gone through with, however, with a precision that would have done honor to veterans. Private Fisher was promoted to a Corporalcy on the spot.

In some of the Districts there was a good attendance,— sixty and eighty men reporting in one or two. In Capt. Conway's District the Captain was not present, owing to the meeting of the County Board, and no notices were served. A number of men assembled, however, and were "put through" by the Orderly. Capt. Conway says he shall court martial all of them for want of respect, for assembling and drilling without his presence.

But few of the Captains caused notices to be served on their men, as they construed the law not to require it except on special or extra occasions—the regular parade days fixed by law being one on which the militia should assemble without further notice. Among those who do not read the papers, however, it is probable that but few knew of the parade. Should the law be revised next winter, some change will have to be made in the matter of parades. As at present, the law is very deficient and lame.

THE CITY SCHOOLS.—As autumn comes on apace, our public and private Schools and Seminaries are opening their Fall Sessions.

The excellent Young Ladies' Seminary of Mr. Riheldaffer opened on Monday last with a larger roll than ever before. It is gratifying to observe that this really meritorious and useful institution is now properly appreciated by parents having daughters to educate.

St. Joseph's Academy for Young Ladies will open to-morrow, its 8th year. This academy has a high character, which will be still sustained. We refer to the card elsewhere.

Miss Gill's admirable school for Young Ladies will also open to-morrow. We cannot say too much for Miss Gill, who has been a most successful teacher for several years. See advertisement.

The St. Paul High School, in McKubin's Block, in charge of Rev. J. E. Dixon, opened its second year on Monday last, with flattering prospects of success. Mr. Dixon is a competent and careful instructor.

Mrs. Brown's School for Misses, on St. Peter street Hill, commences to-morrow. See advertisement elsewhere.

The Public Schools of the city will open on next Monday, Sept. 13. Their course is always onward, and in point of numbers the next year will exceed any hitherto.

Our public schools have now been brought into a high state of efficiency and usefulness.

A WORD TO THE PRESS.—The statement that has been made and reiterated in your paper, to the effect that in May last I gave my age as 34 and afterwards in July at 36, if an intentional misrepresentation, is an unqualified mean and malicious falsehood. I was born on the 18th of January, 1827, and consequently on the 18th of January, 1863, *was*, as I stated to the enrolling officer in July, 36 years old.

If you do not credit this statement, I can furnish you with absolute proof!

If my age is put down at 34 in the militia list, all I can say is, that it is erroneous, and *I did not give my age as such* to any one; neither do I think that I was applied to in regard to my age by any officer this year, save by the United States enrolling officer—to whom I gave it correctly. I claim to be a *loyal* citizen, and incapable of committing so *disloyal* and *treasonable* an act, as giving my age falsely, in order to avoid being drafted as a soldier of the United States. I am a supporter of the Government under all circumstances, and all I ask from you is that degree of justice that I always cheerfully accord to others, whether friends or foes.

Respectfully, yours,
JOHN ESAIAS WARREN.

As evidence of no desire to "intentionally misrepresent" Mr. Warren, we give place to the above card. Before making the original statement, we examined the militia rolls on file at the Adjutant General's office, and found the age recorded as we stated. It was a fair presumption to suppose that the official roll was correct, and we did so until the above card was received. How the error occurred on the rolls we are not informed.

THE FIRE LAST NIGHT.—TWO BUILDINGS BURNED.—The alarm of fire about half-past ten o'clock last night, was occasioned by the burning of two small buildings on the corner of Fourth and Cedar Streets. One of the buildings was a dwelling house, one story, owned by Mrs. Myers, a German lady who keeps a store near by. It was occupied by a German family who lost most of their furniture. The fire originated in this tenement, and spread to a Grocery Store adjoining, owned by John Zoll. Most of the goods in this was saved, but the building was totally destroyed. We could not learn whether Mr. Zoll or Mrs. Myers had any insurance. The loss was small—probably not over $350.

The Fire Department was on hand promptly. The Engines got an abundance of water from the cistern in the Capitol yard, and soon squelched out the fire, though too late to save the buildings.

Some thieving was done, as usual. A gentleman overheard a fellow in the crowd say to a companion, "well, I stole a box of cigars"—and made for him, but the fellow made his escape in the darkness.

To the members of the Board of Education and the public in general:

A CARD—Having given in my resignation of the Superintendency of the new school house, now being erected in the First Ward, to the building committee of the school board, I wish to state my reasons for doing so.

It is impossible for me longer to have anything to do with it, as the plans and specifications are being tampered with and changed in every conceivable manner by which expense can be saved without regard to the appearance or stability of the building, and any expostulation on my part is met with abuse and insult of the grossest kind.

I will not be responsible for its appearance or stability in any manner, as it will, if continued as commenced, be anything but an ornament to our city, which it would have been, if the plans and specifications I furnished the Board of Education were fully carried out.

MONROE SPEIRE.

St. Paul, Sept. 5th, 1863.

THE GRAND LODGE OF I. O. G. T.—This body holds a special session in Concert Hall block, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesday.

Dashaway Lodge has appointed the following committee to receive and procure entertainment for members from abroad:

Dr. E. A. Boyd,	Mrs. C. D. Strong,
J. C. A. Pickett,	Mrs. J. D. Wilson,
R. K. Stuart,	Miss H. E. Morrow.

Members and others resident in the city who are willing to entertain any of the members from abroad, should give notice to one of the above committee, or to T. J. King of St. Paul Lodge.

POLICE COURT.—This venerable institution is almost deserted now, and an excessive streak of morality seems to have fallen on the city. There was not a case yesterday.

MINNEAPOLIS.—Rev. Mr. Rankin, of New York city, will preach in the Westminister Presbyterian Church, this morning at the usual hour.

LOCAL NOTICES.

GOOD LIVING.—Joe Hall presents a rare Bill of Fare to-day. Teel and Mallard Ducks, Prairie Chickens, Lamb Chops, Porter House Steaks—are but a small part of the many good things to be found at his Restaurant.

Fresh Oysters just through from Baltimore by express. sept5-2t

JOINT NOTICE.—We, the undersigned, respectfully give notice that our offices will here after be closed on Sunday. Passengers wishing to take either the morning or evening line of boats on Sunday, will please procure their tickets on Saturday.

S. B. FORBES,
Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
O. CURTIS,
Agent Prairie du Chien Railroad.
C. L. WOOD,
Agent Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
St. Paul, Sept. 4th, 1863.—tf.

Jurors for the District and Circuit Court.

Names of Petitt Jurors for the October Term U. S. Circuit Court for the District of Minnesota, to be held at St. Paul, Oct. 5th 1863:

Thomas Simpson,	M. S. Weeks,
P. W. Savage,	Wm. Horne,
B. F. Pidge,	Geo. E. Seymour,
J. J. Randall,	E. Worthington,
Luke Miller,	C. G. Ripley,
S. M. Farnham,	Jared Benson,
Thomas H. Skinner.	A. M. Hayes,
Sheldon Brooks,	J. N. Murdock,
E. H. Whitney,	Frederick Driscoll,
Charles Benson,	C. D. Sherwood,
Truman M. Smith,	J. W. Selby,
Freeman James,	James K. Humphrey,

Names of Jurors for the October Term of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Minnesota, to be held at St. Paul on the 3d Monday being the 19th day of October, A. D. 1863:

GRAND JURORS.

E F Freeman,	Martin Fox,
C C Webster,	Aaron Hoag,
E B Ames,	Ormanzo Allen,
Joseph H. Sawyer,	John E Laird,
E Ely,	E Warner,
Samuel Doty,	H C Burbank,
Chester Wait,	David Lowry,
J S Wilson,	H D Perkins,
J H Dunham,	Benjamin Baldwin,

PETIT JURORS.

G K Gilbert,	Thomas Wright,
O Dinsmore,	Alpheus Hall,
J F Powers,	W O Collins,
John A Coleman,	S W Frisbie,
James E Childs,	Oliver Parsons,
Charles Morrill,	Charles Wyman,
C S Dunscombe,	H W Lamberton,
D H Frost,	E C Welles,
J L Thorne,	Fred Curtis,
James Elderbrock,	J W Tenvorde,
Wm Merrill,	Joseph Spiel,
James M Williams,	A W Webster.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

INSURANCE AND TICKET AGENT.—Chas Thompson, former Ticket Agent in this city for the Prairie du Chien Rail Road, having permanently located in Milwaukee, Mr. Orrin Curtiss has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

In assuming the position of Ticket Agent, Mr. Curtiss by no means intends to relinquish his insurance business, but still retains his agency for the Ætna Fire Insurance, and Wisconsin Life Insurance Companies. He has secured the services of Mr. A. L. Whitney, and will personally superintend the whole business.

The well known reputation of Mr. Curtiss is a sufficient guarantee that travelers and property holders will have their wants supplied in a prompt and gentlemanly manner. Sept. 3-tf.

O. CURTIS, *General Insurance Agent*
Office in Thompson's Block, Third street.
L. H. Chute, Agent for Ætna Insurance Company, St. Anthony.
June 24th, 1863. d1y

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience—and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
au18-3md&w No. 60 Nassau Street, New York.

S—T—1860—X.
DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.
They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache
They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated Calisaya Bark roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H Drake & Co, 202 Broadway, N. Y. au8-cowly

HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
IT IS NOT A DYE,
But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All *instantaneous dyes* are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a
Luxuriant Beauty,
promotes its growth, prevents its falling off eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co., 202 Broadway, New York. Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.
au8-cow d tw&w 1y.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun burnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the *distingue* appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.
DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.,
General Agents,
au8 dtw&w 1y 202 Broadway, N. Y.

EDITOR OF PRESS—DEAR SIR:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.
I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge.
Respectfully Yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Chemist,
ju1d&w3m No. 801 Broadway, New York.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au27-3md&w

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK, offers the most liberal advantages to parties desiring to effect insurance.
REV. EDW'D. EGGLESTON, St. Paul,
au22-1m STATE AGENT FOR MINNESOTA.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all points reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.
Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
C. F. WARNER, Agent.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN AND DUNLIETH PACKETS.—I am pleased to be able to announce to the travelling public that the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company have supplied their Line with Low Water comfortable Passenger Boats, which enables passengers to make the same time and connections made in high water. G., D., D. & M. Packet Co,
ORRIN SMITH, President.

☞ The Ada Hine, Capt. Beaumont, Charles Mathers, Clerk, will leave St. Paul every evening at half-past six, connecting with the Lower Packets for Prairie du Chien and Dunlieth. au9-1f

Arrivals at the Hotels.

SATURDAY, September 5.

INTERNATIONAL.

Chas C Keeney, U S A; A F Ackerman, Saint Peter; N R Smith, Milwaukee; A D Heaton, Stillwater; Maj O T Hayes, Hastings; G C Benton, Minneapolis; C B Brooks and wife, Lake City; D B Blackman, Rochester; George Chapman, Long Prairie; Miss A Chapman, do; C B Simonds, Chicago; C B Marshall, Brooklyn, N Y; O H Starkey, Bloomington, Ill; J J Robinson, St Anthony; A D Hooker, C B Manson and lady, New York; O A Whipple, Detroit; A Bowman, Pittsburg; Chas Welch, Oxford; J B Murray, White Bear Lake.

MERCHANTS.

Chas W Bloss, St Peter; G W Tenney, Wabashaw; J Cavillion, Wisconsin; E Holmes, Carver; W Seegur, Le Sueur; N A Miller, Newport; R J Mead, American Express; T B Clark, Hudson; Capt H S Bailey, U S A; J H Murdock, Wabashaw; Capt J E Baldwin, Ft Snelling; E Buell, Valparaiso, Ind; Dr W Camp, Newtown, Ct; E A Gutbole, Illinois; G N Barrett, P D C R R; H N Hubbell, La C & M R R; J T Smith, Ironton, Wis.

The Archduke Maximilian and the Mexican Throne.

The Memorial *Diplomatique* of the 15th, after announcing that his imperial highness, the Archduke Ferdinand Maximilian accepts, with the consent of his august brother, the Emperor of Austria, the crown of the new Mexican Empire. adds:

The first overtures made to the court of Vienna touching the candidature of the Archduke Maximilian to the throne of Mexico, date from the month of October, 1861. The Emperor Francis Joseph then replied that, although appreciating at its just value the preference accorded to his dynasty, he left his brother sole arbiter to decide when the moment should come to take a definite resolution. But, as it was important to know it, and to what point, the court of Vienna would be willing to realize the wishes of the Mexican nation, his apostolic majesty sent Count Rechberg, immediately after the first confidently overtures with the court of the Tulleries, to the chateau possessed by the Archduke Maximilian at Trieste, where his imperial highness habitually resides. The Minister of Foreign Affairs was instructed to represent to the prince the high destiny to which the Mexican people and the personal sympathies of Napoleon III, would call him on the successful issue of the French expedition. As we have said Count Rechberg was authorized to declare to his imperial highness that the Emperor Francis Joseph, as chief of the imperial family, left him full and entire liberty to take the part which suited him best. The Archduke Ferdinand Maximilian was strongly moved to find that at the moment when he had built the retreat of Misamor, in order to remain henceforth a stranger to politics, the Emperor of the French should have indicated him to the choice of the Mexican people to fulfill so great and elevated a mission as the pacification and regeneration of the ancient empire of Montezuma. But at the same time the archduke made the acceptance of this mission, beset with so many difficulties, dependent on certain conditions, which to be well understood and estimated merited ulterior explanation. We shall at present confine ourselves to stating that the essential condition, viz: "that the re-establishment of the monarchy in Mexico, as well as the election of the prince as future sovereign, shall emanate from the spontaneous movement of the country," has already been accomplished. The other conditions, which are more within the domain of diplomacy, are no less assured. From the month of October, 1861, the Archduke Maximilian has received the most unequivocal proofs that his arrival in Mexico would be looked upon by all parties as the dawning of an era of peace and general prosperity. A few months ago the venerable Archbishop of Mexico went in person to the palace of Misamor to urge the prince, in the name of religion and of the whole Mexican episcopate, to accept the holy and glorious mission to which Divine Providence had predestinated him. The worthy prelate had the consolation, on leaving Misamer, of knowing that the Archduke would no longer hesitate in the event of the Mexican throne being re-established under the conditions specified by his imperial highness at the opening of the negotiation. The Archduke, had, therefore, already entered into more than a moral engagement toward the Mexican episcopate and the notables of the country, who, before proclaiming his election, were anxious to have a certainty of his acceptance. At the taking of Puebla, the Archduke addressed his congratulations to his majesty the Emperor of the French, in an autograph letter. The bearer of this letter was Baron de Pont, Councillor in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs at Vienna, who from the origin of the candidature of the Archduke to the Mexican throne was attached to his Imperial Highness as private secretary. The tenor of this letter, which was lately delivered at Fontainebleau to the Emperor Napolean by Prince Metternich, was itself the prelude to a definitive acceedtance by the Archduke at the proper time and place. The letter in question, having been presented in an official manner to Napoleon III. by the ambassador of Francis Joseph, implied also the anticipated consent of the august chief of the Hapsburg dynasty. It may be seen from the preceding, that in announcing the definite acceptance of the Archduke Ferdinand Maximilian we do not put forward a simple conjecture. but a resolution based on authentic facts.

Jeff. Davis and the Mexican Question.

ROBERT M. T. HUNTER SENT AS AN EMBASSADOR TO MEXICO—HIS VISIT TO PARIS—HE WILL ACCOMPANY THE NEWLY-ELECTED EMPEROR TO MEXICO.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

WASHINGTON, August 30, 1863.—It is rumored among politicians in Richmond that Robert M. T. Hunter, will be sent to Mexico as the representative of the Southern Confederacy, in order to prepare the way for an offensive and defensive alliance between the Emperor of that country and the Government of Richmond. It is said that this gentleman has received instructions for the immediate recognition of the future Emperor of Mexico, in return for which, it is hoped, his Majesty will be led to recognize the Southern Confederacy.

Mr. Robert M. T. Hunter is now at Paris, where he was sent nearly two months ago by his government, with a special mission to the Emperor of the French. The principal object of his visit there is, however, to act conjointly with Mr. Slidell in all matters appertaining to the Mexican question; to give his support to the action of France, Austria, England or Spain, having the defeat of the Monroe doctrine for its end, and to promise the co-operation of the rebel Cabinet in all measures tending to counteract the policy of the Federal government in the Mexican question.

Mr. Hunter will leave Europe and will accompany the Emperor of Mexico to his capital as soon as the candidate for that throne shall assume the government of dominion.

Two Scenes in the Future.

Imagine a venerable copperhead, when this war is over, and these stirring times are forgotten, sitting at his home with his children around him. He may tell them of the wars, and of the sacrifices men made—and how the people rejoiced when the news of each victory came from the army. What will he say of his own part in the struggle? "My children, in that sad time, when the country was in danger, I was against the country—my heart was with the rebels—when they triumphed, I was glad—when they were defeated, my heart was sore and heavy. My children, when I am gone, do not curse the traitor. Be silent. It is the only respect you can pay to your father's memory.—*Philadelphia Press.*

Another scene. Imagine one who is now young and strong, with no incumbrances, passing into the sere and yellow leaf. His little grandchildren have been reading the story of the bravery and patriotism of the men of the present times. One of them inquiringly asks, "Did you go as a soldier, grandpa?" "No, my dear," is the reluctant reply. "But why not?" "Oh, I consulted my family physician, and he decided that I had incipient phthsis." "Incipient phthsis! what's that, grandpa?" "Ahem! that's a disposition to cough when you get cold!"—*Boston Journal.*

—When the rebels fired on Sumter on the 12th of April, 1861, they had an "informal" gathering in Montgomery, Alabama, when the traitor Secretary of War, spoke as follows: "No man could tell where the war this day commenced would end, but he would prophesy that the flag which now flaunts the breeze here would float over the dome of the old Capitol at Washington, *before the first of May.* Let them try Southern chivalry and test the extent of Southern resources, and it might float eventually over Faneuil Hall itself."

—Abbe McMasters of New York said in a recent speech at Dubuque, Iowa:

He had been frequently asked since he came here, why Seymour had not opposed the draft? He would say that the Governor had done all that it was prudent to do. In a short time there would be a convention held, which would adopt resolutions opposed to the war and against forcing people to fight. Gentlemen, Governor Seymour will act up to those resolutions. It is not safe to oppose the draft now. New York is full of federal bayonets. We had a riot, but the tax-payers, many of whom are Democrats, will have to pay for the destruction of property and it will come hard on them. As a question of brute force it is not policy to make war on the government now. We tried it once and it did not pay.

—Parson Brownlow has gone into the piano business, as will be perceived by the following advertisement in the Nashville *Union*:

The pianos, six or eight of them, belonging to the United States Government, lately employed in the academy of C. D. Elliott, the traitor, must be reported to the undersigned or delivered to him at the Custom House on the square, without further delay, or those who are concealing them will be troubled with some costs at the forthcoming Federal Court. If reported to me, I will be at the expense of carrying them to the Custom House—if not reported, I will find them and remove them at the expense of those concealing them.

W. G. BROWNLOW,
Ast. Sp. Ag. Tr. Dept.

Steamboat and River News.

☞ The Ariel arrived yesterday from Stillwater. She looks as good as new, and will run faster than ever. The Ariel is one of the most useful boats in the Davidson Line—here, there, and everywhere—a permanent stand by. She will enter the Carver trade at once.

☞ The Cutter was in on time yesterday, and left in the forenoon for La Crosse.

☞ We give below some items from the La Crosse *Democrat*, relative to the refitting of boats for the Davidson Line. This looks like business.

☞ The Jeannette Roberts, the evening packet down, is as busy as a bee. She leaves punctually at half-past 5 o'clock every evening, connecting with the Prairie du Chien and Dunleith packets at Prescott.

GLEANINGS FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

The La Crosse *Democrat* of Wednesday evening says:

Capt. Dan Thayer is hard at work at the boat yard above the depot with a large gang of hands getting the steamer "Pomeroy" of the La Crosse and St Paul Line ready for fall business. The boat is out on the bank, having new sides put in, and being otherwise fitted up. The Wenona, of the same line, is also being put in complete trim. When Captain Dan gets through with his repairs on a boat, it is just about as good as new.

The steamer Keokuk is being fitted up till it will come out in a few days the handsomest craft on the river. New painting by George Bell, new Brussels carpet worth two dollars a yard, new furniture, &c., &c., from top to bottom, makes the Keokuk as gay as a wedding by sunrise. Capt. Hatcher will have his boat too nice for "common business" before long, if he does not stop. When it comes down to neatness, style, business, etc., we bet on the boats of the La Crosse and St Paul Line against anything on the upper river.

Monetary & Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

Daily Review of St. Paul Market.

SATURDAY EVE., Sept. 5, 1863.

The Grain market is still devoid of activity, and sales are not very brisk.

In Wheat there is some life noticeable—the transactions ranging at 66@68c.

In Oats we notice a good demand—new selling for 35@40c, and old at 55@60c.

Corn is more firm—bringing about 70c.

Barley is in better request at about 80c—somewhat of an advance.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 5—1 P. M.

Flour more active—10c lower.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and 2c lower; 85c@$1 06 for Chicago spring; 94c@$1 13 for Milwaukee club; $1 15@1 21 for winter red western. Barley scarce, and firm at $1 05@1 20. Corn steady and more active at 73@74c. Oats quiet at 62@65c.

Pork a shade firmer—$11 50@11 87½ for old, and $13 50@13 62½ for new mess.

Beef more quiet.

Lard quiet and unchanged.

Whiskey firm.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, September 5—1 P. M.

Stocks unsettled, irregular, and closed feverish. Money active at 7 per cent. Sterling quiet at 41½@45.

Gold 31½.

United States 6's '81 coupons, 109; Treasury, 106¾; one year certificates, 99¾.

Reading 113½; Erie 101; New York Central 130¾.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

Terms:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month, *invariably in advance.*

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $4 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.60; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

Rates of Advertising
IN THE DAILY PRESS

One Square.		Each add. Square.
One time	$0 80	$0 40
Three times	1 50	75
Six days	2 00	1 00
Two weeks	3 00	1 50
Three weeks	4 00	2 00
One month	5 00	2 50
Two months	8 00	4 00
Three months	10 00	5 00
Six months	14 00	7 00
Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.
2. Second page, and special place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one third additional.
3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $30 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at 10 cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12 cents.)
4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.
5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.
6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one third less than Daily rates.
7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for each additional insertion.
8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.
9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. MCABE, at Minneapolis, and WETMORE O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

A GOOD SADDLE PONY FOR SALE,
At a moderate price. Enquire of
sept5-1t BELL BROTHERS, Minneapolis.

HOME
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of New York,
Office, No. 135 Broadway.

Cash Capital	$1,000,000 00
Assets, 1st July, 1863	2,007,530 91
Liabilities	69,581 25

ABSTRACT OF THE
20TH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT,
Showing the condition of the Company on the 1st day of July, 1863.

ASSETS.

Cash balance in Bank	$77,063 34
Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on real estate	813,092 50
Loans on Stocks, payable on demand	217,617 00
United States Stocks (market value)	446,783 78
State and Municipal Stocks and Bonds (market value)	138,609 00
Bank Stocks (market value)	109,150 00
Real Estate	49,917 75
Interest due on 1st of July, 1863 (of which $25,605.96 has since been received)	27,367 51
Balance in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission from Agents, on 1st July (of which $21,428.13 has since been received)	59,833 27
Bills receivable (for premiums on Inland Risks)	47,030 17
Government stamps on hand	314 29
Other property (miscellaneous items)	18,027 86
Premiums due and uncollected on policies issued at office	2,724 44
Total	$2,007,530 91

LIABILITIES.

Claims for losses outstanding 1st July, 1863	$68,911 25
Due stockholders on account seventeenth and eighteenth dividends	670 00

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILMARTH, Vice President.
JOHN MCGEE, Secretary.

The very satisfactory condition of "THE HOME," its assets now amounting to over TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, will be gratifying to its patrons, and will commend it to the favor of all property owners who desire RELIABLE INSURANCE, either FIRE OR INLAND.
BORUP & OAKES,
sept4-2w Agents, St. Paul.

WANTED!
A situation as Engineer or Machinist, Railroad work preferred. Address
sept4-1m A. W. RIDDELL, Hastings, Min.

HOPS! HOPS!
Otsego County Hops for sale.
L. B. & C. GREIG,
sept1-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

THE LIGHT DRAFT AND commodious steamer ALBANY has been enlarged and refitted, and will continue, during the balance of the season, to make tri-weekly trips to Shakopee, Chaska, and Carver, on the Minnesota River, leaving St. Paul on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 10 A. M.
AARON RUSSELL, Captain.
A. CLIFFORD, Clerk. au21-2m

CORDAGE AND LEAD PIPE—
JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale low, by
je14-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

1000 BUSHELS OATS,
100 Barrels Salt,
150 Barrels Flour,
100 Gunny Sacks,
50 cords Dry Wood,
Also Carbon Oil by the Barrel.
For sale by
GEO. E. SCHNABEL,
jy28 Cor. Jackson and Fourth-sts

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment. F. W. TUCHELT,
Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank,
my6-1y St. Paul.

OUR NEW STOCK OF
BOOTS & SHOES,
ARE ARRIVING.
FINE GOODS AND REASONABLE PRICES.
S. KILPATRICK.
St. Paul, Sept. 1st, 1863. feb27-1y

SECURITY AND ECONOMY.
The Mutual Life
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK,
The largest in the U. S., having a cash capital of
Over Nine Million of Dollars,
Securely invested, is as its name implies, purely
MUTUAL,
Its entire surplus, deducting necessary expenses alone, being divided among the Policy Holders. The Dividends of this Co., are larger than any other, in some instances amounting to more than the Premium paid, and can be used to increase the amount insured or to reduce the Premiums
Information showing the superior advantages offered by this Co., can be obtained at the Insurance Agency of
P. W. NICHOLS,
161 Third Street,
my6-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY will open its next session September 1st. Board and regular tuition $45 per quarter.
The proprietor has secured the services of Miss S. Etheridge, a graduate of Mrs. Willard's Seminary, Troy, N. Y., to instruct in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Miss E., besides having taught music in the South, has had charge for a time o the Musical Department in the Hamilton Female Seminary, N. Y., and is eminently qualified in her profession. Pupils who desire it, can take lessons in Vocal Music, training and developing the voice.
THE BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL, under the care of J. G. Riheldaffer, will open on the same day.
Address REV. J. G. RIHELDAFFER,
au8 d tw w* Corner St. Peter and Summit av.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT,
ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, St. Paul, Aug., 1863.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that that the lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken under the Excise Tax Law of the United States within Division numbered Four, comprising the County of Ramsey, will be open for examination, at the office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor, on the 29th day of August, A. D., 1863, and will remain open for the space of fifteen days from said time.
Notice is also given that appeals will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations by the Assistant Assessor or said Division, at the place aforesaid, on the 15th day of September, A. D., 1863, and immediately thereafter until all appeals are disposed of.
H. G. O. MORRISON,
au26-t sept 15 Assessor, 2d District.

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP
ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR
FALL AND WINTER STOCK.
OUR
DRESS GOODS
DEPARTMENT
Is replete with all the latest styles and fabrics
comprising in part a beautiful line of
LUPIN'S FRENCH MERINOES
ALL WOOL PLAIDS, all colors,
PARIS OTTOMANS,
SILK STRIPE CREPE,
BROCADE REPS,
PLAID MOHAIRS,
ANELINE PLAIDS,
MUSLIN DeLAINES, &c
From 25c a yard to 1.50
In Shawls and Mantles,
We have everything new and desirable, containing upwards of
200 of the Latest Styles
We have made such arrangements in New York, that we will be continually in receipt of
New Patterns.
We have a large stock of CLOAKINGS, and are prepared to make MANTLES to order on a day's notice.
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
For Ladies and Misses, a large assortment; complete line of BRADLEY HOOP SKIRTS, for Ladies, Misses and Children; all the favorite brands.
In the Hosiery Department
You will find everything needful in English, German, and Domestic HOSIERY.
We have now a full line of those heavy iron frame British Hose that have been in such demand
We have a splendid stock of
Cloths and Cassimeres.
We would call the attention of Merchant Tailors to these goods, having been bought well we will sell them low.
To Country Merchants
We would say, that having bought our Domestic Goods at July prices, much less than present, we are enabled to job Goods at
CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE PRICES
We have now a representative in New York who will attend all auction sales picking up bargains wherever found; we have, therefore, advantage over others,—all will do well to call on us before purchasing.
Hogan & Camp,
dec2 142 Third-St.

NEW STORE.
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
IMPORTANT TO BUYERS OF
Ready-Made Clothing
AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods
BLOOMINGDALE & RHINE,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
Are now opening a BRANCH of their large establishment, where will be found the
LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING
Woollen Shirts,
Drawers, &c., in Minnesota
All of which will be sold, Wholesale or Retail,
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST
☞ Buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
NO. 213 THIRD-ST., OPPOSITE THE NORTH WESTERN EXPRESS OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA
sept4-2wd&2m

FARMER WANTED.
I want a responsible man and wife to take charge of my farm and sheep on shares. acres of land—90 of it under plow. 200 sheep more. Address,
jy7-tf H. W. BARRY, Dundas

St. Joseph's Academy for Young Ladies,
ST. PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.
The Fall Session of St. Joseph's Academy will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th.
For circular, specifying terms, &c., apply at the Academy in person or by letter.
Address The Mother Superior, St. Joseph's Academy, St. Paul, Min. sept3-d&w1m

JUST RECEIVED,
A NEW LOT OF
LINEN COATS,
PLAIN LINEN DRILL PANTS,
AND A FINE LOT OF FIGURED
MARSEILES VESTS
All of which we are prepared to sell at
REDUCED PRICES
W. H. TEMPLE,
my30-tf THIRD-ST.